

University "Ss. Cyril and Methodius" - Skopje FACULTY OF VETERINARY MEDICINE - SKOPJE



STUDY GUIDE

Informations about the study program and enrolling propositions for students enrolled since academic year 2009/2010

Skopje, 2010

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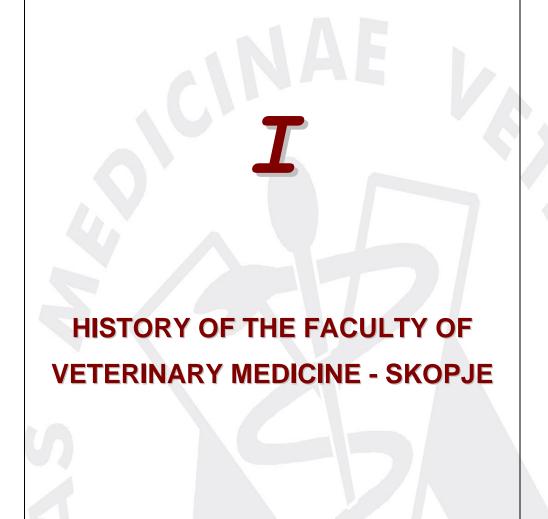
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1. History

Veterinary Faculty in Skopje is founded in academic year 1991/1992, as a department of Agriculture Faculty in Skopje, with Decision of Ministry for Education and Sport from 1.11.1991. According thi Decision, the Agriculture Faculty was compulsoryd to start with teaching on 6.11.1991 with study on first and second year, with students returned from the other veterinary faculties from the former SFR Yugoslavia.

On 30.01.1993, the Education-science Council of the Agriculture Faculty in Skopje adopted decision for separation of the veterinary department in particular Veterinary Faculty.

After making contracts between Veterinary Faculty, Veterinary Institute, Main Veterinary Hospital and Agriculture Faculty for obtaining premises and equipment which would be used for doing study of veterinary medicine, the parent committee confirmed that the all necessary conditions for starting the work of Veterinary Faculty are acomplished. According this, the Ministry of Education and Sport adopted decision on 20.4.1994, which verified founding and working of the Veterinary Faculty in Republic of Macedonia.

On the request of the Veterinary Faculty, the Main Court - Skopje 1, on 26.04.2000 adopted decision for changing the name of the Veterinary Faculty in **Faculty of Veterinary Medicine (FVM)**.

The Government of Republic of Macedonia, within its rights and obligations, on sugestion of Ministry for Education and Science, adopted Decision for embedding of the Veterinary Institute to the Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, on 20.10.2003.

2. Previous education activity

With founding of the Faculty in 1991, a study curriculum was adopted, which greatly resembled to other curricula from the faculties of former Yugoslavia, but adapted to local possibilities and staff and facilities capacities.

With separation from the Agriculture Faculty a revision of the curriculum was made, some courses were dropped out, and some new were introduced. This study curriculum had 5 years (10 semesters) with total number of 4710 lessons (2580 lessons theoretical and 2130 lessons practical teaching), and now is defunct.

In the academic year 2003/2004 a working group on FVM-S was formed, with task of making new study curriculum and reorganization of the teaching process in FVM-S. As basis for its work, the group used proposal-curriculum which was made within activities of the Tempus project "Improvement of the veterinary education in Republic of Macedonia" (Joint

European Project No CD-JEP-15017-2000). The working group made fundamental analysis of many curricula of accredited European faculties, as well as much new knowledge in the field of biomedicine, which were not included in the old curriculum. Additionally, during the process of evaluation, the Faculty was visited by the previsitation committee of The European Association of Establishments for Veterinary Education (EAEVE), where FVM-S is full member. The committee gave useful and worthful advices about the deficiencies of the education process, which should be corrected. The most of suggestions which concerned the curriculum were reviewed and implemented in the new curriculum which was in force from academic year 2006/2007.

Taking into account acquired experiences and suggestions received, but also specificities of the veterinary profession in Macedonia, the Faculty prepared contemporary study curriculum according the principles and requirements of the Bologna Declaration with introducing the European Credit Transfer System (ECTS) which obtained easily recognition of the diploma and wide mobility of the professors/students within European education area.

With adopting of the Law on High Education (LHE, Of. Gaz. of RM 35/2008 from 14.03.2008) and its changing and additions (Of. Gaz. of RM 103/2008 and 26/2009) and the need of implementation of its regulations, especially the transitional and final regulations (art. 180), some harmonization of educational and science activity of Faculty of Veterinary Medicine in Skopje with legal requirements has to be made, especially in the study curriculum. According the article mentioned above, high education institutions are compulsory to harmonize their study programs with the legal requirements until academic year 2009/2010.

According this, there was need for changing, adding and harmonizing the existing curriculum, and for that purpose a Committee was formed.

After the consultations with course professors the Committee made the project for changes and additions of the study curriculum harmonized with the requirements of the LHE.

Taking into account the exceptions which concern study curricula of the regulated professions, in which veterinary profession also belongs (Directive 2005/36/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 7th September 2005; The European Communities [Recognition of Professional Qualifications] Regulations 2007 No. 2781 from 19th October 2007) with the changes and additions of the study curriculum of Faculty of Veterinary Medicine in Skopje since academic year 2009/2010 in force are integrated studies of first and second cycle.

The study on FVM-S with adopted changes and additions of the study curriculum still has duration of 5.5 years (11 semesters), and all made changes are reflection of following the actual conditions in the

veterinary profession in the country and in European Union, in the world veterinary science, and also in the social conditions, especially in the agriculture and in economy in total.

3. Personnel

The integrated study of veterinary medicine on Faculty of Veterinary Medicine in Skopje is realized by teachers and assistants of the Faculty, with exception of the courses Biostastatistics and Biophysics, which are realized by the teachers from Faculty of Electrical Engineering and Information Technologies and Faculty of Natural Sciences and Mathematics, respectively, within the University "Ss. Cyril and Methodius" in Skopje.

II

MANAGEMENT AND ORGANIZATION OF FVM-S

1. Management

According the Low for High Education and the Statute of the University "Ss. Cyril and Methodius" - Skopje, management of the Faculty is realized by these bodies:

- Dean management body of the Faculty. The dean is assisted by two vice-dean (for education and for science)
- Faculty administation body of the Faculty consisted of the dean, vice-deans, directors of the institutes and president of the Student Parliament of Faculty of Veterinary Medicine
- Education-Science Council expert body consisted of elected full profesors, associated profesors and assistant profesors, and represents of the students from the Faculty elected by the bodies of Student Pariament

Dean of the Faculty

Prof. d-r Dine Mitrov (mitrov @fvm.ukim.edu.mk)

Vice-dean for Education

Prof. d-r Igor Ulchar (iulcar@fvm.ukim.edu.mk)

Vice-dean for Science

Prof. d-r Zehra Hajrulai-Musliu (zhajrulai@fvm.ukim.edu.mk)

Secretary of the Faculty

Ana A. Ordanoska, lawyer

Faculty administration

- Dr. Dine Mitrov, associated profesor
- Dr. Igor Ulchar, associated professor
- Dr. Zehra Hajrulai-Musliu, associated professor
- Dr. Vlatko Ilieski, full professor
- Dr. Slavcho Mrenoshki, associated professor
- Dr. Dean Jankuloski, assistant professor

Aleksandar Ginovski, student

2. Organization structure of the Faculty

For realizing its activity, the Faculty is organized in educationscience organization units - **institutes**. Within the institutes are departments, laboratories, centers and clinics. Professional-administrative issues are done by the professional service. The library within the Faculty participates in creation of the policy of the library work within the integrated library system of the University.

Education-science organization units

- Institute for Food
- Veterinary Institute
- Institute for Reproduction and Biomedicine

Professional Service

- Student Affairs
- Unit for main, legal and finance issues

Address of the Faculty

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Fax:

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Web:

http://www.fvm.ukim.edu.mk

3. Teaching staff

The Faculty of Veterinary Medicine has integrated studies of first and second cycles and studies from third cycles (doctoral studies). Teaching on the integrated studies of first and second cycles on the Faculty of Veterinary Medicine is made by full professors, associated professors, assistant professors, teaching assistants and younger assistants.

Full professors

- > Prof. Mihajlo Adamov, PhD
- Prof. Risto Prodanov, PhD
- Prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD
- Prof. Velimir Stojkovski, PhD
- Prof. Toni Dovenski, PhD
- Prof. Vlatko Ilieski, PhD
- Prof. Plamen Trojachanec, PhD
- Prof. Vladimir Petkov, PhD
- Prof. Romel Velev, PhD

Associated professors

- Prof. Dine Mitrov, PhD
- Prof. Igor Ulchar, PhD
- Prof. Pavle Sekulovski, PhD
- Prof. Zehra Hajrulai-Musliu, PhD
- Prof. Blagica Sekovska, PhD
- Prof. Slavcho Mrenoshki, PhD

Assistant professors

- Ass. prof. d-r Goran Nikolovski, PhD
- Ass. prof. d-r Jovana Stefanovska, PhD
- Ass. prof. Lazo Pendovski, PhD
- Ass. prof. Florina Popovska-Perchinik, PhD
- Ass. prof. Dean Jankuloski, PhD

Teaching assistants

- Ass. Igor Esmerov, PhD
- Ass. Aleksandar Dodovski, MS
- Ass. Katerina Blagoevska, MS
- > Ass. Radmila Chrcheva-Nikolovska, MS
- Ass. Sloboden Chokrevski, MS
- Ass. Nikola Adamov, MS
- Ass. Iskra Cvetkovik, MS
- Ass. Ksenija Ilievska, MS
- Ass. Kiril Krstevski, MS
- Ass. Irena Celeska, MS
- Ass. Igor Dzhadzhovski, MS
- Ass. Branko Atanasov, MS

III

PREMISES AND EQUIPMENT OF FVM-S

Teaching process is realized in premises of FVM-S, with exception of teaching of course Biophysics which is realized on Faculty of Natural Sciences and Mathematics.

FVM-S has one amphitheatre and two lecture rooms with total of 160 seats for realization of teaching. The lecture rooms are equipped with modern audio-visual equipment (videobeam, graphoscope, episcope, slide-projector, TV and video equipment) and personal computers which are linked on the intranet of the Faculty and also have internet access.

For practical teaching students have 5 practical rooms (for chemistry, biochemistry, physiology and patophysiology; for microbiology, infection diseases and poultry diseases; for parasitology; for pharmacology and toxicology and for internal diseases), 3 classrooms (microscopic room; radiology room and computer room), 2 section halls (anatomy hall and obduction hall for pathology) and 1 hall for anaesthesia and surgery within Clinic for pet animals.





Clinical practice is realized on some commercial farms for diary cows and sheep, swine and poultry farms, fisheries and many veterinary ambulances according made contracts for cooperation.





Faculty also has a computer room within the library with 10 new computers, with internet access, and also with access to *CLIVE* data base



With realization of the Tempus project *CD JEP-15017-2000* "Improving of the veterinary education in R. of Macedonia" the Faculty became associate member of the *CLIVE* consortium. With this the Faculty has got opportunity for using the computer educative programs issued by this consortium in its teaching programs.

Enrichment of the library with new titles of computer educative materials, as well as the equipped computer center, allows to the students, not only using the *CLIVE* educative programs, but also easier access to internet and to main international data bases from the field of the veterinary medicine

Computer center is designed for use by students and professors of the Faculty with purpose of organizing modular teaching. This approach modernized teaching and allowed easier application of ECTS. For the students more than 70 educative programs from the *CLIVE* package are available.

These programs also could be used by the doctors of the veterinary medicine who are interested for continued professional development and by the student from the related fields as medicine, agriculture and biology science. For this purpose an informative brochure with abbreviated preview of the computer educative programs in the computer center is prepared.



Teaching staff has access to 80 computers linked into intranet and permanently connected to internet.

Some equipment which is used on Faculty for research and commercial purposes (microscopes, ultrasonic devices, roentgen apparatus, biochemical analyzers etc.) also could be used for teaching needs.

Faculty has a library which is computerized and has library fund of more than 3000 books, textbooks, bulletins, monographs, proceedings, periodicals etc.



FVM-S is a member of *Central European Exchange Program for University Studies* (CEEPUS). This is program for interuniversity cooperation and mobility (exchanging of students and teachers) within an established network. Network cooperation is made between least three universities, and commonly is realized in sector on university level for realizing different main objectives and definition of applications for mobility of students and teachers. The program started in 1993, and now in force is the contract *CEEPUS II*, signed in 2003. Actual contract sides are Albania, Austria, Bulgaria, Croatia, Czech Republic, Macedonia, Hungary, Poland, Romania, Serbia, Montenegro, Slovakia and Slovenia.

Universities linked into networks of *CEEPUS II* have obligation of total recognition of the study or training period in the partner universities, and the basis for each other recognizing is ECTS or some other compatible system. For relieving of the academic mobility, courses and/or lectures are in English, German or French. The students who study within *CEEPUS II* are exempt from registration and/or scholarship.

Since 2006, FVM-S is a member of the regional network of veterinary faculties VetNEST (Veterinary Network of European Student and Staff Transfer) which core is founded in 1993 by the faculties in Brno, Budapest, Kosice, Ljubljana and Vienna. In 2003 new members of this network become the faculties in Zagreb and Wroclaw, and in 2006 the faculties in Tirana and Sarajevo.

In 2008/2009 academic year FVM-S got 5 visits for students with duration of 4 months (one semester) and 5 visits for teaching staff with duration of 1 month per person. Also, visits of 1 teacher and 2 postgraduate students to FVM-S were realized.

Coordinator of VetNEST network on FVM-S is prof. d-r Zehra Hajrulai-Musliu.

IV

STUDENT PARLIAMENT AND OTHER FORMS OF STUDENT ORGANIZING ON FVM-S

1. Participation of students in management

With enrolling on FVM-S, every student becomes a member of the Student Parliament of the Faculty. The Student Parliament allows to the students realizing of common interests as a partners in the process of high education. As a part of academic community, students of the Faculty are driving force in the implementation of the Bologna Declaration and in the process of introducing new European standards in the veterinary profession.

The students participate in the management of the Faculty via their represents who are elected in the Student Parliament according regulations given by the law and by University Statute.

The students of FVM-S are electing three represents who participate in the work of meeting of Education-Science Council of the Faculty. The represents are elected on immediate, fair and democratic elections, according special criteria regulated with rules. The mandate of the represents of the Student Parliament is 2 years, with right of one consecutive reelection.

Represents of the Student Parliament of the Faculty are also members of the Student Parliament of the University. They are also elected by the Student Parliament of the Faculty with mandate of 2 years. The number of the represents of each faculty in Student Parliament of the University is regulated proportionally with the number of the students on the Faculty.

The financing of the Student Parliament of the University and of the faculties is regulated with special rules for financing and with the Statute of the Student Parliament of the University.

In the Student parliament members with equal rights are also at least one represent of student self-organizing forms of the University, regulated by act of Student Parliament.

Student Parliament of the University has a President, who is elected on secret and immediate elections with mandate of 2 years, without right of one consecutive election. The procedure of nomination and election is regulated with the Statute of the Student Parliament of the University. The rules are adopted by the Student Parliament of the University. The work of the Student Parliament of the University and of the faculties is regulated with the Statute of the Student Parliament of the University

2. International Veterinary Student Organization - Macedonia (IVSA Macedonia)

International Veterinary Student Organization (*IVSA*) is international veterinary student association founded in 1951 in Utrecht, Netherlands. Association has more than 50 members around the world and is continually involved in making connections with countries which are not its members. *IVSA* Macedonia on Faculty of Veterinary Medicine in Skopje become a member of the big *IVSA* family on 20.07.1994 after the summer congress in Berlin. Our local committee for *IVSA* membership is registrated with the constitutional name of our country.

IVSA Macedonia within the world IVSA based in Copenhagen has this objectives and tasks: improvement of the quality of the study, ehchanging of experience and informations, helping each other (donation of books and other teaching stuff), allowing work on science projects, introduction with new knowledge in veterinary medicine, as well as organizing group and individual exchanges with students, participation of students on simposia and congresses in organization of world IVSA, on local meetings in organization of particular faculties of veterinary medicine, and all that with goal of making bigger activity and information of the students - members of IVSA.

In previous period, *IVSA* Macedonia successfuly works and acts because of engagement of all student who were or are still its members, as well as because of the support which *IVSA* Macedonia gets this 12 years from FVM-S. The successes are seen via activities which *IVSA* Macedonia has been realized in the last years. This activities include participation on the all congresses and simposia since 1994, realization of many group exchanges, summer student practice in almost all countries in Europe and USA, organization of *IVSA* Macedonia "Lake Week" and many other *IVSA* activities. *IVSA* Macedonia makes acception of new members at the start of every academic year. Members could be all the student of the Faculty, regardless of the study year.







TEACHING, RESEARCH AND APPLICATIVE ACTIVITIES OF FVM-S

Faculty of Veterinary Medicine - Skopje has teaching, research and applicative activity in field of veterinary medicine and veterinary public health.

Mission of FVM-S is realized via organizing study, transfer of knowledge, development and promotion of the education and science in veterinary health in RM, development of creative abilities, preparing students for profession of doctor of veterinary medicine which needs professional knowledge and ability for scientific approach in the work, promoting of the technological development of the veterinary profession and building positions for the future.

Besides the care for the animal health, veterinary medicine has important role in the public health via obtaining healthy and quality food from animal and plant origin. Veterinarians, with their undisputable role in the production and trade of food are promoting confidence of the consumers and successfulness of the livestock production. The big importance of the veterinary profession which is based on the quality education is proved with investigations made within project VET 2020 (Socrates Thematic Network Project).

In its applicative activity, FVM-S is also focused on the implementation and maintaining of the *ISO 9001:2000* and *ISO 17025* standards with purpose the service for fulfilling requirements of the clients to be on significantly higher professional level.

The realizing of teaching mission of the Faculty is done by organizing of integrated studies of first and second cycles, as well as studies of third cycles (doctoral studies) with getting scientific degree doctor of veterinary medicine and doctor of science in the field of veterinary medicine.

Methods of work which are for realizing the Faculty's policy are:

- Team work of many professional-scientific staff with special profile, depends on nature of the problem which is subject of analysis, treatement and solving.
- Application of ambulance and hospital approach of treating, with perception of the causes and consequences for manifestation of disorders, with building and sugesting measures for their removement, mitigating and preventing of side complications.
- Application of scientific-statistical methods in the scientific and applicative approach, which spreeds knowledge concerning rules which follow technology of animal production, which has esspecial importance if taking in account strong requirements of the European and world market in trade of lifestock and products of animal origin.

Within its main activity, Faculty of Veterinary Medicine applies these *principles* of work:

- Scientific principle, which in realization of teaching and research activity e based on application of contemporary scientific knowledge in the field of veterinary medicine and other related scientific disciplines transformed in the practice.
- Principle of reality, which is consisted of evaluation of achieved results, in terms of meeting of results predicated and expected in predicated circumstances and conditions.
- Principle of permanent amplification of the efficiency and quality of the education as a reflection of the creative and working engagement of the teaching staff, and of the engagement of the students themselves.

With scientific improvement of the staff who is dealing with research, education, development and application in field of veterinary medicine, FVM-S makes permanent development of the veterinary medicine, production, reproduction, hygiene and technology of the products from animal origin, as well as and nutrition of domestic animals.

VI

BASIC PRINICPLES OF EUROPE
CRETIT TRANSFER SYSTEM
(ECTS) STUDY

Faculty of Veterinary Medicine - Skopje started with application of the *European Credit Transfer System - ECTS* in its teaching process since academic year 2006/2007. This is a system of academic recognition of study between the faculties, which goal is making a student who is creatively oriented and appropriately motivated to the study, with mobility on national and international level which allows international competitiveness on the European intellectual market.

ECTS is established in 1989, primarily as a pilot-study within *Erasmus* program with objective of recognition of the study periods abroad of the mobile students via transfer of credits. As a transfer system, ECTS today is speeded in more than 30 countries and it's introduced in more than thousand high education institutions. The 40 countries signers of the Bologna process have identified ECTS as one of the milestones of the European high education area. Many countries have made legal adoption of ECTS in their high education systems, and in others this process is in progress. In most of the countries ECTS became a condition for accreditation. Zurich conference for credit transfer and accumulation, made in October 2002 by the *European University Association* confirmed the central role of ECTS in high education.

ECTS is built on basis of mutual confidence of the high education institutions and is based on three main elements: complete information about the study curriculum and student's engagement; contract for recognition of the study curricula between partner institutions and use of credit units as indicator of the student's engagement (amount of activities of the student in some period during the study).

ECTS credits are numeric values given to the study units (course programs) for description of student's engagement needed for their completion. They reflect the quantum of activity necessary for each course program in terms of total quantum of activity necessary for completing current academic year, presented with lectures, practicals, seminars, terrain work, individual learning and evaluation of knowledge. ECTS is based on total engagement of the student and it is not limited only on the contact lessons (going on lectures and practicals).

ECTS credits in more extent are relative measure of the student's engagement in solving of the study curriculum.

ECTS is based on the principle that 60 credits are equivalent of the load of the regular student during one academic year. Student's load on the regular study curricula in Europe is commonly 1500 to 1800 lessons per year, so one credit is equivalent to 25 to 30 working hours.

ECTS credits could be gained only with successful completing of the regulated tasks and with appropriately evaluation of the achieved educational output. Educational outputs are sets of competencies, which define what one student would know, understand or do after the completing of one education process, regardless of its duration.

Taking into account the recommendations of the "ECTS guides", guidelines of the University "Ss. Cyril and Methodius", study curriculum of FVM-S includes intensive teaching realization with introduction of "modules" and "block" education of related course programs, rationalization of the teaching programs, decreasing the number of lessons of theoretical teaching, increasing the number of lessons for individual activities, introduction of wide list of elective courses, introduction of new education methods (interactive teaching, seminars, individual projects, individual work, individual practice in veterinary institutions by own choice), introduction of new methods of continuous evaluation of knowledge and transparent system for forming the final grade. With introduction of all mentioned above, student has the central role in the education process with the study curriculum on FVM-S, and the staff and organization structures are subordinated to his/her needs.

VII

STUDY REGULATIONS

1. Organization of study

Integrated studies of first and second cycles on the Faculty of Veterinary Medicine are organized in 5.5 years or 11 semesters.

Course programs (courses) are organized as compulsory, elective and facultative:

- compulsory courses are obligate enrolled by the student every semester, if conditionality criteria are solved
- elective courses are enrolled by the student according his/her own choice and own plane for improving his/her education, knowledge and skills and
- facultative courses have objective to extend student's knowledge from the other fields, besides the veterinary medicine.

2. Study regulations

According the Regulation of unique study regulations on the University "Ss. Cyril and Methodius" in Skopje, as well as Regulation of unique basis of credit-system, the transfer from one to other study program and transfer from one to other high education institution within University "Ss. Cyril and Methodius" in Skopje, the Faculty of Veterinary Medicine applies these study regulations and credit-system:

- Every course of the study curriculum is marked with code, which defines program contents, teaching and learning methods, as well as mode of evaluation of knowledge and grading
- Every course program is defined with exactly regulated number of credit points, which reflect total load of student for solving the course
- Credit points are acquired only by that student who would fulfill conditions for exam and would successfully complete the course program. Conditions which have to be fulfilled by the student for successful completing the course program are defined by the carriers of the course program
- The number of the credit points which have to be acquired by the student for getting some professional preparation is:
 - o for one semester to 30 credit points
 - o for one year to 60 credit points
- Student in every semester enrolls courses with total of 30 credits
- Student could go to exam of some course program if the conditionality criteria regulated with the course are fulfilled

- Type, character and mode of realization of the final exams on appropriate course programs are regulated by the Faculty
- Faculty within internal student's mobility, regulates conditionality criteria, i.e. previously completed course programs as condition for enrolling next semester or higher year of study
- Conditions and criteria regulated by the Faculty are for allowing student's orientation which courses have to be completed for enrolling next semester or higher year of study according the study curriculum
- Student, who enrolled one-semester courses in winter semester, could go on final exam in the January session, and if the exam result is not positive, next opportunities are the other two exam sessions (May/June and August/September). Student who enrolled one-semester courses in summer semester, could go on final exam in the June session, and if the exam result is not positive, next opportunities are exam sessions in August/September and January
- Student could enroll course programs from the next semester or higher year of study if the conditions and criteria regulated by the Faculty are fulfilled.
- At the end of each semester an anonym survey for every course separately is done

3. Evaluation of knowledge and grading

Depends of course program's type, the knowledge of the student is evaluated continuously during the teaching process (via periodic evaluations) and in final (with exam).

With the continuous evaluation, student acquires points for each activity regulated with current course program.

Subject of evaluation (points) of the student during the teaching process are presence on lectures, successfully realized practical, successfully realized practical work, writing of essays, terrain work, individual/home work, consultations made, realization of projects, wining of awards and other student activities.

Final grade for successful completing of the course program is sum of the points from periodic evaluations of knowledge, points from regulated activities of the student during the teaching process (presence on lectures, practicals, essays etc.) and peons from the final exam.

Periodic evaluation of knowledge is written, with tests, or oral, depends on course program's type. Written test is organized after the previous notice and its duration is maximum 2 school hours. For one course program maximum 2 to 3 test in one semester could be organized.

The written test is based on multiple choice (at least 4 offered answers and only one is correct) or combination of part made by principle of multiple choice and part consisted of questions with supplementation or other open type of questions (matching, construction).

The number of questions in the written test is according the needs and specificities of the course program.

The course program is consider to be successfully completed if the student with periodic evaluation of knowledge and with regulated activities acquires at least 60% from possible 100% peons regulated with the course program.

In some course programs if the student did not get positive result in one or two of regulated periodic evaluations of knowledge, the teacher could organize written or oral final evaluation of knowledge, which would concern periodic evaluation which was not successfully completed.

Student could reach the final evaluation of knowledge (final exam) on some courses, if the minimum points form regulated activities (lectures, practicals, essays etc.) and periodic evaluation of knowledge regulated with current course program are acquired.

Final exam from the current course program could be oral, i.e. practical (part of the practical teaching) or written. In general, subject of the final exam could not be another evaluation of the knowledge that student successfully demonstrated during periodic evaluation. The questions of the written or oral final exam must be included in the offered program and/or in the question list, i.e. computer question base.

The answers of the questions must be included in the available main textbooks previously approved with the course programs by the Education-Science Council of the Faculty and issued on public place (bulletin board), and given in the informative package and/or on the web site of the Faculty at the start of the academic year.

The final exam, in general, is organized in one part. If it is written, it could take time at least 1 and maximum 2 school hours. The results of the written exam have to be published within 2 days after the day of exam. This time can be longer, if are some justified reasons, which is decided by the vice-dean for education. Student has right to insight of the written final exam within three days after the publishing of exam's results, or in term noted by the course teacher.

If the final exam is oral, it is organized as public exam with presence of other students. The final result (points acquired) is noted by the course teacher after the realization of the exam.

In the most of courses the final grade (total of acquired points) the presence on the theoretical teaching participates with maximum 15%, the presence and activity (knowledge) on the practical teaching participates

with maximum 30%, essays and home works with maximum 10%, tests with maximum 20%, and final exam with maximum 25% from possible 100%.

Course program is considered for successfully completed if the student acquired at least 60% from possible 100% of the course program.

In some course if the student during the testing did not made positive result in one or in two of regulated evaluations, but have acquired minimal regulated number of points for presence on lectures and practicals, he/she could reach the complete final exam. The complete final exam is combination of the periodic evaluation of knowledge (for the part where the result was not positive) and the final exam.

Student has right to reach the final exam of current course program 3 times within one year from the enrolling the course program.

The final grade of the course program is quantitative with numerical point value and grade appropriate with point value, from 5 (five) to 10 (ten). Grade 5 (five) is evaluation of student who did not successfully completed the current course program, i.e. grade 5 (five) denotes nonsuccess.

Points	Grade
to 59	5 (F)
60-68	6 (E)
69-76	7 (D)
77-84	8 (C)
85-92	9 (B)
93-100	10 (A)

Successfully completed course programe is condition for student to acquire appropriate number of credits regulated with the course programe. Elements which are neccessary for successfull completing of particular course programes, conditions for reaching evaluations of knowledge, exam demands, form and mode of evaluation of knowledge and grading are regulated in the course programes.

Course programs are made by course teachers with agreement of the vice-dean for education, and confirmed by the Education-Science Council.

Final grade is acquired for both the compulsory and elective course programs. Facultative course programs are not graded, but regularly realization of the regulated activities within the course, is condition for acquiring the credit.

4. Exam sessions

Final evaluation of knowledge (exam) is organized in three exam sessions:

- 1. January (from 8th of January to 1st of February),
- 2. May-June (from 15th of May to 15th of June),
- 3. August-September (from 15th of August to 15th of September).

According to Statute of the University, Education-Science Council of FVM-S based on adopted University calendar at least 3 months before ending of the actual academic year adopts and publish *calendar for teaching and non-working days for the next academic year*.

The terms for exams for every session are timely scheduled at the end of each semester and are listed on the bulletin table and/or on the web site of the Faculty.

Maintaining, conducting and administrative support of the students during the study are regulated by the acts of the University.

5. Academic year, semestral teaching

- Academic year starts on 15th of September, and ends on 15th of May next year.
- Teaching in winter semester starts on 15th of September, and ends on 31st of December (15 weeks).
- Teaching in summer semester starts on 1st of February, and ends on 15th of May the same year (15 weeks).

6. Credit Transfer System Coordinator

Faculty credit-coordinator

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VIII

SIZE AND ORGANIZATION OF THE STUDY PROGRAM

According whole changes in the society, nowaday doctor of veterinary medicine is faced with significantly different and more complex promblem than the veterinarian in the past. Because of that, esspecial importance was to make conditions for study which result would be educated vetererinarian who is prepared for continuous education during all his/her professional life, all that with goal of improvment the capability of giving high professional service.

New in the changed study curriculum is introduction of structure which allows more successfull solving the matter and skill neccessary for working with pat animlas and equids, farm animals and in the field of food safety and public health. Teaching within study programe also allows solving of communication and professional behaviour skills.

Study curriculum is formulated in mode whith which the student is stimulated for individual work. Lectures are problem-solving based, and with seminars students are motivated for individual solving of some problems, professional communication and team work. Practicals programe is based exclusively on solving skills neccessary for future professional work.

Knowledge of the student during the study is evaluated with periodic evaluations and transparency in forming of the final grade via point scale with which activity, effort and knowledge for each course programe is scored.

According to legal regulations in Law of Higher Education, European Directive 2005/36/EC for recognition of the professional qualifications (*Directive 2005/36/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 7th September 2005*) and recomendations given by EAEVE, changed study curriculum of the Faculty of Veterinary Medicine includes:

- introduction of teaching courses which were not realized in previous study curriculum, but are inclided in Eurepean Directive 2005/36/EC;
- changes in the schedule of some teaching courses by year of study;
- intensive teaching with rationalization of some teaching courses;
- decreasing the number of lessons of theoretic teaching and increasing the number of the lessons for individual activities;
- introducing the elective courses for every year of study and increasing the number of offered elective courses visavie compulsory;
- changes in structures of teaching realization in some courses (lectures, seminars, practicals) and introducing new learning methods: individual projects, individual work,

- individual practice in veterinary institutions by own choice, etc.
- realization of 10% of teaching courses in every year of study via practical (clinical) teaching with outstanding experts from the practice;
- organization of compulsory practical teaching with duration of at least 10% per year;
- new methods of periodical evaluation of knowledge and and transparent system in forming of final grade.

SIZE AND ORGANIZATION OF THE STUDY CURRICULUM

1 semester	2 semester	3 semester	4 semester
Anatomy of	Anatomy of	Physiology of	Physiology of
animals	animals	animals	animals
(10.0 ECTS)	(9.5 ECTS)	(6.0 ECTS)	(8.5 ECTS)
Histology with	Histology with	Nutrition of	Nutrition of
embryology	embryology	domestic animals	domestic animals
(2.5 ECTS)	(5.0 ECTS)	(4.5 EKTC)	(4.5 EKTC)
Biophysics	Nutritious, healing	Husbandry	Husbandry
(5.0 ECTS)	and poisonous	(4.5 ECTS)	(4.5 ECTS)
	plants		
	(3.0 ECTS)		
Cell biology	Biochemistry	Animal hygiene	Animal hygiene
(5.0 ECTS)	(9.0 ECTS)	(4.5 ECTS)	(2.0 ECTS)
Chemistry	Ethology and	Microbiology	Microbiology
(5.0 ECTS)	animal welfare	(4.5 ECTS)	(4.5 ECTS)
	(2.0 ECTS)		
Biostatistics	Elective course	Rural economy	Immunology
(2.5 ECTS)	(1.5 ECTS)	(2.0 ECTS)	(2.0 ECTS)
		Elective courses	Elective courses
		(4.0 ECTS)	(4.0 ECTS)

5 semester	6 semester	7 semester	8 semester
Pathophysiology	Pathophysiology	Internal diseases	Internal diseases
(5.5 ECTS)	(4.0 ECTS)	of pet animals and	of pet animals and
		equips	equines
		(5.0 ECTS)	(4.0 ECTS)
Pharmacology	Pharmacology	Reproduction	Reproduction
(5.5 ECTS)	(5.5 ECTS)	(7.0 ECTS)	(9.0 ECTS)
Pathology	Pathology	Infectious	Infectious
(5.5 ECTS)	(7.0 ECTS)	diseases of	diseases of
		domestic animals	domestic animals
		(6.0 ECTS)	(4.0 ECTS)
Parasitology and	Parasitology and	Internal diseases	Internal diseases
parasite diseases	parasite diseases	of farm animals	of farm animals
(5.5 ECTS)	(4.5 ECTS)	(6.0 ECTS)	(5.0 ECTS)
Clinical anatomy	Basis of clinical	General surgery	Special surgery
of animals	and laboratory	with	with orthopedics
(3.0 ECTS)	diagnostics	anesthesiology	(5.5 ECTS)
	(4.0 ECTS)	(6.0 ECTS)	
Elective courses	Diagnostic		Elective courses
(4.0 ECTS)	imaging		(2.5 ECTS)
	(3.0 ECTS)		
	Clinical		
	biochemistry		
	(2.0 ECTS)		

9 semester	10 semester	11 semester
Hygiene and technology	Hygiene and technology	Clinical practice: pet
of meat, fish, eggs and	of meat, fish, eggs and	animals
honey	honey	(3.0 ECTS)
(3.5 ECTS)	(4.0 ECTS)	
Hygiene and technology	Food safety and	Clinical practice: farm
of milk	veterinary public health	animals
(4.0 ECTS)	(4.0 ECTS)	(3.0 ECTS)
Biology and pathology of	Biology and pathology of	Practice in food industry
fish	bees	facilities
(4.0 ECTS)	(2.5 ECTS)	(3.0 ECTS)
Ophthalmology	Biology and pathology of	Elective courses from
(2.0 ECTS)	wildlife	group 1, 2, 3 or 4
	(2.0 ECTS)	(4.0 ECTS)
Special surgery with	Avian diseases	Individual practice
orthopedics	(6.5 ECTS)	outside the Faculty
(4.0 ECTS)		(7.0 ECTS)
Veterinary epidemiology	Basis of management	Preparation and
(2.0 ECTS)	with management of	awarding of diploma
	veterinary practice	work
	(3.5 ECTS)	(10.0 ECTS)
Veterinary legislative	Forensic veterinary	
(2.0 ECTS)	medicine and veterinary	
	ethics	
	(3.5 ECTS)	
Herd health management	Elective courses	
(2.5 ECTS)	(4.0 ECTS)	
Veterinary toxicology		
(2.0 ECTS)		
Elective courses		
(4.0 ECTS)		

^{*} Total number of credits: 330

^{*} Participation of compulsory courses is not more than 75% from the whole study program

 $^{^{\}star}$ 10% of compulsory and 10% of elective courses in every year of study will be organized by clinical practice

During the first ten semesters the student has to enroll and complete compulsory basic, pre-clinic and clinic teaching courses (s.c. core), as well as some of the offered elective courses.

The eleventh semester is for getting practical experience and skill from the veterinary practice via compulsory rotation on clinics for pet animals, for farm animals and ambulatory clinic.

Also, within tendencies for specialized accessory education (student directing, s.c. tracking), in this semester every student, depends of his/her own choice and number of free places, has opportunity to choose particular courses from the four groups of elective courses related with current direction (1. pet animals; 2. farm animals; 3. hygiene of the animal products and veterinary public health and 4. biology and pathology of fish, bees, wildlife, animal hygiene, ecology and ethology). Students would be directed thus on the start of the eleventh semester, from the four possible directions (mentioned above), they would choose a primary and an alternative direction. If the number of applications on some direction is bigger than number of free places, in enrollment of the primary direction, better students would be preferred. The score of the student would be determined with acquired ECTS credit points and average grade till enrollment of the eleventh semester.

During the eleventh semester student has obligation to realize 210 working hours individual practice in some veterinary institution (s.c. extramural practice) for becoming familiar with spectrum of his/her future profession.

As a confirmation of successfully completing the basis of scientific work, student in the eleventh semester has to apply, prepare and award a diploma work. Student would be able to award finished diploma work after acquiring of total of 320 credit points, and successful awarding takes 10 points.

Student who would finish integrated academic studies of first and second cycle with duration of 5.5 years (11 semesters) and acquire 330 credit points gets diploma and diploma supplement for graduation on Faculty of Veterinary Medicine and gets professional title **doctor of veterinary medicine (DVM)**.

With finishing the academic studies on FVM-S, student is getting competencies for:

- healing the animals;
- solving issues from veterinary public health;
- participation in environment protection;
- performing therrain, clinical and laboratory diagnostics;
- preventing supressing of infectious diseases and zoonoses;

- projecting and participation of designing programes for development and improovment of lifestock production and production of animal products, and
- development of all types of animals and environment protection, maintance of ethics and human treating of the animals.



ORGANIZATION OF THE STUDY PROGRAM BY YEAR

I YEAR (1st and 2nd semester)

Compulsory courses

Code of			Semester				Credit
the course	Name of the course program	1		2		Total	points
program			nter)		nmer)	hours	(C.P.)
FVM111	Anatomy of onimals	Lect.	Pract.	Lect.	Pract	270	19.5
FVIVITI	Anatomy of animals	60	75	60	75	270	19.5
FVM112	Cell biology	30	30			60	5.0
FVM113	Biophysics	30	30			60	5.0
FVM114	Chemistry	30	30			60	5.0
FVM115	Biostatistics	15	30			45	2.5
FVM116	Histology with embryology	15	15	30	45	105	7.5
FVM117	Biochemistry			60	60	120	9.0
FVM118	Nutritious, healing and poisonous plants			15	30	45	3.0
FVM119	Ethology and animal welfare			15	15	30	2.0
	Elective course			1	5	15	1.5
	Total	39	90	4:	20	810	60.0

Code of the course program	Name of the course program/ (lectures + practicals)	Total teaching hours	Credit points (C.P.)	Semester
FVM001	Introduction in veterinary medicine	15	1.5	2

II YEAR (3rd and 4th semester)

Compulsory courses

Code of	Semester						Credit		
the course program	Name of the course program	(Wii	1 (Winter)		1 2 (Winter) (Summe		-	Total hours	points (C.P.)
program		Lect.	Pract.	Lect.	Pract		(0)		
FVM211	Physiology of animals	45	30	60	60	195	14.5		
FVM212	Nutrition of domestic animals	30	30	30	30	120	9.0		
FVM213	Husbandry	30	30	30	30	120	9.0		
FVM214	Animal hygiene	30	30	15	15	90	6.5		
FVM215	Microbiology	30	30	30	30	120	9.0		
FVM216	Rural economy	15	15			30	2.0		
FVM217	Immunology	15	15			30	2.0		
	Elective course(s)	60		6	0	120	8.0		
	Total	4:	435 390		90	825	60.0		

Elective courses

Code of the course program	Name of the course program/ (lectures + practicals)	Total teaching hours	Credit points (C.P.)	Semester
FVM003	Environment protection (15+0)	15	1.0	3
FVM004	Animal ecology (15+15)	30	2.0	3
FVM005	Ecotoxicology (15+15)	30	2.0	3
FVM006	Chemistry of natural compounds (15+15)	30	2.0	3
FVM007	Anatomy of exotic and laboratory animals (15+30)	45	3.0	3
FVM008	Protection and management with endangered animal species (6+24)	30	2.0	4
FVM009	Production of bulky feed (15+15)	30	2.0	4
FVM010	Zoology of wildlife (15+15)	30	2.0	4
FVM011	Welfare of fish (15+15)	30	2.0	4
FVM012	Beekeeping (15+15)	30	2.0	4
FVM013	Economics and organization of livestock production (30+15)	45	3.0	4

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III YEAR (5th and 6th semester)

Compulsory courses

Code of			Sem	ester			Credit
the course	Name of the course program	1		2		Total	points
program		Lect.	nter) Pract.	Lect.	nmer) Pract	hours	(C.P.)
FVM311	Pathophysiology	30	30	30	30	120	9.5
FVM312	Pharmacology	30	30	45	30	135	11.0
FVM313	Pathology	30	30	45	60	165	12.5
FVM314	Parasitology and parasitic diseases	30	30	30	45	135	10.0
FVM315	Clinical anatomy of animals	15	30			45	3.0
FVM316	Basis of clinical and laboratory diagnostics	30	30			60	4.0
FVM317	Diagnostic imaging			15	30	45	3.0
FVM318	Clinical biochemistry			15	15	30	3.0
	Elective course(s)	6	60		•	60	4.0
	Total	40	05	39	90	795	60.0

Code of the course program	Name of the course program/ (lectures + practicals)	Total teaching hours	Credit points (C.P.)	Semester
FVM014	Diversity and protection of wild carnivores (15+15)	30	2.0	5
FVM015	Diversity and protection of birds of prey (15+15)	30	2.0	5
FVM016	Diversity and protection of fish (15+15)	30	2.0	5
FVM017	Ornamental aquaculture (15+15)	30	2.0	5
FVM018	Sport and hobby fishing (15+15)	30	2.0	5
FVM019	Basis of cytology diagnostics (15+15)	30	2.0	5
FVM020	Veterinary hematology (15+15)	30	2.0	5

IV YEAR (7th and 8th semester)

Compulsory courses

Code of			Sem	ester			Credit
the course program	Name of the course program	(Wii	1 (Winter)		2 nmer)	Total hours	points (C.P.)
• •		Lect.	Pract.	Lect.	Pract		(0)
FVM411	Internal diseases of pet animals and equines	30	60	30	30	150	9.0
FVM412	Reproduction	45	60	60	75	240	16.0
FVM413	General surgery with anesthesiology	45	45			90	6.0
FVM414	Infectious diseases of domestic animals	45	30	30	30	135	10.0
FVM415	Internal disease of farm animals	45	45	30	45	165	11.0
FVM416	Special surgery with orthopaedics			30	60	90	6.0
	Elective course(s)		·	3	0	30	2.0
	Total	4	50	4	50	900	60.0

Code of the course program	Name of the course program/ (lectures + practicals)	Total teaching hours	Credit points (C.P.)	Semester
FVM021	Tropical parasitic diseases (15+0)	15	1.0	8
FVM022	Rational application of antimicrobial drugs (15+0)	15	1.0	8
FVM023	Cynology (11+19)	30	2.0	8

V YEAR (9th and 10th semester)

Compulsory courses

Code of			Sem		Credit		
the course program	Name of the course program	1 (Winter)		2 (Summer)		Total hours	points (C.P.)
		Lect.	Pract.	Lect.	Pract		` '
FVM416	Special surgery with orthopaedics	30	30			60	4.0
FVM511	Hygiene and technology of meat, fish, eggs and honey	30	15	30	30	105	7.5
FVM512	Hygiene and technology of milk	30	30			60	4.0
FVM513	Biology and pathology of fish	30	30			60	4.0
FVM516	Veterinary epidemiology	15	15			30	2.0
FVM517	Veterinary toxicology	15	15			30	2.0
FVM518	Ophthalmology	15	15			30	2.0
FVM519	Herd health management	15	30			45	2.5
FVM520	Veterinary legislative	15	15			30	2.0
FVM514	Forensic veterinary medicine and veterinary ethics			30	15	45	3.5
FVM515	Basis of management with management of veterinary practice			30	15	45	3.5
FVM521	Food safety and veterinary public health			30	30	60	4.0
FVM522	Biology and pathology of game			15	15	30	2.0
FVM523	Biology and pathology of bees			15	30	45	2.5
FVM524	Avian diseases			45	45	90	6.5
	Elective course(s)	6	60	60		120	8.0
	Total	4	50	4:	35	885	60.0

Code of the course program	Name of the course program/ (lectures + practicals)	Total teaching hours	Credit points (C.P.)	Semester
FVM024	Marketing of veterinary practice (15+0)	15	1.0	9
FVM025	Contemporary food safety systems (15+15)	30	2.0	9
FVM026	Management of animal products supply chains (30+0)	30	2.0	9
FVM027	Microbiology of food (15+15)	30	2.0	9

FVM028 Technologic processes on a poultry farm		30	2.0	9
	(15+15)			
FVM029	Aquaculture (15+15)	30	2.0	9
FVM030	Clinical pharmacology (30+15)	45	3.0	9
FVM031	Food chemistry (30+15)	45	3.0	9
FVM032	Reconstructive surgery of the integumentary system (15+0)	15	1.0	10
FVM033	Selected surgical procedures in ophthalmology (15+ 0)	15	1.0	10
FVM034	Selected techniques for surgical fracture reduction (15+0)	15	1.0	10
FVM035	Advanced reproductive endocrinology (15+15)	30	2.0	10
FVM036	Clinical nutrition of dogs and cats (15+15)	30	2.0	10
FVM037	Tropical infectious diseases (15+15)	30	2.0	10
FVM038	Breeding and diseases of ostriches (15+15)	30	2.0	10
FVM039	Breeding and diseases of pigeons (15+15)	30	2.0	10
FVM040	Organic apiculture (15+15)	30	2.0	10
FVM041	Ecologic control of bee diseases (15+15)	30	2.0	10
FVM042	Management of wildlife diseases (15+15)	30	2.0	10
FVM043	Parasitology in public health (15+15)	30	2.0	10
FVM044	Harmful antinutritive substances in feed (15+15)	30	2.0	10
FVM045	Additives in feed - health modulators (15+15)	30	2.0	10
FVM046	Residues and contaminents in food (15+15)	30	2.0	10
FVM047	Toxicology of poisonous plants (15+15)	30	2.0	10
FVM048	Oncology (30+15)	45	3.0	10
FVM049	Techniques of anaesthesia and analgesia in different pet animals (15+0)	15	1.0	10
FVM050	Veterinary inspection (30+15)	45	3.0	10
FVM051	Changes in laboratory profile in diseases of pet animals (15+15)	30	2.0	10
FVM052	Ultrasonic diagnosis of reproductive disorders in cows (15+15)	30	2.0	10
FVM053	Advanced andrology and cryobiology (15+15)	30	2.0	10

VI YEAR - 11th semester

Compulsory courses

Code of the course program	Name of the course program	Teaching hours	Credit points	Organized as
FVM611	Clinical practice: pet animals	75	3.0	Compulsory
FVM612	Clinical practice: farm animals	75	3.0	Compulsory
FVM613	Practice in food industry facilities	75	3.0	Compulsory
	*Elective courses related with particular direction (from group 1, 2, 3 or 4)	60	4.0	Elective
FVM614	Individual practice outside the Faculty	210	7.0	Compulsory
	Preparation and awarding of diploma work	150	10.0	Compulsory
	Total	645	30.0	

*Elective courses related with particular direction Group 1 - Pet animals

Code of the course program	Name of the course program / amount of lectures and practicals	Teaching hours	Credit points
FVM007	Anatomy of exotic and laboratory animals (15+30)	45	3.0
FVM017	Ornamental aquaculture (15+15)	30	2.0
FVM019	Basis of cytology diagnostics (15 +15)	30	2.0
FVM020	Veterinary hematology (15 +15)	30	2.0
FVM021	Tropical parasitic diseases (15+0)	15	1.0
FVM023	Cynology (11+19)	30	2.0
FVM024	Marketing of veterinary practice (15+0)	15	1.0
FVM030	Clinical pharmacology (30+15)	45	3.0
FVM032	Reconstructive surgery of the integumentary system (15+0)	15	1.0
FVM033	Selected surgical procedures in ophthalmology (15+0)	15	1.0
FVM034	Selected techniques for surgical fracture reduction (15+0)	15	1.0
FVM036	Clinical nutrition of dogs and cats (15+15)	30	2.0
FVM039	Breeding and diseases of pigeons (15+15)	30	2.0
FVM048	Oncology (30+15)	45	3.0

FVM049	Techniques of anaesthesia and analgesia in different pet animals (15+0)	15	1.0
FVM051	Changes in laboratory profile in diseases of pet animals (15+15)	30	2.0

Group 2 - Farm animals

Code of the course program	Name of the course program / amount of lectures and practicals	Teaching hours	Credit points
FVM009	Production of bulky feed (15+15)	30	2.0
FVM013	Economics and organization of livestock production (30+15)	45	3.0
FVM019	Basis of cytology diagnostics (30+15)	45	3.0
FVM020	Veterinary hematology (30 +15)	45	3.0
FVM021	Tropical parasitic diseases (15+0)	15	1.0
FVM022	Rational application of antimicrobial drugs (15+0)	15	1.0
FVM028	Technologic processes on a poultry farm (15+15)	30	2.0
FVM030	Clinical pharmacology (30+15)	45	3.0
FVM035	Advanced reproductive endocrinology (15+15)	30	2.0
FVM037	Tropical infectious diseases (15+15)	30	2.0
FVM038	Breeding and diseases of ostriches (15+15)	30	2.0
FVM044	Harmful antinutritive substances in feed (15+15)	30	2.0
FVM045	Additives in feed - health modulators (15+15)	30	2.0
FVM047	Toxicology of poisonous plants (15+15)	30	2.0
FVM052	Ultrasonic diagnosis of reproductive disorders in cows (15+15)	30	2.0
FVM053	Advanced andrology and cryobiology (15+15)	30	2.0

Group 3 - Hygiene of animal products and veterinary public health

Code of	Name of the course program /	Teaching	Credit
the course	amount of lectures and practicals	hours	points
program			
FVM006	Chemistry of natural compounds (15+15)	30	2.0
FVM025	Contemporary food safety systems (15+15)	30	2.0
FVM026	Management of animal products supply channels (30+0)	30	2.0
FVM027	Microbiology of food (15+15)	30	2.0
FVM031	Food chemistry (30+15)	45	3.0
FVM043	Parasitology in public health (15+15)	30	2.0
FVM046	Residues and contaminents in food (15+15)	30	2.0
FVM050	Veterinary inspection (30+15)	45	3.0

Group 4 - Biology and pathology of fish, bees, wildlife, animal hygiene, ecology and ethology

Code of the course program	Name of the course program / amount of lectures and practicals	Teaching hours	Credit points
FVM003	Environment protection (15+0)	15	1.0
FVM004	Animal ecology (15+15)	30	2.0
FVM005	Ecotoxicology (15+15)	30	2.0
FVM008	Protection and management with endangered animal species (6+24)	30	2.0
FVM010	Zoology of wildlife (15+15)	30	2.0
FVM011	Welfare of fish (15+15)	30	2.0
FVM012	Beekeeping (15+15)	30	2.0
FVM014	Diversity and protection of wild carnivores (15+15)	30	2.0
FVM015	Diversity and protection of birds of prey (15+15)	30	2.0
FVM016	Diversity and protection of fish (15+15)	30	2.0
FVM018	Sport and hobby fishing (15+15)	30	2.0
FVM029	Aquaculture (15+15)	30	2.0
FVM040	Organic apiculture (15+15)	30	2.0
FVM041	Ecologic control of bee diseases (15+15)	30	2.0
FVM042	Management of wildlife diseases (15+15)	30	2.0



CONDITIONS FOR ENROLLING HIGHER YEAR OF STUDY

CONDITIONS FOR ENROLLING STUDENTS ON HIGHER YEAR OF STUDY

1 semester	2 semester	3 semester	4 semester	5 semester	6 semester
Biostatistics (2.5 ECTS)	Nutritious, healing and poisonous plants	Animal hygiene (4.5 ECTS)	Animal hygiene (2.0 ECTS)	Pathophysiology (5.5 ECTS)	Pathophysiology (4.0 ECTS)
(2.0 2010)	(3.0 ECTS)	,	,	(0.0 2010)	(4.0 2010)
Biophysics	Ethology and animal	Nutrition of domestic	Nutrition of domestic	Pathology	Pathology
(5.0 ECTS)	welfare (2.0 ECTS)	animals (4.5 ECTS)	animals (4.5 ECTS)	(5.5 ECTS)	(7.0 ECTS)
Chemistry	Biochemistry	Husbandry	Husbandry	Pharmacology (F. F. FOTO)	Pharmacology (F. F. F.C.T.C.)
(5.0 ECTS)	(9.0 ECTS)	(4.5 ECTS)	(4.5 ECTS)	(5.5 ECTS)	(5.5 ECTS)
Anatomy of animals	Anatomy of animals	Physiology of animals	Physiology of animals	Parasitology and parasite	Parasitology and parasite
(10.0 ECTS)	(9.5 ECTS)	(6.0 ECTS)	(8.5 ECTS)	diseases	diseases
Lliatalagy, with	Lliatalagy, with	Microbiology	Migrabialagy	(5.5 ECTS)	(4.5 ECTS)
Histology with	Histology with	Microbiology	Microbiology	Clinical anatomy of	Basis of clinical and
embryology	embryology	(4.5 ECTS)	(4.5 ECTS)	animals	laboratory diagnostics
(2.5 ECTS)	(5.0 ECTS)			(3.0 ECTS)	(4.0 ECTS)
Cell biology	Elective courses	Immunology	Elective courses	Elective courses	Diagnostic imaging
(5.0 ECTS)	(1.5 ECTS)	(2.0 ECTS)	(4.0 ECTS)	(4.0 ECTS)	(3.0 ECTS)
		Rural economy			Clinical biochemistry
		(2.0 ECTS)			(3.0 ECTS)
		Elective courses			
		(4.0 ECTS)			

= Conditions for enrolling of 3rd semester (II year)

= Conditions for enrolling of 5th semester (III year)

= Conditions for enrolling of 7th semester (IV year)

= Conditions for enrolling of 9th semester (V year)

= Conditions till the end of study

7 semester	8 semester	9 semester	10 semester	11 semester
Internal diseases of pet animals and equines (5.0 ECTS)	Internal diseases of pet animals and equines (4.0 ECTS)	Hygiene and technology of meat, fish, eggs and honey (3.5 ECTS)	Hygiene and technology of meat, fish, eggs and honey (4.0 ECTS)	Clinical practice: pet animals (3.0 ECTS)
Reproduction (7.0 ECTS)	Reproduction (9.0 ECTS)	Hygiene and technology of milk (4.0 ECTS)	Food safety and veterinary public health (4.0 ECTS)	Clinical practice: farm animals (3.0 ECTS)
Infectious diseases of domestic animals (6.0 ECTS)	Infectious diseases of domestic animals (4.0 ECTS)	Ophthalmology (2.0 ECTS)	Avian diseases (6.5 ECTS)	Practice in food industry facilities (3.0 ECTS)
General surgery with anesthesiology (6.0 ECTS)	Special surgery with orthopedics (6.0 ECTS)	Special surgery with orthopedics (4.0 ECTS)	Biology and pathology of wildlife (2.0 ECTS)	Elective courses from group 1, 2, 3 or 4 (4.0 ECTS)
Internal diseases of farm animals (6.0 ECTS)	Internal diseases of farm animals (5.0 ECTS)	Biology and pathology of fish (4.0 ECTS)	Biology and pathology of bees (2.5 ECTS)	Individual practice outside the Faculty (7.0 ECTS)
	Elective courses (2.0 ECTS)	Veterinary epidemiology (2.0 ECTS)	Basis of management with management of veterinary practice (3.5 ECTS)	Preparation and awarding of diploma work (10.0 ECTS)
		Veterinary legislative (2.0 ECTS)	Forensic veterinary and veterinary ethics (3.5 ECTS)	
		Herd health management (2.5 ECTS)	Elective courses (4.0 ECTS)	
		Veterinary toxicology (2.0 ECTS)		
		Elective courses (4.0 ECTS)		

= Conditions for enrolling of 11th semester (VI year)

= Conditions till the end of study

= Other courses



MISCELANEOUS INFORMATIONS FOR THE STUDENTS

1. Location of the Faculty of Veterinary Medicine - Skopje

The Faculty is located 4 km from the city center in the settlement Avtokomanda, municipality Gazi Baba. It is placed behind Forestry Faculty with area of circa $7500~\text{m}^2$ and is consisted of five objects (neto area $3700~\text{m}^2$) in complex with the Veterinary Hospital. Close to the Faculty is student dormitory "Stiv Naumov".

Address: Lazar Pop-Trajkov 5-7, 1000 Skopje, R. of Macedonia

Tel: ++ 389 2 3240 700 **Fax:** ++ 389 2 3114 619

Web: http://www.fvm.ukim.edu.mk

2. Conditions and mode of enrolling integrate studies

Integrated studies on FVM-S could be enrolled by person who has finished four-year secondary school and who fulfills conditions and criteria regulated by enrolling competition of University "Ss. Cyril and Methodius".

More precise regulations about conditions and criteria for enrolling of study are determined with Regulations of conditions, criteria and rules of enrolling and study of first and second cycle university study, with Decision on relation of faculties, scientific areas and disciplines and with the Competition published by the Rectorate.

Graduate studies are organized only as regular studies and their duration is 11 semesters.

3. Status of a student

Status of a student, and also a member of the academic community is riched with enrolling of integrated studies of first and second cyclus and doctoral studies (third cyclus) on the Faculty. Status of a student is aprooved with student index and studen identification card.

Student whose education is financed by the state, keeps status of student whose is financed by the state, maximum in time which is twice longer from the regulated time of study duration, i.e. till the end of the academic year of the expiring date. After the expiring date the student continues studies with own expencies for study (cofinancy).

Student whose education is financed by the state could repeat same year of study only once. If in next academic year the righ for enrolling higher year is not fulfilled, student loses status of student whose education is financed by the state, but has righ to enroll the same year again as a student with own expencies for study.

Time of repose of student's obligations is not included in the time mentioned above.

4. Student's rights and obligations

Student has right on:

- quality study and education process as it is regulated in the study program
- free expression of opinions during teaching and other activities on the high education institution
- evaluation of the quality of teaching and teachers
- regular study and status of a regular student
- regular advance, education and finishing study in conditions which were in force in time of enrollment
- enrolling and education by equal condition regulated legally, with statute and with study program
- participation in management of the high education institution, according legal regulations and high education institution's statute
- protection of his/her rights and duties in face of high education institution's bodies and protection of the personality of student from abusement and his/her dignity.

Student has also right to:

- advance and to finish study for shorter time than regulated in study program
- study in same time more study programs from different fields and to reach additional courses
- continue study on other high education institution if the high education institution where he/she is enrolled stops with work
- use library and data bases, premises, equipment (teaching facilities), software and other scientific and professional infrastructure on the University and its units, i.e. on individual high education institution
- participate in research and professional activity where his/her author, inventor and other rights are guaranteed
- elect and to be elected as represent of the students in the bodies of high education institutions
- use service of the student standard (accommodation, health insurance etc.), city and intercity transport according conditions regulated legally by carriers of such activities,
- use university premises for sport and culture activity
- transfer from one to other high education institution, i.e. from one to other study and within that to use advantages of the credit-system

- participate in the work of students organizations
- participate in organizing forms of the students organization regulated by the University's statute
- continue previously interrupted study by conditions regulated with the high education institution's statute
- use holiday at least 60 days within one calendar year
- get state or other grants or to use finance installment for living during study
- realize cooperation with the students in the country and abroad and to reach other rights according the law and high education institution's statute

Student has obligation to:

- fulfill tasks regulated with the study programs
- respect legal regulations, and regulations from high education institution's statute and other inner legal acts
- to apply decisions of the management body, rector, i.e. director of the individual high education institution
- act in harmony with student ethic codex which is prepared and approved by high education institution according student representation

Students from all grades of high education who are orfans, blind, deef, invalides of firs and second grade, mothers of children to 6 years old and hospitalized have right for special benefitions regulated by high education institution's statute.

All rights and obligations mentioned above, are realized by the student in the high education institution in size and conditions regulated by the law and by high education institution's statute. For protection of student's right, every university founds Student attorney.

Jurisdiction, election and work of the Student attorney is regulated by University's statute.

5. Repose of student's obligation

Student's obligations are reposing, on his/her request:

- during pregnancy
- for student with child to 1 year old
- during illness longer than one semester
- on student's request
- in case of repose of working status regulated legally
- in other cases regulated legally or by act of the unit

Decision is adopted by the Dean of the faculty.

6. Expiring the status of a student

Student's status of a student of the Faculty expires according conditions and procedure regulated by main acts of the University.

Status is expired if student:

- graduates
- do not complete study in time regulated legally and with the statute
- do not fulfil condition for enrolling of higher year in time regulated with statute and regulations
- is written out the Faculty
- is excluded from the Faculty

Status could be restored with procedure regulated with University's statute and Faculty's regulations, except if status is not expired with permanent exclusion. Expenses for restoring status are filed by the student.

7. Discipline measures

For violation of duties and unfulfilling the obligation, student of graduate study could be subject of one of following discipline measures: warning, public worning and exclusion.

Exclusion is applied for academic year when is given. Discipline measures are given by Committe for discipline measures on the Faculty.

Discipline committee consists of three members and same number of deputies: one teacher, one assistant and represent of the students on the Faculty. Discipline committee is elected by Education-Science Councile with mandate of two years.

Sugestion for proceeding discipline responsibility culd be given by the Dean or by students organization's bodies. Based on sugestion, discipline committee is questioning student. Calling the student for questioning is made with written invitation. Time from delivering the invitation to questioning must be at least eight days.

Discipline committe cam give measure warning for:

- 1. violation of public order and peace during teaching
- 2. indecent behaviour with teacher, assistants or other employees, as well as with other students
- 3. registration of presence of other student
- 4. negligent treating of property of the Faculty which could result with minor damage

Discipline committee could give public warning or exclusion for:

- 1. possesion and use of devices for telephone and electronic communication during exams
- 2. transcribing or giving any help to other student during exams
- 3. self-willed registration for acquiring points for activity
- 4. non-allowed having equipment for audio and/or video recording of copyright work, including mobile phones, by the students during performing lectures, practicals or interactive teaching
- 5. plagiating in form of transfering other student's seminary work or essay on its behalf
- 6. physic assult with causing light bodily injury
- 7. physic assult with causing heavy bodily injury
- 8. verbal or real offending of teacher or assistant
- 9. giving untruth informations to Faculty's bodies
- 10. intrusion in the informatic system of the University, i.e. Faculty (web site, electronic files etc.)
- 11. damage in calculated amount over 100 euros in denar conversion because of uncomplying to regulated rules or reckless treatment of the University's or faculty's property, as well as appropriating objects which are property of University or Faculty.
- 12. forgeryng any documents, esspecialy signature of teacher, assitants or other persons in the index, or in some other official document, forgeryng grade mark etc.
- 13. repeated light discipline violations

Student has right of objection against desision of Discipline committee, in time of 8 days, addressed to the Education-Science Council, as a second-grade discipline body. The decision of the Education-Science Council is final.

8. Students' participation of in management

Students are participating in management via their represents who are elected in the Student Parliament on the University and Faculty, according conditions regulated legally and with University's statute.

XII

REGULATIONS FOR DIPLOMA
WORK

REGULATIONS

on procedure of application, preparation and awarding of diploma work on Faculty of Veterinary Medicine - Skopje

Article 1

Graduating of students on study program at Faculty of Veterinary Medicine (in text bellow Faculty) is conditioned with application, preparation and public awarding of diploma work.

Article 2

Written diploma work is individual work of the student which shows student's ability of methodologically correct proceeding of theoretical and practical issues, as well as use of basic methods of development and research work, with independently use of literature.

Public awarding of the diploma work is public presentation of the work by the candidate, with use of diverse equipment for clearly presentation of the work, including answering on the questions asked by the committee related with issue which is work's subject.

Article 3

Diploma work is applied in science area maintained on the Faculty and is realized with monitoring of mentor.

Mentor from paragraph 1 of this article is teacher of the course program included in science area of diploma work. Mentor could be only teacher elected and employed on the Faculty.

Article 4

Student gets right of application of diploma after passing all course programs determined by study curriculum, i.e. after acquiring predicted 300 credit points which are condition for enrollment of eleventh semester. Student could award the diploma work after acquiring of total of 320 credit points, and successful awarding takes 10 points.

Article 5

Student can choose theme for diploma work from the suggested list of themes, i.e. areas for making diploma work.

Article 6

List of themes for diploma work is adopted by Education-Science Council at the Faculty before beginning of the academic year and concerns students who have right to enroll eleventh semester.

List of themes from paragraph 1 from this article, could be revised by exception during last semester.

Article 7

Student applies theme for realizing diploma work from the suggested themes with special form (application) which is delivered to the student service.

In the application of diploma work student notes mentor, course program, the theme and science area.

Student service delivers application to the department (mentor), who delivers "confirmation" of applied diploma theme to the vice-dean for education.

Vice-dean for education maintains register of themes chosen for diploma work.

During confirmation of theme, vice-dean for education on suggestion of mentor appoints committee for review and evaluation of realized diploma work.

One copy of confirmed application is delivered to the student service, mentor and candidate.

On request with explanation of the student, and with agreement with the mentor, vice-dean for education can approve realization and awarding of diploma work which theme is not included in suggested list of themes for diploma work.

Article 8

Committee for review and evaluation is consisted of three members. Mentor is the first member of the committee, and one another member is teacher or assistant in science area from which the theme is taken.

Committee could have only 1 assistant.

Committee from paragraph 1 from this article could have maximum one confirmed expert in the area from which theme is taken, in case when the work is realized outside the Faculty.

Confirmed expert is person with 3 years of working experience in issue concerned in diploma work.

Article 9

Diploma work is written and awarded on Macedonian.

Student can start to work on diploma work after acquiring of total of 320 credits, i.e. after acquiring of credits from individual practice outside the Faculty.

Realization of applied diploma work cannot take less than 30 days and more than 90 days from the date of acquiring the credits.

On request with explanation by the student, vice-dean for education can prolong this time, but not more than six months.

If student does not deliverer diploma work in time regulated with paragraph 2 from this article, he/she has to begin procedure for application of diploma work with new theme.

Article 10

Student delivers the work in three printed copies and one copy in electronic form, via Faculty archive to the members of the committee. Electronic copy of diploma work is kept in Faculty's library.

By exception, student could realize and deliver diploma work in English. If the work is written in English, student has to deliver one copy of the work in Macedonian. Electronic copy of the work is compulsorily in Macedonian.

Article 11

Elements which are compulsory content of diploma work are delivered to the students, as template in written and electronic form, during taking forms for application of diploma work in student service.

Article 12

Awarding of diploma work is in public with presence of all members of the committee. If some member of committee is unable to be present on scheduled awarding, vice-dean for education by suggestion of the mentor confirms replacement of the absent member.

Article 13

Realized diploma work is reviewed by the members of the committee and each member delivers written mark grade of the written diploma work to the vice-dean of education. Form for evaluation report of written diploma work is integral part of these Regulations.

In general, awarding of diploma work is made after expiring of 7 working days, estimated from the day of delivery of realized diploma work.

Committee has duty to review and evaluate the work within 5 working days after its admission, and to deliver to vice-dean for education filled form for evaluation of written diploma work.

If all mark grades form members of committee are positive, vicedean for education confirms and schedules term for public awarding of the work.

Negative mark grade of delivered realized work, is delivered to the student from the committee in writing with explanation. Diploma work which has got negative mark grade could not be awarded.

Article 14

Diploma work is graded with mark grade from 5 to 10. Oral presentation of the candidate is subject of grading by the members of the committee, and final grade of the diploma work is average grade of particular grades of the written part and grade of the oral presentation of work.

Adopted grade is announced in public by the committee after finishing the awarding.

The grade is noted in the record of the awarding, which form is integral part of these Regulations.

The record is signed by all members of the committee.

Arcticle 15

The grade from final evaluation of the diploma work is included in average score of study of the graduated student as mark grade of one exam (final exam).

Successfully awarding of diploma work takes 10 credit points which are included in total amount of credit points neccessary for completing the study program.

Article

Student who had got negative grade on the final exam or did not delivered finished diploma work in regulated time, or had got negative grade on the evaluation, has right to repeat procedure for passing of final exam, but with new theme and new mentor.

Article 17



EDUCATION CONTENTS OF COMPULSORY COURSES

Course	ANATOMY OF ANIMALS	10.5 cradit points	
Course Code	FVM111	19.5 credit points	
Year of study	First (I)		
Semester	First and Second (I and II)		
Total teaching	270 (120+150)		
lessons	I semester 4+5 (60+75)		
	II semester 4+5 (60+75)		
Course type	Compulsory		
Prerequisites			
Author of the	prof. Vlatko Ilieski, PhD		
course	ass. prof. Lazo Pendovski, PhD		
program			
Realized by	prof. Vlatko Ilieski, PhD		
D	ass. prof. Lazo Pendovski, PhD		
Purpose and	Theory classes of the course Anatomy of animals aim to introduce st	•	
objectives of the course	anatomy, the position of domestic species in zoological system, divis systems, to learn the descriptive terms and the body regions. In the c		
program	be learn the topographical anatomy of locomotors system, separately		
program	front limbs, hind limbs and the spinal cord, the anatomy of the th		
	topography of the head and the neck will be studied through the anatom		
	anatomy of nasal cavity, paranasal sinuses, nasofarynx, larynx, trac		
	salivary glands, gums, and oesophagus. Students will gain knowledg		
	thorax cavity, the pleura and mediastinum, lung anatomy, review of the		
	the trachea, main bronchi and bronchioles as well the interpulmonal		
	students will become familiar with the topographical anatomy of the		
	studying the functional anatomy of the heart, venous and arterial b	•	
	drainage of large veins, systemic circulation and pulmonary small circ		
	of the heart. The topographic anatomy of the abdomen (general and comparative), will be studied the		
	body cavities, serous membranes, anatomy of simple and complex anatomy of the intestines,		
	anatomy and topography of the accessory glands of the digestive system (liver, pancreas), topographic anatomy of the pelvic cavity through a description of the urogenital organs, the		
	topographic anatomy of the pelvic cavity through a description of the urogenital organs, the topography of the kidney anatomy of male reproductive system, the anatomy of the female		
	reproductive system, the terminal branches of the aorta abdominals a		
	will become familiar with the organization of the central nervous system		
	membranes, anatomy and blood supply of the brain and spinal cord		
	nerves and ganglia, splanchnic nervous system, sympathetic and p		
	intramural nervous system, the sensory organs, skin, knowledge of	f the anatomy of the eye, ear	
	(outer, middle and inner ear) with skin (generally and comparatively) s	kin glands, nails, claws, hooves	
	and horns and ungula.		
	Practicals of the course Anatomy of animals aim to introduce to	•	
	descriptive terms used in anatomy as well with the plains of the bod		
	muscles movements. During the practical dissection of cadavers the		
	with the topographical anatomy of the forelimb, hindlimb, topographical anatomy of the solutions the solutions and the solutions and the solutions are to be a solutions and the solutions are to be a solutions and the solutions are to be a solution and the solution are to be a solution are to be a solution and the solution are to be a solution are to be a solution are to be a solution and the solution are to be a solution are to be a		
	vertebrae, the anatomy of the chest wall and the wall of the abdomina		
	bones, dissection muscles, joints and ligaments, and dissection of blood		
	the practical dissection the students will learn the topography anatom practical study of bones, joints and ligaments of head and neck (get		
	vessels and lymph nodes of head and neck, nasal cavity and para		
	salivary glands, larynx, trachea, oesophagus, the chest and abdomi		
	blood vessels and lymph nodes in the chest cavity and abdominal cavities. Also through the practical dissection will allow to students to learn the topographic anatomy of the pelvic cavity and its organs,		
	nerves, blood vessels and lymph nodes, topographic anatomy		
	topographic anatomy of female reproductive organs. Students will		
	anatomy of brain membranes, anatomy of the brain and spinal cord,		
	and spinal cord, cranial nerves and ganglia, the eyeball, orbital fa		
	eyelids and conjunctives, lachrymal system, vascularisation and eye in		

Contents

THEORY CLASSES

No of lessons /weeks	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit
1(1-4)	BASIC FACTS AND CONCEPTS	Curriculum: Aims
1(1 4)	OF ANATOMY 1	Lectures: The scope and field of anatomy, the position of
		domestic species in the zoological system, division of animal body
		organ systems, descriptive terms and body regions.
2(5-8)	BASIC FACTS AND CONCEPTS	Organization and classification of bones, the bone marrow,
()	OF ANATOMY 2	periost. Joints between the bones (joints). Organization and
		classification of muscles, muscle sheaths, tendons, tendon
		sheaths and synovial bursa. Peripheral blood vessels and lymph
		vessels, peripheral nerves. Methods for visual diagnostic anatomy.
Teaching ma	terials for module 1: Video presentati	on: Functional anatomy of bones and 15:27 min and joints 9:15 min.
		'E Computer interactive program: Under the skin of the horse - an
		Students will work independently with fresh, fixed and plastinated
anatomy sam		
3(9-12)	LOCOMOTOR APPARATUS 1	Curriculum: Aims
	(FORELIMB-1)	Lectures: Anatomy of the forelimb: bones of the forelimb
		(comparatively). Topographic anatomy of the chest region
		(muscles (origin, insertion, function, topography), innervations,
4/ 40 40)	LOCALISTOS ADDADATUS	blood vessels, lymph nodes).
4(13-16)	LOCOMOTOR APPARATUS 2	Topographic anatomy of the shoulder region (muscles and muscle
	(FORELIMB-2)	sheaths (origo, insertion, function, topography), innervations,
		blood vessels, lymph nodes).
		Topographic anatomy of the elbow region, muscles and muscle
		sheaths (origo, insertion, function, topography), innervations,
5(17-20)	LOCOMOTOR APPARATUS 3	blood vessels, lymph nodes). Autopodium the horse and ox, the dog paw joints and ligaments of
3(17-20)	(FORELIMB-3)	the forelimb, biomechanics of movement. Clinical anatomy of the
	(I SILLIMID-3)	forelimb, visual diagnostic anatomy of the forelimb.
		Peripheral nervous system of the forelimb: clinical aspects and
		topography of the nerves of the forelimb.
Teaching ma	terial: for Module 2	1 1000 3. 30. 110 110 110 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10

PowerPoint presentation: Functional anatomy of the musculature of the forelimb (35 slides), joints of the forelimb 1 (flat wrist and elbow joint) (23 slides), rotation the forelimb 2 (wrist and carpal joints of the fingers) (37 slides), innervations of the forelimb (20 slides), joints of forelimb 3 (finger) (25 slides)

Palpation of the bony bumps on the forelimb in live animal.

Presentations with dissection: (30 slides)

Video presentation: Connecting the forelimb 8.45min. Innervations of the forelimb 12.12 min.; CLIVE Computer interactive program (quizzes): Anatomy of the forelimb in a dog: region of the shoulder region of upper arm, forearm region, innervations of the region of elbow. Forelimb in a dog (complete anatomy) Forelimb of a horse 1: Forelimb of a horse 2, Forelimb of a horse 3 Topography of forelimb of bovine. Forelimb in dog 1 (X-ray anatomy), Forelimb of cat (Xray anatomy)

Working with fresh, fixed and plastinated anatomy samples.

6(21-24)	LOCOMOTOR APPARATUS 1 (HINDLIMB-1)	Curriculum: Aims Lectures: Anatomy of the posterior limb: bones of the posterior limb (comparatively) Topographic anatomy of the hip region (muscles and muscle sheaths (origo, insertion, function, topography), innervations, blood and lymph vessels, lymph nodes)
7(25-28)	LOCOMOTOR APPARATUS 2 (HINDLIMB-2)	Curriculum: Aims Lecture: Topographic anatomy of the thigh region (muscles and muscle sheaths (origo, insertion, function, topography), innervations, blood and lymph vessels, lymph nodes)
8(29-32)	LOCOMOTOR APPARATUS 3 (HINDLIMB-3)	Topographic anatomy of knee and knee region: muscles and muscle sheaths (muscles and muscle sheaths (origo, insertion, function, topography), innervation, blood vessels, lymph nodes), joints and ligaments of the hindlimb. Biomechanics of movement. Clinical anatomy of hindlimb, visual diagnostic anatomy of hindlimb, clinical aspects and topography of nerves in the hindlimb.

Teaching materials for module 3:

Video presentation: Connecting the hindlimb 5:49 min Movement in horse 29.26 min

PowerPoint presentations: - Elbows on the hindlimb 1 (hip and knee) 27 slides Apparatus for standing and innervations of the posterior limb, joints of 30 slides hindlimb 2 (tarsus) 29 slides, presentations of dissection: (30 slides) Anatomy of a live animal: Palpation of the posterior bone structures

CLIVE Computer interactive program (quizzes). Anatomy of the posterior limb in dog: region of the pelvis, the thigh region, knee region. Hindlimb in cattle. Hindlimb of dog 2 (x-ray anatomy).

Working with fresh, fixed and plastinated anatomy samples.

	Trending that free and placemated anatomy campion		
9(33-36)	LOCOMOTOR APPARATUS 1	Curriculum: Aims	
	axial skeleton	Lectures: Anatomy of vertebral column: bones, muscles and joints	
		(origo, insertion, function, topography, innervations, blood vessels,	
		lymph nodes) Clinical anatomy and visual diagnostic anatomy of	
		the vertebral column.	
10(37-40)	LOCOMOTOR APPARATUS 2	Curriculum: Aims	
	anatomy of the thorax wall	Lectures: Anatomy of the thorax: bones, muscles, joints of the	
		chest wall (origo, insertion, function, topography, innervations,	
		blood vessels, lymph nodes)	
11(41-44)	LOCOMOTOR APPARATUS 3	Anatomy of abdominal wall: muscles of abdominal wall (origo,	
, ,	anatomy of the abdominal wall	insertion, function, topography, innervations, blood vessels, lymph	
	anatomy of the abdominal wan		
		nodes)	

Teaching materials for module 4

Video presentation: chest and abdominal wall in cow 14:48 min.

PowerPoint presentation by dissection (30 slides)

Working with fresh, fixed and plastinated anatomy samples.

12(45-48)	TOPOGRAPHIC ANATOMY OF HEAD AND NECK 1	Curriculum: Aims Lectures: Bones of the head, Muscles of head and neck (origo, insertion, function, topography, innervations, blood vessels, lymph nodes)
13(49-52)	TOPOGRAPHIC ANATOMY OF HEAD AND NECK 2	
14 (53- 56)	TOPOGRAPHIC ANATOMY OF HEAD AND NECK 3	Curriculum: Aims Lectures: Clinical anatomy of the head, visual diagnostic anatomy of the head. Larynx, trachea (function, topography, innervations, blood vessels, lymph nodes)) oesophagus (function, topography, innervations, blood vessels, lymph nodes)

Teaching material: the module Chapter 5

Video presentation of bovine 21:30 min. Neck of the ox 9:52 min. Neck of horse 7.40 min.

PowerPoint presentations: mouth (23 slides), nasal cavity (18 slides) dentition (34 slides) Presentation for 30 dissection slides.

CLIVE Computer interactive program (quizzes) Clinical anatomy of the nasal cavity, topographic anatomy of the dog: head (dissection), head (deep dissection), and head (sagital and transverse sections) neck.

Working with fresh, fixed and plastinated anatomy samples.

15 (57- 60)	PRE-EXAM PERIODIC EVALUATION WEEK	
16 (61 - 64)	TOPOGRAPHIC ANATOMY OF A	Curriculum: Aims
	THORAX 1	Lecture: Topography of the thorax cavity. Clinical anatomy. Thorax
		pleura and mediastinum, anatomy of the lungs, the conducting
		airways including the trachea, main bronchi and bronchioles, and
		intrapulmonal bronchi.
17 (65-68)	TOPOGRAPHIC ANATOMY OF A	Curriculum: Aims
	THORAX 2	Description of the anatomical structures for trachea. Pulmonary
		ligament, hilus of the lungs and the radix of the lungs. Describe the
		differences in lung anatomy among different species. Anatomy of
		lungs (function, topography, innervations, blood vessels, lymph
		nodes). Visual diagnostic anatomy of the thorax.
	TOPOGRAPHIC ANATOMY OF A	Curriculum: Aims
	THORAX 3	Lectures Heart: anatomy and functional anatomy of the heart, left
18 (69-72)		and right atrium, left and right ventricle, auricles, the heart valves,
		pericardium, epicardium, endocardium and myocardium aorta and
		truncus pulmonalis, left and right coronary artery, venous blood
		from the heart and drainage of large veins, systemic circulation

and pulmonary innervations of small blood, nodus subsinusus of heart. Aorta thoracica, radiography and cardiography of the heart (conduction system of heart), blood vessels, arterio-venous shunts).

Teaching material: for module 6

Video presentation 1.Thorax at horse 10.03 min. 2. Thorax at horse 2 17:52 min.3. Thorax at bovine's 20:44 min. 2. Thorax at ox 8.25 min. 3. Thorax at horse 3 13:25 min. Thorax at ox (heart) 15. 01 min.

Presentation of 30 dissection slides.

CLIVE Computer interactive program (quizzes)

Working with fresh, fixed and plastinated anatomy samples.

working with fresh, fixed and plastifiated anatomy samples.		
19 (73-76)	TOPOGRAPHIC ANATOMY OF	Curriculum: Aims
	THE ABDOMEN 1	Lectures: Abdomen (general and comparative): body cavities,
		serous membranes, anatomy of a simple stomach (blood vessels,
		innervation of lymph nodes). Construction and structure of a
		simple stomach in dog, cardia, fundus, body, pylorus ,capacity,
		large and small intestines, duodenal sphincters.
20(77- 80)	TOPOGRAPHIC ANATOMY OF	Curriculum: Aims
	THE ABDOMEN 2	Lectures: Comparative external and internal structure of a simple
		stomach on cat, pig and horse Saccus cecus and Margo plicatus
		the horse. Anatomy of a complex stomach (blood vessels,
		innervation of lymph nodes), anatomy of thin and large intestines.
21 (81-84)	TOPOGRAPHIC ANATOMY OF	Curriculum: Aims
	THE ABDOMEN 3	Lectures: Comparative Anatomy of duodenum, jejunum and
		mesentery, ileum. Comparative anatomy of the colon, caecum,
		anus. Comparative differences in domestic animals (blood
		vessels, innervation of lymph nodes), anatomy and topography of
		the accessory glands of the digestive system (liver, pancreas)
		(blood vessels, innervation of lymph nodes) Clinical anatomy of
		the abdomen. Visual diagnostic anatomy of the abdomen.

Teaching material for module 7

Video Abdomen in horse 3 (topography of the abdominal organs) 8:51 min. Abdomen in horse 11:48 min. Abdomen in ox 16.10 min Abdomen horse (appendix and colon) 16:53 min. Abdominal in bovines 19:21 min. Abdomen in horse 4 (abdominal organs) 14:43 min

PowerPoint presentation: dissection of the abdominal cavity (30 slides)

CLIVE Computer interactive program (quizzes): abdomen of a dog - Quiz

Working with fresh, fixed and plastinated anatomy samples.

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22 (85-88)	TOPOGRAPHIC ANATOMY OF	Curriculum: Aims
22 (65 65)	PELVIS 1	Lectures: Kidney: description of the urogenital organs and the topography of kidney, fixation of kidneys and their relation to adjacent organs structure of kidneys at mammals, blood vessels. Comparative anatomy of the kidneys of various species (cat dog sheep, horse, pig and ox), renal pelvis, calices majores, calices minores, kidney collection cyste, ureter, urinary bladder and
()		urethra (blood vessels, innervation and lymph nodes)
23 (89-92)	TOPOGRAPHIC ANATOMY OF PELVIS 2	Curriculum: Aims Anatomy of male reproductive system: testes, accessory sex glands, penis, muscles of the male reproductive system. (blood vessels, innervation and lymph nodes) Clinical anatomy of male genital system. Visual diagnostic anatomy of male genital anatomy. Differences in the position of the testis in different species. Anatomy of the scrotum, funiculus spermaticus, accessory sex glands. Anatomy of penis in dog, cat, goat, bull, boar.
24 (93-96)	TOPOGRAPHIC ANATOMY OF PELVIS 3	Curriculum: Aims Lectures: Anatomy of female reproductive system: ovaries, tube uterine, uterus, vagina, vestibule of vagina and vulva, (blood vessels, innervations and lymph nodes). Clinical anatomy of female genital organs. Visual diagnostic anatomy of female genital organs. Terminal branches of aorta abdominalis, udder.

Teaching materials for Module 8:

Video presentations: Pelvis at dog 22:25 min. Pelvis at horse (male) 23:32 min. Pelvis at ox (male) 18:38 min. Urinary system at dog 18:24 min. Pelvis at dog a 20:18 min. Pelvis at horse (female) 23:36 min. Pelvis at ox (female) 19:16 min. Udder 7.30

CLIVE Computer interactive program (quizzes):

Anatomy of Urinary system.

Anatomy of the kidney: dog and cat anatomy of kidney: a sheep, horse anatomy of the kidneys, pigs, cattle. Blood vessels at kidneys in dog horse, pig and cattle.

Comparative anatomy urinary bladder.

Working with fresh, fixed and plastinated anatomy samples.

Working with fresh, fixed and plastifiated anatomy samples.		
25(97-100)	THE CENTRAL NERVOUS	Curriculum: Aims
	SYSTEM	Lectures: The skull cavity, brain membranes, anatomy and blood vessels of the brain and spinal cord, cranial nerves, cerebrospinal nerves and ganglia, splanchnic nervous system: sympathetic and parasympathetic nervous system, intramural nervous system. Middle brain, Forebrain Diencefalon, Telencefalon
26 (101-104)	THE CENTRAL NERVOUS	Curriculum: Aims
	SYSTEM	Lectures: Nuclei of cranial nerves, cranial nerves
27 (105-108)	THE CENTRAL NERVOUS	Curriculum: Aims
	SYSTEM	Lectures: Spinal nerves, dorsal and ventral branches, cervical
		ventral branches, brachial plexus, lumbosacral plexus, sacral and
		coccidial nerves. Medulla spinalis, hypothalamus, pituitary gland.

Teaching materials for Module 9:

CLIVE Computer interactive program: Introduction to brain - simple anatomy of brain Research the brain-anatomy: brain function

CLIVE Computer interactive program (quizzes): Anatomy and physiology of brain

PowerPoint presentations: Dissection of brain (30 slides) Working with fresh, fixed and plastinated anatomy samples.

28 (109112)	SENSORY ORGANS AND THE	Curriculum: Aims
20 (100112)		
	COMMON INTEGUMENT 1	Lectures: Anatomy of the Eye: eyeballs, orbital fascia, muscles of
		the eyeballs, eyelids and conjunctive, lachrymal apparatus, blood
		vessels and eye innervations.
		Anatomy of the ear: outer, middle and inner ear vestibulokohlear
		nerve, muscles of the ear.
29 (113-116)	SENSORY ORGANS AND THE	Curriculum: Aims
	COMMON INTEGUMENT 2	Lectures: Skin (general and comparative): skin glands (blood
		vessels and innervations). Nails, claws, hooves and horns and
		unglues. Clinical anatomy of nails, claws, hooves and horns and
		unglues. Visual diagnostic anatomy of nails, claws, hooves and
		horns and unglues.

Teaching material for Module 10:

PowerPoint presentation: Anatomy of the eye (46 slides) Anatomy of the ear (14 slides)

CLIVE Computer interactive program: Normal canine retina - the eye examination with direct and indirect ophthalmoscope.

Working with fresh, fixed and plastinated anatomy samples.

30 PRE-EXAM PERIODICAL EVALUATION WEEK

PRACTICALS

No of	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unite	
lessons		
1 (1-5)	BASIC FACTS AND	Practicals:
	CONCEPTS OF ANATOMY 1	Descriptive terms: dorsal, ventral, cranial, caudal, rostral, palmar,
		plantar, medial, lateral, proximal, distal, superficial, abaxial, external,
		internal. Planes of the body: median, sagital, transversal plane.
		Sections: longitudinal section, transverse section.
2 (6-10)	BASIC FACTS AND	Practicals:
, ,	CONCEPTS OF ANATOMY 2	General terms in osteology: condyl, epicondyl, foramen, fissure,
		christa, fossa, fovea, sulcus, caput, collum, processus, tuberculum.
		Movements: flexion-extension, rotation (supranatio, pronatio)
		abduction, and adduction.

Teaching material:

Video presentations: Functional anatomy of bones 15:27 min and joints 9:15 min.

Slide presentation for bodily planes (7 slides),

CLIVE Computer interactive program: Under the skin of the horse - an introduction to the parts of the anatomy of the horse.

Students will work independently with fresh, fixed and plastinated anatomy samples.

3 (11-15)	LOCOMOTOR APPARATUS 1	Practicals:
	(FORELIMB-1)	Topographic anatomy of the thorax region: bones, muscles and
		muscle sheaths (origo, insertion, function, topography), innervations,

		blood vessels, lymph nodes, joints and ligaments.	
4(16-20)	LOCOMOTOR APPARATUS 2	Practicals:	
	(FORELIMB-2)	Topographic anatomy of the shoulder region: bones, muscles and	
		muscle sheaths (origo, insertion, function, topography), innervations,	
		blood vessels, lymph nodes, joints and ligaments.	
5 (21-25)	LOCOMOTOR APPARATUS 3	Practicals:	
	(FORELIMB-3)	Topographic anatomy of the autopodium: bones, muscles and	
		muscle sheaths (origo, insertion, function, topography), innervations,	
		blood vessels, lymph nodes, joints and ligaments.	

Teaching material:

Slide presentation: - Functional anatomy of the musculature of the forelimb (35 slides) joints of the forelimb 1 (23 slides), joints of the forelimb 2 (carpal joints of the fingers) (37 slides), innervations of the forelimb (20 slides), joints of the forelimb 3 (finger) (25 slides)

Palpation of bony bumps on the forelimb in live animal. Presentations for dissection: (30 slides)

Video presentation: Joints of the forelimb 8.45min. Innervations of the leg 12.12min.

CLIVE Computer interactive program (quizzes): Anatomy of the forelimb in a dog: Forelimb dissection: forelimb a horse 1: forelimb of a horse 2, forelimb a horse 3 Topography of forelimb at horse and bovines. Forelimb in dog 1 (X-ray anatomy), Forelimb limb at cat (X-ray anatomy)

Students will work independently with fresh, fixed and plastinated anatomy samples.

6(26-30)	LOCOMOTOR APPARATUS	Practicals:		
	1 (HINDLIMB-1)	Topographic anatomy of the hip region: bones, muscles and muscle		
		sheaths (origo, insertion, function, topography), innervation, blood		
		vessels, lymph nodes, joints and ligaments.		
7 (31-35)	LOCOMOTOR APPARATUS	Practicals:		
	2 (HINDLIMB-2)	Topographic anatomy of the tigh region: bones, muscles and muscle		
		sheaths (origo, insertion, function, topography), innervation, blood		
		vessels, lymph nodes, joints and ligaments.		
8 (36-40)	LOCOMOTOR APPARATUS	Practicals:		
	3 (HINDLIMB-3)	Topographic anatomy of the knee region: bones, muscles and		
		muscle sheaths (origo, insertion, function, topography), innervation,		
		blood vessels, lymph nodes, joints and ligaments.		

Teaching material:

Video presentations: Joints on the hindlimb 5:49 min. Movement horse 29.26 min

PowerPoint presentations: - Elbows on the hindlimb 1 (hip and knee) 27 slides. Stay Apparatus and innervations of the hindlimb joints of horse (30 slides) 29 slides, Presentations of dissection: (30 slides)

CLIVE Computer interactive program (quizzes)

Anatomy of the hindlimb in a dog: region of the pelvis, the thigh region, knee region. Hindlimb in cattle. Elbows: Hindlimb in dog 2 (roentgen anatomy) Autopodium at the horse, hindlimb in cat (X-ray anatomy)

Students will work independently with fresh, fixed and plastinated anatomy samples.

9 (41-45)	LOCOMOTOR APPARATUS	Practicals:	
	1	Topographic anatomy of the vertebral column: bones, muscles and	
	axial skeleton	muscle sheaths (origo, insertion, function, topography), innervations,	
		blood vessels, lymph nodes, joints and ligaments.	
10 (46-50)	LOCOMOTOR APPARATUS	Practicals:	
	2	Topographic anatomy of the thorax: bones, muscles and muscle	
	anatomy of the thorax wall	sheaths (origo, insertion, function, topography), innervations, blood	
		vessels, lymph nodes, joints and ligaments.	
11 (51-55)	LOCOMOTOR APPARATUS	Practicals:	
	3	Topographic anatomy of the abdomen wall: muscles and muscle	
	anatomy of the abdominal wall	sheaths (origo, insertion, function, topography), innervation, blood	
		vessels, lymph nodes.	
Tanakina mat	autal.		

Teaching material:

Video presentation: thorax and abdominal wall in cattle 14:48 min.

Presentation by dissection (30 slides)

Students will work independently with fresh, fixed and plastinated anatomy samples.

Otadonto will work independently with fresh, fixed and plastifiated anatomy samples.		
12 (56-60)	TOPOGRAPHIC ANATOMY	Practicals:
	OF HEAD AND NECK 1	Topographic anatomy of the head: bones, joints and ligaments of head (in general and comparative), chewing muscles, muscles of the face (origo, insertion, function, topography) innervation, blood vessels, lymph nodes.
13 (61-65)	TOPOGRAPHIC ANATOMY	Practicals:
	OF HEAD AND NECK 2	Nasal cavity and paranasal sinuses, oral cavity and salivary glands,
		larynx, pharynx.
14 (66-70)	TOPOGRAPHIC ANATOMY	Practicals:

OF HEAD AND NECK 3	Topographic anatomy of the neck: bones, joints and ligaments of
	head (in general and comparative), chewing muscles, muscles of
	the face (origo, insertion, function, topography) innervations, blood
	vessels, lymph nodes.

Teaching material:

Video presentation of cattle 21:30 min. Neck of the ox 9:52 min. Neck of horse 7:40 min.

PowerPoint presentations: mouth (23 slides) nasal cavity (18 slides), the dentition (34 slides) Presentation for 30 dissection slides

CLIVE Computer interactive program (quizzes) Clinical anatomy of the nasal cavity, topographic anatomy of the dog: head (superficial dissection), head (deep dissection), head (sagital and transverse sections) of the neck.

Students will work independently with fresh, fixed and plastinated anatomy samples.

15 (70-75)	PRE-EXAM PERIODICAL EVALUATION WEEK		
16 (76-80)	TOPOGRAPHIC ANATOMY	Practicals:	
	OF A THORAX 1	Topography of the thorax cavity: pleura and mediastinum.	
17 (81-85)	TOPOGRAPHIC ANATOMY	Practicals:	
	OF A THORAX 2	Anatomy of lungs. Comparative characteristics in different species.	
18 (86-90)	TOPOGRAPHIC ANATOMY	Practicals:	
	OF A THORAX 3	Heart: Anatomy and functional anatomy of the heart, left and right	
		atrium, left and right ventricle, the heart valves, pericardium,	
		epicardium, endocardium, myocardium, aorta and truncus	
		pulmonalis.	

Teaching material:

Video presentation: Thorax at horse 1 10.03 min. 2. Thorax at horse 2 17:52 min.3. Thorax at bovines 1 20:44 min. 2. Thorax at bovines 2 8.25 min. 3. Thorax at horse 3 13:25 min.3. Thorax at bovines 3 (heart) 15. 01 min.

Slide presentations Presentation for dissection Chest basketful (30 slides)

CLIVE Computer interactive program (quizzes)

Students will work independently with fresh, fixed and plastinated anatomy samples.

19 (91-95)	TOPOGRAPHIC ANATOMY	Practicals:	
	OF THE ABDOMEN	Abdominal cavity, serous membranes, peritoneum.	
20 (96-100)	TOPOGRAPHIC ANATOMY	Practicals:	
	OF THE ABDOMEN	Anatomy of simple and compound stomach.	
21 (101-105)	TOPOGRAPHIC ANATOMY	Practicals:	
	OF THE ABDOMEN	Comparative anatomy of the intestines: duodenum, jejunum, and	
		ileum, mesentery,	
		Comparative anatomy colon, caecum, anus.	
		Anatomy and topography of liver, pancreas and spleen.	

Teaching material:

Video presentation: Abdomen at horse 3 (topography of the abdominal organs) 8:51 min. Abdominal at horse 11:48 min. Abdomen at ox 16.10 min Abdomen at horse (caecum and colon) 16:53 min. Abdominal at bovines 19:21 min. Horse abdomen 3 14:43 min

PowerPoint presentations: Dissection the abdominal cavity (30 slides)
CLIVE Computer interactive program (quizzes): abdomen at dog - Quiz

Students will work independently with fresh, fixed and plastinated anatomy samples.

Students will work independently with fresh, fixed and plastinated anatomy samples.				
22 (106-110)	TOPOGRAPHIC ANATOMY	Practicals:		
	OF A PELVIS 1	Topographic anatomy of the pelvic cavity: Anatomy and topography		
		of the kidneys. Comparative anatomy of the kidneys of various		
		species (cat dog sheep, horse, pig and ox). Ureter, bladder and		
		urethra.		
23 (111-115)	TOPOGRAPHIC ANATOMY	Practicals:		
,	OF A PELVIS 2	Anatomy of male reproductive system: scrotum, funiculus		
		spermaticus, testes, accessory sex glands, penis, muscles of the		
		male reproductive system. Comparative male reproductive system		
		anatomy in a dog, tomcat, stallion, bull, boar.		
24 (116-120)	TOPOGRAPHIC ANATOMY	Practicals:		
	OF A PELVIS 3	Anatomy of female reproductive system: ovaries, tubes, uterus,		
		vagina, vestibule of vagina and vulva; udder		

Teaching materials:

Video presentations: Pelvis at dog 22:25 min. Pelvis at horse (male) 23:32 min. Pelvis at ox (male) 18:38 min. Urinary system at dog 18:24 min. Pelvis at dog a 20:18 min. Pelvis at horse (female) 23:36 min. Pelvis at ox (female) 19:16 min. Udder 7.30

CLIVE Computer interactive program (quizzes):

Anatomy of Urinary system.

Anatomy of the kidney: dog and cat anatomy of kidney: a sheep, horse anatomy of the kidneys, pigs, cattle. Blood vessels at kidneys in dog horse, pig and cattle.

Comparative anat	omy urinary bladder.			
Working with fresh	n, fixed and plastinated anatomy	samples.		
25 (121-125)	THE CENTRAL NERVOUS	Practicals:		
	SYSTEM 1	The skull cavity, brain membranes. Computer presentation of the		
		organization of medulla spinalis CNS (middle brain, forebrain,		
		diencefalon, telencefalon)		
26 (126-130)	THE CENTRAL NERVOUS	Practicals:		
	SYSTEM 2	Nuclei of cranial nerves and cranial nerves		
27 (131-135)	THE CENTRAL NERVOUS	Practicals:		
	SYSTEM 3	Spinal nerves, dorsal and ventral branches, cervical ventral		
		branches, brachial plexus, lumbosacral plexus, sacral and coccidial		
nerves. Spinal cord, hypothalamus, pituitary gland.				
Teaching materials:				

CLIVE Computer interactive program: Introduction to brain - simple anatomy of brain Research the brain-anatomy:

CLIVE Computer interactive program (quizzes): Anatomy and physiology of brain

PowerPoint presentations: Dissection of brain (30 slides) Working with fresh, fixed and plastinated anatomy samples.

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28 (136-140)	SENSORY ORGANS AND	Practicals:	
	THE COMMON	Anatomy of the eye: eyeballs, orbital fascia, muscles of the eyeballs,	
	INTEGUMENT 1	eyelids and conjunctive, lachrymal apparatus, blood vessels and eye innervation.	
		Anatomy of the ear: outer, middle and inner ear vestibulocohlear nerve, muscles of the ear.	
29 (141-145)	SENSORY ORGANS AND	Practicals:	
	THE COMMON	Skin (general and comparative): skin glands (blood vessels and	
	INTEGUMENT 2	innervations). Nails, claws, hooves and horns and hoofs. Clinical	
		anatomy of nails, claws, hooves and horns and unglues. Visual	
		diagnostic anatomy of nails, claws, hooves and horns and unglues.	

Teaching materials:

PowerPoint presentation: Anatomy of the eye (46 slides) Anatomy of the ear (14 slides)

CLIVE Computer interactive program: Normal canine retina - the eye examination with direct and indirect ophthalmoscope.

Working with fresh, fixed and plastinated anatomy samples.

PRE-EXAM PERIODICAL EVALUATION WEEK 15(146-150)

Organization	I Semester:		
	Theory classes: 4 lessons a week (120 lessons)		
	Practicals: 5 lessons a week (150 lessons)		
	Il Semester:		
	Theory classes: 4 lessons a week (120 lessons)		
	Practicals: 5 lessons a week (150 lessons)		
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the		
methods	students).		
	Practicals: practicals and other ways of work with smaller groups		
	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work		
	(assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work.		
	Realization with working in dissection hall and processing of anatomic models.		
Specific	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which		
recommendations	are part of the final evaluation.		
related with			
teaching	Scoring of the student's activities:		

Activity type	Points	
Activity type	minimum	maximum
Attendance on theory classes	12	15
Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals	12	15
Written assay	6	10
Periodical evaluations	30	60
Final exam	predi	icted*
Total:	60	100

^{*} Besides attendance on theory classes and practicals additional condition for course teacher's signature at the end of the semester, is passing of periodical evaluations during the semester with up to 25% points gained per evaluation.

^{*} Final exam is predicted. Student who did not pass one of the periodical evaluations during the

	semester goes to final exam.			
Evaluation of	Periodical evaluation (after every finished module): written			
knowledge	Final exam: predicted			
	Final grade mark for	orming criteria:		_
		Points	Grade mark	
		to 59	5 (F)	
		60-68	6 (E)	
		69-76	7 (D)	
		77-84	8 (C)	
		85-92	9 (B)	
		93-100	10 (A)	
Basic teaching aids	new York) text 2. Sisson S., The London, 1941 3. Dyce K.M., Sa Company. Phil 4. Симич В., Ја Ветеринарски 5. Evans E., de Philadelphia-L 6. Evans E., Ch London-Toron 7. Nomina Anato	L Konig H.E., Liebich HG. Veterinary anatomy of domestic animals. Schattauer(Stuttgart - new York) textbook and Colour Atlas, 2004 Sisson S., The anatomy of domestic animals. W.B. Saunders Company. Philadelphia and London, 1941 Dyce K.M., Sack W.O., Wensing C.J.G. Textbook of veterinary naatomy. W.B. Saunders Company. Philadelphia- London-Toronto-Sydmey_Montreal-Tokyou.1996 Симич В., Јанкович Ж. Анатомија домачих животиња сисара - Спланцхнологиа. Ветеринарски факултет-Београд,1997 Evans E., de Lahunta A. Guide to the dissection of dog. W.B Saunders Company Philadelphia-London-Toronto. 1971 Evans E., Christensen G. Anatomy of the dog. W.B Saunders Company Philadelphia-London-Toronto. 1979		

Course	CELL BIOLOGY	5.0 credit points
Code	FVM112	
Year of study	First (I)	
Semester	First (I)	
Total teaching	60	
lessons	2+2 (30+30)	
Course type	Compulsory	
Prerequisites	-	
Author of the	prof. Velimir Stojkovski, PhD	
course		
program		
Realized by	prof. Velimir Stojkovski, PhD	
	ass. Igor Esmerov, MSc	
Purpose and	Theory classes . The aim of the study of the Biology of cells is t	
objectives of	and basic knowledge about the basic structural and functional	
	course Students are introduced to subcellular cell structures, their construction and function. Also esp	
program	the structure and the function of the chromosome are well elabo	
	All theoretical knowledge, the students will verify through bioche	
	The Biology of the cell as a basic course helps students to ga	
	function of the cell. The main task of this course is to famili	
	function of subcellular cell structures and their mutual relation	in the functioning of the cell and the
	living organism.	
	Practicals . In the course of the practical laboratory work the stu	
	experimental work with biological materials. They will get fami	
microscopy and analysis of the material. The students are obligated to dev		ated to develop a short project that will
	summarize their knowledge of the biology of the cell.	
The Biology of cell together with Biochemistry are basic courses wh		
of other preclinical and clinical courses such as M		olology, Immunology, Pharmacology,
	Pathophysiology, and others.	

No of	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit
140 01	reactility utilit	Contents of teaching unit
lessons		
16330113		

1	Methods in cell biology	Light microscopy. Cell culture. Microsurgery methods. Methods of fluorescence microscopy. Fixation of cells. Cytophotometry. Morphometry. Immunochemical
	Siciogy	reactions. Radioautography. Molecular hybridization. Electron microscopy.
2	Evolution of the cell	Abiogene stage. Biogene stage. Oparin theory. Cell theory
3	Organization of the cells	Properties of living matter. Basic features of the cell. Viruses (acellular forms of life). Bacteriophages. Reproduction of viruses. Independent overgrowth of phages. Depended overgrowth of phages. Rickettsiae. Prokariota. Mycoplasmas. Pale green algae. Bacteria. Eukariota.
4	Chemical composition of the cell	Inorganic compound in living organisms. Organic compounds in living organisms
5	Eukaryotic cell and its organization	Growth of cells. Differentiation of cells. Aging and dying cells. Necrosis. Apoptosis.
6-7	Cell membrane	Organization of cell membrane. Lipid bi-layer. Membrane proteins. Membrane carbohydrates. Function of cell membrane. Transport of small molecules through the membrane. Membrane transport proteins. Passive transport. Active transport. Transport of macromolecules and large particles across the cell membrane. Membrane potential (static membrane potential, polarized membrane). Changes in membrane when irritated. Differentiations of cell membrane (microvilli, intussusception). Inter cellular connections.
8-18	Subcellular cell organization	Endoplasmic reticulum. Ribosomes. Golgy complex. Lysosomes. Mitochondria. Peroxisomes. Cytoskeleton. Microfilaments. Microtubules. Centrioli. Eyelashes and hairline. Intermediate microfilaments. Inclusions. Nucleus.
19-27	Genetics	Basic principles of heredity (mono hybrid and bi hybrid intersection). Genotype and phenotype. Genes. Properties of genes. Interaction of genes (allelic interaction, un allelic interaction). Chromosomes of eukaryotes (structure, karyotype, kariogram, idiogram). Giant chromosomes. Polythene chromosomes. Brush chromosomes. Organization of DNA in chromosomes. Functional organization of chromosomes. Transmission of information in cells. Structure of genes in prokariota. Structure and expression of genes in eukariota. Regulation of gene expression in eukariota. Variability of genetic material. Crossing over. Transformation. Conyugation. Transduction. Chromosomal mutations (aberrations of chromosomes). Numerical chromosomal aberrations. Structural chromosomal aberrations (breaks, intra chromosomal aberrations), inter chromosomal aberrations).
		Mutations of genes. Types of mutations. Genetic basis for mutations. Induced mutations with chemical mutagens. Induced mutations with physical mutagens. Inheritance. Determination of sex and its inheritance. Genetic control of immune reactions. Immune genetics.
28-30	Mechanisms of cell division	Reproduction. Asexual reproduction. Sexual reproduction. Reproduction of cells. Mytosis. Amytosis. Meiosis. Regulaction of cell cycle.

No of lessons	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unite
1	Introduction to microscopy
2-3	Microscopy of procaryotic and eucaryotic cells
4-7	Microscopy of subcellular cell organization
8-11	Division of cell. Mitosis
11-14	Meiosis
15-16	Gametogenesis
17-20	Structure of the DNA molecule
21-26	Methods of cytogenetics and caryotype analysis
27-30	Basic principles of heredity

Organization	Theory classes: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)
	Practicals: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the
methods	students).
	Practicals: practicals and other ways of work with smaller groups
	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work
	(assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work.

Specific recommendations related with teaching

The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which are part of the final evaluation.

Scoring of the student's activities:

Activity type	Points		
Activity type	minimum	maximum	
Attendance on theory classes	6	10	
Attendance on practicals	6	10	
Activity (knowledge) on practicals	6	10	
Written assay	6	10	
Periodical evaluations (two)	18	30	
Final exam	18	30	
Total:	60	100	

Passing exam criteria:

- Attendance on the teaching is not scored if student was absent on more than 20% of lessons;
- Student who has gained up to 6 points from activity on Practicals is liberated from passing practical exam;
- Student can pass final exam camo with passed practical exam, prepared written assay and up to 42 points gained on any mode;
- Student is liberated from passing final exam with passed practical exam, prepared written assay, results shown on three periodical evaluations and minimum 61 points gained on any mode

Evaluation knowledge

Periodical evaluation (two): written

First periodical evaluation: Cell, Organization of cells and subcellular cell organization

Second periodical evaluation: Genetics

Final exam: oral

Final grade mark forming criteria:

Points:	Grade mark:
to 59	5 (F)
60-68	6 (E)
69-76	7 (D)
77-84	8 (C)
85-92	9 (B)
93-100	10 (A)

Basic teaching aids

- 1. Berns, W.M. (1997): Cells. University of California, Irvine.
- 2. Митева, Н. (1998): Општа биологија. Вест, Скопје.
- 3. Andesirk, T, Andesirk, G. (1996): *Biology*. Life on Eart. Prentice Hall. Upper saddle River. New Jersey.
- 4. Gould, J., Keetan W. (1996): *Biological science*. W.W. Norton Company. New York, London.
- 5. Ченцов, С. Ю. (2004): Введение в клеточную биологию. ИКЦ Академкнига, Москва

Course	BIOPHYSICS	5.0 credit points	
Code	FVM113		
Year of study	First (I)		
Semester	First (I)		
Total teaching	60		
lessons	2+2 (30+30)		
Course type	Compulsory		
Prerequisites			
Author of the	prof. Nevenka Andonovska, PhD		
course program			
Realized by	prof. Suzana Topuzoski, PhD		
	ass. Irina Petreska, MSc		
Purpose and	Gaining basic knowledge of physical principles in biolo		
objectives of the	investigation, also introducing of physical concepts of	the modern diagnostical and therapeutic	
course program	procedures in medicine.		
	Contents of the course program:		
	Basics of biomechanics. Mechanical waves. Sound. Ultras	sound.	
	Fluid biomechanics. Hemodynamics.		
	Basics of electromagnetism. Electromagnetic waves		
	Main principles of the geometrical optics. Eye as a	optic system and eye malformations.	

	Microsco	uno.			
	Microscope. Basics of atomic and nuclear physics.				
	X-rays and their application in medical diagnostics.				
	Radiation physics. Natural and artificial radioactivity.				
	Ionization rays, their influence on living organisms and protection. Dosimetry.				
Organization	Theory classes: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)				
Organization		s: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)			
Teaching		lasses: lectures in large group			
methods		s: with smaller groups			
metrious		issay: learning with use of referent literature ar	nd internet preparing	seminar naner	
Specific		ent is obligated for active participation in all pro-			vhich are
recommendations		e final evaluation.	calotoa aotivitioo ioi	gaining points v	villori aro
related with	partorui	o iniai ovaldation.			
teaching	Scoring	of the student's activities:			
		Activity type		ints .	
		7	minimum	maximum	
		Attendance on theory classes	3	4	
		Activity (knowledge) on practicals	12	16	
		Periodical evaluations (two)	40	80	
	Final exam optional				
		Total: 55 100		100	
Evaluation of knowledge	Condition criteria: Student has passed the exam with passing of the two periodical evaluations (realized during the semester) or with passing the final exam. In both cases student has to gain up to 50% from the maximal number of points for every periodical evaluation, i.e. up to 50% from the maximal number from the final exam. Periodical evaluation (two): Final exam: Final grade mark forming criteria:				
	_	Parties.	0		_
	-	Points	Grade ma	irk	
	⊢	to 59	5 (F)		
	<u> </u>	60-68 69-76	6 (E)		_
	<u> </u>		7 (D)		
	<u> </u>	77-84	8 (C)		_
	-	85-92	9 (B)		_
5	93-100 10 (A)				
Basic teaching	1. Н. Андоновска Биофизика, Универзитет "Св.Кирил и методиј" Скопје, (1995)				
aids	2. С. Топузоски: Предавања по биофизика (интерна скрипта) 3. W. Hoope, W. Lohman, H. Markl, H. Ziegler: Biophycs, Springer-Verlag, 1983				
	2 \// 1 -	sono M. Lohmon II Marki II 7:aalaa Disaba	100 Chringer \/arl	1002	

Course	CHEMISTRY	E 0 gradit nainta	
Code	FVM114	5.0 credit points	
Year of study	First (I)		
Semester			
	First (I)		
Total teaching			
lessons	2+2 (30+30)		
Course type	Compulsory		
Prerequisites			
Author of the	prof. Zehra Hajrulai-Musliu, PhD		
course program			
Realized by	prof. Zehra Hajrulai-Musliu, PhD		
Purpose and	Theory classes:		
objectives of the	The main objective of this course is to ir	troduce students with main principles of that matter, which is	
course program	necessary for formation of a modern do	ctor of veterinary medicine or material which will serve as the	
, ,	basis of related disciplines.	•	
		duce with basic chemical concepts and laws, structure and	
		nical bonds and chemical reactions, chemical balance, their	
		Studying the properties of the most important chemical	
		n general principles, electronic configuration and size of the	

atom.

In the second part of the course are presented the contemporary theory of chemical bonds in organic compounds as important mechanisms for some organic reactions.

Classification of compounds as aliphatic or acyclic and cyclic. Especially will be described those groups of compounds, which the student will meet during the studies that are of particular relevance to veterinary science. In the individual groups of organic compounds, will be presented more important methods for their derivation, their physical and chemical properties, representatives and their application.

The names of the compounds will be given according to IUPAC nomenclature, but also and their trivial names that are still in need.

Practicals:

Practical part aims to introduce students with the fundamentals of general, inorganic and organic chemistry, to gain knowledge about the chemical structure of substances, changes and reactions that are important for veterinary medicine (qualitative chemical analysis, quantitative analytical chemistry acidimetric, alkalimeter, iodometry, argentometry, permanganometers, and basic chemical calculation).

Contents

THEORY CLASSES

No of lessons	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit
1	Introduction	Role of chemistry in veterinary medicine
2-3	Structure of the substances	Elements, compounds, mixtures, structure of atoms and molecules, ionic and covalent bonds, Electro negativity of the atom and the polarization
4-6	Dispersed	Suspensions, colloid, solutions, aqueous solution hydrogen bonds, electrolyte dissociation, colloidal properties, osmosis and osmotic pressure
7-8	Acids and bases	Acids and bases, pH, buffers, biological buffers
9-10	Reactivity	Energy of reaction, energy of activation endothermal and exothermal reactions, catalysts, biological catalysts
11-12	Introduction in inorganic chemistry	Classification and distribution of elements in nature
13-15	Elements of a-subunit of the seventh, sixth, fifth, fourth and third group of the periodic system	Representation, classification, and getting their known compounds
16-20	Alkali and alkaline earth metals	Representation, classification, and getting their known compounds
21-22	Elements of B subunit - metals	Representation, classification, and getting their known compounds
23-24	Introduction to Organic Chemistry	Structure of organic molecules, functional groups, isomers and stereoisomer
25-26	Hydrocarbons	Alkanes, alkenes, alkynes, aromatic compounds
27-28	Organic compounds containing oxygen	Alcohols, ethers, phenols, aldehydes, ketones carboxylic acids and their derivatives
29-30	Organic compounds containing nitrogen	Amines, heterocyclic compounds, alkaloids

	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit	
lessons			
1-14	Computational exercises (stehiometry)	Fundamentals of chemical computation, composition of solutions - species, concentration-calculate sizes for expressing the composition of solutions, neutralization, the dissociation constant, pH, redox equations	
15-16	Volumetric analysis	lodometry	
17-20	Volumetric analysis	Acidometry	
21-24	Qualitative analysis	Determination of salts, proving the cations and anions	
25-28	Qualitative analysis	Determination of unknown organic samples	
29-30	pH and buffers	Experimental determination of the pH of solutions and capacity buffers	

Organization	Theory classes: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)	
	Practicals: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)	
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the	

methods

students).

Practicals: practicals and other ways of work with smaller groups

Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work (assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work.

Specific recommendations related with teaching

The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which are part of the final evaluation.

Scoring of the student's activities:

Activity type	Points		
Activity type	minimum	maximum	
Attendance on theory classes	12	15	
Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals	24	30	
Written assay	5	10	
Periodical evaluations (four)	10	20	
Final exam	9	25	
Total:	60	100	

Prerequisite criteria: For being able to pass the final exam student has to gain up to 45 points from theory classes and practicals and the four periodical evaluations. If student does not show result on the one of the periodical evaluation, but has gained points only on theory classes and practicals, he/she has to go on complete final exam.

Evaluation knowledge

Periodical evaluation (four): written

Evaluation of knowledge:

Practical and theoretical exam

Final exam: oral

Complete final exam: oral + written (includes one periodical evaluation)

Final grade mark forming criteria:

Points	Grade mark
to 59	5 (F)
60-68	6 (E)
69-76	7 (D)
77-84	8 (C)
85-92	9 (B)
93-100	10 (A)

Basic teaching aids

- 1. Олга Бауер: Општа и неорганска Хемија: Земјоделски Факултет Скопје 2001
- 2. Олга Бауер: Органска Хемија: Земјоделски Факултет Скопје 2001
- 3. Василка Алексиќ, Благоја Јорданоски: Хемија : Универзитет "Кирил и Методиј"-Скопје
- 4. I. Filipović, S. Lipanović: OPĆA I ANORGANSKA KEMIJA, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 1988.
- 5. G. A. Taylor: ORGANSKA HEMIJA, Naučna knjiga, Beograd, 1971.
- 6.Dr. Milan Sikirica: Stehiometrija, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 1989.

ADDITIONAL LITERATURE

- 1. R. T. Morrison, R. T. Boyd: ORGANSKA KEMIJA, Sveučilišna naklada Liber, Zagreb, 1979
- 2. M. Mladenović: ORGANSKA HEMIJA, Naučna knjiga, Beograd, 1972.
- 3. N. Stojanović i saradnici: ORGANSKA HEMIJA, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1979.
- 4. P. Trpinac i sar.: OSNOVI ORGANSKE HEMIJE, Medicinska knjiga Beograd Zagreb, 1983.

Course	BIOSTATISTICS	2.5 credit points
Code	FVM115	·
Year of study	First (I)	
Semester	First (I)	
Total teaching	45 (15+30)	
lessons		
Course type	Compulsory	
Prerequisites		
Author of the	prof. Zhaneta Popeska, PhD	
course program		
Realized by	prof. Zhaneta Popeska, PhD	
Purpose and	This course is introduction of statistical methods that are utilized	, 0
objectives of the		
course program	quantitative manner and thus to provide them with the basic under foundation of the statistic science. The world that we live in and with differences and uncertainities. In the natural sciences not representation studies produce large amount of data. The statistics organization, presentation and interpretation based on the inbiostatistics deals with implementing these statistical methods in Short description of the course: Introduction, the role of statistic work. Basic terms and definitions: population, sample, and traits and presenting data. Tabelar and grafical presentation. Number and continuous distributions. Inductive statistics (statistical infered a population, confidence intervals for the mean value and for the	I which we try to understand is filled tarely the different experimental and is provides us with methods for data information that they contain. The the fiel of natural sciences. It is in everydays life and research is Descriptive statistics: summarizing erical methods for presenting data: butions for variables: Basic discrete ences). Estimation of paramethers of
	one population. Hypothesis testing for two populations. Two-clindependence of qualitative traits. Practicals: exercises in classroom for solving statistical proble with statistical software.	dimensional data. Linear regresion.

No	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit
1.	INTRODUCTION TO BIOSTATISTICS	What is statistics and it's role in research work and everyday life. The main objective of every research is gathering data. The statistics is utilized to analyze these grops of data by means of summarizing, analyzing and interpretation of numerical information. Basic definitions, population and sample, different ways of sampling strategies.
2.	BASIC CONCEPTS, DEFINITIONS AND TERMS	Population, sample, variable (trait). Different types of sampling for statistical analysis. Types of data: qualitative, quantitative, discrete, continuous. Measuring scales and examples.
3.	DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS	Description of numeric and qualitative traits. Data frequency distributions. Grafical and tabelar presentation of data. Bar, column and pie-charts, histogram. Styrges rule for constructing histograms. Cumulative frequency distribution and relative distribution.
4.	QUANTITATIVE VARIABLES	Measures of central tendency: arithmetic mean, median, mode. Measures of the shape of a distribution: range, minimum, maximum, quarters, variance and standard deviation. Examples.
5.	BASIC RULES ABOUT PROBABILITIES	Description of an experiment and random event. Compound independent events. Rules about probabilities of simple events. Counting methods, permutations, combinations and variations. Probability of random event. Expectations and variances of random variables.
6.	PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTIONS FOR DISCRETE RANDOM VARIABLES	Probability models for discrete random variables as a bridge between description of data and statistical conclusions. Distributions of discrete variables: uniform, binomial and poisson distribution. Characteristics and probabilities.
7.	PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTIONS FOR CONTINUOUS RANDOM VARIABLES	Probability distributions for interval data: uniform and exponential distribution. Characteristics of normal distribution. Area under the standard normal curve and tables for probability estimation.
8.	FUNCTIONS OF RANDOM VARIABLES AND SAMPLING DISTRIBUTIONS	Central limit theorem. Distribution of arithmetic mean of a sample. Distribution of sample variance and distribution of proportions. Sample standard error. Tables for t-distribution, chi-square distribution, F-distribution.

9.	INDUCTIVE STATISTICS- ESTIMATIONS OF PARAMETERS	Estimation of population parameters. Interval estimation of population mean. Interval estimation of population proportions. Definitions and utilization. Examples.
10.	INDUCTIVE STATISTICS- HYPOTHESIS TESTING	Hypothesis testing. Hypothesis tests of a population mean. Hypothesis test of the difference between two population means.
11.	HYPOTHESIS TESTING FOR PROPORTIONS	Hypothesis test of a population proportion. Hypothesis test of the difference between proportions from two populations.
12.	RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN QUANTITATIVE VARIABLES	Simple linear regression, correlation coefficient.
13.	ANALYSIS OF DATA VARIANCE	Analysis of variance - hypothesis testing about differences between two or more populations. ANOVA.
14.	TESTING OF QUALITATIVE DATA INDEPENDENCE	Contingency tables and Pearson's chi-square test.
15.	TIME SERIES ANALYSIS	Analysis of data through different time periods, index of increase and index of decrease.

Organization	Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)				
Organization	Practicals: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)				
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the				
methods	students).				
	Practicals: practicals and other ways of work with smaller groups				
	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work				
	(assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work.				
Specific		dent is obligated for active participation in all predicted		gaining poir	nts which
recommendations		of the final evaluation.		3- 31-	
related with	i .				
teaching	Scoring	of the student's activities:			
-		Activity type	Po	ints	
		Activity type	minimum	maximum	1
		Attendance on theory classes	12	15	
		Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals	12	15	1
		Written assay	6	10	1
		Periodical evaluations (two)	15(x2)=30	30(x2)=60	
		Final exam		edicted*	
		Total:	60	100	
	* Beside	es attendance on theory classes and practicals additi	onal condition	for course	teacher's
	signature	e at the end of the semester, is passing of periodical e	valuations dur	ing the seme	ester with
	up to 25% points gained per evaluation. * Final exam is not predicted. Student who did not pass one of the periodical evaluations during the semester goes to one of the periodical evaluation during the exam sessions.				
Evaluation of		cal evaluation (two): written			
knowledge		First periodical evaluation: general part			
		Second periodical evaluation: special part	iodical evaluation: special part		
		and the Policy			
	Final ex	am: not predicted			
	Compot	a final avamunat pradicted			
	Compete final exam: not predicted				
	Final gra	ade mark forming criteria:			
	i mai gi		de mark		1
			5 (F)		
			6 (E)		
			7 (D)		1
			8 (C)		†
	85-92 9 (B) 93-100 10 (A)			†	
				1	
Basic teaching	Any univ	versity textbook of biostatistics.	- 1/-7		_
aids	' " ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	crossy textbook of biodiation.			
AIGO					

Course	HISTOLOGY WITH EMBRYOLOGY	7.5 credit points
Code	FVM116	
Year of study	First (I)	
Semester	First and second (I and II)	
Total teaching	105 (30+75)	
lessons	I semester 1+1 (15+15)	
	II semester 2+3 (30+45)	
Course type	Compulsive course	
Prerequisites		
Author of the	ass. prof. Florina Popovska-Perchinik, PhD	
course program		
Realized by	ass. prof. Florina Popovska-Perchinik, PhD	
	prof. Toni Dovenski, PhD	
Purpose and	Based on previously acquired knowledge from o	
objectives of	biophysics, cell biology, as well as parallel studied	
the course	anatomy and physiology, the aim of this course is	
program	and organs and to connect that with their formation,	
	Therefore, this subject enables better understandi	
	scientific area of functional morphology, but it is also	
	understanding of the pathological changes that occu	
	The main objective of general histology with embry	
	processes of growth, formation and cellular difference	
	embryonic development (general embryology) as w	
	basic tissues (general histology). The main purpose	
	learn about the organogenesis (special embryolo	gy) and structural organization of the organs
	(special histology).	

THEORY CLASSES

I semester

No of lessons	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit	
	ISTOLOGY (9 lessons)		
1-2	INTRODUCTION	What is histology	
		Laboratory techniques about slices preparation and staining	
3-9	GENERAL HISTOLOGY	Histologic organization of the epithelia, connective tissue, cartilage,	
		bone, muscular and nervous tissue, and blood.	
II. GENERAL E	II. GENERAL EMBRIOLOGY (6 lessons)		
10-12	GENERAL EMBRYOLOGY	Induction, determination and differentiation.	
	PRINCIPLES	Gametogenesis, meiosis, folliculogenesis, ovulation	
		The structure of female and male gametes; Types of female	
		gamete	
		Gamete transport to the site of fertilization	
13-15	EARLY PHASES OF THE	30 71 3	
	EMBRIOLOGYCAL	Gastrulation, Development of axial bodies and mezoderm, Primitive	
	DEVELOPMENT	body of the embryo Implantation, Fetal membranes, Placentation,	
		Tissue development	

II semester

No of	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit
lessons		
I. SPECIAL HIS	STOLOGY WITH EMBRYOLOGY (30	lessons)
1	HEAD DEVELOPMENT	Growth of the embryonic primitive body, Development of head, neck and limbs
2-3	HEAD	Tonsils, Lips, Tongue, Salivary glands, Parotid gland, Teeth, Pharynx
4-5	IMMUNE SYSTEM	Immune system, Diffuse lymphatic tissue, Lymphatic vessels, Tonsils, Lymph node, Hemal nodes, Spleen, Thymus, Bursa Fabricii
6-7	ENDOCRINE SYSTEM	Development of the endocrine system, Histology of the endocrine glands: Pituitary, Thyroid, Parathyroid, Adrenal and Pineal gland

8	THORACAL CAVITY	Development of chest and abdominal cavity, diaphragm and epicardium
9-10	RESPIRATORY SYSTEM	Development of the respiratory system, Histology of the:nasal cavity, larynx, trachea, lungs
11-12	CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM	Development of the cardiovascular system, Changes in blood flow after birth, Histological appearance of the heart, Arterial and venous blood vessels, Capillaries
13-18	DIGESTIVE SYSTEM	Development of the digestive system, Histological appearance of the: Esophagus, Simple and compound stomach, Small and Large Intestines, Liver and Pancreas
19-21	NERVOUS SYSTEM	Development of the nervous system, Structural organization of CNS
22-26	UROGENITAL SYSTEM	Development of the urogenital system, Histological structure of the kidneys, ureter, urinary bladder, urethra, Male and Female reproductive organs
27-28	INTEGUMENT AND SKIN DERIVATES	Development of skin and its derivatives, Histological structure of skin, sweat and sebaceous gland, mammary gland, horns, hooves and claws
29-30	EYE EAR	Development of the eye, the construction of eyeballs, lentils, sclera, cornea, chorioidea, ciliary body, iris, retina, eye auxiliary apparatus Development of the ear. Structure of the outer, middle and inner ear.

PRACTICALS

I semester

No of	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit			
lessons				
GENERAL HIS	GENERAL HISTOLOGY WITH EMBRYOLOGY (15 lessons)			
1- 2	Microscopic structure of tissues: Epithelial tissue			
3-5	Microscopic structure of tissues: Connective tissue Cartilage and Bone			
6-7	Microscopic structure of tissues: Muscular tissue Nervous tissue			
8-10	Gametogenesis Oogenesis and folliculogenesis Maturation of female and male gametes			
11-12	Fertilization Cleavage of the embryo (segmentation)			
13	Early stages of embryonic development Gastrulation - types of gastrulation			
14	In vitro production of embryos Aspiration and maturation of oocytes, in vitro fertilization, in vitro cultivation			
15	Fetal membranes, Types of placentation, Placenta			

II semester

No of	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit			
lessons				
SPECIAL HIST	OLOGY WITH EMBRYOLOGY (45 lessons)			
1-3	Microscopic structure of internal organs			
	Lips, Tongue, Salivary glands, Teeth, Tonsila pallatina			
4-6	Microscopic structure of internal organs			
	Lymph node, Spleen, Thymus			
7-9	Microscopic structure of internal organs			
	Parotid Gland, Thyroid, Adrenal and Pituitary Gland			
10-12	Microscopic structure of internal organs			
	Trachea, Lungs			
13-15	Microscopic structure of internal organs			

	Cardiovascular system
16-23	Microscopic structure of internal organs
	Esophagus, Simple and compound stomach, Small and Large Intestines, Liver and Pancreas
24-29	Microscopic structure of internal organs
	Testis, Epydidymis, D. Deferens, prostate, Vesicula seminalis, Ovary, Uterus, Tuba uterina
30-32	Fetal membranes, Placenta, Funiculus umbilicalis
33-35	Microscopic structure of internal organs
	Kidney, Ureter
36-38	Microscopic structure of internal organs
	Skin, mammary gland
39-41	Microscopic structure of internal organs
	Cerebrum, Cerebellum, Medulla spinalis
42-45	Microscopic structure of internal organs
	Eye, Eye lid

Organization	Theory classes: first semester 1 lesson a week (15 lessons) and second semester 2 lessons a week					
	(30 lessons)					
	Practicals: first semester 1 lesson a week (15 lessons) and second semester 3 lessons a week (45 lessons)					
-	lessons)					
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion	n and active par	ticipation of the			
methods	students).					
	Practicals: practicals and other ways of work with smaller groups					
	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work					
Cassifia	(assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work					
Specific	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted active	ition for anining r	aciata which are			
recommendations	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted active	ities for gaining p	points which are			
related with	part of the final evaluation.					
teaching	Scoring of the student's activities:					
	Scoring of the student's activities:	Poi	nte			
	Activity type	minimum	maximum			
	Attendance on theory classes	8	10			
	Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals	12	15			
	Written assay	40(5x8)	75(5x15)			
	Periodical evaluations (five)	not pre				
	Final exam	60	100			
	Prerequisite criteria: Final exam is not predicted. Student has to pass all five periodical students are relative to the points are adding to the points.					
	evaluations (to gain more than 8 points on every evaluation). This points are adding to the points					
	gained for attendance and activity on theory classes and practicals. If the student do not pass one or more periodical evaluations (less than 8 points per evaluation),					
	he/she has to re-pass these evaluations at the end of every semester, untill he/she gains 8 or more					
	points.					
	Note: If the student wants to prepare written assay, for this activity he/she can gain up to 5 points,					
	which will be added on previously gained points. Written assay can be prepared only by students					
	who have passed all five periodical evaluations.					
Evaluation of	Periodical evaluation (five): written					
knowledge	First periodical evaluation: general histology					
	Second periodical evaluation: general embryology					
	Third periodical evaluation: organs of head, immune and endocrine	systems				
	Fourth periodical evaluation: thoracic cavity, respiratory, cardiovascular and digestive sys					
	Fifth periodical evaluation: nervous and urogenital system, integument and skin derivates, senso					
	organs					
	Final grade mark forming criteria:					
	Points Grade mark					
	to 59 5 (F)					
	60-68	6 (E)				
	69-76	7 (D)				
	77-84	8 (C)				
	85-92 9 (B)					
	93-100 10 (A)					
		· •	•			

Basic teaching	1. К. Поповски, Љ. Кочоски (2004): Ембриологија	
aids	Latshaw W.K. (1987) Veterinary Developmental anatomy	
	3. Sadler T. (1996) Medicinska embriologija	
	4. V. Pantic (1995): Histologija	
	5. A. Hraste (1991) Histologija domacih zivotinja	
	6. Kozarić, Zvonimir (1997): Veterinarska histologija, Naklada Karolina, Zagreb	
	7. Babić, K., A. Hraste (1997): Anatomija i histologija domaćih životinja, Školska knjiga Zagreb	
	8. Elizabeth Aughey, Fredric L. Frye (2001): A Color Handbook of Comparative Veterinary	
	Histology & Clinical Coorelates	
	9. William J. Banks (1993): Applied Veterinary Histology	
	10. Dellman's Textbook of Veterinary Histology (1998) ed. Joann Eurell	
	11. Juncueira H.C. (2005) Basic histology	
	Practicums and atlases:	
	1. Љ. Кочоски (2000): Ембриологија	
	2. Linda M. Bacha, William J. Bacha ed.(2000): Color Atlas of Veterinary Histology	
	William J. Banks: Histology and comparative organology: a text-atlas	
	Horst-Dieter Dellmann: Veterinary histology: an outline text-atlas	

Course	BIOCHEMISTRY	9.0 credit points	
Code	FVM117	-	
Year of study	First (I)		
Semester	Second (II)		
Total teaching	120 (60+60)		
lessons			
Course type	Compulsory		
Prerequisites			
Author of the	prof. Velimir Stojkovski, PhD		
course			
program			
Realized by	prof. Velimir Stojkovski, PhD		
	ass. Katerina Blagoevska, MSc		
Purpose and	Theory classes. Biochemistry as a science introduce the		
objectives of	and physics, implemented in all systems of a living cell, e		
the course	in the living organisms. Students begin with the study of t		
program	basic building components of living cells, their interaction and the processes of oxidative		
	degradation (catabolism) and biosynthesis (anabolism) and		
	The study programme encompasses the transmission and		
	introduction to the description of nucleic acids' structure and translation. The provided acids' structure at the second structure and translation and translations and translations and translations are structured.		
	transcription and translation. The regulation and interactio as well.	n of the metabolic processes are covered	
	Biochemistry as a basic subject helps students in gaining	knowledge for the structure and function	
	of bio macromolecules and their interactions in physiologic		
	In combination with Cell biology and Genetics, it offer		
	preclinical and clinical subjects such as microbiology, imm		
	etc.		
	The student's theoretical knowledge is checked up with lat	ooratory work and practice.	
	Practicals. During the practical laboratory work, the	students get to know with the basic	
	experiences in experimental work with biological matrix,	with a special note on the safety during	
	sampling, and protection of the analyst. Students ar	e introduced with the basic analytical	
	biochemical methods important in veterinary medicine (t		
	different chromatographic techniques, spectrometry, extra	action, enzyme-immunological technique,	
	ELISA, PCR) and with laboratory instruments.		
	Students are required to work out short project sumi		
	identification of bio macromolecules from tissues and		
	enzymes, glycogen, lipids, nucleic acids etc). The findings	are orally presented and discussed.	

No of lessons	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit
1-4	General topics, methods and techniques in biochemistry	What is biochemistry, it's meaning. Measuring techniques in biochemistry: colorimetry, spectrophotometry, spectrofluorimetry, dry chemistry, electrophoresis, chromatography, PCR.
5-6	Water and electrolytes	General physical and chemical characteristics of water. The role of the water in the organism. Transport, regulation and metabolism of water. The role and metabolism of electrolytes.
7-10	Acid-base homeostasis	Transport of gases and pH regulation. Carriers of oxygen transport in the organism. Hemoglobin and alsoterism: 2,3 biphosphoglycerat. Types of hemoglobin. Physical factors that influence oxygen binding and transport: temperature, pH. Carbon dioxide transport: carbaminohemoglobin, bicarbonate formation, transport, buffering, isohydric mechanism. Regulation of [H ⁺] from CO ₂ : transport, isohydric mechanism. HCO ₃ ⁻ distribution between plasma and erythrocytes. Realtions between hemoglobin, oxygen, carbon dioxide, hydrogen ion and 2,3 biphosphoglycerat. Plasma buffer systems, interstitial fluid of cells. Carbon dioxide – bicarbonate buffer system. Acid-base homeostasis. Compensatory mechanisms: principles of compensation. Specific compensatory processes (acidosis and alkalosis). The importance of Na ⁺ and Cl ⁻ in acid-base homeostasis. Chloride shifting.
11-12	Amino acids and peptides	Amino acid systematics. General amino acids' characteristics. Amino acid metabolism: biosynthesis and degradation (deamination, transamination, decarboxylation). Urea cycle. Uric acid formation. Porphyrins and their metabolism.
13-16	Proteins	The functional role of proteins in the organism. Amino acid composition of proteins. Protein structure: primary, secondary, tertiary, quaternary. Higher/superior levels of protein organization. Other types of proteins. Protein stability. Dynamic aspects of protein structure. Methods of characterization, purification and examination of protein structure and organization. Structure and organization of protein families and super families. Protein metabolism.
17-20	Enzymes	Enzyme classification. Kinetics. Coenzymes: structure and function. Enzyme inhibition. Allosteric control of enzyme activity. Enzyme specificity: active point. The mechanism of catalyses. Clinical application of enzymes. Regulation of enzyme activity. Enzyme classes.
21-28	Carbohydrates	Carbohydrates and polysaccharides; monosaccharide, polysaccharides, glycoprotein. Carbohydrate anaerobic metabolism. Glycogenesis, glycolysis and glyconeogenesis. Metabolism of pyruvic acid. Tricarboxylic acid cycle. Energy balance from glucose oxidation by glycolysis and Crebs' cycle. Biological oxidation and oxidative phosphorylation. Pentose phosphate pathway. Metabolism of other monosaccharides. Biosynthesis of glycoside bonds. Biosynthesis of complex carbohydrates. Glycoproteins. Proteoglycans. Regulation and control of carbohydrates' metabolism.
29-34	Lipids	Chemical nature of lipids: fatty acids and acylglycerols. Fatty acids sources. Digestion, absorption, transport and storage of fatty acids and triacylglycerols. Fatty acids and energy production. Phospholipids, cholesterol, sfingolipides, prostaglandins, glycerophospholipids. Fatty acids metabolism: β-oxidation. Acetic bodies synthesis. Glyoxylic acid cycle.
35-38	Metabolic interrelations	Relations between different metabolisms in the organism.
39-42	Nucleic acids	DNA: structure and function. The formation of phosphodiesteric bonds in vivo. Mutation and DNA reparation. Replication, Recombination. RNA: structure and function. Synthesis. RNA polymerase. Mechanisms of transcription. Posttranscriptional processing. Translation and posttranslational modification of protein synthesis.
43-46	Recombinant DNA and biotechnology	Basics of recombinant DNA technology. Restriction endonucleases. DNA sequencing. Recombinant DNA and cloning. Detection and identification techniques for nucleic acids. Cloning vectors. Identification of DNA fragments. Hybridization. PCR. Expression of cloned genes in different organisms. Regulation of genes' expression.
47-50	Hormones	General hormone characteristics. Hormone structure (polypeptide, steroid).

		Hormone cascade system. Fedd-back mechanism of hormone activity regulation. Hormone synthesis. Metabolic inactivation and hormone degradation. Cell regulation of hormone secretion. Cyclic hormonal cascade system. Hormone-receptor interactions. Receptors' structure and function. Hormone transport in circulation.
51-56	Molecular cell biology	Nervous tissue: metabolism. ATP, transmembrane potential. Neuron-neuron biochemical interaction. Synthesis, deposition and release of neurotransmitters (acetylcholine, catecholamine, serotonin and neuropeptides). Eye: metabolism. Aerobic metabolism. Anaerobic metabolism. Biochemistry of the visual transduction. Muscle contraction: the role of calcium, ATP hydrolysis, actin, tropomyosin and troponin. Blood coagulation: regulation of internal pathways. Regulation of external pathways. Allosteric role of thrombin. Proteins involved in coagulation.
57-58	Porphyrins and their metabolism	Metabolism and intestinal iron absorption. Iron containing proteins. Molecular regulation of iron use. Distribution and kinetics. Hem biosynthesis. Catabolism
59-60	Vitamins, microelements, macroelements and trace elements.	Vitamins: hydrosoluble and liposoluble. Structure and role in the organism. Hypervitaminosis, hypovitaminosis and avitaminosis. Metabolism and role of minerals in the organism.

No of lessons	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit			
1	Introduction to laboratory analyses			
25	Solutions			
6-9	Mineral salts			
10-17	Proteins			
18-25	Carbohydrates			
26-29	Lipids			
30-37	Enzymes			
38-45	Vitamins			
46-53	Hormones			
54-60	Metabolism			

Organization	Theor	Theory classes: 4 lessons a week (60 lessons)				
	Practicals: 4 lessons a week (60 lessons)					
Teaching	Theor	y classes: interactive (lectures in large group	with discussion and	active participation of	of the	
methods	stude	nts).				
	Practi	cals: practicals and other ways of work with si	maller groups			
	Writte	n assay: learning with use of referent literature	e and internet, prepar	ing seminar work		
	(assa	y/poster); presentation and discussion about t	he seminar work.	-		
Specific	The s	tudent is obligated for active participation in	all predicted activities	for gaining points v	which	
recommendations	are pa	art of the final evaluation.				
related with						
teaching	Scori	ng of the student's activities:				
		Activity type Points				
		Activity type	minimum	maximum		
		Attendance on theory classes	6	10		
		Attendance on practicals	6	10		
		Activity (knowledge) on practicals	6	10		
	Written assay 6 10		10			
	Periodical evaluations (three) 18 30		30			
		Final exam	18	30		
		Total:	60	100		
	Passi	ng exam criteria:				
	- Attendance on the teaching is not scored if student was absent on more than 20% of lessons;					
	- Atte	ndance on the teaching is not scored if studen	it was absent on more	e than 20% of lessor	ns;	

- Student who has gained up to 6 points from activity on Practicals is liberated from passing practical exam;
- Student can pass final exam само with passed practical exam, prepared written assay and up to 42 points gained on any mode;
- Student is liberated from passing final exam with passed practical exam, prepared written assay, results shown on three periodical evaluations and minimum 61 points gained on any mode.

Evaluation	of	Periodical	evaluation (three): written			
knowledge		First periodical evaluation: General topics, methods and techniques in biochemistry.				
			Water and electrolytes. Acid-base homeostasis. Amino acids and peptides.			
			Second periodical evaluation: Proteins. Enzymes. Carbohydrates. Lipids. Metabolic			
			errelations.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
			nird periodical evaluation: Nucleic acids. Rec	ombinant DNA and bio	technology	
			ormones. Molecular cell biology. Porphyrins		• • •	
			croelements, macro elements and trace elements		vitariiris,	
		Final exan		•		
		Final grad	e mark forming criteria:			
			Points:	Grade mark:	1	
			to 59	5 (F)	1	
			60-68	6 (E)	1	
			69-76	7 (D)	1	
			77-84	8 (C)		
			85-92	9 (B)		
			93-100	10 (A)		
Basic teaching	,	1. Dev	lin, T. (1997): Textbook of biochemistry with clini	ical correlations, 4 th ed. Jo	hn Wiley &	
aids			nc. pub.New York	•	•	
			ryer ['] (1993): <i>Biochemistry</i> , 4 th ed. W.H. Freeman &	k co. New York.		
			hninger, A.L., Nelson, D.L. and Cox, M.M. (200		strv. 3 rd ed.	
			orth Publishers. New York, 2000.	c, : ::::e:p::cc c: =::c::::::	J., J	
		4. Џекова-Стојкова, С. (1999): <i>Биохемија.</i> Медицински факултет, Скопје.				
			ојковски, В. (2001): Ветеринарна клиничка бис		итопа	
			ојковски, Б. (2001). <i>Беттеринарна клиничка оис</i> ојковски, В. (1994): <i>Биохемиски методи</i> . Елнат		wii Ojia.	
		5.	Ojkobckii, B. (1994). Buoxemucku Memoou. Ejihal	і, куманово.		

Course	NUTRITIOUS, HEALING AND POISONOUS PLANTS 3.0 credit points			
Code	FVM118			
Year of study	First (I)			
Semester	Second (II)			
Total teaching	45 (15 + 30)			
lessons				
Course type	Compulsory			
Prerequisites				
Author of the	prof. Risto Prodanov, PhD			
course	prof. Romel Velev, PhD			
program				
Realized by	General part teachers: prof. Risto Prodanov, PhD; prof. Romel Velev, PhD			
	Feed plants: prof. Risto Prodanov, PhD			
	Honey pasture plants and bee pasture: prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD			
	Healing plants: prof. Romel Velev, PhD			
	Poisonous plants: prof. Romel Velev, PhD			
December 2011	assistant: ass. Radmila Chrcheva-Nikolovska, MSc			
Purpose and objectives of	The purpose of the course <i>Nutritious, healing and poisonous plants</i> to introduce students with the			
the course	role and significance of vegetation for domestic animals. In the case will study the flora of view of			
program	veterinary science, i.e. students to be acquainted with the most important nutritious, healing and poisonous plants. To know plants not in botanical sequence and classification, but in their practical			
program	importance for domestic animals.			
	Brief curriculum - theory classes: Introduction, relation of the course Nutritious, healing and			
	poisonous plants with courses Nutrition of domestic animals, Pharmacology, Veterinary toxicology,			
	Internal diseases of farm animals and Biology and pathology of bees. Flora as the main energy			
	sources of food in nature. Chemical composition of food of herbal origin. Morphology and physiology			
	of herbal organs. Environmental factors and flora. Taxonomy and general characteristic of plants used			
	for animal nutrition. Production of feed on meadows, pastures and cultivated terrains.			
	Special section: Meaning of bacteria, molds and algae; Grasses (Poaceae); Legumes (Fabaceae);			
	Roots, tuberous and other food plants; Healing plants, Honey pasture plants and bee pasture; Toxic			
	plants.			
	Practicals Studying and recognition of sweet grasses - cereals, meadow and grasses on fields for			
	grazing (from I, II and III class); legumes; root-tuberous other important crop for domestic animals;			
	toxic and healing plants. The practical importance of the chemical composition of plants for domestic			
	animals. Herbal production of animal feed. Crop production and environmental factors. Flora and bee			
	pasture.			

THEORY CLASSES

No of lessons	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit	
	PART (7 lessons)		
1.	INTRODUCTION TO COURSE NUTRITIOUS, HEALING AND TOXIC PLANTS	Flora, veterinary science and husbandry: relation of the course Nutritious, healing and toxic plants with courses Nutrition of domestic animals, Pharmacology, Veterinary toxicology, Internal diseases of farm animals and Biology and pathology of bees	
2.	FLORA AND ITS MEANING	Flora as a main energetical resource for food in the nature, definition of flora, vegetation, areal and taxonomy.	
3.	TAXONOMY OF PLANTS	Basis of plant phylogeny.	
4.	MORPHOLOGY AND PHYSIOLOGY OF PLANT ORGANS	Morphology and physiology of the vegetative and generative plant organs	
5.	FLORA AND ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS	Environmental factors and flora.	
6.	MAIN FEATURES OF PLANT COMPOUNDS	Chemical compounds in the food with plant origin.	
7.	CATEGORISATION AND FEATURES OF PLANTS FOR FEED; PRODUCTION OF FEED	Categorization and main features of plants used for feed. Production of feed on meadows, pastures and cultivated terrains.	
SPECIAL I	PART (8 lessons)		
8.	FAMILY POACÉAE I - GRASS	Grasses (Poaceae). Main morphological features. Grass on pastures and meadows.	
9.	FAMILY POACEAE II - GRASS	Grass (Poaceae). Grass from cultivated terrains: corn, wheat, barley, rye, sorghum, oats, white millet	
10.	FAMILY FABACEAE – LEGUMES	Laguminas (Fabaceae). Main morphological features. Most important genus of: clover, alfalfa, vetch, soybeans, cowpea,	
11.	ROOTY, TUBERATED AND OTHER FEED PLANTS	Roots, tuberated and other nutritious plants: turnip, beet, potato, oil rapeseed,	
12.	HONEY PASTURE PLANTS AND BEE PASTURE	Honey pasture plants and their meaning as a bee pasture. Most important honey pasture plants in a self-sown vegetation. Nectar, pollen, wax, propolis, milt.	
13.	SPICY PLANTS	Spicy plants used in technology of meet and meet products.	
14.	HEALING PLANTS	Important healing plants in veterinary medicine: mint, breckland thyme, camomile, marshmallow	
15.	TOXIC PLANTS	Most important toxic plants in the nature. Introduction to active substances (alkaloids, glycosides, saponins and other toxic substances found in particular plant organs.	

No of lessons	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit
1-2	Plane of the cell structure and cell organization types; Comparation between procariotic and eucariotic cell.
3-4	Structure of the plant cell
5-6	Taxonomy of plants
7-8	Morphology and physiology of root (Radix)
9-10	Morphology and physiology of stem (Caulis) and leaf (Folium)
11-12	Morphology and physiology of flower (Flos)

13-14	Morphology and physiology of fruit (Fructus) and seed (semen)
15-16	Features of particular grass species: I: Fam. Poaceae: first, second and third class of meadow and grazing
	grass.
17-18	Features of particular grass species: II: Fam. Poaceae: cultivated grasses - cereals.
19-20	Features of particular legumines species: Fam. Fabaceae: Mean features and meaning.
21-22	Features of particular species of rooty and tuberated plants
23-34	Features of particular species of honey pasture plants
25-26	Features of particular species of spicy plants
27-28	Features of particular species of healing plants - mean features and meaning.
29-30	Features of particular species of toxic plants: Alkaloid-toxic plants: main features and special studying.
	Glycoside and saponin toxic plants: main features and special studying. Other toxic and mechanically
	harmful plants: main features and special studying. Field introduction to studied plant species.

harmful plants: main features and special studying. Field introduction to studied plant species.							
Organization			esson a week (15 lessons)				
Tooching	Practicals: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)						
Teaching methods	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the students).						
metrious			s and other ways of work with	smaller group	s		
			ing with use of referent literation			seminar work	
			entation and discussion abou				
Specific		7 . 1					
recommendations			ated for active participation in	n all predicted	activities for	gaining point	ts which
related with	are part	of the final	evaluation.				
teaching	Sooring	of the etu	dent'e estivities				
	Scoring	or the stud	dent's activities:		Po	ints	1
			Activity type		minimum	maximum	1
		Attendance	e on theory classes		12	15	4
			e and activity (knowledge)	on practicals	12	15	-
		Written as		•	6	10	
		Periodical	evaluations (two)		15(x2)=30	30(x2)=60	
		Final exan	n			edicted*	
		Total:			60	100	
	* D			er e		6	
			ce on theory classes and practice of the competer is passing a				
	signature at the end of the semester, is passing of periodical evaluations during the semester up to 25% points gained per evaluation.		SIGI WILII				
	* Final exam is not predicted. Student who did not pass one of the periodical evaluations during			lurina			
			o one of the periodical evalua				9
Evaluation of			on (two): written				
knowledge			uation: - general part				
			valuation: - special part				
	Final exam: not predicted Complete final exam: not predicted						
	Complete iniai exam. Not predicted						
	Final gr	ade mark f	orming criteria:				
						<u> </u>	
			Points	Grade			
			to 59	5 (_	
			60-68	6 (_	
			69-76	7 (_	
77-84		8 (_			
	85-92 9 (B) 93-100 10 (A)			_			
Rasic teaching	Панон	I и Ж Еп	аженчиќ, Хранливо, лекови		` /	Jacteure Ec	OCD 2 T
Basic teaching aids	1989;	J. И ∕Т. DJ	алспчик, лранливо, лекови	по, отровно і	и зачинско р	ластение, ве	;оград -
	Вучковиќ С, Крмно биље, Београд - 1999;						
	Џукиќ Д., Биљке за производњу сточне хране, Нови Сад - 2002;						
Ожеговиќ Л., С. Пепељњак: Микотоксикозе, Загреб - 1995;							
	Форенбахер С., Отровне биљке и биљна отровања животиња, Загреб - 1998.			ьа, Загреб - 1			

Course	ETHOLOGY AND ANIMAL WELFARE 2.0 credit points
Code	FVM119
Year of study	First (I)
Semester	Second (II)
Total teaching	30 (15+15)
lessons	
Course type	Compulsory
Prerequisites	
Author of the	prof. Vlatko Ilieski, PhD
course	
program	
Realized by	prof. Vlatko Ilieski, PhD
	ass. prof. Lazo Pendovski, PhD
Purpose and objectives of the course program	The programs of the theory classes and practicals are designed in such a way to educate students of basic principles and assessments of animal's behavior and welfare for practical application. Students are expected to be trained for evaluating the animal welfare of different species within production processes, researches, zoos and other types of animal husbandry. This subject is allowing the students multidisciplinary approach to knowledge of animal behavior and its welfare. Implementation of this program involves programs of the area of functional morphology, behavior, human – animal relations, animal husbandry, animal's health and pain, assessment of welfare standards and economic implication in implementation of those standards. Students will gain basic knowledge of the animal welfare definition, morphological parameters for animal welfare and ethical and economical parameters related to animal welfare. Students will be able to check their animal welfare assessments practically with regards on the parameters related to health, feed, veterinary care, social interactions and opportunity to express their natural behavior. In the practical part of this program it will be possible to perform assessment of animal behavior through practical examples of assessing the behavior of pets, farm animals, laboratory animals and exotic animals.

THEORY CLASSES

No of	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit	
lessons		
1	Animal welfare definition	
2	Indicators for animal behavior	
3	Correlation between human and animals and animal welfare	
4	Morphological parameters of animal welfare	
5	Physiological indicators of animal welfare	
6	Production parameters in relation to animal welfare	
7	Neurobiology and animal welfare	
8	Pain in animals	
9	Animal welfare and suffering	
10	Ethical approach to animals	
11	Welfare of farm animals	
12	Animal welfare during slaughtering	
13	Standards of animal welfare and their assessment	
14	Animal welfare legislation	
15	Economy and animal welfare	

No of	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit	
lessons		
1.	Animal welfare standards and their assessment	
2.	Animal welfare standards and their assessment	
3.	Indicators for animal behavior	
4.	Assessment of animal's pain	
5.	Practical assessment of behavior and welfare of pets	
6.	Practical assessment of behavior and welfare of horses	
7.	Practical assessment of behavior and welfare of farm animals	
8.	Practical assessment of behavior and welfare of poultry	
9.	Practical assessment of behavior and welfare of swine	
10.	Practical assessment of behavior and welfare of laboratory animals	

11.	Practical assessment of behavior and welfare of exotic animals	
12.	Assessment of animal welfare during slaughtering	
13.	Assessment of animal welfare during slaughtering	
14.	Exam and periodical evaluation week	
15.	Exam and periodical evaluation week	

15.	Exam ar	na periodi	cal evaluation week			
Organizat	ion	Theory	classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)			
Organizat	1011	Practicals: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)				
Teaching			classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discus	sion and activ	e participation	of the
methods		student				
		Practica	als: practicals and other ways of work with smaller group	s		
			assay: learning with use of referent literature and		paring seminar	work
			poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar			
Specific			dent is obligated for active participation in all predicted	activities for	gaining points	which
recomme		are part	of the final evaluation.			
related	with	Sooring	a of the etudent's activities.			
teaching		Scoring	g of the student's activities:	Po	ints	
			Activity type	minimum	maximum	
			Attendance on theory classes	12	15	
			Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals	12	15	
			Written assay	6	10	
			Periodical evaluations (two)	15(x2)=30	30(x2)=60	
			Final exam		edicted*	
			Total:	60	100	
the semester goes to one of the periodical evaluation during the exam sessions. Evaluation of knowledge Periodical evaluation (two): written First periodical evaluation: - general part						
		Second periodical evaluation: - special part Final exam: not predicted				
		i mai exam. Not predicted				
		Complete final exam: not predicted				
		Final g	rade mark forming criteria:			
				mark		
				(F)		
				(E)		
				(D)		
				(C)		
				(B)	_	
		93-100 10 (A)				
Basic tead aids	ching	 Темпл Грандин: Подобрување на благосостојбата на животните, CAB International, 2010 Д.М. Брум, К.Џ. Џонсон: Стресот и благосостојбата на животните, Клувер академски издавачи, 1993 				

Course	PHYSIOLOGY OF ANIMALS	14.5 credit points	
Code	FVM211		
Year of study	Second (II)		
Semester	Third and Fourth (III and IV)		
Total teaching	195 (75+120)		
lessons	III semester 3+2 (45+30)		
	IV semester 4+4 (60+60)		
Course type	Compulsory		
Prerequisites			
Author of the	prof. Vladimir Petkov, PhD		

course program	
Realized by	prof. Vladimir Petkov, PhD
Purpose and	Theory classes:
objectives of the course program Basic aim of the course Physiology of animals is studying of normal functions of the organic systems in healthy organisms. Physiology is studying life processes and relation internal conditions within the organism and environmental conditions. The animal physiology takes an important place in the veterinary medicine curriculum.	
which have prequalification knowledge from biology, biochemistry, anatomy, lembryology are learning the basic principles of the bodily functions so they can understanding for the clinical sciences in the veterinary medicine such as p pathophysiology, microbiology, pharmacology, toxicology, internal medicine etc. Practicals:	
	The practicals within this course train the students to perform basic laboratory examinations of bodily fluids (blood, urine etc), and to recognize and describe normal bodily functions on live animals.

THEORY CLASSES (III semester)

No of lessons	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit
1-3		Functional structure of the cell
	Call aborials and	Cell membrane
	Cell physiology	Intercellular attachments
		Organelles in the cell
4-6		Blood functions
	Blood and lymph	General characteristics of blood
		Buffer systems in blood
7-9		Plasma and serum of blood
	Blood and lymph	Composition of the blood plasma
		Physiological importance of plasma proteins
10-12		Blood cells
	Dia ad and home the	Erythrocytes
	Blood and lymph	Leucocytes
		Platelets
13-15		Blood coagulation
		Anticoagulation mechanisms
	Blood and lymph	Biological defense of the body
		Immunity
		Blood types
16-18		Pulmonary circulation
	Blood and lymph	Systemic circulation
		Physiology of the heart
19-21	Dlood and lumph	Systolic and minute volume of the heart
	Blood and lymph	Nervous regulation of the heart
22-24	Dlood and himph	Vascular physiology
	Blood and lymph	Physiology of the arteries
25-27		Blood pressure
	Blood and lymph	Blood pressure regulation
		Arterial pulse
28-30		Blood distribution in organs
	Blood and lymph	Blood perfusion in capillaries
		Blood perfusion in veins
31-33		Specific blood circulation in organs
	Blood and lymph	Lymph and lymph circulation
		Reticuloendothelial system
34-36		Breathing organs
	Respiration	Mechanisms of breathing
	Respiration	Types of breathing
		Influence of atmospheric pressure on breathing
37-39		Pulmonary ventilation
	Respiration	Gas exchange in lungs and tissues
		Gas transportation in lungs

40-42	Respiration	Centre of breathing Berating in fetuses Berating in birds Berating in fish
43-45	Regulation of body temperature	Thermoregulation

PRACTICALS (III semester)

No of lessons	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit
1- 2	Orientation in the practicals, required equipment, evaluation of knowledge mode and grading
3-4	HEMATOLOGY
	Blood sampling
	Extraction of blood plasma and serum
	Use of anticoagulants
	Storing conditions of blood samples
	Errors due to inappropriate storing conditions of blood samples
5-6	Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR)
	Erythrocyte osmotic resistance test
7-8	Packed cell volume (PCV)
	Hemoglobin concentration test
	Coagulation time test
9-10	Determining total blood volume
	Blood groups and their typisation
11-12	Evaluation in the practical approach of the acquired knowledge
13-14	Preparation of blood smear
	Blood cell count
	Differential blood cell count
15-16	Evaluation in the practical approach of the acquired knowledge
17-18	CARDIOVASCULAR PHYSIOLOGY
	Heart auscultation
	Electrocardiography (ECG)
19-20	Pulse assessment
	Blood pressure assessment
21-22	Evaluation in the practical approach of the acquired knowledge
23-24	RESPIRATION
	Altitude influence on breathing
	Physiological hypercapnia during sleeping and rumination
25-26	Spirometry
	Auscultation of lungs
27-28	Evaluation in the practical approach of the acquired knowledge
29-30	Assessing individual student activity in the practical course
	Student survey assessing the practical course

THEORY CLASSES (IV semester)

No of lessons	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit
Food digestion and nutrient absorption in carnivores, herbivores and omnivores Digestive system Digestion in the mouth Secretion of saliva Stomach digestion Stomach digestion in monor		Digestion in the mouth Secretion of saliva
5-8		
9-12	Food digestion and nutrient absorption in carnivores, herbivores and omnivores	Characteristics of the stomach digestion in horses Abomasal digestion in ruminants Mechanical and chemical processes in the forestomachs of ruminants Micropopulation in the forestomachs Digestion in small intestine

13-16		Digastion in large intestine
13-16		Digestion in large intestine
	Food digestion and nutrient absorption in	Intestinal motility
	carnivores, herbivores and omnivores	Digestion in birds
		Absorption of nutrients Absorption of water and minerals
17-20		
17-20		Carbohydrate metabolism
	Metabolism	Lipid metabolism Protein metabolism
	Metabolism	Water metabolism
		Energy metabolism
21-24		Liposoluble vitamins
21-24	Vitamins	Hydrosoluble vitamins
	Vitariiris	Vitaminoides
25-28		Macroelements
23-20	Mineral metabolism	Microelements
29-32		Renal physiology
29-32		Excretional function of kidneys
	Physiology of secretion	Concentrational and dilutional function of kidneys
		Nerve and humoral control of renal function
33-36		Endocrine function of kidneys
33-30		Accumulation and extraction of urine
	Physiology of secretion	Kidneys in birds
		Mammary gland
37-40		Physiology of the skeletal muscles
37-40		Types of muscle contraction
	Physiology of muscles	Physiology of smooth muscles
		Nerve impulse transmission in synapses
41-44		Types of hormones
71 77	Humoral regulation of bodily functions	Types of endocrine glands
	Tramoral regulation of bealty functions	Hypothalamus
45-48		Hypothalamus
		Pituitary gland
	Humoral regulation of bodily functions	Epiphysis
		Thyroid gland
49-52		Adrenal glands
	Humoral regulation of bodily functions	Gonads
		Tissue hormones
53-56		Nervous system classification
		Peripheral nervous system
	Dhysiology of the new core	Central nervous system
	Physiology of the nervous system	Somatic senses
		Reflexes
		Spinal cord
		Brain stem
57-60		The visual system
	Congo organo	Hearing and vestibular system
	Sense organs	Olfactory sensation
		Taste

PRACTICALS (IV semester)

No of	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit	
lessons		
1-4	PHYSIOLOGY OF DIGESTION	
Influence of psychological factors on salivation		
5-8	Influence of meal and psychological factors on gastric secretion	
9-12	Assessment of ruminal contractions in ruminants	
	Gas accumulation in the forestomachs	
13-16	Pancreatic enzymes in monitoring of normal pancreatic function	
Monitoring of normal liver function		
17-20	Evaluation in the practical approach of the acquired knowledge	
21-24	METABOLISM	
	Carbohydrate status	
	Lipid status	

	Protein status
25-28	URINE PHYSIOLOGY
	Physical and chemical characteristics of urine
29-32	Microscopy of urinary sediment
33-36	Evaluation in the practical approach of the acquired knowledge
37-40	ENDOCRINOLOGY
	Assessing thyroxin blood concentration in dogs and cats
	Flight-or-fight response of epinephrine
41-44	Glucose and insulin tolerance in dogs and cats
	Determining the optimal time for breeding in beeches with sex hormones monitoring
45-48	NEUROPHYSIOLOGY
	Nerve reflexes
49-52	Neurophysiology of stress
	Electroencephalography (EEG)
	The state of sleep
53-56	Evaluation in the practical approach of the acquired knowledge
57-60	Assessing individual student activity in the practical course
	Student survey assessing the practical course

Organization	Third semester - Theory classes: 3 lessons a week (45 lessons	e)		
9	Practicals: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)	3)		
	Fourth semester - Theory classes: 4 lessons a week (60 lesson	ne)		
	Practicals: 4 lessons a week (60 lessons)			
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the			
methods	students).	olon and activ	e participation	ו טו נוופ
memous	Practicals: practicals and other ways of work with smaller groups			
	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and in		oring coming	vr work
	(assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar w		balling Selfillia	ai woir
Specific	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted ac		nining points w	vhich
recommendations	are part of the final evaluation.	ctivities for ga	alling points w	VIIICII
related with	are part of the final evaluation.			
teaching	Secring of the student's activities:			
leaching	Scoring of the student's activities:	Po	ints	
	Activity type	minimum	_	
	Attandance and activity on the my places		maximum	
	Attendance and activity on theory classes	12	15	
	Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals	12	15	
	Periodical evaluations	36	70	
	*Final exam		400	
	Total:	60	100	
	Prerequisite criteria: For being able to pass the final exam student has to gain up to 60 from theory classes and practicals and the periodical evaluations. *If student does not show result on the one of the periodical evaluation, but has gained only on theory classes and practicals, he/she has to go on complete final exam.		dain lin to hi) noints
	*If student does not show result on the one of the periodical e	s. evaluation, b	ut has gained	•
	*If student does not show result on the one of the periodical e	s. evaluation, b	ut has gained	•
	*If student does not show result on the one of the periodical end only on theory classes and practicals, he/she has to go on composition of the periodical evaluation: written Complete final exam: oral	s. evaluation, b	ut has gained	-
	*If student does not show result on the one of the periodical end only on theory classes and practicals, he/she has to go on composition of the periodical evaluation: written Complete final exam: oral Final grade mark forming criteria:	s. evaluation, b olete final exa	ut has gained	-
	*If student does not show result on the one of the periodical education only on theory classes and practicals, he/she has to go on composite or complete final exam: or comple	s. evaluation, b olete final exa	ut has gained	-
	*If student does not show result on the one of the periodical end only on theory classes and practicals, he/she has to go on composite of the periodical evaluation: written Complete final exam: oral Final grade mark forming criteria: Points Grade to 59 5 (s. evaluation, b plete final exa e mark (F)	ut has gained	-
	*If student does not show result on the one of the periodical end only on theory classes and practicals, he/she has to go on composite complete final exam: oral Final grade mark forming criteria: Points Grade	s. evaluation, b plete final exa e mark (F)	ut has gained	-
	*If student does not show result on the one of the periodical example only on theory classes and practicals, he/she has to go on complete final exam: oral Final grade mark forming criteria: Points Grade	s. evaluation, b plete final exa e mark (F) E)	ut has gained	-
	*If student does not show result on the one of the periodical end only on theory classes and practicals, he/she has to go on composite complete final exam: oral Final grade mark forming criteria: Points Grade	s. evaluation, b plete final exa e mark (F) E)	ut has gained	-
Evaluation of knowledge	*If student does not show result on the one of the periodical example only on theory classes and practicals, he/she has to go on complete final exam: oral Final grade mark forming criteria: Points Grade	s. evaluation, b plete final exa e mark (F) (E) D)	ut has gained	-
	*If student does not show result on the one of the periodical example only on theory classes and practicals, he/she has to go on complete final exam: oral Final grade mark forming criteria: Points Grade	e mark (F) (D) (C) (B)	ut has gained	-
	*If student does not show result on the one of the periodical example only on theory classes and practicals, he/she has to go on composite or complete final exam: or complete	e mark (F) (C) (A)	ut has gained	l points
knowledge Basic teaching	*If student does not show result on the one of the periodical econly on theory classes and practicals, he/she has to go on composite complete final exam: oral Final grade mark forming criteria: Points Grade	e mark (F) (C) (A)	ut has gained	l points
knowledge	*If student does not show result on the one of the periodical example only on theory classes and practicals, he/she has to go on composite or complete final exam: or complete	e mark (F) (C) (B) (A) (B) (B) (C) (B) (C) (C) (C) (C	ut has gained am.	reas, J.

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York, 1981
5. Jovanovic, M.: Fiziologija domacih zivotinja. Medicinska knjiga, Beograd - Zagreb, 1986
6. Петков, К. Физиологија на домашните животни, Универзитет "Св. Кирил и Методиј"
Скопје 2000
7. Strukii, P.: Osnovi fiziologii, prevod od angliski, Moskva, 1984
8. Swenson, M.J.: Djuksova fiziologija domacih zivotinja. Prev. od angl., Svetlost, Sarajevo, 1975
9. Tomov, T., Sedloev, N. i dr.: Veterinarnomedicinska fiziologija. Trakiski Universitet, Stara Zagora, 1998

Course	NUTRITION OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS	9.0 credit points	
Code	FVM 212		
Year of study	Second (II)		
Semester	Third and Fourth (III and IV)		
Total teaching	120 (60+60)		
lessons	III semester 2+2 (30+30)		
	IV semester 2+2 (30+30)		
Course type	Compulsory		
Prerequisities			
Author of the	prof. Risto Prodanov, PhD		
course			
program			
Realized by	prof. Risto Prodanov, PhD		
Purpose and objectives of the course program	students with the common properties of plants and other animals, their nutritional value, their directional properties, needs of the animals for nutritional and biological active co basal physiological functions and production (production of as well as the satisfying the needs of the animal in simpler, medically in order to accomplish this goals the students will be used disciplines, such as: chemistry, biochemistry, physics, physical pathology, economics etc. The final goal of the science of animal nutrition is, with addincrease of the quality, qualitative and quantitative, of safe for as well as acquiring products for further industrial use (wool, <i>Practicals</i> have the goals to introduce the students with: safor chemical composition of food, starch equivalent, measuring	Theory classes from the course Nutrition of domestic animals has the goal to introduce the students with the common properties of plants and other nutritiens which are used as food for animals, their nutritional value, their directional properties, biological value etc. The study if the needs of the animals for nutritional and biological active compounds, their influence on sustaining basal physiological functions and production (production of meat, milk, eggs, wool, workforce etc.), as well as the satisfying the needs of the animal in simpler, more rational, i.e. more economical way. In order to accomplish this goals the students will be using the knowledge from other science disciplines, such as: chemistry, biochemistry, physics, physiology, microbiology, botanic, pedology, pathology, economics etc. The final goal of the science of animal nutrition is, with adequate animal nutrition, to influence of increase of the quality, qualitative and quantitative, of safe food for the humans, (meat, milk, eggs), as well as acquiring products for further industrial use (wool, skin,) Practicals have the goals to introduce the students with: sampling techniques, analytical methods for chemical composition of food, starch equivalent, measuring units; introduction of feed; evaluation of feed hygiene; completing a meal for different species and categories of animals; analysis and	

Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit
I. Nutrition of domestic anima	ls - general part (30 lessons)
INTRODUCTION	Subject, the role and meaning of animal food nutrition. General properties of the composition of animals and plants.
BASIC NUTRIENTS	Carbohydrates. Lipids. Proteins – amino-acids. Vitamins – categorization. Antivitamins. Minerals. Water in domestic animal nutrition. Stimulants, drugs and other compounds in feed
NUTRITIONAL VALUE OF FEED	Nutritional value of feed. Digestive value of feed. Compound balance. Energy balance, Measuring units for nutritional value of feed.
FEED	Feed. Factors of which are important for the compound and nutritional value of feed. Categorization of feed.
FEED PRESERVATION	Preservation of green feed, Hay, type of hay and nutritional value. Silage.
CEREAL FEED	Cereals. Fabaceaes.
BYPRODUCTS	Byproducts in the industry for: flour, starch, alcohol and fermentation, beer, sugar, feeding oils.
ANIMAL FEED	Feed from animals, type and feed used in domestic animals nutrition.

MINERALS	Minerals (micro elements and macro elements).	
ADDITIVES	Additives in feed (Nutritional, drugs, stimulants, probiotic, prebiotic, etc.)	
FEED MIXAND PREPARATION OF FEED	Type of feed mix and their purpose. Preparation of feed. Feed preservation.	
ANTINUTRITIVE MATERIA	Antinutritive – harmful material in the feed (Introduction to antinutritive compounds present in the feed)	
BASIC NEEDS OF ANIMALS	Animal needs for nutrients. Needs: basal metabolism, reproduction, gravid animals, milk production, growth, fattening, working animals, egg production.	
II. Nutrition of domestic anima	ıls - special part (30 lessons)	
NUTRITION OF CATTLE	Specificity of nutrition of cattle. Feed choice in the nutrition of cattle. Nutrition of pregnant cows. Nutrition of cows in lactation. Composing a meal for cows in lactation. The effect of the feed on the composition and quality of the milk. Nutrition of the calves. Nutrition of older calves and heifers. Fattening of calves. Fattening of heifers. Fattening of adult cattle. Nutrition of bulls.	
NUTRITION OF SHEEP AND GOATS	Choosing feed for sheep nutrition. Nutrition of gravid sheep. Nutrition of the offspring. Fattening of lambs and sheep. Goat nutrition.	
NUTRITION OF PIG	Choosing feed for pig nutrition. Nutrition of pigs, pregnant pigs and lactating pigs. Nutrition of the piglets. Nutrition of breeding gilts. Nutrition of fattening pigs.	
NUTRITION OF HORSE	Choosing feed for horse nutrition. Nutrition of pregnant and nursing mares. Nutrition of foals after weaning. Nutrition of yang horses and stallions. Nutrition of horses for work.	
NUTRITION OF POULTRY	Choosing of feed for poultry. Nutrition of hens. Nutrition of chicks for breeding. Fattening of chicks. Nutrition of turkey.	
NUTRITION OF CARNIVORES	Nutrition of dogs and cats. Specificity in the diet of carnivores.	
NUTRITION OF LABORATORY ANIMALS	Specificity in the nutrition of laboratory animals.	
NUTRITION OF FISH	Nutrition of carp and trout.	

No of	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit	
lessons		
1 6.	Sampling. Determination of chemical composition of feed.	
7 10.	Starch equivalent.	
11 20.	Introduction of feed.	
23 27.	Hygienic assessment of feed.	
28 39.	Making meals for various types and categories of animals.	
40 49.	Analysis and correction of meals.	
50 60.	Visit of mixer for production of feed and visit of facilities in order to demonstrate the feeding of cattle, pigs	
	and poultry.	

Organization	Theory classes: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)				
	Practicals: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)				
Teaching	Theory classes	: interactive (lectures in large group with o	discussion ar	nd active part	cicipation of the
methods	students).				
	Practicals: prac	cticals and other ways of work with smaller	groups		
	Written assay:	learning with use of referent literature	and interne	et, preparing	seminar work
	(assay/poster);	presentation and discussion about the ser	minar work.		
Specific	The student is	obligated for active participation in all pred	icted activitie	s for gaining	points which
recommendations	are part of the	final evaluation.			
related with	•				
teaching	Scoring of the	student's activities:			
		Points			
		Activity type	minimum	maximum	
		Attendance on theory classes	12	15	
		Attendance and activity on practicals	12	15	
		Written assay 6 10			
		Periodical evaluations (three) 30 60			
		Final exam			
		Total:	60	100	
					-

		* • • • • • • • •	<i>"</i>	
		Prerequisite criteria: For being able to pass the final exam student has to gain up to 50 points		
	from theory classes and practicals and the three periodical evaluations. If student does not show			
		result on the one of the periodical evaluation, but has gained points only on theory classes and		
		e/she has to go on complete final ex	am.	
Evaluation of		valuation (three): written		
knowledge		periodical evaluation: Nutrition of d		
	Seco	ond and third periodical evaluation: N	Nutrition of domestic animals - special part	
	Final exam:	oral		
	Complete fi	nal exam: oral + written (includes or	ne periodical evaluation)	
	Final grade	mark forming criteria:		
		Points	Grade mark	
		to 59	5 (F)	
		60-68	6 (E)	
		69-76	7 (D)	
		77-84	8 (C)	
		85-92	9 (B)	
		93-100	10 (Á)	
Basic teaching	1. Прод	1. Проданов Р., Исхрана на домашните животни-општ дел (скрипта-материјал за		
aids	интерна употреба);			
	2. Катерина Благоевска, Практикум за вежби (материјал за интерна употреба)			
		вода М., Крмива, Загреб -1990;		
	4. Јовановиќ Р. Исхрана домаќих животиња, Нови Сад -1993;			
	5. Деса	анка Коларски, Основи исхране до	маќих животиња, Београд - 1995;	
	6. Радо	6. Радовановиќ Т. и сор., Исхрана домаќих животиња, Чачак -1997; 7. Јовановиќ Р., Исхрана домаќих животиња, Нови Сад - 2001;		
	7. Јова			
	8. Џуки	іќ Д., Биљке за производњу сточне	е хране, Нови Сад - 2002;	
	9. Јова	9. Јовановиќ Р., Исхрана крава, Нови Сад -1998;		
	10. Јова	новиќ Р., Исхрана оваца, Нови Са	яд - 1996;	
	11. M. N	11. М. Маркевиќ, Н. Џорџевиќ. Г. Грубиќ и Ж. Јокиќ: Исхрана домакиќ животиња, Веоgrad-Zemun, 2004,		
	12. Stev	en leeson and John D. Summers,	Commercial Poultry Nutrition -s econd editio	'n,
	Onta	rio, 1997;	·	
	13. N. J.	Daghir, Poultry production in Hot C	limates, CAB International 1998;	
			utrition of the chikens, Ontario - 2001.	

Course	HUSBANDRY	9.0 credit points
Code	FVM 213	
Year of study	Second (II)	
Semester	Third and Fourth (III and IV)	
Total teaching	120 (60+60)	
lessons	III semester 2+2 (30+30)	
	IV semester 2+2 (30+30)	
Course type	Compulsory	
Prerequisities		
Author of the	prof. Mihajlo Adamov, PhD	
course program		
Realized by	prof. Mihajlo Adamov, PhD	
	ass. Nikola Adamov, MSc	
Purpose and	The theory classes of the course Husbandry are in	
objectives of the	theoretical basics and with the principles and method	
course program	such as cattle, sheep, goat, pig, poultry and horse	
	separate animal science areas, the students will be	
	productive and reproductive features of the differen	
	technology for their raising, their products and the me	
	future doctors of veterinary medicine will become	
	determine the successfulness of raising certain stock t	
	species and thus making them capable in future	to implement their knowledge in practical
	conditions.	handry is to introduce the students with the
	The objective of the <i>practicals</i> of the course Hus	
	principles and methods that are used for solving spec	
	well as with the most important breeds and types of f	ann animais, the purpose of their raising, their

exterior appearance, genotype, the different possibilities for their raising and the measures for improvement of the production. As part of this training several field trips to different animal farms are included with purpose to enable the students to better understrand the technological solutions for housing and raising different farm animal species which are the most important factors for maintaining the animal health thus making them most important factors that determine the successfullness of every stock production system.

No of lessons	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit				
	Cattle production (11 lessons)					
1-2	ECONOMIC SIGNIFICANCE AND	Economic importance of milk and meat production, origin and				
	ORIGIN OF THE CATTLE	ancestors of todays cattle.				
3	BOVIDAE SPECIES RELATED TO TRUE CATTLE	Biological features of watter buffalo, bison, banteng, gaur, gayal, yak and zebu cattle.				
4-7	BREEDS AND GENOTYPES OF CATTLE	Breeds of cattle for milk, dual purpose and meat production.				
8	CATTLE REPRODUCTION AND CALF RAISING TECHNOLOGY	Age at puberty, estrus cycle, fertilization and pregnancy, herd reproductive efficiency, reproductive features of sires, calving and newborn management.				
9	MILK AND MEAT PRODUCTION	Lactation, factors that influence the milk production, dry cow management, fattening for beef production, beef production with the cow-calf system				
10	POSSIBILITIES FOR CATTLE GENETIC IMPROVEMENT	Selection based on the exterior, selection based on own production performance, selection based on ancestor performance, progeny testing, marker assisted selection, quantitative trait loci (QTL's), detection of semilethal and lethal alleles.				
11	CATTLE BREEDING METHODS	Maiting within the breed, different types of crossing strategies, hybridization.				
Sheep	production (9 lessons)					
12	ECONOMIC SIGNIFICANCE AND ORIGIN OF THE SHEEP	Economic significance of sheep milk, meat and wool production, origin of the sheep (ancestors), importance of local breeds preservation.				
13-15	BREEDS OF SHEEP	Morphological and phyziological features of autochtonous breeds, breeds for milk, meat and wool production, highly fertile breeds.				
16-17	SHEEP REPRODUCTION	Seasonal maiting activity, age at puberty, estrus cycle, maiting strategies, lactation, reproductive efficancy, raising newborn lambs.				
18	SHEEP SELECTION AND GENETIC IMPROVEMENT	Selection based on the exterior, selection based on own production performance, selection based on ancestor performance, progeny testing, marker assisted selection, quantitative trait loci (QTL's), detection of semilethal and lethal alleles.				
19	BREEDING METHODS	Maiting within the breed, different types of crossing strategies, hybridization.				
20	SHEEP MILK, MEAT AND WOOL PRODUCTION	Sheep carcase quality and scoring, quality and nutritive value of lamb and sheep meat, histological and chemical composition of the sheep's wool				
Goat pi	oduction (10 lessons)					
21	ECONOMIC IMPORTANCE AND ORIGIN OF THE GOAT	Economic importance of goat milk, meat and hair production, goat origin (ancestors)				
22-25	GOAT BREEDS	Indigenous breeds, breeds for milk production, breeds for meat production, breeds for goat hair production				
26-27	GOAT REPRODUCTION	Reproductive characteristics of bucks and does, handling of pregnant does, lactation and kids raising.				
28-29	GOAT SELECTION AND BREEDING	Selection based on the exterior, selection based on own production performance, selection based on ancestor performance, progeny testing, marker assisted selection, quantitative trait loci (QTL's), detection of semilethal and lethal alleles.				
30	BREEDING METHODS	Maiting within the breed, crossing of different breeds, hybridization.				
	Pig production (10 lessons)					
31	ECONOMIC IMPORTANCE AND ORIGIN OF THE DOMESTIC PIG	Economic importance of pork production, origin and ancestors of domesticated pig				
32-35	BREEDS AND TYPES OF PIGS	Primitive breeds, dual purpose breeds, modern meat breeds, chinese highly-fertile breeds				

		Described a feet and full and the second and the second
36-37	PIG REPRODUCTION	Reproductive features of gilts and boars, sexual maturity and estrus cycle, pregnancy period, farrowing and piglet raising, technological solutions for intensive farming
38	SELECTION IN PIG PRODUCTION	Selection based on the exterior, selection based on own performance, progeny testing, performans test, marker assisted selection, porcine stress sindrom (PSS)
39	PIG BREEDING METHODS	Maiting within the breed, crossmaiting of different breeds, heterosis effect
40	TECHNOLOGICAL SOLUTIONS IN FARM PIG PRODUCTION	Breeding-gestation, farrowing, nursery, grow-finishing phases of intensive swine production facilities
Poultry	production (10 lessons)	
41	ECONOMIC IMPORTANCE AND ORIGIN OF POULTRY	Production of eggs and broiler meat, zoologic classification and origin of the domestic chicken, turkey goose, duck and guineafowl.
42-44	CHICKEN BREEDS AND HYBRIDS	Breeds for egg production, breeds for broiler meat production dual purpose breeds, трпезни раси, hybrids for eggs and meat.
45	TURKEY BREEDS AND HYBRIDS	Domestic turkey, bronze turkey, white dutch turkey, broadchest white turkey, beltsvile small white, black-norfolck, hybrids (American, Canadian, English).
46-47	BREEDS OF DOMESTICATED GUINEA FOWL, GEESE AND DUCKS	Domesticated guinea fowl, breeds of geese (domestic, Embden goose, Toulouse goose, Chinese goose, Italian-white, Pomeranian goose), duck breeds for eggs, duck breeds for meat, dual purpose breeds, English hybrid-Cherry Walley
48-49	CHICKEN EGG AND BROILER MEAT PRODUCTION	Facilities and equipment for raising laying hens, facilities and equipment for chicken reproduction, facilities and equipment for broiler chicken production
50	SELECTION IN POULTRY PRODUCTION	Selection based on the exterior, selection based on own performance, progeny testing, performans test, marker assisted selection.
Horse	production and management (10 lessor	ns)
51	ORIGIN AND EVOLUTION OF THE HORSE	Origin and domestication of the horse
52-54	BREEDS OF HORSES	Equide zoological clasification, horse breeds for riding, racing, hunting and parades
55-56	EQUID SPECIES	Morphological and biological features of donkeys, semi-donkeys and zebras
57-58	EXTERIER SCORING	Temperament and exterior scoring, deformations of the legs, exterior colours and marks
59	HORSE BREEDING METHODS	Mating within pure breed, mating with crossing different breeds
60	HORSE UTILIZATION AND HOUSING	Purpose for horse raising, facilities and equipment for horse raising and management

No of lessons	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit
1-2	Economic importance and origin of the cattle
3	True cattle and their closely related species
4-7	Breeds of cattle
8	Cattle reproduction and raising newborn calves
9	Cattle milk and meat production
10	Possibilities for genetic improvement of dairy cattle
11	Cattle breeding methods
12	Economic importance and origin of the sheep
13-15	Breeds of sheep
16-17	Sheep reproduction
18	Sheep selection and breeding
19	Sheep breeding methods
20	Sheep milk, meat and wool production
21	Economic importance and origin of goats
22-25	Goat breeds
26-27	Goat reproduction
28-29	Selection methods in goat production

30	Goat breeding strategies
31	Economic importance and origin of the domestic pig
32-35	Breeds of pigs
36-37	Pig reproduction and artificial insemination
38	Selection of breeding boars and gilts
39	Pig breeding methods
40	Technological phases in intensive pig production system
41	Economic importance and origin of the poultry
42-44	Chicken breeds and hybrids
45	Domestic turkey breeds and hybrids
46-47	Domesticated guineafowl, geese and ducks
48-49	Chicken egg and broiler meat production
50	Selection in poultry production
51	Origin and evolutive stages of the domestic horse
52-54	Breeds of horses
55-56	Equid species related to the domestic horse
57-58	Horse exterior scoring
59	Horse breeding methods
60	Facilities and equipment for raising horses

g	Programme a week				
	Practicals: 2 lessons a week				
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the				
methods	students).				
	Practicals: pract	ticals and other ways of work with smaller of	groups		
		learning with use of referent literature		et, preparing	seminar work
	(assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work.				
Specific		bligated for active participation in all predic		for gaining p	oints which are
recommendations	part of the final			0 01	
related with					
teaching	Scoring of the	student's activities:			
J			Pol	ints	
		Activity type	minimum	maximum	
		Attendance on theory classes 12 15			
	Attendance and activity on practicals 12 15				
	Written assay 5 10				
	First periodical evaluation 5 10				
	Second periodical evaluation 5 10				
	Third periodical evaluation 5 10				
		Fourth periodical evaluation	5	10	
	Final exam 11 20				
	Total: 60 100				
	Periodical evaluation (four): written				
Evaluation of	First periodical evaluation: Cattle production				
knowledge	Second periodical evaluation: Sheep and goat production				
	Third periodial evaluation: Pig production				
	Fourth periodial evaluation: Poultry and horse production				
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
	Final exam: oral				

Organization

* Besides attendance on theory classes and practicals additional condition for course teacher's signature at the end of the semester, is passing of periodical evaluations during the semester with up to 25% points gained per evaluation.

Final grade mark forming criteria:

Theory classes: 2 lessons a week

Grade mark
5 (Ф)
6 (E)
7 (Д)
8 (Ц)
9 (Б)
10 (A)

Basic teaching	1) С. Јовановиќ, Мила Савиќ, М. Вегара (2005): Сточарство (фармске животиње). Универзитет		
aids	у Београду, Факултет ветеринарске медицине.		
	2) Н. Митиќ, Ј. Ферчеј, Д. Зеремски, Љ. Лазаревиќ (1987): Говедарство (монографско дело).		
	Завод за уџбенике и наставна средства - Београд.		
	3) Т. Трајковски, Ѓ. Буневски (2006): Говедарство. Факултет за земјоделски науки и храна -		
	Скопје.		
	4) М. Крајиновиќ, С. Савиќ (1992): Овчарство и козарство. Универзитет у Новом Саду, Пољопривредни факултет.		
	5) М. Уремовиќ, З. Уремовиќ (1997): Свињогојство. Агрономски факултет Свеучилишта у		
	Sarpeбy.		
	6) Б. Супиќ, Н. Милошевиќ, Т. Чобиќ (2000): Живинарство. Универзитет у Новом Саду,		
	Пољопривредни факултет.		
	7) Н. Пејиќ (1996): Коњ (Ељуус Цабаллус). Пољопривредни факултет, Нови Сад.		
Additional	1) Р. Лазаревиќ (2003): Савремено говедарство. Универзитет у Новом Саду, Технолошки		
literature	факултет.		
	2) П. Цапут (1996): Говедарство. "Целебер" д.о.о Загреб.		
	3) Н. Козаровски (1998): Овчарство и козарство. Универзитет "Св. Климент Охридски"-		
	Битола, Виша земјоделска школа.		
	4) М. Петровиќ (2000): Генетика и оплемењивање оваца. ИТП Научна- Београд.		
	5) С. Митровиќ (1996): Врсте, расе и хибриди живине. Универзитет у Београду.		

Course	ANIMAL HYGIENE	6.5 credit points
Code	FVM 214	•
Year of study	Second (II)	
Semester	Third and Fourth (III and IV)	
Total teaching	90 (60+30)	
lessons	III semester 2+2 (30+30)	
	IV semester 1+1 (15+15)	
Course type	Compulsory	
Prerequisities		
Author of the	prof. Metodija Dodovski, PhD	
course program		
Realized by	prof. Cane Pejkovski, PhD	
Purpose and	Theory classes	
objectives of	The main purpose of the lectures from Anim	
the course	environmental influence and hygienic conditions	
program	The students, at this subject, will gain appropriate behavior and animal diseases in their complex interpolation also will create favorable hygienic conditions for their breeding and exploitation, maintaining health production and reproduction. Within this subject sanitation and diseases prevention during the an veterinary medicine would be competent for complete measures for biosecurity, disinfection, desifacilities. **Practicals** Introducing students with practical aspects of examination and assessment. Environment and a the facilities. Hygienic assessment of soil, water and domestic animal's species. In the second part of the dedicated to biosecurity measures and HACCP is practical application of hygienic and sanitary measures in animal husbandry, animal industry and diseases.	tractions with the surroundings (environment) and the animals to feel comfortable and throughout on highest level, with maximum possible levels of its framework, also attention would be paid on simal breeding process, so the future doctors of plete implementation, surveillance and control of insection and deratization in animal's housing of animal husbandry microclimate conditions nimal interaction, heat balance and ventilation in the dechnical - technological standards for different the practical lectures particular attention would be tandards on domestic animals farms, as well as sures (disinfection, desinsection and deratization)

No of teaching lessons	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit
1	Development, object and practical meaning of animal hygiene in animal husbandry	History, object, categorization and methods of animal hygiene
2	Ecology basic principles	Relations among living organisms and environment
3	The significance of sunlight in animal husbandry	Sunlight properties and its effects on an organism

No of teaching lessons	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit
4	Hygiene of the air	Properties and additives in air; Corpuscular pollution of air; Aerogenic infections prevention; Physical characteristics of air and noise
5	Hygiene of the soil	Importance and properties of the soil; Sanitary assessment of the soil and pollution protection
6	Hydrological – pedological relations in hygiene	Hydrological – pedological relations in hygiene
7	Water supplying and water hygiene	Importance and water resources; Water properties; Hygienic assessment of water; Cleaning and improving the water quality; Watering of animals and water management in husbandry
8	Organism and environment relation	Thermoregulation in animals; Effects of temperature and moisture of air; Falls; Time, adaptation and acclimatization; Aeroions and aeroinoization in animal husbandry
9	Feed and feeding hygiene	Nutritional matters in feeds; Deficit of certain components in feed; Prevention of lack of nutritional components; Feed additives, dietetic and therapeutic feeds and feeding; Aberration of quality and feed contamination; Poisonous herbs in animal feed – Basic and Special part
10	Hygienic assessment of feeds	Voluminous, grain, powder feeds, wastes and other products in industry; animal feeds and feed rations
11	Pasture hygiene and pasturing	Pasture hygiene and pasturing
12	General hygiene and technological principles in building of husbandry facilities	Basic principles; Building facilities for domestic animals; Hygienic principles in building parts of domestic animals objects. Microclimate and interior, equipment and mechanization in domestic animals objects.
13	Housing, breeding and cattle exploitation hygiene	Bio - climatology characteristics of cattle; Housing, breeding and exploitation of dairy cows; Reproduction facilities; Facilities for housing of young herd bulls, beef cattle, bulls, calves, department for sick cows; Open lots; Cattle housing system
14	Horse housing and breeding hygiene	Horse stalls and housing; Breeding hygiene and disease prevention
15	Swine housing and breeding hygiene	Bio – ecological characteristics; Reproduction center and offspring breeding; Hog facilities; Flooring space requirements; Housing conditions, climate and ventilation; Aberration in hygiene and technological regime and swine health
16	Sheep housing and breeding hygiene	Types of housing; Bio – ecological characteristics and sheep husbandry hygiene
17	Goat housing and breeding hygiene	Bio – ecology of goats and husbandry directions; Facilities for housing, hygiene and diseases prevention
18	Poultry housing and breeding hygiene	Bio – ecological characteristics and housing systems; Housing and breeding of chickens, turkeys, geese and ducks; Incubator's hygiene and incubation
19	Rabbits breeding hygiene	Rabbits breeding hygiene
20	Milking hygiene and prevention of mammary diseases	Milking hygiene; Milking faults; Mastitis prevention; Milk with high sanitary quality
21	Hygiene in breeding of young animals	The importance of colostrum; Hygiene in breeding of young animals
22	Hygiene in working animals	Hygiene in working horses and cattle
23	Hygiene of domestic animals transport	Transport of animals by rail, truck, ship and leading; Transport of one day chicks; Preventive – technological transport measures
24	Hygiene of animal body	Skin care; Clipping; Feet and hooves care
25	Hygienic – sanitary and preventive measures in animal husbandry	Manure and urine removal and exploitation; Cleaning and removal of waste water in animal production industry and slaughter houses; Save removal and use of carcasses and wastes
26	Disinfection	Types of disinfection means and procedures; Types of

No of teaching lessons	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit
		disinfection according application; Disinfection of facilities, equipment, objects and materials
27	Desinsection	Types of desinsection; Methods, ways and means for eradication of insects; Common insects and pests and their eradication; Desinsection of domestic animals facilities, warehouses, depots and food industry facilities; Desinsection tools and equipment
28	Deratization	Types, methods and procedures in deratization; Eradication of different rodent species
29	Deodoration	Deodoration
30	Application of chemical compounds for DDD and environmental protection	Application of chemical compounds for DDD and environmental protection

Practical	Title of practical	
No	The of prediction	
1	Relations between animals and environment	
2	Effects and determining of physical properties of air (temperature, moisture)	
3	Effects and determining of physical properties of air (air movement, pressure and noise)	
4	Effects and determining of chemical content of air	
5	Effects and determining of dust in the air	
6	Effects and determining of microorganisms in the air	
7	Types, methods and principals of ventilation	
8	Ventilation for certain species of domestic animals	
9	Determining of sun radiation and light in objects	
10	Heat balance of domestic animals	
11	Heat balance of domestic animals facilities	
12	Soil influence on domestic animals and environment	
13	Determining certain properties of soil (sampling, physical and chemical properties of soil)	
14	Determining certain properties of water (bacteriological examination, hygienic assessment and water	
	chlorination)	
15	Water influence on domestic animals and environment	
16	Practical aspects of domestic animals watering	
17	Determining some water properties	
18	Practical hygienic aspects for common animal species	
19	Biosecurity principles	
20	Biosecurity measures – practical examples	
21	Disinfection – mechanism, types and stages	
22	Disinfection methods	
23	Applied disinfection	
24	Desinsection – Common parasites and pests	
25	Desinsection – types and methods	
26	Integrated pest management – insects	
27	Biological – morphological characteristics of rodents	
28	Deratization methods	
29	Integrated pest management – rodents	
30	Equipment and protection during DDD	

Organization	III Semester	
	Theory classes: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)	
	Practicals: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)	
	IV Semester	
	Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)	
	Practicals: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)	
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the	
methods	students).	
	Practicals: practicals and other ways of work with smaller groups	
Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing ser		
	(assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work.	

Specific recommendations related with teaching

The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which are part of the final evaluation.

Scoring of the student's activities:

Activity type	Points	
Activity type	minimum	maximum
Attendance on theory classes	10	12
Attendance on practicals	7	9
Activity on theory classes	0	3
Activity on practicals	2	6
Written assay	6	10
Periodical evaluations – (theoretical part) 2 (1+1)	2x6 (12)	2x10 (20)
Periodical evaluations – (practical part) 2(1+1)	2x6(12)	2x10 (20)
Final exam	11	20
Total:	60	100

Prerequisite criteria:

- 1. Student has to gained up to 6 points (60%) from every periodical evaluation to gain confirmation that the such evaluation is passed and this points to be included in the course's total point score.
- 2. Right to go on final exam has a student who has got signature and has passed all periodical evaluations.
- 3. Student who during the semester has gained up to 60 points on any mode and if is satisfied with this result, he/she has right to choose to skip passing of final exam, and if he/she is not satisfied with the result, such student with the final exam can gain higher grade mark for this course.

Evaluation of knowledge

Periodical evaluation (two): written

First periodical evaluation (theoretical part): hygiene and ecology basics, microclimate conditions in domestic animal facilities, hygienic – technical principles in building of facilities in animal husbandry First periodical evaluation (practical part): microclimate conditions in domestic animal facilities, regulation of microclimate conditions, hygienic assessment of soil and water quality Second periodical evaluation (theoretical part): hygiene and sanitation in animal husbandry

Second periodical evaluation (theoretical part): hygiene and sanitation in animal husbandry Second periodical evaluation (practical part): biosecurity and practical aspects of disinfection,

desinsection and deratization **Final exam:** written or oral

Complete final exam: written or oral (includes one or two periodical evaluations)

Final grade mark forming criteria:

Points	Grade mark
to 59	5 (F)
60-68	6 (E)
69-76	7 (D)
77-84	8 (C)
85-92	9 (B)
93-100	10 (A)

Basic teaching aids

- 1. Маџиров Ж.: Зоохигиена, Скопје, 1997
- 2. Маџиров Ж.: Дезинфекција, дезинсекција и дератизација во сточарството и ветеринарната медицина, Скопје, 1999
- 3. Маџиров Ж.: Практикум по зоохигиена, Скопје, 1997
- 4. Раденковиќ Б.: Практикум из Зоохигијене, Београд, 1998
- 5. Христов С.: Зоохигијена, Београд, 2002
- 6. Асаі А.: Хигиіена на Фарми у околишу. Загреб. 2003
- 7. Нецоб Н. и Тодор С.: Ветеринарна хигиена, Софија, 1999
- 8. Асаі А.: Дезинфекција, Загреб, 2000
- 9. Асај А.: Дератизација у пракси, Загреб, 1999
- 10. Асај А.: Здравствена дезинсекција у настамбама и околишу, Загреб, 1999
- 11. Извадоци од стручна литература, интернет

Course	MICROBIOLOGY 9.0 credit points
Code	FVM 215
Year of study	Second (II)
Semester	Third and Fourth (III and IV)
Total teaching	120 (60 + 60)
lessons	III semester 2+2 (30+30)
	IV semester 2+2 (30+30)
Course type	Compulsory
Prerequisities	-
Authors of the	prof. Zdenko Markic, PhD
course program	prof. Slavcho Mrenoshki, PhD
Course program	ass. Iskra Cvetkovik, MSc
Realized by	prof. Slavcho Mrenoshki, PhD
	ass. Iskra Cvetkovik, MSc
Purpose and	The theory classes of this course cover the basic principles of veterinary microbiology as well
objectives of the	as the genetics from microbiological aspects. The course consists of several thematic fields.
course program	In the first one (virology and prions), studied in the third semester, the students will acquire
	general knowledge of the viruses as a structure, replication, interaction with the host cell,
	virulence etc., and will study the most important animal viruses divided by families and diseases
	that they cause. This part also covers the microbial genetics as well as practical application of
	genetic engineering. At the end, the basic principles of prion biology as well as the most
	important prion diseases are studied.
	In the second thematic field (bacteriology and mycology), studied in the fourth semester, the
	students will gain general knowledge of the bacteria which include structure, multiplication,
	nutrition and metabolism etc., as well as the most important bacteria from veterinary and
	zoonotic aspect and the diseases which they cause. In the second part of the lectures in this
	semester, the students will learn about the general properties of fungi and the most important diseases that they cause.
	After this course, the future Doctor of Veterinary Medicine will gain the basic knowledge of the
	pathogenic microorganisms, which is a necessary as a precondition for the future studies where
	the microbes will be studied through the diseases that they cause in domestic and wild animals.
	Also, with acquiring of the basics for microbe genetics and genetic engineering, students will
	obtain knowledge about usage of microbes in this interesting and increasingly utilized segment
	of the science.
	The practicals are also divided in two fields which arise from the previously mentioned.
	The laboratory practicals in the third semester are aimed to train the students with basic
	laboratory techniques for detection and diagnosis of viruses and prions, as well as the
	principles of diagnostics of the most important viral and prion diseases in particular animal
	species including field and laboratory aspects.
	The laboratory exercises in the fourth semester are aimed to train the students with basic
	laboratory techniques for detection and diagnosis of bacteria and fungi as, and the principles of
	diagnostics of the most important bacterial and fungal diseases in particular animal species
	including field and laboratory aspects.
	I meraning here and indefence y depocies

CONTENTS

Lectures

III SEMES	STER	Theme	Lessons
cs	1	Structure and composition of viruses. Classification and nomenclature. Replication of viruses.	2
ieti eri	2	Genetics.	2
yen	3	Genetic engineering.	2
y, g	viruses. 2 Genetics. 3 Genetic engineering. 4 Genetics and evolution of viruses. 5 Interaction virus-cell. 6 Mechanisms of infection and viral spread in the organism. Determinants of viral virulence and resistance/ susceptibility of the host organism. Pathogenesis of viral diseases. Viral oncogenesis (short overview of the most important oncogenic viruses). Prevention and control of viral diseases, vaccines and antiviral diseases.		2
og) c e			2
; virol	6	Mechanisms of infection and viral spread in the organism. Determinants of viral virulence and resistance/ susceptibility of the host organism.	2
Basic and g	7	Pathogenesis of viral diseases. Viral oncogenesis (short overview of the most important oncogenic viruses). Prevention and control of viral diseases, vaccines and antiviral drugs.	2

ONA viruses	8	POXVIRIDAE. Measels viruses. Myxoma virus. Orf virus (Ecthyma contagiosum). ASFAVIRIDAE and IRIDOVIRIDAE. African swine fever virus. ADENOVIRIDAE. Infectious canine hepatitis virus. Egg drop syndrome virus.	2
DNA	9	HERPESVIRIDAE. Infectious bovine rhinotracheitis virus (IBR/IPV). Pseudorabies virus (Morbus Aujeszki). Marek's disease virus. Infectious laryngotracheitis virus. PAPILLOMAVIRIDAE. Bovine papilomatosis virus. HEPADNAVIRIDAE.	2
	10	PARVOVIRIDAE. Feline panleucopenia virus. Canine parvovirus. Swine parvovirus. CIRCOVIRIDAE. Porcine circovirus type 2. REOVIRIDAE. Bluetongue virus. African horse sickness virus. Rotavirus A, B, C, D and E. BIRNAVIRIDAE. Infectious bursal disease virus (Gumboro disease).	2
RNA viruses	11	RETROVIRIDAE. Avian leucosis virus. Feline leukemia virus and feline sarcoma virus. Bovine leucosis virus. Equine infectious anemia virus. Feline immunodeficiency virus. <i>Maedi/Visna</i> virus.	2
	12	PARAMYXOVIRIDAE. Bovine parainfluenza virus 3. Canine distemper virus. Peste-despetits-ruminants virus. Newcastle disease virus. BORNAVIRIDAE. Borna disease virus. FILOVIRIDAE. RHABDOVIRIDAE. Rabies virus. Vesicular stomatitis virus. Viral hemorrhagic septicemia virus. Spring viremia of carp virus. BUNYAVIRIDAE. ARENAVIRIDAE.	2
	13	ORTOMYXOVIRIDAE . Influenza A virus (Equine influenza; Swine influenza, and Avian influenza). CORONAVIRIDAE . Transmissible gastroenteritis virus. Infectious bronchitis virus. ARTERIVIRIDAE . Equine arteritis virus. Porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome (PRRS) virus.	2
	14	PICORNAVIRIDAE . Foot-and-mouth disease virus. Swine vesicular disease virus. Porcine teschovirus 1 virus. CALICIVIRIDEA . Swine vesicular exanthema virus. Rabbit hemorrhagic disease virus. FLAVIVIRIDAE . Bovine viral diarrhea virus (<i>BVD</i>) – Mucosal disease. Classical swine fever virus. ASTROVIRIDAE . TOGAVIRIDAE .	2
Prions	15	VIRUSES IN BEES. Sacbrood virus. Acute bee paralysis virus. Chronic bee paralysis virus. PRIONS. Definition. Cell biology. Replication cycle. SPONGIFORM ENCEPHALOPATHIES. Scrapie. Bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE). Feline spongiform encephalopathy (FSE).	2

IV SEMESTER		Theme	Lessons
>	1	Morphology and classification of bacteria	2
riolog	2	Bacterial nutrition, growth, ecology and metabolism.	2
acte	3	Sterilization and disinfection	2
Basic bacteriology	4	Antimicrobial chemotherapy.	2
В	5	Interaction microorganism - animal. Bacterial genetics.	2
	6	Borrelia. Treponema. Brachyspira. Leptospira. Helicobacter.	2
	7	Campylobacter. Lawsonia. Bartonella. Brucella. Neisseria.	2
ology	8	Bordetella. Taylorella. Dichelobacter. Francisella. Moraxella. Pseudomonas. Burkholderia. Aeromonas.	2
teri	9	Salmonella. Proteus. Escherichia.	2
Special bacteriology	10	Yersinia. Bacteroides. Fusobacterium. Pasteurella. Mannheimia. Haemophillus. Actinobacillus. Riemerella.	2
bec	11	Staphylococcus. Streptococcus. Micrococcus. Bacillus. Paenibacillus. Clostridium.	2
S	12	Lactobacillus. Listeria. Erysipelotrix. Actynomices. Actinobaculum. Arcanobacterium. Dermatophilus. Rhodococcus. Nocardia. Corynebacterium.	2
	13	Mycobacterium. Mycoplasma. Rickettsialles. Coxiella. Ordo Chlamydiales.	2
yc ol	14	GENERAL MYCOLOGY. Candida albicans. Cryptococcus neoformans. Malassezia pachydermatis.	

	Aspergillus.	Penicillium.	Dermatophytes	(Microsporum.	Trichopyton).	Coccidioides	
15		<i>dasii. Histoplas</i> and mycotoxid	sma capsulatum. B coses.	Blastomyces dern	natitidis. Sporoth	nrix schenckii.	2

Practicals

III SEMESTER		Theme	Lessons
rology	1	Introduction in laboratory diagnosis of viruses. Laboratory biosecurity. Collection, packing and transport of samples for virology testing. Receiving of samples in the laboratory.	2
έ	2	Direct identification of viruses (Electron microscopes, Immunoelectron microscope).	1
ni sbc	3	Direct identification of viral antigens (Immunofluorescence, Immunohistochemistry-Immunoperoxidase, ELISA, Immunodifusion).	2
metho	4	Direct identification of viral nucleic acid (Hybridization methods – Dot blot technique, In situ hybridization, Southern blot hybridization, PCR).	2
Ş	5	Isolation of viruses (Cell culture, Embryonated chicken eggs, Laboratory animals).	2
ato	6	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1
labora	7	Detection of viral antibodies – serological diagnosis I (processing of sera for serology, ELISA, Serum Neutralization Test, Immunoblot).	2
Basic laboratory methods in virology	8	Detection of viral antibodies – serological diagnosis II (Indirect immunofluorescence, Inhibition of Hemagglutination, Immunodifusion). Interpretation of virology laboratory results.	2
nal ases	9	Diagnosis of viral diseases in cattle.	2
y anir n disea	10	Diagnosis of viral diseases in sheep and goats.	2
ases t	11	Diagnosis of viral diseases in pigs.	2
al dise nosis (12	Diagnosis of viral diseases in horses.	2
of vira	13	Diagnosis of viral diseases in dogs and cats.	2
Diagnosis of viral diseases by animal species and diagnosis of prion diseases	14	Diagnosis of viral diseases in poultry.	2
Diag	15	Laboratory diagnosis of prion diseases.	2

IV SEMESTER		Theme	Lessons
. <u>⊆</u>	1	Introduction in laboratory diagnosis of bacteria and fungi. Laboratory biosecurity. Collection, packing and transport of samples for bacteriology testing. Acceptance of samples in the laboratory. Practical aspects of sterilization.	2
spou	2	Microscopy of bacteria.	2
Basic laboratory methods bacteriology	3	Isolation of bacteria.	2
boratory me bacteriology	4	Biochemical assessment of bacteria. Biological experiment.	2
asic lat	5	Typing by antimicrobial resistance/susceptibility. Antibiotic susceptibility test.	2
Ba	6	Practical application of serological and molecular methods in diagnosis of bacterial infections.	2
	7	Mastitis.	2

s by	8	Diagnosis of fungal diseases and mycotoxicoses.	2
seases	9	Diagnosis of bacterial and fungal diseases in cattle.	2
and fungal diseases species	10	Diagnosis of bacterial and fungal diseases in sheep and goats.	2
and fung species	11	Diagnosis of bacterial and fungal diseases in pigs.	2
bacterial a animal s	12	Diagnosis of bacterial and fungal diseases in horses.	2
of bac a	13	Diagnosis of bacterial and fungal diseases in dogs.	2
Diagnosis	14	Diagnosis of bacterial and fungal diseases in cats.	2
Diaç	15	Diagnosis of bacterial and fungal diseases in poultry.	2

ORGANIZATION, EVALUATION AND LITERATURE

Organization	Theory classes: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons per semester, total 60) Practicals: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons per semester, total 60) Attendance on every lecture i.e. practical takes 0.5 points.			
Teaching methods	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the students). Practicals: practicals and other ways of work with smaller groups Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work (assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work.			
Specific recommendations related with teaching	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which are part of the final evaluation.			
	Scoring of the student's activities:			
	Activity type	Poi		
		minimum	maximum	
	Attendance on theory classes	12 12	15 15	
	Attendance on practicals	12	15	
	Written assay	15	30	
	Periodical evaluations - lectures (4) Periodical evaluations - practicals (4)	11	20	
	Final exam	10	20	
	Total:	60	100	
Evaluation of	Prerequisite criteria: * For being able to pass the final exam student has to gain up to 51 points from the classes and practicals and the periodical evaluations. Periodical evaluations			
knowledge	 Total – eight, four in each semester, answered in writing Each evaluation from THEORY CLASSES contains 30 questions and each question gives 0.25 points (maximum 7.5 points by evaluation) Each evaluation from PRACTICALS contains 20 questions and each question gives 0.25 points (maximum 5 points by evaluation) The questions are answered by circling the correct answer from several offered and/or by filling in the gaps in the text. Theory classes: First periodical evaluation - Basic virology (III semester, themes 1-7) Second periodical evaluation - DNA viruses, RNA viruses, prions (III semester, themes 8-15) Third periodical evaluation - Basic bacteriology and part of special bacteriology (IV semester, themes 1-8) Fourth periodical evaluation - Part of special bacteriology and mycology (IV semester, themes 9-15) 			

Practicals:

- First periodical evaluation Basic laboratory methods in virology (III semester, themes 1-8)
- Second periodical evaluation Diagnosis of viral diseases by animal species and diagnosis of prion diseases (III semester, themes 9-15)
- Third periodical evaluation Basic laboratory methods in bacteriology and mastitis (IV semester, themes 1-7)
- Fourth periodical evaluation Diagnosis of bacterial and fungal diseases by animal species (IV semester, topics 8-15)

There is a possibility for **amendatory periodical evaluations**, which can be taken by the end of the third/fourth semester, after the regular periodical evaluations, but before the final exam. The student can choose one periodical evaluations (usually the one with the least points), but the points from the chosen evaluation (taken regular) are deleted.

Final exam: written.

The total points of the final exam are 20, which can be gained with revision of knowledge that in the final exam comprises the whole material.

In accordance with that the grading is divided in four thematic entireties and every entirety can bring maximum 5 points. The thematic entireties are

I = Basic virology, genetics, genetic engineering and prions (Theory class number from third semester: 1,2,3,4,5,6,7 and partially 15)

II = DNA and RNA viruses (Theory class number from third semester: 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and partially 15);

III = Basic bacteriology and mycology (Theory class number from fourth semester:1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 14 and 15) and

IV = Special bacteriology (Theory class number from fourth semester: 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12 and 13).

On the final exam the student gains points which are added to the previously gained points during the course, but with limitations of points by thematic entirety. For example, if on the final exam in June, the student gains 5 points from the first thematic entirety, in the next term (September), he/she cannot gain any more points from that entirety. Or if in the first final exam he/she gains 3 points in the next term, the student cannot gain more than 2 points from that entirety.

Final grade mark forming criteria:

Points	Grade mark
to 59,75	5 (F)
60,00 - 66,75	6 (E)
67,00 – 72,75	7 (D)
73,00 - 79,75	8 (C)
80,00 - 89,75	9 (B)
90.00 - 100	10 (A)

Basic teaching aids

- 1. Lectures in form of PowerPoint presentation (in electronic and/or printed form)
- 2. Manuals for practicals prepared by the department
- 3. Talaro, K. and Talaro, A. (1996). Foundations in Microbiology (2nd Ed.) Times Mirror Higher education Group, Inc.
- 4. Murphy, A., Gibbs, E.P.J., Horzinek, M.C. and Studdert, M.J. (1999). Veterinary virology (3rd Ed.). Academic press.
- ICTVdB The Universal Virus Database of the International Committee on Taxonomy of Viruses (http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/ICTVdb/)
- G.R. Carter, D.J. Wise and E.F. Flores (Eds.) A Concise Review of Veterinary Virology (http://www.ivis.org/advances/Carter/toc.asp)
- 7. Quinn P.J., Carter, M.E., Markey, B.K. and Carter, G.R.(1994). Clinical Veterinary Microbiology. Mosby-Year Book Europe Limited.
- Naglic, T., Hajsig, D., Madic, J. i Pinter, Lj. Veterinaska mikrobiologija, Specijalna bakteriologija i mikologija. Udzbenici sveucilista u zagrebu, 2005.

Course	RURAL ECONOMY	2.0 credit points		
Code	FVM 216			
Year of study	Second (II)			
Semester	Third (III)			
Total teaching	30 (20+10)			
lessons				
Course type	Compulsory			
Prerequisities	-			
Author of the	prof. Blagica Sekovska, PhD			
course program				
Realized by	prof. Blagica Sekovska, PhD			
Purpose and	Theory classes			
objectives of the				
course program	with economy issues, and the importance of the a from the economy is necessary. The students wou well as with basic principles of the economy, with a functioning of small agriculture companies and economic activities. Also, this course has to allow to the students to re economy, and the place and role of the veterinary practicals The practical have to obtain support to the theory some topics from the practical aspect, via different hypothetic situations and problem solving, making benefits of the company as the risk analysis, continued to the students of the company as the risk analysis, continued to the students with the students of the company as the risk analysis, continued to the students with the students with the students of the students with the stu	o, this course has to allow to the students to realize their responsibility as a part of the national nomy, and the place and role of the veterinary profession in the total economy. cticals practical have to obtain support to the theory classes and to provide additional elaboration of the topics from the practical aspect, via different teaching methods, as dramatization of some othetic situations and problem solving, making different economic analyses about the economic efits of the company as the risk analysis, cost-benefit analysis, discussions on some topics resting for the students etc. Practicals include also the visit of a company in rural region where		

THEORY CLASSES

No of lessons	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit
1	Introduction	What is economy. Why veterinarians need knowledge of main economy issues. Basic principles of economy.
2-3	Rural economy	What is rural economy, what is the role of the economy in agriculture. Why is economy important for the veterinarians. Main terms in rural economy.
4-5	Production factors	Soil, workforce and capital, their features in the rural economy.
6-7	Agrarian policy	Basis of agrarian policy. Common agrarian policy of EU, agrarian policy measures, meaning of the agrarian policy for veterinary service.
8-9	Theory of production	Theory of agricultural production and frame product.
10-11	Production intensity	Large and small productions – advantages and lacks.
12-13	Agricultural company	Basis and nature of the company. Features of the agricultural company.
14-15	Characteristics and development of the rural economy in Republic of Macedonia	Land capacities, organizational structure, types of mechanization, workforce and other features important for the veterinarians.
16-17	Role of the rural economy in national economy	Production of food, production of raw materials, contribution in forming of national income.
18-19	Agricultural products market	Market mechanism, supply and demand analysis. Basis and classification of the market.
20	Rural economy as a factor of the sustained development	Development of rural economy. Basis of sustainability. Contribution of the rural economy in the total national economy.

No of lessons	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit
1	Rural economy	Case study
2	Production factors	Examples and practicals supported with graphics.

3	Drop income theory	Practicals for explanation of one of the more important theories in the rural economy.
4-5	Agrarian policy	Case study and comparative analysis of EU and Republic of Macedonia.
6	Visit of farm or other agriculture company	Practical explanation of the main part of the theory classes about company.
7	Economic evaluation of the company's gain	Economy, productivity, rentability and economical efficiency.
8	Rural economy regulatory instruments obtained by the government	National income, aggregate demand, unemployment, inflation, fiscal and monetary policy
9	Risk analysis and cost-benefit analysis	Practicals with main analyses of company's gain.
10	Management of a farm	Elaboration of the main principles of farm managing.

Organization	Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)					
	Practicals: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)					
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures with discussion and active participation of the students).					
methods	Practicals: practicals with dramatization of situation, case study, presentation of some teaching units by the students, discussion about topics of interest and other ways of work in smaller groups					
			ning with use of referent literat		preparing semina	ar work
Specific			entation and discussion about the steed for active participation in all pre		r gaining points wh	ich ara
recommendations		the final evalu		edicted activities to	i gairiirig poirits wii	ich ale
related with	part or	ille IIIIai evalu	ation.			
teaching	Scorin	a of the stud	ent's activities:			
touoming		9 01 0110 0000		-	Points	
			Activity type	minimum	maximum	
		Attendance	on theory classes	10	12	
			and activity (knowledge) on	10	14	
		practicals	, ,			
		Written ass	ay	10	14	
		Periodical e	evaluations (two)	15(x2)=30	30(x2)=60	
		Final exam		O	otional	
		Total:		60	100	
	up to 25% points gained per evaluation. * Final exam is predicted on written request of the student if he/she want to gain grade mark higher than one which was gained with his/her previous activities. Student who did not pass one of the periodical evaluations during the semester goes to one of the periodical evaluation during the exam sessions.					
Evaluation of	Period	ical evaluatio	on (two): written			
knowledge			ation: - general part			
			aluation: - special part			
	Final exam: not predicted					
Complete final exam: optional						
	Final o	rade mark fo	rming criteria:			
	9	,	Points	Grade mark		
			to 59	5 (F)		
			60-68	6 (E)		
			69-76	7 (D)		
			77.04			
			77-84	8 (C)		
			85-92			
				8 (C)		
Basic teaching	1.		85-92 93-100 агица Сековска: Авторизирани п	8 (С) 9 (В) 10 (А) редавања за Рура	ална економија, R	Realized
Basic teaching aids		bуни во пер	85-92 93-100 агица Сековска: Авторизирани пиодот од 2006 до денес на FVM-	8 (С) 9 (В) 10 (А) редавања за Рура С	-	Realized
	2.	bуни во пер Доналд Д. К	85-92 93-100 агица Сековска: Авторизирани п	8 (С) 9 (В) 10 (А) редавања за Рура С , ТРИ, Скопје, 200	9	Realized
	1.		85-92 93-100 агица Сековска: Авторизирани п	8 (С) 9 (В) 10 (А) редавања за Рура	ална економија, R	Realized

Јосип Деффилипис: Економика полјопривреде, Загреб, 2002
 Слободан Цераниќ: Планиранје у агробизнису, Београд, 2007

5. Благица Сековска: Маркетинг менаџмент на анимални производи, Скопје 2008

Course	IMMUNOLOGY	2.0 credit points
Code	FVM 217	
Year of study	Second (II)	
Semester	Third (III)	
Total teaching lessons	30 (20 + 10)	
Course type	Compulsory	
Prerequisities	-	
Authors of the course program	prof. Zdenko Markic, PhD prof. Slavcho Mrenoshki, PhD ass. Iskra Cvetkovik, MSc	
Realized by	prof. Slavcho Mrenoshki, PhD ass. Iskra Cvetkovik, MSc	
Purpose and objectives of the course program	Theory classes. This course is about the main prin system in animals and humans. The features of the structural and functional aspects of the immune system involved in the innate and acquired i.e. humoral and the organism on the infection with pathogenic microthe principles of vaccination, transplantation, turn which includes hypersensitivity reactions, autoimmul Practicals included in this course have aim to intechniques for detection and diagnosis of the infection	immune response would be elaborated on the stem. Special attention is given on mechanisms cellular immune response within the reaction of organisms. Also, subject of this course are both or immunology, as well as immunopathology, ne diseases and immunodefficiencies.

Contents

THEORY CLASSES

No	Theme	Lessons
1	Three lines of defense. Participants in the immune response. Main features of the immune response. Immune system – development and structure. Blood and blood elements.	2
2	Organs and tissues of the immune system. Lymphocytes and immune system duality. Antigens.	2
3	Antibodies.	2
4	T lymphocytes. Histocompatibility antigens. Mother-fetus relationship during gravidity. Immunotholerance. Control of the immune response.	2
5	Complement. Serological reactions. Innate immunity.	
6	Acquired immunity.	2
7	Immunity against bacterial infections. Immunity against viral infections. Immunity against fungal infections. Immunity against parasite invasions. Tumor immunology.	
8		
9	71 7 97	
10	Immunodeficiency. Immunomodulation.	

No	Theme	Lessons
1	Introduction in serological reactions. Radioimmunoassays.	1
2	Immunofluorescency assays.	1
3	Enzyme-linked immunoassays.	1
4	Precipitation. Antibody titration.	1
5	Agglutination.	1
6	Virus hemagglutination and inhibition of hemagglutination.	1
7	Complement-fixation test.	1
8	Assays performed in live systems (neutralization and preventive assays).	1
9	Cellular immune response detection tests.	1
10	Diagnostic application of the immunoassays.	1

Organization	Theory classes: 2 lessons a week (20 lessons)

Practicals: 2 lessons a week (10 lessons) Attendance on every lesson takes 1 point. Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the Teaching methods students). Practicals: practicals and other ways of work with smaller groups Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work (assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work. Specific The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which recommendations are part of the final evaluation. related with Scoring of the student's activities: teaching **Points Activity type** maximum minimum Attendance on theory classes 20 16 Attendance on practicals 10 8 Written assay Periodical evaluations - lectures (two) 15 30 Periodical evaluations - practicals (two) 20 11 Final exam 10 20 Total: 100 60 Prerequisite criteria: For being able to pass the final exam student has to gain up to 51 points from theory classes and practicals and the periodical evaluations. Evaluation of Periodical evaluation (four): written knowledge Theory classes: First periodical evaluation - Themes nos. 1-5 Second periodical evaluation - Themes nos. 6-10 Practicals: First periodical evaluation – Themes nos. 1-5 Second periodical evaluation - Themes nos. 6-10 There is a possibility for amendatory periodical evaluations, which can be taken by the end of the third/fourth semester, after the regular periodical evaluations, but before the final exam. The student can choose one periodical evaluations (usually the one with the least points), but the points from the choosen evaluation (taken regular) are deleted. Final exam: Written. The total points of the final exam are 20, which can be gained with revision of knowledge that in the final exam comprises the whole material. In accordance with that the grading is divided in three thematic entireties and every entirety can bring maximum these points: - Thematic entirety I = 7 points (theory classes nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4) - Thematic entirety II = 7 points (theory classes nos. 5, 6 and 7) - Thematic entirety III = 6 points (theory classes nos. 8, 9 and 10)

On the final exam the student gains points which are added to the previously gained points during the course, but with limitations of poems by thematic entirety. For example, if on the final exam in June, the student gains 7 points from the first thematic entirety, in the next term (September), he/she cannot gain any more points from that entirety. Or if in the first final exam he/she gains 3 points in the next term, the student cannot gain more than 4 points from that entirety.

Final grade mark forming criteria:

Points	Grade mark
to 59,5	5 (F)
60,0 - 66,5	6 (E)
67,0 - 72,5	7 (D)
73,0 - 79,5	8 (C)
80,0 - 89,5	9 (B)
90,5 - 100	10 (A)

Basic teaching aids

- 1. Lectures in form of PowerPoint presentation (in electronic and/or printed form)
- 2. Manual for practicals prepared by the department
- 3. Naglic, T. i Hajsig, D. Veterinarska imunologija. Skolska knjiga, Zagreb, 1993.
- Talaro, K. and Talaro, A. Foundations in microbiology (2nd Ed.). Times Mirror Higher education Group, Inc., 1996.
- 5. Tizard, I.R., Veterinary Immunology, An Introduction (Fifth Edition). W.B. Saunders

0	4000
Company.	1996.

Course	PATHOPHYSIOLOGY	9.5 credit points
Code	FVM 311	·
Year of study	Third (III)	
Semester	Fifth and Sixth (V and VI)	
Total teaching	120 (60+60)	
lessons	V semester 2+2 (30+30)	
	VI semester 2+2 (30+30)	
Course type	Compulsory	
Prerequisities		
Authors of the	prof. Igor Ulchar, PhD	
course	ass. Irena Celeska, MSc	
program		
Realized by	prof. Igor Ulchar, PhD	
	ass. Irena Celeska, MSc	
Purpose and	Theory classes	
objectives of	Pathophisiology is upgrade of the knowledge acqui	
the course		of animals, Histology with embryology, Nutrition of
program		ology and Immunology at it is parallel with such exicology and Parasitology and parasitic diseases.
		ich are very important for gaining over veterinary
	Short curriculum: Introduction to pathophysiology and etiologic factors. Disorders of content pathophisiology of the blood and blood elements (red blood cells, white blood cells, plately hemostasis). Disorder of individual organic systems (heart and blood vessels; metabolist gastrointestinal system, liver and exocrine pancreas; respiratory system; urinary system; endocr system; immunology system; thermoregulation; neuromusculatory system; locomotory system Reaction of the organism caused by pathological process (biological mediators, stress-syndrom inflammation, shock). Pathophisiology of malignant processes. Congenital anomalies in domesting animals. Practicals The subject of practicals are laboratory methods for determination the changes in pathophisiology processes (clinical pathology): hematology disorders, metabolic disorders, disorder in cardiovasculintestinal and respiratory systems, clinical enzymatology, tests for determination of hepatocelum.	
	disorders, exocrine pancreas, renal failure, urinal tumors immunology, blood group typing, basic princ	ysis, endocrinology tests, metabolic profile tests,

THEORY CLASSES

No of lessons	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit
1.	Introduction to pathophysiology. Etiologic factors	Introduction to pathophysiology. Relation between health and disease. Ethological factors: congenital (genetic), physical, chemical, biological.
2.	Disorders of cell.	Disorders in cell membrane. Structural and functional mitochondrial disorders. Functional lysosomal disorders. Cell integral reaction in injury. Cell death.
34.	Pathophisiology of blood	Disorders in plasma volume. Blood physic-chemical disorders. Blood composition disorders. Disorders of blood protein.
56.	Disorders in red blood cells function.	Anemias. Polycytemias.
78.	Disorders in white blood cells function.	Morphological and functional disorder in individual type of white blood cells. White blood cells disorders, complete cell count and individual type of white blood cells. Leukemias.
910.	Haemostatic disorders.	Coagulation disorders (coagulopathies). Functional platelet disorders. Qualitative platelet disorders.
1113.	Disorders in heart function	Disorders in heart conductive system (nomotopic, heterotopic, disorders in impulse conduction). Myocardial disorders (pressure and volume overload, hypertrophy of heart, circulatory failure, cardiomyopathies). Endocardial disorders. Pericardial disorders.

14.	Disorders in blood vessels.	Hemodynamic in arterial pressure. Systemic arterial hypertension. Aneurisms. Atherosclerosis.
1521.	Metabolic disorders.	Metabolic disorders in farm animals: production diseases; nutrition deficiencies, (energy, proteins, minerals, vitamins). Metabolic disorders in dogs and cats: Polyphagia with weight loss; Obesity; hyper and hypoglycemia; diabetes mellitus; diabetic ketoacidosis; hyperlipidemia; electrolytic disorders.
2326.	Disorders in gastrointestinal system.	Clinical manifestation in gastrointestinal disorders. Disorder in taking food. Chewing disorder. Swelling disorder. Esophagus obstruction. Colic syndrome in horses. Gastric dilatation in horses. Gastric (gastro duodenal) ulcers in foals. Intestine obstruction in horses. Intestine meteorismus in horses. Arteriris verminosa mesentricus (trombomebolic colic). Obstruction of bowl intestine in horses. Gastritis/abomasitis. Gastric ulcers. Enteritis (with malabsorption, entheropathy and diarrhea). Nutrition diarrhea. Indigestion of proventricles. Rumen overloading. Rumen meteorismus. Reticuloperitonitis traumatica and consequent diseases. Left dislocation of abomasum. Peritonitis.
2730.	Disorders in function of liver and exocrine pancreas	Disorders in liver function: Hepatic insufficiency. Jaundice (icterus). Disorders in carbohydrate metabolism. Disorders in protein metabolism in hepatic insufficiency. Hepatitis. Disorders in function of exocrine pancreas: Acute pancreatitis. Exocrine pancreas failure

VI Sellies		
3134.	Disorders in respiratory system	Pulmonal volumes and capacities. Airways protective mechanisms. Alveolar ventilation. Disorders in alveolar ventilation. Diseases of lungs (obstructive, restrictive). Disorders in respiratory rhythm and irregular respiration. Impact of the oxygen partial pressure in the inspired air. Respiratory problems in neonates.
3539.	Disorders in urinary system	Glomerular renal diseases (glomerulopathies): glomerulonephritis, amyloidosis. Tubular and interstitial renal diseases: tubulointerstitial nephritis, pyelonephritis. Renal oedema. Renal insufficiency (acute, chronical). Disorders in urine volume and contents. Disorders in function of lower urinary tract.
4042.	Endocrine disorders	Introduction. Relation between endocrine and nervous system. Hypothalamus and hypophiseal functional disorders. Parathyroid disorders. Thyroid disorders. Endocrine pancreas disorders. Suprarenal disorders.
43.46.	Endogenous biological active substances in pathophisiological processes	Biogenic amines. Plasmakinin system. Complement. Prostaglandins and leucotrienes. Renin-angiotensine system. Growth factors. Cytokines, lymphokines and monokines. Gastrointestinal hormones and neuropeptides. Atrial natriuretic peptide. Endothelin and nitrogen monoxide.
4748.	Syndrome of general adaptation (Stress-syndrome). Inflammation.	Syndrome of general adaptation: organism reactivity; Somatic changes in stress; Effectors systems in stress response; Disorders in regulation systems in stress response. Inflammation: Acute inflammation; Chronical inflammation.
4950.	Shock (collapse). Pathophisiology of pain.	Shock: main disorders in circulatory shock; pathogenesis of collapse conditions; Pathophisiological basis of circulatory collapse; Effect of circulatory collapse on organism level; Manifestation of circulatory collapse in individual organs. Pathophisiology of pain: pain receptors and pain causes; Control in pain sense; neuropathic pain.
5152.	Disorders of the immune system	Hypersensitive reaction. Autoimmune diseases. Primary immune deficiency.
53.	Disorders of thermoregulation	Maintenance of thermoregulatory homeostasis. Hyperthermia.
5455.	Neuromusculatory disorders.	Principles of neuromusculatory disorders. Manifestations of neurological disease. Diffuse disease of brain. Disease of meanings. Toxical and metabolic encephalopathy. Psychosis and neurosis. Epilepsy. Diseases of spinal cord. Myopathy. Myositis.
56.	Disorders of bones and joints.	Osteodistrophia. Osteomyelitis. Arthropathy. Arthritis and synovitis.
5758.	Pathophisiology of malignant processes.	Carcinogenesis. Ethiopathogenic factors of cell malignant transformation. Malignant cells. Relation between tumor and organism.
5960.	Congenital anomalies in domestic animals.	Disease caused by chromosomal abnormalities. Congenital metabolic disease. Congenital defects of digestive, circulatory and musculoskeletal

PRACTICALS

V Semester

No of								
No of	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit							
lessons								
1.	Definition and basically principles of veterinary clinical pathology. Factors which have impact on laboratory							
	result: Biological and analytical factors (pre instrumental, instrumental, post instrumental).							
2.	Clinical application of tests results. Reference values. Measurement units. Test validation.							
3.	Blood sampling, equipment of blood sampling, anticoagulants.							
4.	Laboratory instruments and equipment.							
56.	Electrolytes and acid base balance: composition of body fluids, abnormalities of serum concentration of							
	sodium, potassium and chlorides; determination of acid base balance.							
78.	Hematological tests - hemogram; packed cell volume and total proteins; red blood cells count, hemoglobin,							
	white blood cells differential count, platelet count, morphology and MPV; histograms, estimation of blood							
	smears.							
9.	Red blood cell disorder: polycythemia (erythrocytosis) and types of anemia.							
1011.	White blood cells: type of white blood cells – function and interpretation of white blood cells blood changes.							
1213.	Hemostasis: normal hemostasis, clinical signs of hemostatic disorder, sampling and keeping.							
14.	Bone marrow – sampling and interpretation: indication and contraindication, sampling, estimation of cell lines;							
	erythropoiesis, megacariopoiesis, myelopoiesis.							
1518.	Cardiovascular disorder and irregular distribution of body fluids.							
19.	Glucoses: physiological features and measurement; abnormalities.							
20.	Lipids: physiological features and measurement; abnormalities. Ketone bodies: types and increasing reason.							
21.	Proteins: physiological features. Measurement: serum proteins and electrophoresis; abnormalities in serum							
	protein concentration. Fibrinogen.							
22.	Minerals: macroelements and oligoelements							
2326.	Gastrointestinal disorders. Ruminal microflora examination.							
27.	Clinical enzymatology, liver enzymes, hepatogram.							
2829.	Liver. Tests for determination of hepatocelullar injury, cholestasis and liver disfunction.							
30.	Disorders of exocrine pancreas.							
	ı							

***************************************	10.								
3134.	Respiratory disorders.								
3536.	Clinical examination of renal function.								
3739.	Urinalysis, physical characteristic of urine, physic-chemical characteristic, chemical characteristic,								
	determination of glucosuria, proteinuria, examination of organize and non organize urine sediment.								
4042.	Endocrinological tests: thyroid hormones, corticosteroids; other hormones: parathyroid, insulin, growth								
	hormone.								
4344.	Metabolic profile tests.								
4546.	Immunology of tumors.								
4748.	Inflammation.								
4950.	Shock.								
5152.	Blood types and transfusiology: systems of blood types, typisation of blood types and cross reactions;								
	definition, indications for transfusiology.								
53.	Immune disorders.								
54.	Muscle: tests for myocytic injury and myocytic activity.								
55.	Neurological disorders								
56.	Introduction in clinical cytology: samples; sample handling, advantages and limitations, characteristic of								
	benign lesions, (inflammation, hematoma, lypoma, cysts, syalocele).								
57.	Cytology of tissue mass and organs. Analysis of body fluids: transudate, modified transudate, exudates,								
	neoplastic effusions, other (hemoperitoneum, uroperitoneum, chilus)								
58.	Cytology of neoplastic masses: benign neoplasm; cytological criteria of malignancy. Lymph node cytology.								
59.	Cytology of cerebrospinal fluid (CSF), synovial fluids and effusions.								
60.	Sampling procedures.								

Organization	Theory classes: V semester 2 lessons a week (30 lessons) and VI semester 2 lessons a week
	(30 lessons) = Total 60 lessons
	Practicals: V semester 2 lessons a week (30 lessons) and VI semester 2 lessons a week (30
	lessons) = Total 60 lessons

	T 		241 - 12									
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the											
methods	students). Practicals: practicals and other ways of work with smaller groups											
	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work											
					paring semin	ar work						
On a sifi s		(assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work. The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which										
Specific												
recommendations		art of the final evaluation.										
related with	Scoring of the Stu	of the student's activities:										
teaching		Activity type			_							
	Attendan			minimum 0	maximum							
		ce on theory classes		8	10							
		ce and activity (knowledge)	on practicals	8	10							
	Written as			0	5							
		l evaluation 1		5	10							
		l evaluation 2		5	10							
		l evaluation 3		5	10							
		l evaluation 4		5	10							
	Practical			10	15							
	Final exa	m		10	20							
	Total:		C (I	56	100							
		not gain 5 points on some o										
		not passed, and student has a										
		emester. For being able to go			gain up to s	or points						
Evaluation of	Periodical evaluat	sses and practicals and the fo	ur periodicai eva	aluations.								
knowledge		luation: lessons nos. 1-10										
Kilowieuge		evaluation: lessons nos. 11-30	1									
		aluation: lessons nos. 31-50										
		valuation: lessons nos. 51-60										
	T durin periodical ex	Valdation: 10000115 1100: 01 00										
	Final exam: whole	material										
	Final grade mark f	forming criteria:										
		Points	Grade	mark								
		to 59	5 (I									
		60-68	6 (1									
		69-76	7 ([•								
		77-84	8 (0									
		85-92	9 (
		93-100	10 (•								
Basic teaching	1. Патолошка	а физиологија - предавања	•	,	 .оц. д-р Игоп	Улчар.						
aids	2008;	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i		į. ···/, E								
	,	а физиологија - практикум	і (авторизиран	на скрипта)	, помл. ас.	Ирена						
		Целеска, 2008;										
		а фи́зиологија на цицачи и п	тици, проф. д-г	о Јосиф Тос	евски, 2005;							
		диски речник по патофизио										
	Улчар, 2005;											

Course	PHARMACOLOGY	11 credit points
Code	FVM 312	
Year of study	Third (III)	
Semester	Fifth and Sixth (V and VI)	
Total teaching	135 (75+60)	
lessons	V semester 2+2 (30+30)	
	VI semester 3+2 (45+30)	
Course type	Compulsory	
Prerequisities		
Author of the	prof. Romel Velev, PhD	
course program		
Realized by	prof. Romel Velev, PhD	
Purpose and	Theory classes of course Pharmacology aim to	introduce students with the structure, mode of
objectives of the	action and pharmacokinetics of the individual gro	
course program	safe and efficient use; ethical, environmental imp	olications and implications on human health from

use of veterinary medicines for the student to be able to demonstrate their knowledge and understanding of pharmacology as a basis for the study and practice of clinical veterinary medicine. In this way the future doctor of veterinary medicine will be allowed to acquire: knowledge to identify the indications for medical intervention; ability to select the most appropriate drug (or drugs) indicated for a particular disease or pathological condition, ability to use the drug at optimal dose and prescribed dosage regimen, the ability to provide advice and application of appropriate treatment in individual life or group of animals, ability to give advice on preventive veterinary medicine, including promoting optimal health and production.

Practicals of the course Pharmacology aim to introduce students with correct prescribing, dispensing, safe storage and safe removal of drugs, to acquaint students with various pharmaceutical forms of drugs and their characteristics; to introduce future doctors of veterinary Medicine for the sources of data on licensed drugs and illustrates some abstract theoretical concepts through simple laboratory experiments.

THEORY CLASSES

V Semester

No of	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit							
lessons									
	L PHARMACOLOGY (18 lesson								
1- 2	INTRODUCTION TO THE COURSE	Historic development of pharmacology. Definition, range and subject of studying of pharmacology.							
3-4	ORIGIN OF DRUGS AND DEFINIOTION OF DRUG	Origin and nature of drugs. Definition of drug and poison. Contemporary discovering of new drugs. Registration of veterinary drugs in Republic of Macedonia.							
5-6	PHARMOACOTHERAPY, DOSES AND DRUG DOSING	Pharmacotherapy and types of pharmacotherapy. Doses, drug dosing and factors that impact on dose.							
7-12	PHARMACOKYNETICS	Drug transport through the cell membranes. Administration and absorption of drugs. Distribution of drug. Elimination of drugs: biotransformation (metabolism) of drugs, excretion of drugs.							
13-16	PHARMACODINAMICS	Main features and definition of pharmocodinamics. Receptors (macromulecular structure, regulation, drug-receptor interaction) Categorization of receptors: membrane receptors (ionotropic, G-protein and enzyme receptors) and intracellular receptors. Drugs which act through receptors.							
17-18	REACTIONS BETWEEN DRUGS AND DRUG SIDE EFFECTS	Reactions between drugs. Side and toxic effects of drugs.							
II. SPECIAL	PHARMACOLOGY (12 lessons	5)							
19 - 24	PHARMOACOLOGY OF CNS (CNS depressors and stimulators, psychotropic drugs)	Main features of structure and function of CNS. General CNS depressors (general anesthetics, sedatives) Selective CNS depressors (antiepipileptics, analgesics, antipyretic analgesics, NSAIDs).							
		CNS stimulators (cortical and medullar stimulators). Psychotropic drugs (neuroleptics, benzodiazepines, α_2 -agonists).							
25-26	PHARMACOLOGY OF PNS	Local anesthetics. Relaxant drugs.							
27-30	PHARMACOLOGY OF ANS	Adrenergic drugs, β-adrenolytics and adrenergic neuron blocators. Cholinergic and anticholinergic drugs. Gangliar blocators.							

II. SPECIAL	II. SPECIAL PHARMACOLOGY (45 lessons)											
1-3	PHARMACOLOGY OF THE digestives, antacids, emetics, antiemetics, carminatives, antizimotics, laxa drugs, antidiarrhoeics, drugs with effect on liver											
4-6	PHARMACOLOGY OF THE RESPIRATORY SYSTEM	analeptics, expectoranses, antitusics, bronchodilatators, nasal decongestives										
7-9	PHARMACOLOGY OF THE GENITAL AND URINARY SYSTEM	diuretics, antidiuretic drugs, urinary antiseptics and other drugs impacting on genital system in females and males										

10-12	PHARMACOLOGY OF THE	drug for treatment of heart failure, antiarrythmic drugs, antihypertensive and						
	CARDIOVASCULAR	other anticoagulant drugs, platelet aggregation inhibitors, antianemic drugs,						
	SYSTEM AND BLOOD	water and electrolytes						
13-15								
13-15	PHARMACOLOGY OF	pituitary hormones, gonad hormones, corticosteroids, thyroid hormones etc.						
	HORMONES							
	PHARMACOLOGY OF SKIN	sedation means, irritant means						
	AND MUCOSES							
	PHARMACOLOGY OF	hydrosoluble vitamins, liposoluble vitamins, minerals						
	VITAMINS AND MINERALS	Tryal dodrable vital mile, iipoddiable vital mile, milerale						
CUENCTU		OF A OF C / A NITIMIOD ODIAL DDUGC)						
		SEASES (ANTIMICROBIAL DRUGS)						
16-18	INTRODUCTION	Chemotherapeutics. Mechanism of action of the antimicrobial drugs;						
		Interactions, indications for use and risks related with use of antimicrobial						
		drugs; Bacterial resistance; General principles of the anti-infective therapy.						
	BETA LACTAMIC	Chamical atrusture and actagorization: Panicilling with narrow anastrum:						
		Chemical structure and categorization; Penicillins with narrow spectrum;						
	ANTIBIOTICS	Penicillins with extended spectrum (amino benzyl penicillins); Penicillins						
	(Penam penicillins)	active against enterobacteria; Antipseudomonal penicillins; Penicillins						
		resistant on β-lactamases.						
19-21	BETA LACTAMIC	Chemical structure and categorization; antibacterial spectrum; dosage and						
	ANTIBIOTICS	mode of use; therapeutical indications; resistance; side effects;						
	(cephalosporins)	Beta-lactamase inhibitors; Carbapenems; Monobactams; Tribactams						
22-24								
22-24	AMINOGLICOZYDES AND	Chemical structure and categorization; antibacterial spectrum; dosage and						
	AMINOCYCLITOLS	mode of use; therapeutical indications; resistance; side effects;						
	TETRACYCLINES							
	AMPHENICOLS							
25-27	MACROLYDES, AZILYDES,	Chemical structure and categorization; antibacterial spectrum; dosage and						
20 21	LINCOZAMIDES,	mode of use; therapeutical indications; resistance; side effects;						
		inioue of use, therapeutical indications, resistance, side effects,						
	PLEUROMUTILINS							
	PEPTIDE ANTIBIOTICS	Polymixines, glycopeptides, streptogramines, bacytracine						
	OTHER ANTIBIOTICS	Ionophore antibiotics, novobiocine, riphamicine, fuzidine acid, izoniazyde,						
		mupirocine, metenamin)						
28-30	SYNTHETIC	Sulphonamides, diaminopyrimidines and their combinations						
20-30	ANTIMICROBIAL	Chynolons						
	SUBSTANCES	Nitrofurans, nitroimidazoles, quinosaline derivates						
31-33	ANTIMYCOTIC DRUGS	Chemical structure and categorization; mechanism of activity; antimycotic						
		spectrum; dosage and mode of use; therapeutical indications; resistance;						
		side effects;						
ANTIVIRAL DRUGS		specificy of viral replication; locus and mechanism of activity; antiviral						
	/ INTIVITORE BITOGO	spectrum; dosage and mode of use; therapeutical indications; resistance;						
	ANITIOE DE 100 ANID	side effects;						
34-36	ANTISEPTICS AND	Introduction and definition; mechanism of action, classification. Halogens						
	DESINFITIENTS	and their compounds; superficial active substances, oxidative and reductive						
		means, acids and bases, alcohols, phenols and phenol derivates, heavy						
		metals and their salts, antiseptic pigments						
CHEMOTHI	ERAPY OF MALIGNANCIES (AI	NTINEOPLASTIC DRUGS)						
37-39	ANTINEOPLASTIC DRUGS	Cytostatics: chemical structure and categorization; dosage and mode of						
0. 00	7.11111201 27.0110 21.000	use; therapeutical indications; resistance; side effects;						
		use, therapeutical indications, resistance, side effects,						
	IMMUNOPHARMACOLOGY	Vaccines and sera, immunomodulators (immunosupresives and						
	IMMUNOPHARMACOLOGY	Vaccines and sera, immunomodulators (immunosupresives and immunostimulators)						
СНЕМОТН	IMMUNOPHARMACOLOGY ERAPY OF PARASITIC DISEAS	immunostimulators)						
	 ERAPY OF PARASITIC DISEAS	immunostimulators) ES (ANTIPARASITIC DRUGS)						
CHEMOTHI 40-42		immunostimulators) ES (ANTIPARASITIC DRUGS) Chemical structure and categorization; mechanism of activity; dosage and						
40-42	ERAPY OF PARASITIC DISEAS ECTOANTIPARASITICS	immunostimulators) ES (ANTIPARASITIC DRUGS) Chemical structure and categorization; mechanism of activity; dosage and mode of use; therapeutical indications; resistance; side effects;						
	 ERAPY OF PARASITIC DISEAS	immunostimulators) ES (ANTIPARASITIC DRUGS) Chemical structure and categorization; mechanism of activity; dosage and mode of use; therapeutical indications; resistance; side effects; Antinematodic drugs: chemical structure and categorization; mechanism of						
40-42	ERAPY OF PARASITIC DISEAS ECTOANTIPARASITICS	immunostimulators) ES (ANTIPARASITIC DRUGS) Chemical structure and categorization; mechanism of activity; dosage and mode of use; therapeutical indications; resistance; side effects; Antinematodic drugs: chemical structure and categorization; mechanism of activity; dosage and mode of use; therapeutical indications; resistance; side						
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40-42	ERAPY OF PARASITIC DISEAS ECTOANTIPARASITICS	immunostimulators) ES (ANTIPARASITIC DRUGS) Chemical structure and categorization; mechanism of activity; dosage and mode of use; therapeutical indications; resistance; side effects; Antinematodic drugs: chemical structure and categorization; mechanism of activity; dosage and mode of use; therapeutical indications; resistance; side effects; Antitrematodic and anticestodic drugs: chemical structure and categorization; mechanism of activity; dosage and mode of use;						
40-42	ERAPY OF PARASITIC DISEAS ECTOANTIPARASITICS	immunostimulators) ES (ANTIPARASITIC DRUGS) Chemical structure and categorization; mechanism of activity; dosage and mode of use; therapeutical indications; resistance; side effects; Antinematodic drugs: chemical structure and categorization; mechanism of activity; dosage and mode of use; therapeutical indications; resistance; side effects; Antitrematodic and anticestodic drugs: chemical structure and categorization; mechanism of activity; dosage and mode of use; therapeutical indications; resistance; side effects;						
40-42	ERAPY OF PARASITIC DISEAS ECTOANTIPARASITICS	immunostimulators) ES (ANTIPARASITIC DRUGS) Chemical structure and categorization; mechanism of activity; dosage and mode of use; therapeutical indications; resistance; side effects; Antinematodic drugs: chemical structure and categorization; mechanism of activity; dosage and mode of use; therapeutical indications; resistance; side effects; Antitrematodic and anticestodic drugs: chemical structure and categorization; mechanism of activity; dosage and mode of use; therapeutical indications; resistance; side effects; Antiprotozoar drugs: anticoccidial, antitrypanosomial, antibabesicydic, drugs						
40-42	ERAPY OF PARASITIC DISEAS ECTOANTIPARASITICS	immunostimulators) ES (ANTIPARASITIC DRUGS) Chemical structure and categorization; mechanism of activity; dosage and mode of use; therapeutical indications; resistance; side effects; Antinematodic drugs: chemical structure and categorization; mechanism of activity; dosage and mode of use; therapeutical indications; resistance; side effects; Antitrematodic and anticestodic drugs: chemical structure and categorization; mechanism of activity; dosage and mode of use; therapeutical indications; resistance; side effects; Antiprotozoar drugs: anticoccidial, antitrypanosomial, antibabesicydic, drugs against hystomoniasis (chemical structure and categorization; mechanism						
40-42	ERAPY OF PARASITIC DISEAS ECTOANTIPARASITICS	immunostimulators) ES (ANTIPARASITIC DRUGS) Chemical structure and categorization; mechanism of activity; dosage and mode of use; therapeutical indications; resistance; side effects; Antinematodic drugs: chemical structure and categorization; mechanism of activity; dosage and mode of use; therapeutical indications; resistance; side effects; Antitrematodic and anticestodic drugs: chemical structure and categorization; mechanism of activity; dosage and mode of use; therapeutical indications; resistance; side effects; Antiprotozoar drugs: anticoccidial, antitrypanosomial, antibabesicydic, drugs						

PRACTICALS

V Semester

No of lessons	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit
1- 2	Introduction: Categorization of drugs. Drug nomenclature. Control, traffic, evidence, pooling, expiring date, demission of drugs. Information about the drugs.
3-4	ATS classification of drugs. Measures in pharmacy practice. Drug dosage. Drug administration mode.
5-6	<u>Drug prescription (recipient) I</u> : What is recipient? Containment of recipient: Inscriptio, Invocatio, Ordinatio, Subscriptio (preparation form and issuing form), Signatura, Nomen medici, Nomen aegroti
7-8	Drug prescription (recipient) II: Prescribing of magistral, officinal and manufactured drugs. General remarks concerning writing of recipient (Formulae officinales и Formulae magistrales). Prescription narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances.
9-10	Crude forms of drugs I: Pulveres . Pulveres non divisi et pulveres divisi.
11-12	Crude forms of drugs II: Capsulae medicinales. Prescription of officinal and manufactured capsules.
13-14	<u>Crude forms of drugs III:</u> Tablettae. Variations of tablets, prescription of manufactured and officinal tablets.
15-16	Crude forms of drugs IV: Solublettae. Vaginalettae. Suppositoria. Boli.
17-18	Half crude forms of drugs I: Unguenta. Liniment bases. Water non-soluble bases. Water soluble bases.
19-20	Half crude forms of drugs II: Use of liniments (application on the skin and mucosas). Prescription of manufactured, officinal and magistral liniments.
21-22	Half crude forms of drugs III: Oculenta. Pastae. Prescription of manufactured, officinal and magistral pastae. Electuaria.
23-24	<u>Liquid forms of drugs I</u> : Solutiones medicinales. Prescription of manufactured, officinal and magistral solutions for external and internal use. Mixturae
25-26	<u>Liquid forms of drugs II</u> : Suspensiones medicinales. Prescription of manufactured suspensions, magistral prescription of suspensions.
27-28	Liquid forms of drugs III: Emulsiones medicinales. Prescription of emulsions.
29-30	Liquid forms of drugs IV: Injectiones. Prescription of injections.

1-4	Liquid forms of drugs V: Guttae. Oculoguttae. Otoguttae. Rhinoguttae.
5-8	Liquid forms of drugs VI: Infundibilia. Inhalationes. Klysmata. Mucilagines.
9-12	Liquid forms of drugs VII: Macerata, Infuza, Decocta, Extracta, Tinctura, Mixtura
13-20	Prescription of exam recipients
21-22	Administration of drug in laboratory animals p/o, s/c, i/m, i/v, i/perit.
23-24	Blood sampling in laboratory animals and determination of drug concentration in biological material.
25-26	Detecting and effect of drugs on blood pressure in rat. Demonstration of direct and indirect method.
27-28	Effect of drugs on isolated heart of rabbit.
29-30	Visit of pharmacist.

Organization	V Seme	ester:														
	Theory of	Theory classes: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)														
	Practica	Practicals: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)														
	VI Seme	VI Semester:														
	Theory of	classe	s: 3 les	sons a v	week	(45 le	essons	3)								
	Practica	als: 2 l	essons a	a week	(30 le	essor	ıs)									
Teaching	Theory classes and seminars: interactive (lectures in group with discussion and active										active					
methods	participa	ation o	of the stu	idents).												
	Practica	als: au	ditory pr	acticals	, lab	orato	y prac	ticals a	and o	ther	ways	of wor	k.			
Specific	The stud	ıdent i	s obligat	ed for a	active	e part	icipatio	on in a	ll pre	dict	ed acti	vities	for (gaining	points	which
recommendations	are part	t of the	final ev	aluatior	٦.											
related with																
teaching	Scoring	g of th	e stude	nt's ac	tiviti	es:										
					Acti	vitv t	vno	·					Poi	nts		
			Activity type minimum							maxim	num					

		<u>, </u>	T	1
	Attendance on theory classes	12	15	
	Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practical		15	
	Periodical evaluations (three)	10(x3)=30	20(x3)=60	
	*Final exam	6	10	
	Total:	60	100	
				40
	Prerequisite criteria: For being able to pass the final ex			
	points from theory classes and practicals, respectively, and			
	three periodical evaluations. If student does not show result			
	the periodical evaluations, he/she has to go on one of			
	evaluations. Final exam is required for students who did gai		oints with atte	endance
Fuelustian of	on theory classes and practicals, and the three periodical ev	aluations.		
Evaluation of	Periodical evaluations (three): written			
knowledge	First periodical evaluation: Општа фармакологија Second periodical evaluation: Специална фармакологија (DECLIQUIA 0140 - 01		
		ргански систем	ли)	
	Third periodical evaluation: Хемотерапевтици			
	*Final example written (prescription of reconics) and oral			
	*Final exam: written (proscription of recepies) and oral			
	Final grade mark forming criteria:			
	Points	Grade mark		
	to 59	5 (F)		
	60-68	6 (E)		
	69-76	7 (D)		
	77-84	8 (C)		
	85-92	9 (B)		
	93-100	10 (A)		
Basic teaching	THEORY CLASSES	10 (A)		
aids	1. В. Ќупиќ, М. Муминовиќ, С. Кобал, Р. Велев: Ф	пиакопогија	22 CTV///OUT	MTO 00
aius	ветеринарна медицина. Белград, Сараево, Љубљана,		за студент	MIC IIO
	2. Авторизирана скрипта со наслов: Општа фармакологи		пев)	
	PRACTICALS	а (автор. г. вс	ilob)	
	1. Hadzović S.: Veterinarska farmakografija sa osnovama	farmakoterapi	ie. Svietlost.	
	Sarajevo 1986.		,,,	
	2. Živanov D.: Osnovi veterinarske recepture. Veterinarsk	fakultet Univerz	riteta u	
	Beogradu, Beograd, 1996.			
Recommended	1. Adams H. R.: Veterinary Pharmacology and The	apeutics. 8-th	edition. low	a State
literature	University Press. Ames, 2001.	•		
	2. Brander G. C., Pugh D.M.: Veterinary Applied Pha	macology and	I Therapeution	cs. 5-th
	edition. Bailliere Tindall. London, 1991.	-	•	
	3. Prescott. J. F., Baggot J. D., Walker R. D.: Antimicrob	al Therapy in \	eterinary Me	edicine.
	3-rd edition. Iowa State University Press. Ames, 2000.		-	
	4. Sakar, D.: Antimikrobna kemoterapija. Bo: Srebočan	V. и Gomer	čić, H.: Vete	erinarski
	priručnik. 4 izdanje, JUMENA, Zagreb 1989.			
	5. Plumb.C D.: Veterinary Drug Handbook. 4-th edition. Iowa State University Press. Ames,			
	, ,			

Course	PATHOLOGY	12.5 credit points	
Code	FVM 313		
Year of study	Third (III)		
Semester	Fifth and Sixth (V and VI)		
Total teaching	165 (75+90)		
lessons	V semester 2+2 (30+30)		
	VI semester 3+4 (45+60)		
Course type	Compulsory		
Prerequisities			
Author of the	ass. prof. Trpe Ristoski, PhD		
course program			
Realized by	ass. prof. Trpe Ristoski, PhD		
Purpose and	The theory classes for the course Pathologic morp	phology are divided in two parts. The first part	
objectives of the	covers the General pathology which is studied in the		
course program	processes and pathologic conditions in the organism		
	pathogenesis of the diseases to the students. The	e second part covers the Special pathologic	

morphology which is studied in the VI semester. The special pathologic morphology has the purpose to acquaint the students with the pathoanathomic changes of all the organic systems. The correct establishment of the pathoanathomic changes will make the final diagnostic of the animals death easier for the students.

The practicals are also divided in two parts. The first part (V semester) has the purpose to acquaint the students with the basic characteristics of the pathohistological diagnostics, regarding the collecting and the preparation of the material for pathohistological diagnostics, the staining of the pathohistological preparates as well as establishing the final pathohistological diagnose. The second part (VI semester) has the purpose to acquaint the students with the equipment and the way of performing the autopsy of the animals. During the lectures every student will have the possibility to perform autopsy on different animal species (ruminants, nonruminants and poultry) and at the same time to notice the pathoanatomical changes and to establish the reason for the death of the animal.

Contents

THEORY CLASSES

No of lessons	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit	
V Semester			
1-2 lessons	Introduction and history of the pathology	The introduction will contain the pathological process i.e. the disease- what is disease and the conditions for its' occurring and the pathological conditions i.e. the pathoanatomical changes that develop as a consequence of the disease. Heterotopy, heterohrony and heterometry in the occurring of the disease. The history part will contain the historic path of the development of pathology since Hypocrite to today. An accent will be put on the hymoral, solirad, cellular and molecular pathology, as well as the history and development of the autopsy.	
3-6 lessons	The etiology will present the causes and the conditions for the occurrin disease. The essential, assisting and proximal factors as well as the interior and factors for the occurring of the disease.		
7-10 lessons	Degeneration and necroses	The changes that are developed as a consequence in the metabolism. The morphologic changes in the cell, tissues and organs that are developed as consequence of the disturbed metabolism, are known as degenerations. An accent will be put on the: atrophy, the changes developed as a consequence of the disturbance in the metabolism of the proteins, fats, carbohydrates, exogen and endogen pigments. The necroses will be studied from the aspect of the causes for its' occurring, the forms of necroses, the microscopic and macroscopic changes and their characteristics. Also we will study the physiologic necroses- apoptosis.	
11-14	Circulatory system	Local disorders in the circulatory system: ischemia, infarction, hyperemia,	
lessons	disorders	stasis, hemorrhage, thrombosis, emboli and metastasis.	
15-16	TEST No 1		
lessons			
17-22 lessons	Inflammation	The inflammations will be studied in 6 hours from the aspect of morphologic and functional changes of the tissue and the corresponding blood vessels developed as a result of the influence of different harmful agents. We will present the cardinal signs of the inflammation. The inflammatory components: alterative, exudative and proliferative changes. The biochemical processes of the inflammation. The course and the outcome as well as the types of inflammation. Every inflammation will be studied in detail. We will pay better attention on the specific inflammations: TBC est.	
23-24 lessons	Regeneration		
25-26 lessons	Tumours, malformations and death	The tumours will be studied from the aspect of: occurring, composition and nomenclature. We will describe macroscopically and microscopically every tumour (benign or malignant) of different tissues and organs. The science that studies the malformations is Teratology. Formal and causal genesis of the occurring of malformations. Separate and connected malformations. What is death, types of death (clinical and biological death). What is agony,	

		subclinical death and exitus.	
27-28	Immunopathology	The latest discoveries in the area of immunopathology, especially the	
lessons		autoimmune disease.	
29-30 lessons	TEST No 2		
VI Semester			
1-6 lessons	Digestive system	Oral cavity, teeth, oesophagus, ingluvies, forestomachs, gaster and intestines.	
7-9 lessons	Digestive system	Liver, Gallbladder, Pancreas	
10-12	Hematopoietic organs	Bone marrow, Lymph nodes and Spleen	
lessons			
13-15 lessons	Circulatory system	Hart, Blood and Lymph nodes	
16-18	Respiratory system	Nose and Nose vassals, Larynx, Trachea, Lungs and Pleura	
lessons			
19-21	TEST No 3		
lessons			
22-24	Urinary system	Kidneys, urethers, urinary bladder, and urethra	
lessons 25-27	Sex organs	Male sex organs: Testes, penis and preputium	
lessons	Sex Organis		
10000110		Female sex organs: Ovaries, ovarian ducts, uterus, vagina and udder	
28-30	Central nervous	Central and peripheral nervous system	
lessons	system		
31-33	Endocrine glands	Thyroid gland, parathyroid gland, thymus, Hypophisis, Epiphysis and	
lessons		suprarenal gland	
34-36	Skeletal and muscular	Bones, Joints, Muscles, Tendons, fascias, Ligaments, hoof and hooves	
lessons	system	Facilities	
37-39	Hearing and sight	Eye and ear	
lessons 40-42	organs	Chin shanges	
40-42 lessons	Skin	Skin changes	
43-45	TEST No 4		
lessons	.207709		

No of lessons	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit
V Semest	er
1-2	Preparing and staining of the patohistological preparates
3-4	Microscopic diagnostic of the patohistological preparates:
	Degeneratio parenchymatosa renis (H.e.)
	Infiltratio adiposa hepatis equi (H.e.)
	Degeneratio et infiltratio adiposa hepatis equi (Sudan III)
	Degeneratio cerea musculi equi (H.e.)
	Degeneratio parenchymatosa hepatis (H.e.)
	Dystrophia haemorrhagica acuta hepatis equi (H.e.)
5-6	Microscopic diagnostic of the patohistological preparates:
	Necrosis centrolobularis hepatis vaccae (H.e.)
	Necroses miliares disseminatae hepatis galine (H.e.)
	Necrosis tubulorum renis vituli (H.e.)
	Amyloidosis lienis (H.e.)
	Icterus retentionis hepatis canis (H.e.)
	Melanuria renis equi (H.e.)
7-8	Microscopic diagnostic of the patohistological preparates:
	Antracosis pulmonis canis (H.e.)
	Hyperaemia passiva hepatis canis (H.e.)
	Amyloidosis renis (H.e.)
	Haemosidrosis hepatis equi (H.e.)
	Thrombosis ramorum arteriae pulmonis equi (H.e.)
	Endocarditis thrombotica septica suis (H.e.)
9-10	Microscopic diagnostic of the patohistological preparates:
	Infarctus haemorrhagicus lienis suis (H.e.)

	Amyloidosis hepatis (H.e.)
	Pharyngitis phlegmonosa abscedens equi (H.e)
	Tonsilitis necroticans suis (H.e.)
	Erosio chronica mucosae ventriculi suis (H.e.)
	Myocarditis embolica equi (H.e.)
11-12	Microscopic diagnostic of the patohistological preparates:
	Newcastle encephalitis (H.e.)
	Myositis sarcemphysematosa vacae (H.e.)
	Enteritis acuta catarrhalis canis (H.e.)
	Colitis dyphteroides paratyphosa suis (H.e.) Colitis dyphteroides circum scripta suis (H.e.)
	Trichinelosis musculi suis (H.e.)
13-14	Microscopic diagnostic of the patohistological preparates:
13-14	Pneumonia enzootica suum (H.e.)
	Sarcosporidiosis myocardii suis (H.e.)
	Actinomycosis cutis suis (H.e.)
	Tuberculosis miliaris disseminata hepatis similae (H.e.)
	Pneumonia caseosa tuberculosa simile (H.e.)
	Pneumonia fibrinosa partim necroticans equi (H.e.)
15-16	Microscopic diagnostic of the patohistological preparates:
	Bronchopneumonia purulenta lobularis embolica equi (H.e.)
	Pneumonia interstitialis chronica equi (H.e.)
	Pneumonia chronica lobularis verminosa disseminata felis (H.e.)
	Mastitis parenchymatosa purulenta vaccae (H.e.)
	Distomatosis hepatis (H.e.)
17-18	Lipoma mesenterii equi (H.e)
17-10	Microscopic diagnostic of the patohistological preparates: Sarcoma macrofusicellulare periostale canis (H.e.)
	Melanosarcoma caudae equi (H.e.)
	Carcinoma planocellulare penis equi (H.e.)
	Carcinoma planocellulare - cancroid perinei vaccae (H.e.)
	Cirrhosis postnecroticans hepatis suis (H.e.)
	"Cirrhosis" parasitaria hepatis vacae (H.e.)
19-20	Microscopic diagnostic of the patohistological preparates:
	Hepatitis interstitialis chronica parasitaria muliplex suis (H.e.)
	Nephritis interstitialis chronica et degeneratio cystica renis (H.e.)
	Nephritis interstitialis chronica scleroticans canis – ren cicatricosus (H.e.)
	Carcinoma medullare mammae canis (H.e.)
	Coccidiosis intestini gallinae (H.e.)
24.22	Bronchopneumonia purulenta desquamativa suis (H.e.)
21-22	Microscopic diagnostic of the patohistological preparates: Polyomyelitis enzootica suum – Z.U.S. (H.e.)
	Meningoencephalitis purulenta abscedens (H.e.)
	Colaps glandule thyreoideae suis (H.e.)
	Hepatits contagiosa canis – HCC (H.e.)
	Epitheliosis contagiosa cutis galinae – variola avium (H.e.)
	Papilloma cutis canis (H.e.)
23-24	Microscopic diagnostic of the patohistological preparates:
	Psammoma (H.e.)
	Gastritis catarrhalis chronica hyperplastica suis (H.e.)
	Myocarditis aphtosa suis (H.e.)
	Bronchopneumonia catarrhalis purulenta canis (H.e.)
	Aspergillosis pulmonis meleagridis (H.e.)
25-26	Endometritis chronica cystica canis-pyometra (H.e.)
25-20	Microscopic diagnostic of the patohistological preparates: Myositis chronica maseteris equi (H.e.)
	Myositis chronica masetens equi (H.e.) Myositis haemorrhagica et necroticans equi (H.e.)
	Tuberculosis nodularis intralobularis mammae vaccae (H.e.)
	Pseudotuberculosis cavaiave cobaye (H.e.)
	Botryomycosis cerebri equi (H.e.)
	Abscesus malleosus lymphonoduli equi (H.e.)
27-28	Microscopic diagnostic of the patohistological preparates:
	Pneumonia acuta abscedens malleosa equi (H.e.)
	Degeneratio hyaloides lienis (H.e.)
	Hepatits paratyphosa disseminata suis (H.e.)
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	Lymphadenitis haemorrhagica acuta suis (H.e.)
	Leucosis hepatis gallinae (H.e.)
	Hepatitis parasitaria traumatica acuta (H.e.)
29-30	Microscopic diagnostic of the patohistological preparates:
	Fibroma durum subcutis canis (H.e.)
	Fibro-myoma uteri canis (V.G.)
	Hyperaemia et oedema pulmonis (H.e.)
	Tuberculosis milliaris pulmonum cuniculi (H.e.)
	Tuberculosis chronica nodularis productiva lymphonoduli vaccae (H.e.)
	Hyperaemia lymphadenoides lineis equi (H.e.)
VI Semes	
1-4	Introduction in the necropsy of the domestic animals (theoretic)
5-8	Necropsy of ruminants (ships and goats)
9-12	Necropsy of ruminants (ships and goats)
13-16	Necropsy of ruminants (ships and goats)
17-20	Necropsy of nonruminants (dogs, cats and pigs)
21-24	Necropsy of nonruminants (dogs, cats and pigs)
25-28	Necropsy of nonruminants (dogs, cats and pigs)
28-32	Necropsy of nonruminants (dogs, cats and pigs)
33-36	Necropsy of poultry Обдукција на живина
37-40	Necropsy of poultry
41-44	Necropsy of poultry
45-48	Organic pathology
49-52	Organic pathology
53-56	Outdoor necropsy on big animals
57-60	Outdoor necropsy on big animals

Organization	V Semester:	
	Theory classes: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)	
	Practicals: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)	
	VI Semester:	
	Theory classes: 3 lessons a week (45 lessons)	
	Practicals: 4 lessons a week (60 lessons)	
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the	
methods	students).	
	Practicals: practicals (pathohistology diagnostics during V semester animal necropsy during VI	
	semester)	
	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work	
	(assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work.	
Specific	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which	
recommendations	are part of the final evaluation.	
related with	Scoring of the student's activities:	
teaching		

Activity type	Points	
Activity type	minimum	maximum
Attendance on theory classes	12	15
Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals	12	15
Written assay	3	5
Periodical evaluations (four)	10	20
Practical exam	13	20
Final exam	10	25
Total:	60	100

Prerequisite criteria: For being able to pass the complete final exam (oral and practical part), student has to gain up to 45 points from theory classes, practicals, written assay and four periodical evaluations. If the student gains up to 50 points from theory classes, practicals, written assay and four

periodical evaluations, he/she is liberated from the oral part of the exam. Student is required to pass practical parts of the exam.

Evaluation of knowledge

Periodical evaluations (four): written

First periodical evaluation: Introduction and history of pathology; Etiology; Degenerations; Necroses; Disorders in the circulatory system.

Second periodical evaluation: Inflammation; Regeneration; Tumours, malformations and death;

	Immunopathology. Third periodical evaluation: Digestive system; Hematopoetic system; Circulatory system; Respiratory system. Fourth periodical evaluation: Urinary system; Sex organs; Central nervous system; Endocrine glands; Skeletal and Muscular system; Organs for sight, hearing and Skin. Practical exam: Pathohistology and necropsy Final exam: oral Complete final exam: oral + practical (pathohistology and necropsy) Final grade mark forming criteria:			
		Points	Grade mark	
		to 59	5 (F)	
		60-68	6 (E)	
		69-76	7 (D)	
		77-84	8 (C)	
		85-92	9 (B)	
		93-100	10 (A)	
Basic teaching aids	2003. 2. Мицевсі 3. Ц. Мице 4. Norman 5. Kumar, 6. Милијан 7. Culjak K 9. Софрен 10. Jubb K	 Мицевски и Т. Ристоски: Патолошко хистолошки практикум. Вет.факултет, Скопје, 		

Course	PARASITOLOGY AND PARASITIC DISEASES	10.0 credit points
Code	FVM 314	
Year of study	Third (III)	
Semester	Fifth and Sixth (V and VI)	
Total teaching	135 (60+75)	
lessons	V semester 2+2 (30+30)	
	VI semester 2+3 (30+45)	
Course type	Compulsory	
Prerequisities		
Author of the	prof. Dino Chrchev, PhD	
course	ass. prof. Jovana Stefanovska, PhD	
program		
Realized by	ass. prof. Jovana Stefanovska, PhD	
Purpose and	The study of the course Parasitology and parasite diseases is made up of theoretical and	
objectives of	practical part	
the course	The theoretical part includes the morphology, biological character	
program	pathogenesis and immunity, clinical symptoms, diagnostics, treatme	
	representatives of 5 groups of parasites in the taxonomic manner.	(Protozoa, Platyhelminthes,
	Nematoda, Acanthocephala и Arthropoda).	
	The practical part is concerned on the morphology of adults and mo	
	forms of parasites, development cycles and methods of diagnostics. The	
	with microscopes and microscopical parasite samples, micrometry, y	
	determination of parasites and the general methods of diagnostics of p	
	this subject is to educate the students about parasites and parasite dis	
	importance in veterinary and public health. The knowledge that the str	
	possible for them to independently determine, diagnose, treat and property and paragita zaganage.	prevent parasite diseases in
	domestic animals and parasite zoonoses.	

Contents

THEORY CLASSES (Fifth semester)

No of lessons	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit
1-2	Subject and contents or parasitology and parasite diseases in domestic animals. General parasitology	Subject of parasitology, content of veterinary parasitology. Parasites, types of parasites, parasite evolution, morphology, anatomy and physiology of

		parasites, parasite hosts.
3-4	General principles of parasite diseases 1	Parasite invasion, epizootiology of parasite diseases,
3-4	General principles of parasite diseases i	pathogenic effects of the parasites on the host,
		pathogenesis of parasite diseases, susceptibility and
		nonsusceptibility of parasites, immunity in parasite
		diseases.
5-6	General principles of parasite diseases 2	Conditions for appearance and spreading of parasites,
		diagnostics of parasite diseases, basis of fighting
		parasite diseases, economic and health meaning of
		parasite diseases, division of parasite diseases, treatment of parasite diseases, treatment of animals
		infected with parasites.
7-8	Phylum Protozoa	Morphologycal-biological and biochemical-
	Subphylum Sarcomastigophora	physiological characteristics of protozoa. Subphylum
		Sarcomastigophora, class Zoomastigophorea, order
		Kinetoplastida, family Trypanosomatidae, genus
		Trypanosoma durina, coital disease, other pathogen
0.40	On lon Kington look la	trypanosomes)
9-10	Order Kinetoplastida Order Diplomonadida	Order Kinetoplastida, genus Leishmania, leishmanioses
		Order Diplomonadidae, family Hexamitidae, order
		Hexamita (Hexamitose, infective catarrhal enteritis)
		order Giardia,
11-12	Order Trichomonadida	Order Trichomonadida, family Trichomonadidae,
		genus Trichomonas (trichomoniasis in cattle, chicken,
		geese, humans and other domestic animals), family
		Monocercomonadidae, order Histomonas (Histomoniasis in turkey, black head) <i>Class Lobosea</i> ,
		order Amoebida, family Entamoeboidae , genus
		Entamoeba
13-14	Phylum Apicomplexa,	Phylum Apicomplexa, class Sporozoea, order
		Eucoccididae, family Eimeridae, genus Eimeria
		(coccidiosis in chicken, turkey, pheasants, gees,
		ducks, rabbits, cattle, sheep and goat) genus Isospora (coccidiosis in carnivores, humans and birds)
15-16	Family Cryptosporididae	Family Cryptosporididae, genus Cryptosporidium
		(criptosporidiosis), genus Sarcocystis (sarcocystosis in
		ruminants, pigs, horses and carnivores) Genus
		Besnotia (Besnoitiosis),
17-18	Family Cryptosporididae	Genus Toxoplasma (Toxoplasmosis) genus Neospora
19-20	Family Babesiidae Family Theileridae	Family Babesiidae, genus Babesia (Babesiosis in cattle, sheep, goat, single hoofed animals, dogs and
	Failing Theneridae	pigs) Family Theileridae, genus Theileria (Theileriosis
		in cattle, sheep, goat).
21-22	Family Trichostomatidae	Family Trichostomatidae, genus Balantidium
	Class Microspora	(Balantidiosis in pigs), Phylum Protophita, Family
	Family Analplasmidae	Anaplasmidae, Genus Anaplasma (anaplasmosis in
		ruminants), Genus Borelia (Boreliosis-spyrohextosis in
23-24	Phylum Helminthes	poultry) Helminthes (Helminthes) taxonomy, Phylum
20 24	Phylum Plathelminthes (flat worms),	Plathelminthes (flat worms), Class Trematoda, Family
	Class Trematoda,	Fasciolidae, genus Fasciola (Fasciolosis- fluke) Family
		Dicrocoelidae, Genus Dicrocoelium (dicrocoeliosis),
		Family Paramphistomidae, Genus Paraphistomum
		(Paraphistomosis). Trematodes in poultry, Family
		Echinostomidae, Genus Echinostomum, Family Prostogonomidae, Genus Prostogonimus,
		Trematodosis in carnivores, Family Opistorchiidae,
		Genus Opistorchus
25-26	Class Cestoda	Class Cestoda, Family Taenidae,
27-28	Class Cestoda	Family Dilepididae; Family Anoplocephalidae; order
		Pseudophyllidea; Family Diphyllobotridae

29-30	Class Nematoda	Class	Nematoda	Family	Strongylidae	genus
	Family Strongyloidae	Strongy	/lus,			
	Family Strongylidae					
THEODY OF ACCES (C) (I)						

THEORY CLASSES (Sixth semester)

1-2	Family Trichostrongylidae	Family Trichostrongylidae, (genus Trichostrongylus,
1-2	canaly interiorationgymate	pgenus Haemonchus, genus Ostertagia, genus
		Cooperia, genus Nematodirus, genus Hyostrongylus
3-4	Family Ancylostomatidae	Family Ancylostomatidae genus Globocephalus, genus
	Family Trichonematidae,	Bunostomum, genus Ancylostoma, genus Uncinaria
	,	Family Trichonematidae genus Trichonema, genus
		Oespophagostomum, genus Chabertia
5-6	Family Amydostomatidae,	Family Amydostomatidae ; genus Amidostomum,
	Family Syngamidae,	Family Syngamidae , genus Syngamus, genus
		Cyathostoma
7-8	Family Trichuridae and Trichinellidae	Family Trichuridae and Trichinellidae
9-10	Family Dyctiocaulidae, Protostrongylidae,	Family Dyctiocaulidae (genus Dictyocaulus), Family
	Metastrongylidae, family Amydostomatidae, Syngamidae,	Protostrongylidae (genus Prtostrongylus),
11-12	Family Oxyuridae, Ascarididae, Heterakidae	Metastrongylidae, Family Oxyuridae, Ascarididae, Heterakidae
13-14	Family, Habronematidae, Spriocercidae,	Family Thelazidae, Habronematidae, Spriocercidae,
	Class Acantoceohala	Class Acantoceohala, Family Oligacanthorhinchidae
15-16	Family Acuariidae, Filariidae, Onchorceiidae,	Family Acuariidae, Filariidae, Onchorceiidae
17-18	Helminthes diagnostics methods	(sedimentation, Flotation, Baerman method)
19-20	Phylum Arthtohropoda, systematic, Class	Phylum Arthtohropoda, Taxonomy, Class Arachnida
.0 20	Arachnida (spiderlike arthropods), Order	(spiderlike arthropods), Order Metastigmata, Family
	Metastigmata,	Ixodidae (hard tics), Orders: Ixodes, Rhipicephalus,
	-	Dermacentor, Hyaloma, Haemophysalis, tic paralysis
		Family Argasidae (soft tics), Genus Argas, Order
		Mesostigamata, Family Dermanyssidae, Genus
		Dermanyssus, Order Prostigmata. Family
		Demodicidae, demodicosis in dogs, cats, pigs, cattle, sheep, goat, rabbits and horses.
21-22	Order Oribatei	Order Oribatei, Family Trombididae, Order Trombicula
2122	Order Astigmata	Order Astigmata, Family Sarcoptidae, Genus
	3	Sarcoptes and Notoedres, Family Knemidocoptidae,
		Genus Knemidocoptes, Family Psoroptidae, Genus
		Psoroptes, Chorioptes and Otodectes (mange in
		sheep, goat, pigs, dogs, cattle, fowl, rabbits and cats.)
23-24	Class Insecta,	Class Insecta, Order Dyptera, Suborder Brachicera,
	Order Dyptera, Suborder Brachicera	Family Tabanidae, Genus Tabanus Family Muscidae,
	Suborder Brachicera	Genus Musca , Haematobia and Stomoxys, Genus Calliphora, Family Sarcophagidae, Genus Sarcophaga
25-26	Myasis in domestic animals	Myasis in domestic animals: Family Gasterophilidae,
	,	Genus Gasterophilus (gastrophilosis in hoofed
		animals), Family Hypodermatidae, Genus Hypoderma,
		(Hipodermosis - gadfly in cattle), Family Oestridae,
		Genus Oestrus (oestrosis in domestic animals – sheep
07.00	Out and the Name of	gadfly)
27-28	Suborder Nematocera	Family Culicidae, Genus Culex, Aedes, Anopheles,
		Family Simulidae, Genus Simulium, Family Psychodidae, Genus Phlebotmomus, Family
		Ceratopogonidae, Genus Culicoides Order Pupipara,
		Family Hyppoboscidae, Genus Hypobosca,
		Melophagus,
29-30	Order Siphonaptera	Order Siphonaptera, Family Pulicidae, Order Pulex и
	Phylum Pentastomida	Ctenocephalides, Order Mallophaga, Family
	i ilyiuiii i eiitastoiliida	
	i ilyiuiii i eiitastoiliida	Trichodectidae, Genus Trichodectes, Felicola, Family
	1 Hylum 1 emastorma	Trichodectidae, Genus Trichodectes, Felicola, Family Bovicolidae, Genus Bovicola, Order Anoplura, Family
	1 Hylum 1 emastorma	Trichodectidae, Genus Trichodectes, Felicola, Family Bovicolidae, Genus Bovicola, Order Anoplura, Family Haematopinidae, Order Haematopinus, Family
	1 Hylum 1 emastorma	Trichodectidae, Genus Trichodectes, Felicola, Family Bovicolidae, Genus Bovicola, Order Anoplura, Family

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PRACTICALS (Fifth semester)

No of lessons	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit	
1- 2	Rules of classification	
	Equipment and apparatus in parasitological Laboratory	
	Microscope study and micrometry of parasites and pseudoparasites	
3-4	Diagnostics methods for protozoar determining	
5-6	Microscope examination	
	Microscope samples from the following genuses: Genus Trypanosoma , Genus Leishmania	
7-8	Microscope examination	
	Microscope samples from the following genuses: Genus Hexamita , Genus Giardia,	
9-10	genus Trichomonas, Genus Histomonas ,	
	Genus Entamoeba	
11-12	Microscope examination	
	Microscope samples from the following genuses: Genus Eimeria Genus Isospora	
13-14	Microscope examination and diagnostics	
	Microscope samples from the following genuses: Genus Cryptosporidium, Genus Sarcosystis, ,Genus	
	Besnotia	
15-16	Microscope examination	
	Genus Toxoplasma , Genus Neospora	
17-18		
	Microscope samples from the following genuses: Genus Babesia ,Genus Theileria	
19-20	Microscope examination	
	Microscope samples from the following genuses: Genus Balantidium, Genus Anaplasma (anaplasmosis in	
	ruminant animals), Genus Borelia	
21-22	Coplorological methods for helminthes diagnostics	
23-24	Microscope examination	
	Microscope samples from the following genuses:	
05.00	Genus Fasciola, Genus Dicrodoelium, Genus Parapystomum,	
25-26	Genus Echinostomum, Genus Prostogonimus, Genus Opistorchus	
27-28	Microscope examination	
	Microscope samples from the following genuses: Genus Taenia (T. soleum, saginata, T hydatigena,T.	
00.00	pisiformis, T. multiceps) and forms of larvae in taenia	
29-30	Genus Echinococcus, Genus Dipylidium , Genus Moniezia, Genus Anoplocephala	

PRACTICALS (Sixth semester)

PRACTICAL	LS (Sixth semester)	
1-2	Microscope examination	
	Microscope samples from the following genuses: Genus Strongyloides, Genus Strongylus vulgaris, S.	
	edentatus, S.equinus	
3-4	Microscope examination	
	Microscope samples from the following genuses: Genus Trichostrongylus, Genus Hoemonchus, Genus	
	Ostertagia, Genus Cooperia, Genus Nematodirus, Hyostrongylus	
5-6	Genus Globocephalus, Genus Bunostomum, Genus Ancylostoma, Genus Uncinaria, Genus Trichonema,	
	Genus Oesophagostomum, Genus Chabertia	
7-8	Genus Amidostomum, Genus Syngamus, Genus Cyathostoma	
9-10	Genus Trichuris, Genus Capilaria Genus Trichinella	
11-12	Microscope examination	
	Microscope samples from the following genuses: Genus Dictyocaulus, Genus Potostrongylus, Genus	
	Metastrongylus,	
13-14	Genus Ascaridia, Genus Oxyuris, Genus Heterakis	
15-16	Microscope examination	
	Microscope samples from the following genuses: Genus Thelazia, Genus Habronema, Genus Spirocerca, ,	
	Genus Macracanthorhinchus	
17-18	Genus Filariidae, Genus Parafilaria, Genus Onchocerca, Genus Dirofilaria, Genus Gnathostoma	
19-20	Microscope examination	
	Microscope samples from the following genuses: Genus Ixodes, Genus Argas, Genus Dermanyssus,	
	Genus Demodex	
21-22	Genus Prostigmata. Genus Trombicula Genus Sarcoptes and Notoedres, Genus Knemidocoptes, Genus	

	Psoroptes, Chorioptes and Otodectes	
23-24	Microscope examination	
	Microscope samples from the following genuses: Genus Tabanus Genus Musca, Haematobia, Stomoxys,	
25-26	Methods of diagnostics and determination of ectoparasites	
27-28	Genus Glossina, Genus Calliphora, Genus Sarcophaga	
29-30	Genus Gasterophilus, Genus Hypoderma Genus Oestrus	
31-32	Genus Culex, Aedes, Anopheles, Genus Simulium,	
33-34	Genus Phlebotmomus, genus Culicoides, genus Hypobosca, Melophagus,	
35-36	Genus Pulex and Ctenocephalides, Genus Trichodectes, Felicola, Genus Bovicola,	
36-37	Genus Haematopinus, Genus Linognathus, Genus Pediculus Genus Linguatula	
38-39	Detailed studying of larvae eggs in domestic animals parasite	
40-41	Coprological analysis in dog and cat faces	
42-43	Coprological analysis in pigs and horses faces	
44-45	Coprological analysis in ruminants faces	

	gical allalysis ill fullillallis laces			
Organization	Theory classes: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)			
Organization	Practicals: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)			
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the			
methods	students).			
memous	l ,	emaller groups		
	Practicals: practicals and other ways of work with smaller groups			
	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work (assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work.			
Specific	The student is obligated for active participation i		ice for gaining	a pointe which
recommendations	are part of the final evaluation.	ii ali piedicied activit	les for gairing	g points willon
related with	are part of the final evaluation.			
teaching	Scoring of the student's activities:			
todonnig			Po	ints
	Activity type		minimum	maximum
	Attendance on theory classes		13,5	15
	(one lecture takes 0.25 points)		, .	
	Attendance and activity (knowledge) on prac	ticals	17	19
	bad knowledge on practicals takes negative			
	practical takes 0.5 points)			
	Written assay		0,5	6
	Periodical evaluations lectures and practica	Is (4)	7,5(X4)	15(X4) =
	•	()		60`´
	Total:		61	100
	Final exam (if previous tests are not passed)			60
	Prerequisite criteria: Final exam is required for students who did not pass period evaluations, or if the wont to gain higher grade mark. In that case, the points from the prev evaluations are deleted. If the student is satisfied with the points from some of the evaluation he/she can re-pass only such evaluations from which results he/she is not satisfied, and points from such evaluations are deleted. Student can not be absent on more than 3 practical and lectures.			n the previous le evaluations, sfied, and the
Evaluation of	Periodical evaluation (two): written			
knowledge	Evaluations are realized at the end of the semest	er.		
3	First periodical evaluation: General parasitolog			
	Second periodical evaluation: class Trematoda			
	Third periodical evaluation: class Nematoda,			
Fourth periodical evaluation: phylum Arthropoda				
	Evaluations contain material from the lectures and practicals.			
	Final exam: written			
	Final grade mark forming criteria:			
	Points Grade mark			
	до 60	5 (Φ)		\dashv
	61-68	6 (E)		_
	69-76	7 (Д)		_
	77-84	8 (Ц)		_
	85-92	9 (Б)		_
	93-100 10 (A)			

Basic teaching	1. Никола Геру, Жарко Маџиров: Ветеринарна паразитологија и паразитни		
aids	болести. Универзитет Св" Кирил и Методиј", Скопје, 2003		
	2. Зоран Б. Кулишиќ: Хелминтологија. Универзитет у Београду, Факултет ветеринарске		
	медицине, Београд 2000.		
	3. Dwight D. Bowman: Parasitology for veterinarians .W.B. Saunders company. 2000.		
	4. Norman D. Levine: Veterinary protozoology . Iowa State University Press.Ames, 1985		

Course	CLINICAL ANATOMY OF ANIMALS	3.0 credit points
Code	FVM 315	
Year of study	Third (III)	
Semester	Fifth (V)	
Total	30 (15+15)	
teaching		
lessons		
Course type	Compulsory	
Prerequisities		
Author of the	prof. Vlatko Ilieski, PhD	
course	ass. prof. Lazo Pendovski, PhD	
program		
Realized by	prof. Vlatko Ilieski, PhD	
	ass. prof. Lazo Pendovski, PhD	
Purpose and		urse Clinical anatomy of the animals is to introduce
objectives of	•	nd neck, the thoracic and pelvic limb, the thorax, the
the course	abdomen, and the pelvic cavity. The students will	
program		scle attachments, will learn about surgical approach
	to the cavities of the head, the neck structures, a	
	thoracic and abdominal cavity, those in the extremit	
	with the cranial nerves, and will identify the direction	and distribution of the surface nerves and vessels
	of the head, neck, body, tail and the extremities.	

THEORY CLASSES

Реден	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit
број		
часови /		
недели	CL INICAL	I doubtification of the house and external house features on the civil of the day house
1	CLINICAL ANATOMY OF THE	Identification of the bones and external bone features on the skull of the dog, horse and cattle; to identify, explain, and compare the anatomy of the lips, cheeks, floor of
	HEAD 1	the oral cavity, tongue, hard and soft palate, in cat, dog, horse, cattle, pig, and in
	TILAD I	sheep, and introducing in surgical approach to the cavities of the head (oral, nasal,
		ear cavities, sinuses). Identification of the weak spots for trauma most likely to occur,
		the location of the paranasal sinuses, guttural poaches, foramen lacerum, and the
		soft palate, detailed knowledge about sensory innervation of the horns, referring to
		the horn removal, the names of the openings and their positions associated with the
		cranial nerves, identification of the direction and distribution of the surface nerves of
		the head, identification of the surface features of the head, identification of the
		surface lymph nodes of the head, and identification of the large surface vessels of
2	CLINICAL	the body, and their directions. Identification of parotid, mandibular, sublingual and zygomatic salivary gland, and
2	ANATOMY OF THE	identification of the direction of their ducts, identification of chewing muscles,
	HEAD 2	identification of muscle attachments, and its innervation and function, compare
		between species about differences in structure influence the way the animal get its
		food and digest it, and ophthalmological examination of the eye in cat and dog: the
		retinal vessels, the tappetum, optic papilla, the importance of eye examination in
		clinical ophthalmology, measuring the field of vision and its correlation with the color,
		investigation of eye anomalies, demonstration of macula caeca, and other evidence
Tooching	material: Anatomy of th	of the processing of the peripheral and central image. ne live animal (video presentation): Head, 37.00 minutes
3	CLINICAL	Identification of the muscles that form boundaries of the visceral contents of the
J	ANATOMY OF THE	neck, and to understand their ratio, knowledge about attachments of every muscle
	NECK	with its innervation and function, knowledge about the positions of the visceral
		structures in cranial and caudal parts of the neck including the pharynx, the larynx,
		the trachea, the esophagus, external and internal distribution of ligamentum nuchae,
		jugular groove, jugular vein, the common carotid artery, superficial neck lymph
		nodes, vagosympathic trunk, and recurrent laryngeal nerve.

Teaching	material: Anatomy of th	ne live animal (video presentation): Neck, 24.09 minutes
4	CLINICAL	Identification of the bones of the frontlimb, the position of joint capsules with special
	ANATOMY OF THE	leprosy for their approach, and emphasis on the distal extremities.
	FRONTLIMB	
E	(Frontlimb 1)	Detailed knowledge of the peripheral innervation of the distal next of the entransity
5	CLINICAL ANATOMY OF THE	Detailed knowledge of the peripheral innervation of the distal part of the extremity, with special emphasis on nerves blockage, knowledge about carpal joint, with
	FRONTLIMB	leprosy of the communication between its different parts, knowledge about
	(Frontlimb 2)	attachments (origin, insertion) of each muscle, as well as their innervation and
	,	function, the position of the tendon sheets, location of the naavicular bone and its
		attachments.
	material: Anatomy of th (forearm) 47.10 minute	e live animal (video presentation): Front limb (arm and brachium) 18.08 minutes, s
6	CLINICAL	Identification of the bones of the hindlimb, identification of the muscles of the hind
	ANATOMY OF THE	limb, the position of the joint capsules with special leprosy for their approach, and
	HINDLIMB	emphasis on de distal part of the extremity.
	(Hindlimb 1)	
7	CLINICAL	Detailed knowledge of the peripheral innervation of the distal extremity, with special
	ANATOMY OF THE	leprosy on nerve blockage, knowledge about stifle joint with emphasis on
	HINDLIMB (Hindlimb 2)	communication between its different parts, the position of the tendon sheaths, location of the navicular bone and its attachments.
Teaching	,	ne live animal (video presentation): Hindlimb 48.08 minutes
8	CLINICAL	Location and attachments of the diaphragm and the ratio with the ribs, assessment of
	ANATOMY OF THE	the different layers of the abdominal wall. Identification of the muscles from the
	THORACIC CAVITY	thoracic wall, which are responsible for movements in the process of breathing,
	1	understanding the parietal (costal, diaphragmatic and mediastinal) and visceral
		(pulmonary) pleura or serous membrane and costodiaphragmatic recess, position of
		the costal arch, the line of pleural reflection and the boundaries of the lungs, revision
		of the position of the entrance of the thoracic cavity, and elongation of the pleural
9	CLINICAL	cavity, including the pleural cupola on the top of the lungs. Location of the heart and its valves, understanding the basic anatomy of the lung
9	ANATOMY OF THE	from a mammal, recognition of the differences of the lungs in domestic mammals, to
	THORACIC CAVITY	be able to recognize and describe the functional anatomy of the oval foramen and
	2	arterial duct on the heart of the fetus.
Teaching I	material: Anatomy of th	e live animal (video presentation): Thorax 21.48 minutes
10	CLINICAL	Identification of the topographic anatomy of the abdominal viscera including the
	ANATOMY OF THE	bladder, spleen, liver (different parts), gallbladder, stomach, small and large
	ABDOMINAL	intestines (different parts), pancreas, adrenal glands, kidneys, ovaries, uterus and
11	CAVITY 1 CLINICAL	the urethers. Topography of each type of position of the organs which are placed one by one,
	ANATOMY OF THE	understanding the arrangement of the peritoneum which covers the abdominal
	ABDOMINAL	viscera and hang it from the abdominal wall, as well as formation of ligaments
	CAVITY 2	between the different organs (large and small omentum, omental bursa,
		mesoduodenum, mesentery, and mesocolon, the ligaments of the liver, the ovaries
		and the ligaments of the uterus), localization of the inguinal canal, and vaginal tunic
		in male and female animals, to determine the position of the liver inside the skeleton, to demonstrate the anatomy of the composite stomach of ruminants both on fresh
		and on fixated preparations, to consolidate the understanding of comparative
		anatomy and physiology of the digestive system. Fresh and fixated gastrointestinal
		tissues from mammals will be available as basis for interactive discussion for
		anatomical structure and function related to different regions of the digestive system,
		knowledge about position of, and different parts of the intestinal features of various
		parts of the small and large intestines (haustre, tenues, vascularisation, lymph
Teaching	 material: ∆natomy of th	nodes). le live animal (video presentation): Abdomen 38.00 minutes
12	CLINICAL	Identification of the visceral organs in pelvic cavity: the rectum, bladder, urethers,
	ANATOMY OF THE	urethra, deferent duct, as well as its associated structures (anal glands, accessory
	PELVIC CAVITY 1	genital glands), identification of different parts of the kidneys from dog, cat, sheep,
		pig, cattle and horse, observation of comparative bladders: orientation in pelvic
		canal, position of the urethers and urethra, observation of differences of bladders
		form both genders.
		Teaching material: Anatomy of the live animal (video presentation): Pelvic
		cavity and external genitalia 41.00 minutes. Anatomy of the female reproduction, understanding the structure of the ovary
13	CLINICAL	Anglamy of the temple remarks the contesting the contesting the contesting of the contesting of the contesting

	ANATOMY OF THE	including the possibility to identify the follicles and corpora lutea in domestic species,		
	PELVIC CAVITY 2	understanding the differences in anatomy that are found in ovaries in domestic		
	I EEVIG GAVIII E	species. Understanding the position and ratio of the ovaries inside the abdomen in		
		domestic species, understanding the anatomy of the oviducts, uterus, vagina and the		
		vestibule, understanding the differences in anatomy of the female reproductive		
		system between domestic species, understanding the arrangement of the broad		
		ligaments and formation of the ovarian bursa. Placenta understanding the anatomy		
		of the fetal and mother components in the placenta of sow, mare, ewe, cow, bitch		
		and queen. Mammary gland - the udder - understanding the general organization of		
		the mammary glands in domestic species, including the supportive tissue, blood		
		vessels, venous drainage, gland tissue, and canalicular system, the structure of the		
		teat and differences in number in teat ducts in domestic species, appearing of the		
		cell components in non-lactating and lactating mammary glands, understanding the		
		position and anatomy of the inguinal canal and vaginal tunic, and the structures		
		palpable per rectum.		
14	CLINICAL	Anatomy of the male reproductive system, understanding the anatomy of the		
	ANATOMY OF THE	testis and spermatic cord in domestic species, understanding the anatomy of the		
	PELVIC CAVITY 3	penis and accessory glands in domestic species.		
		11		

Teaching material for Module 6: Video presentation, 1. Thorax of the horse 10.03 min., 2. Thorax of the horse 17.52 min., 3. Thorax of the cattle 20.44 min., 2. Thorax of the cattle 8.25 min., 3. Thorax of the horse 13.25 min., 3. Thorax of the cattle (heart) 15.01 min.

Power point presentation: Presentation for dissection of the thorax (30 slides)

CLIVE computer interactive program (quizzes).

15 PRE-EXAM PERIODICAL EVALUATION WEEK

No of	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit		
lessons			
1	CLINICAL ANATOMY OF THE HEAD 1	Dissection of non-fixated head from sheep, dog, pig and horse to show surface structures, dissection of the chewing muscles and salivary glands, dissection of the deeper structures of the head, including the muscles of the tongue and soft palate, and to identify the nasal conch and meatuses of the nasal cavity in dog.	
2	CLINICAL ANATOMY OF THE HEAD 2	Identification with dissection and demonstration the parts, cartilages, ligaments, laryngeal ventricles and muscles of the larynx in domestic species, comparation of the head anatomy in typical herbivores with the dog who is typical carnivore (who was dissected in the first semester), identification of the extrinsic muscles of the tongue, to identify the attachments, innervation and function of each muscle, identification of the muscles of the soft palate and pharynx, identification and classification the dental tissues in all teeth, identification of the permanent teeth in dog, cat, cattle, pig, sheep and examples of laboratory animals, evaluate the functional implication of the differences in structure within individuals and between species, differentiation between dolichocephalic and brachiocephalic type of breed, and between deciduous and permanent dentition (tooth), estimation and acquisition of additional anatomical knowledge obtained in the first year course using videos and dissectioned brains from different species, comparation of the brains form different species recognizing the similarities in the general structure of the mammalian brain, and description of the main regions of the brain from transverse and other sections, description of the relative position of the twelve cranial nerves and their nuclei.	
3	CLINICAL ANATOMY OF THE NECK	Identification of the esophagus, identification of its relation to larynx, vascularisation of the esophagus and stomach (dog).	
		ne live animal (video presentation): Neck 24.09 minutes.	
4	CLINICAL ANATOMY OF THE FRONTLIMB (frontlimb 1)	Identification of the bones of the frontlimb, students must know to palpate key anatomical features of the front limb in dog, while showing position of each bone and joint, knowledge about muscle attachments (origin, insertion), as well as its innervation and function, to identify the muscles that act on shoulder and elbow joint, to understand their ratio (their connection), knowledge how and where to palpate supraspinous, infraspinous, deltoid, biceps, triceps and brachial muscle, knowledge about the external fetures of the bones of the fore arm (the radius, ulna), understanding how radiograms are produced and how they are interpreted, to accomplish complete interpretation of the radiograms from arm and brachial region, identification of the muscles that act on carpal joint and digital joints, and to	
		127	

		understand their ratio and their attachments (origin, insertion) of each muscle, their
		innervation and function, knowledge about the external features of the carpal
		bones, metacarpals, and phalanges, and to accomplish complete interpretation
5	CLINICAL	and understanding of the radiograms taken from antebrachium and fore paw. Functional anatomy of the joints and factors limiting the each joint movements,
3	ANATOMY OF THE	knowledge how and where to palpate the neck superficial lymph nodes, and
	FRONTLIMB	cephalic veins, knowledge how and where to palpate the carpal, metacarpal and
	(frontlimb 2)	the five digital cushions.
		ne live animal (video presentation): Front limb (arm and brachium), 18.08 min.,
	(forearm) 47.10 min.	
		f frontlimb 8.45 min. Innervation of frontlimb 12.12 min.
		gram (quizzes): Anatomy of the front limb in dog: arm, brachium, forearm, forepaw in dog (complete anatomy). Front limb in horse 1, front limb in horse 2, front limb in
		orse 1, frontlimb in cattle, front limb in dog (radiographic anatomy), front limb in cat
	nic anatomy).	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Work with f	fresh, fixated and plastin	
6	CLINICAL	Practicals: Identification of the bones of the hindlimb, recognition of external
	ANATOMY OF THE	features of the bones of the pelvis, identification of the caudal and medial thigh
	HINDLIMB (hindlimb	muscles, the lateral hip muscles, and to understand their ratio, knowledge of the muscle attachments (origin, insertion) of each muscle, its innervation and function,
	1)	knowledge about palpation of the external features of the femur, complete
		interpretation of radiographs taken from the pelvis, identification of caudal and
		lateral hip muscles, and to understand their ratio, knowledge about muscle
		attachments (origin, insertion) of each muscle, its innervation and its function,
		knowledge of external features of leg (tibia, fibula), complete interpretation of the
		radiographs taken from thight, stifle joint, and leg, identification of the craniolateral
		and caudal leg muscles, and understanding their ratio, knowledge about muscle attachments (origin, insertion) of each muscle, its inervation and its function, to
		recognize the external features from tarsal bones, metatarsals, and phalanges,
		knowledge how to palpate quadriceps femoris muscle, semitendinous, and
		gastrocnemius muscle.
7	CLINICAL	Interpretation of the radiographs of the hind paw, to know position of the main
	ANATOMY OF THE	blood vessels and nerves of the pelvis, thight, leg, and hind paw, to know how and
	HINDLIMB (hindlimb 2)	where to palpate femoral artery, popliteal lymph nodes, lateral saphenous vein and dorsal pedal artery, understanding the functional anatomy of the joints and factors
	-/	who limit the movements of each individual joint, knowledge about how and where
		to palpate key anatomical features of hind limb in dog, showing the position of
		each bone and joint, and to know the metatarsal, and digital cushions.
		ne live animal (video presentation): Hind limb 48.08 minutes.
8	CLINICAL	Identification of the vertebrae, ribs and sternum in dog, identification of external
	ANATOMY OF THE THORACIC CAVITY	features of vertebrae, understanding limitations of vertebral joints, dissection and identification of the muscles of the body wall, knowledge about muscle
	1	attachments and function of each muscle, understanding the structure of the
		diaphragm, and knowledge about position and content of the openings,
		understanding about rectus muscle sheath in dog, dissection of the cremaster
		muscle, and to follow its origin, understanding the arrangement of the pleurae.
9	CLINICAL	Identification of the main structures from the left and right side of the thoracic
	ANATOMY OF	cavity, competent interpretation of the radiographs taken from the thorax,
	THORACIC CAVITY	understanding the functional anatomy of the next heart structures: left and right
	2	atria, left and right ventricle, auricles from atria, the heart valves and the "heart
		skeleton", the pericardium, epicardium, myocardium, and endocardium, the aorta,
		and pulmonary trunk, left and right coronary artery, arterious ligament, venous drainage of heart, large veins that drain the blood from systemic and pulmonary
		circulation to the heart, and the heart innervation.
Teaching	material: Anatomy of th	ne live animal (video presentation): Thorax 21.48 minutes
10	CLINICAL	Practicals: Identification of the veins who drain blood from the gastrointestinal
	ANATOMY OF THE	tract to the portal vein, identification of the arterial branches which emerge from the
	ABDOMINAL	aorta (the paired visceral, the paired parietal, and non-paired visceral arteries), and
	CAVITY 1	vascularisation of the organs they vascularise. Identification of the veins which
		drain blood to the caudal vena cava (the paired visceral, the paired parietal, and hepatic veins), investigation of the blood supply to the testes, ovaries, and uterus,
		understanding the pancreas and associated ligaments (dog).
11	CLINICAL	Student must identify, compare, and separate the anatomical components of the
	ANATOMY OF THE	simple stomach in dog (cardia, fundus, corpus and pylorus), pig (gastric
		138

	ABDOMINAL CAVITY 2	diverticulum) and horse (blind sac), demonstration of the attachments of the large and small omentum, studying the internal structures of the stomach (e.g. cardiac ostium, pyloric sphincter), to identify different regions of gastric mucosa in different species (e.g. proventricle in pigs, plicated margin in horses), identification of the parts of the pancreas (dog) – <i>in situ</i> and to investigate its relationships with the remaining organs, identification of the small and large omentum, the omental bursa, and epiploic foramen, the attachments of the viscera (between visceral organs) – trough ligaments, and duplicatures of the peritoneum, identification of isolated livers from dog, horse, cattle, pig and sheep and to identify its anatomical structures: the liver lobs, structures on liver diaphragmatic surface, and those on
Tasahina	actorial. Anotomy of th	the liver visceral surface.
12	CLINICAL ANATOMY OF THE PELVIC CAVITY 1	Identification of the muscles from the pelvic diaphragm (coccygeus and levator ani muscle) and sacroiliac ligament including its attachments, identification of the different peritoneal endings known as excavations, as well as ligaments in both genders, identification of visceral organs including the rectum, bladder, urethers, urethra, deferent duct, and its associated structures like anal glands (sacs), and accessory sex gland, then identification of various parts of the kidneys in dog, cat, sheep, horse, and cattle, differentiation between the structures of urinary tract like renal pelvis, renal crest, terminal recessuses, and renal calyces, comparation of bladders, - orientation in pelvic canal, position of the urethers and urethra, and comparation about differences in bladders from both genders. Inguinal canal, reproductive tract, pelvis - examination of the pelvic canal, descent of the testes, castration anatomy, disposition of the female reproductive tract. Teaching material: Anatomy of the live animal (video presentation): Pelvis and external genitalia, 41.00 minutes.
	CLINICAL	Disposition of the female reproductive tract.
	ANATOMY OF THE	
	PELVIC CAVITY 2	
	CLINICAL ANATOMY OF THE	Inguinal canal, reproductive tract, pelvis - examination of the pelvic canal, descent of the testes, castration anatomy, disposition of the female reproductive
	PELVIC CAVITY 3 material: Anatomy of	tract. the live animal (video presentation): Pelvis and external genitalia, 41.00
minutes.		The area area (ridge procentation). I divid and external gentalia, 41100
15	PRE-EXAM PERIOD	DIC EVALUATION WEEK

Organization	Theory	classes: 1±	1 lessons a week (15 lessons)	1	Theory classes: 1+1 lessons a week (15 lessons)		
Organization		Practicals: 1+1 lessons a week (15 lessons)					
Topolismon		Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the					
Teaching			eractive (lectures in large gro	up with dis	cussion and ac	tive participation	n of the
methods	student	,					
			s and other ways of work with				
			rning with use of referent li			eparing semina	ar work
	(assay/	poster); pres	sentation and discussion abou	t the semi	nar work.		
	Realiza	tion with wo	rk in dissection hall and proce	ssing of ar	natomic models		
Specific	The stu	ident is oblig	gated for active participation i	n all predi	cted activities for	or gaining points	s which
recommendations	are par	t of the final	evaluation.	•			
related with							
teaching	Scoring	g of the stu	dent's activities:				
· ·		•			Poi	ints	
			Activity type		minimum	maximum	
		Attendanc	e on theory classes		12	15	
		Attendanc	e and activity (knowledge) o	on	12	15	
		practicals					
		Written as	say		6	10	
		Periodical	evaluations (five)		30	60	
		Final exam		predicted			
		Total:			60	100	
							-
Evaluation of	Evaluation of Periodical evaluation (after each completed module): written						
knowledge							
J	Final grade mark forming criteria:						
			Points	G	rade mark		
			to 59		5 (F)		
			60-68		6 (E)		

			69-76	7	(D)	
			77-84	8	(C)	
			85-92	9	(B)	
			93-100	10	(A)	
			., Liebich HG. Veterinary ar		estic animals.	Schattauer(Stuttgart
Basis topohing			textbook and Colour Atlas, 2			
Basic teaching aids	2. 8	Sisson S., 7	The anatomy of domestic anin	nals. W.B. Saເ	ınders Compar	ny. Philadelphia and
aius		ondon, 19.				
			Sack W.O., Wensing C.J.G. Textbook of veterinary naatomy. W.B. Saunders			
			Philadelphia- London-Toronto-Sydmey_Montreal-Tokyou.1996			
			Јанкович Ж. Анатомија домачих животиња сисара - Спланцхнологиа.			
			ски факултет-Београд,1997			
			e Lahunta A. Guide to the dis	section of dog	. W.B Saunder	s Company
			a-London-Toronto. 1971		_	
			Christensen G. Anatomy of the dog. W.B Saunders Company Philadelphia-		ny Philadelphia-	
	London-Toronto. 1979					
	7. Nomina Anatomica Vetreinaria. Internationa committee on ve		on veterinary	Gross anatomical		
	Nomenclature, Gent, Belgium,1992					
	8. Г	1етков К. <i>А</i>	Анатомија на домашните жи	вотни. Скопје	1993	

Course	BASIS OF CLINICAL AND LABORATORY DIAGNOSTICS 4.0 credit points
Code	FVM 316
Year of study	Third (III)
Semester	Fifth (V)
Total teaching	60 (30 + 30)
lessons	
Course type	Compulsory
Prerequisities	
Author of the	prof. Dine Mitrov, PhD
course program	
Realized by	prof. Dine Mitrov, PhD
	ass. Igor Dzhadzovski, MSc
Purpose and	Theory classes of the course Basis of clinical and laboratory diagnostics have aim to introduce the
objectives of the	students with the main principles of the clinical and laboratory diagnostics. The clinical diagnostics
course program	is the link between preclinical and clinical education.
	Clinical diagnostics is a part of the clinical pathology which uses most recent scientific methods for
	determination of the disease. Subject of the clinical diagnostics are disease symptoms of particular
	organs and organic systems, and the manner of their collection, systematization and analysis is elaborated. The task of diagnostics is to detect the disease and to find its nature.
	During the preclinical education, student do not have opportunity to get knowledge about the
	features of the live animal. Even during the clinical education, student gets information about the
	appearance of the health animal. During this experience, the student has to learn to observe, to
	feel, to listen, for becoming able to make right decisions. If the methods of clinical examination are
	well solved, and if the student have learned the manner of examination of particular animal
	species, he/she would become able to find if this animal is healthy or ill.
	During the clinical examination the student has no possibility to find the subjective condition of the
	ill animal. Anyway, the student is able to make total objective examination, and has not the danger
	of the human doctor to be seduced with some unclear motives, as caprice, outrage, arrogance etc.
	Practicals. Investigation of the biological materials is important tool for finding correct diagnosis
	and prognosis of the disease. Recent veterinary science in big part is based on the laboratory
	diagnostics. Only relevant laboratory results could contribute in finding the diagnosis. The aim of
	the practicals is the students to become familiar with the main laboratory methods for investigation
	of blood, urine, milk and other body liquids. The most important objective of the course is to solve
	the methods and evaluation of the results of the analyses which are necessary for result
	interpretation in subclinical and clinical disorders. This course is upgrading of the knowledge
	gained in preclinical and clinical courses, and it is most effectively applied in the practical analysis
	of the biological materials. Main objective of this course is development of the student's abilities for
	using the theoretical knowledge in the routine practice. With the theoretical and practical
	knowledge, students would be able for correct interpretation of the laboratory results.

Contents

THEORY CLASSES

No of lessons	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit
1	BASIS OF CLINICAL DIAGNOSTICS	
1	INTRODUCTION	Introduction, symptoms, diagnosis, prognosis, handling with animal during the examination, history of the disease, examination methods.
2-3	PREVIOUS INTRODUCTION WITH THE ILL ANIMAL	Previous introduction with the ill animal: Anamnesis, National
4-5	BASIC EXAMINATION OF THE ANIMAL	Examination of the animal – status praesens: Basic examination (habitus, trias – body temperature, pulse, breathing, ruminal contractions).
6	SPECIAL EXAMINATION OF THE ANIMAL	Examination of the animal – status praesens: Special examination (examination of the skin and subcutis, examination of the lymph nodes and lymph vessels, examination of the mucosas).
5	EXAMINATION OF RESPIRATORY ORGANS - UPPER RESPIRATORY TRACT	Examination of the respiratory organs – upper respiratory tract: nasal discharge, expiratory air, nasal mucosa, sinuses and airbags, larynx and trachea, coughing, sputum.
6-7	EXAMINATION OF RESPIRATORY ORGANS - LOWER RESPIRATORY TRACT	Examination of respiratory organs – lower respiratory tract: percussion of thorax, auscultation of thorax, punction of thoracic cavity
8-9	EXAMINATION OF THE CARDIOVASCULARY SYSTEM	Examination of heart (heart stroke, percussion of heart, auscultation of heart, heart tones, heart murmurs, punction of the pericardial sack), examination of the peripheral blood vessels (pulse quality, ECG). Examination of the heart functional condition.
10-11	EXAMINATION OF THE DIGESTIVE TRACT IN EQUINES AND CARNIVORES – UPPER PART	Examination of the digestive tract – upper part Food and water consumption, chewing disorders, swallowing disorders, belching, vomiting Examination of oral cavity, pharynx and oesophagus.
12-13	EXAMINATION OF THE DIGESTIVE TRACT IN EQUINES AND CARNIVORES – LOWER PART	Examination of the digestive tract – lower part Examination of the abdomen and abdominal digestive organs (stomach, intestines), rectal exploration, examination of defecation act and excrements.
14-15	EXAMINATION OF THE DIGESTIVE TRACT IN RUMINANTS	Appetite, thirst and water consumption, rumination, belching, vomiting, defecation. Examination of oral cavity and pharynx, examination of oesophagus, preventricules (examination of the rumen and its contents, examination of reticulum, examination of omasum: percussion, palpation, auscultation, examination of abomasum: adspection, palpation, percussion, auscultation, examination of intestines: percussion, palpation, auscultation, rectal exploration, examination of feces.
16	EXAMINATION OF LIVER IN EQUINES AND	Examination of liver in equines, liver biopsy, punction techniques. Examination of liver in carnivores.
	CARNIVORES	Examination of spleen in equines and carnivores.
17	EXAMINATION OF LIVER IN RUMINANTS	Examination of liver in ruminants: adspection, palpation and percussion. Special examination of liver.
18-19	EXAMINATION OF URINARY SYSTEM	Examination of the urinary system: urination, examination of kidneys, preparation of urine samples – catheterization, evaluation of main features and physical parameters of urine, chemical examination of urine, examination of urine sediment. Techniques for functional evaluation of the kidneys.

	20-23	EXAMINATION OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM	Examination of the nervous system: examination of head and vertebral column, examination of the psychic condition of the animal, pupillary and corneal reflex, examination of the cerebrospinal liquor, examination of sensibility, examination of motility (active movements, coordination, tonus, ataxia, vertigo, seizures and forced movements, epilepsy), examination of vegetative nervous system.
	<i>II</i>	LABORATORY DIAGNOSTICS	
ĺ	24-30		Laboratory and special diagnostic methods.

No of	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit	
lessons		
1	Clinical diagnostics	
1-2	Introduction, approaching to the animal, fixation and safety handling.	
3-4	Anamnesis, national, habitus, trias and rumination (ruminants).	
5-6	Skin, mucoses, lymph nodules and lymh vessels.	
7-8	Respiratory tract.	
9-10	Cardiovascular system.	
11-12	Digestive tract, sondage (nasal and oral sonde), rectal exploration (horse, cattle).	
13-14	Examination of abdomen in cattle.	
15-16	Examination of abdomen in equines.	
17-18	Urinary system, catheterization.	
19-20	Locomotory system.	
21-22	Nervous system.	
11	Laboratory diagnostics	
23-24	Preparation of material for laboratory analysis.	
	Preparation of glass and equipment.	
25-26	Description of the whole sampling procedure (blood, serum, plasma, milk, tissues, organs, organic systems	
	or whole corps).	
27-30	Interpretation of results.	

Organization	Theory classes: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons). Practicals: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons).					
Teaching methods	students Practica Written	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the students). Practicals: practicals and other ways of work with smaller groups Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work (assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work.				
Specific		dent is obligated for active participation in all predicted a	ctivities for g	aining points	which	
recommendations		of the final evaluation.				
related with	Scoring	of the student's activities:	Do	oints	1	
teaching		Activity type	Minimum	Maximum		
		Attendance on theory classes	10	15	1	
		Attendance and activity (knowledge) on Practicals	17	22		
		Written assay	0	8		
		Periodical evaluations, (two theoretical)	5+5 (10)	10+10 (20)		
		Periodical evaluations (practical)	5+5 (10)	10+10 (20)		
		Final test	5	5		
		Final exam	0	10		
		Total	52	100		
	Complete final exam <u>Grade mark / Points</u>					
	Six (6) / 20					
	Seven (7) / 25 Eight (8) / 31					
	Nine (9) / 38					
	Ten (10) / 45					
	Prerequisite criteria:					
	•	To get right to attend final exam, the student has to g	ain minimur	m 40 points f	rom the	

	attendance of theory classes and practical				
		inimum on the first periodical evaluation, he/she			
	could not attend the second one.				
		not the second periodical evaluation, that means			
		periodical evaluations, so he/she could not gain			
	points from this issue.				
		dical evaluations reach directly on final exam (if			
	they have right to it).				
		The complete final exam has written and oral part, and depending on the grade mark			
		gained, the student gets appropriate points.			
		udents who had gained minimum 60 points from			
		acticals, periodical evaluations and final test, but			
		m one predicted according points gained. Final			
		nts with student's results. If the student's results			
		mark wanted by the student, he/she keeps the			
	grade mark got with previously gained po				
		all issues, he/she gets right to get grade mark in			
	his/her index, according the points gaine				
		ints gained on the periodical evaluations, he/she			
		by other issues attends to complete final exam			
	and looses his/her right on points gained	·			
		lent could ask for topic for written assay 30 days			
	· ·	written assay must be delivered 10 days before			
	scheduled term for exam.				
Evaluation of	Final test is obligatory and it is done practical available available available.	ctically on the farm.			
knowledge	Periodical evaluations: written				
Kilowieuge	First periodical evaluation: lesson 1-9 (theory classes); lesson 1-12 (practicals) Second periodical evaluation: lesson 10-30 (theory classes); lesson 13-30 (practicals)				
	Final exam: written or oral				
	Final grade mark forming criteria:				
	Points Grade mark				
	to 59,5	5			
	60-67	6			
	67,5-75	7			
	75,5-86	8			
	86,5-94				
	94,5-100 10				
Basic teaching	1. Aleksandar Cvetkovic, Vojislav Ciric, Miodrag Jovanovic, Vladimir Litricin, Zarko Ijesevic,				
aids	Desanka Marjanovic, Svetislav Punovic, Milorad Petrovic: Klinicka dijagnostika				
	unutrasnjih bolest domacih zivotinja. Veterinarski fakultet Beograd, 1989.				
	, .	asnjih bolesti domacih zivotinja. Naucna knjiga.			
	Beograd, 1951.	mostile need December Nije 4004			
	3. Slobodan Teodosic: Osnovi klinicke dijag				
	4. Ivan Jazbec: Klinicno laboratorijska dijag	ical examonation of Farm Animals. University of			
	ı — J. FERELJAGKSON AND FERELGOGKGION, GIIN	iicai exambination oi Fann Allinais. Univelsity ol 1			
	Cambidge, UK, 2002.	,			

Course	DIAGNOSTIC IMAGING 3.0 credit points	
Code	FVM 317	
Студиска	Third (III)	
Година		
Semester	Sixth (VI)	
Total	45 (15+30)	
teaching		
lessons		
Course type	Compulsory	
Prerequisities		
Author of the	prof. Dine Mitrov, PhD	
course		
program		
Realized by	prof. Dine Mitrov, PhD	
Purpose and	Diagnostic imaging techniques are upgrade of the knowledge gained in preclinical courses, and also	
objectives of	introduce the students with application of this knowledge (from biophysics, anatomy and clinical	

the course program

anatomy, histology, embryology, physiology, pathophysiology and pathology). The subject of Diagnostic imaging is mechanism of formation of X rays and their direct impact on organism, i.e. the patient, interpretation of the radiograms, with which the students become able to analyze the pathological changes, and this would be helpful for solving the clinical courses within curriculum.

Theory classes of the course Diagnostic imaging have aim to introduce the students with main principles of veterinary basic and clinical radiology, physiotherapy and ultrasonography. Basic radiology is quite important discipline, and gives information about the formation and physical features of X rays, their application in medicine, radiation sources and also formation of radiogram, where students are introduced with some rules of projection and geometry of radiograms. Also, the students would be educated with technique of making X ray film in dark chamber (manually) or with device for automatic film making. The special part of the course - clinical radiology comprises elaboration of all organic systems and their analysis (with application of contrast media). Clinical radiology is very important part of veterinary medicine and deals with various issues of pathological disorders in the organs and organic systems in domestic animals. Success of radiological diagnostics depends on knowledge of physical features of X rays, radiology procedure and application of various contrast techniques for examination. Also, proper interpretation of the radiograms requires excellent knowledge of anatomy and pathomorphology, physiology and pathophysiology of the organs and organic systems in domestic animals. Not to forget benefits got from anamnesis, clinical and laboratory data which are necessary for complete radiologic diagnosis. This course also includes physiotherapy, i.e. basic principles of diagnosis and therapy, as well as development of physical techniques for therapy in veterinary medicine. Physiotherapy is one of the oldest techniques for therapy in medicine. But nowadays this is one of most sophisticated therapy techniques, which uses all recent knowledge from the field of electronics, ultrasound, lasers, ionization rays, acupuncture and artificial light resources. Knowledge from the field of physical medicine for therapy and diagnostics is necessary not only for students of veterinary medicine, but also for colleagues involved in terrain practice in the ambulances and clinics.

Special part is elaboration and application of ultrasound for diagnostic purposes in veterinary medicine. Today, all around the world the ultrasound is widely used in clinical diagnostics in veterinary practice. Methods and techniques for use of ultrasound are always improving. In therapeutic purpose it is common to use continuous ultrasound, but in diagnostics the only solution is the impulse technique. Student would be also introduced with principles of work and diagnostic application of computer tomography (CT) and magnetic resonance (MR).

On this way, the student after successful passing of the exam would be educated for application of diagnostic imaging techniques for diagnostic and therapeutic purposes in veterinary medicine.

Practicals within course Diagnostic imaging have aim to introduce the students with basic conditions essential for an radiology cabinet, X ray devices and their parts (graphic-scopic), explanation of basic principles of X ray image analysis, technique for making X ray films, analysis of organic systems with use of radiology techniques, application of contrast media (positive and negative). Also, the students would be introduced with basic principles of work and application of physiotherapy and ultrasonography devices in therapeutic and diagnostic purpose. The students would have ability to work with and to analyze radiograms, in groups, for every organic system separately.

Contents of teaching unit

Contents

No of

THEORY CLASSES

Teaching unit

lessons		3	
	BASIC RADIOLOGY	4 lessons	
1	INTRODUCTION	Importance of radiology in veterinary medicine. Historical	
		development of veterinary radiology. X ray cabinet, X ray device	
		and its parts and way of work.	
2	X RAYS	Nature and formation of X rays. Features of X rays.	
3	RADIOLOGY TECHNIQUE	Radiology technique. Basis of X ray image. Basis of radiology	
		diagnostics.	
4	ELEMENTS OF RADIOLOGICAL	Radiological techniques of examination. Natural and artificial	
	PATHOLOGY	contrast in radiology diagnostics.	
II	SPECIAL RADIOLOGY	11 lessons	
5	DIGESTIVE TRACT	Examination methodology. Topographic anatomy and pathology of	
		digestive tract.	
6	RESPIRATORY AND	Radiological diagnostics of the respiratory and cardiovascular	
	CARDIOVASCULARY SYSTEM	system.	
7	UROGENTIAL SYSTEM	Radiological diagnostics of the urogenital system and diagnostics	

		of early and late pregnancy.	
8	SKELETAL SYSTEM	Radiological diagnostics of the skeletal system.	
9	FORENSIC RADIOLOGICAL	Forensic radiological diagnostics of diseases in young animals and	
	DIAGNOSTICS	herd diseases.	
10	PHYSIOTHERAPY	Principles of the physical diagnostics and therapy. Development	
		and features of the physical techniques for therapy in veterinary	
		medicine.	
11	ELECTROTHERAPY AND	Principles and features of therapeutic techniques of electrotherapy	
	ELECTRODIAGNOSTICS	and electrodiagnostics.	
12	PHOTOTHERAPY	Principles and features of phototherapeutic techniques.	
13	THERMOTHERAPY	Principles and features of thermotherapeutic techniques.	
14	HIDRO-, MASOTHERAPY	Principles and features of hydro- and masotherapeutic techniques.	
15	ULTRASOUND, COMPUTER	Ultrasonotherapy and ultrasonic diagnostics, diagnostic	
	TOMOGRAPHY AND MAGNETIC	tomography and use of magnetic resonance in diagnostic	
	RESONANCE	purposes.	

No of	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit	
lessons			
1-2	X ray device and accessory parts	Main conditions for work and functioning of X ray cabinet. Basic parts of X ray device (X ray device and accessory parts).	
3-4	Physical feature of X rays, projection effects, intensity of tissue shadows.	Main physical features of X rays (penetration, absorption and dispersion); projection effects in radiological diagnostics and shadow intensity in different kinds of tissues.	
5-6	Scopy and graphy, X ray technique and X ray film and cassettes.	Radioscopy (enlightening); Radiography; Photochemical effect of X rays and compounds of X ray film and X ray cassettes.	
7-8	Special radiological diagnostics, BaSO ₄ , passage and evacuation of the contrast medium	Native examination (graphy, scopy), and use of special radiological examination (use of positive and/or negative contrast media); Special examination of the digestive system with positive contrast medium and morpho-functional analysis of particular organs condition in the digestive tract. Passage and evacuation of ingest.	
9-10	Diagnostic analysis of radiograms, principles for analysis and determination of symptoms and special examination of foreign bodies in ruminants.	Diagnostic analysis (radiogram, negatoscope, examination evidence, radiological finding and film library) and principles of analysis and interpretation of radiograms, as well as determination of radiological symptoms, i.e. changes; Technique of special examination of foreign body in ruminants (preparation of the patient and administration of pneumoperitoneum).	
11-12	Respiratory tract	Basis of radiological diagnostics in respiratory organs (principles of diagnostics, radiological topography and physiology of respiratory organs); Radiological diagnostics of respiratory system diseases (diseases of upper airways and respiratory organs in thoracic cavity).	
13-14	Cardiovascular system	Basis of radiological diagnostics of heart and blood vessels (principles of diagnostics, radiological topography and physiology of the heart and blood vessels); Radiological diagnostics of cardiovascular diseases (diseases of the heart and large blood vessels, pericardium and peripheral vasculature).	
15-16	Urinary system	Basis of radiological diagnostics of urinary tract (principles of diagnostics, radiological topography and physiology of the urinary tract); Radiological diagnostics of urinary tract diseases.	
17-18	Genital system	Basis of radiological diagnostics of genital system (principles of diagnostics, radiological topography and physiology of the genital system, diagnostics of pregnancy); Radiological diagnostics of genital system diseases.	
19-22	Digestive tract	Basis of radiological diagnostics of digestive tract (principles of diagnostics, radiological topography and physiology of the digestive tract); Radiological diagnostics of digestive tract diseases (diseases of organs of head and neck and diseases of abdominal organs).	
23-26	Practice of interpretation of radiograms	Practice with students, regular posting of the radiogram and interpretation of tissue shadows, writing radiology finding and making diagnosis for particular radiogram(s).	
27-30	Skeletal system	Basis of radiological diagnostics of skeletal system (principles of diagnostics, radiological symptomatology of the skeletal diseases); Radiological diagnostics of osteopathies.	

Organization	Theory classes: 1 Joseph 2 Wook (15 Josephs)				
Organization	Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons) Practicals: 2 lessons a week (24 lessons)				
Tooching	Theory classes: interactive, introducing the student with basis of diagnostic imaging via theoretical				
Teaching methods					
memous	presentation of the teaching material, discussion with the students about the certain topic, seminar works for improvement of knowledge and use of worldwide reference literature and internet.				
	Practicals: interactive, with groups, were the students are directly faced with a beat of diagnostics,				
	connecting theory with practice, via interpretation of changes on the patient (organs) visible on the				
	radiogram.				
Specific	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted ac	tivities for ga	ining points w	hich are	
recommendations	, , ,	Ü	0.1		
related with					
teaching	Scoring of the student's activities:			,	
	Activity type		ints		
		minimum	maximum		
	Attendance on theory classes	10	14		
	Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals	12	18	1	
	Written assay	0	8		
	Periodical evaluations, (two theoretical)	8+10 (18)	10+12 (22)	_	
	Континуирана проверка (practical)	10	14	-	
	Final test	10	10		
	Final exam	0	24	_	
	Total 60 100			J	
	Scoring for complete final exam: 6 - 20 points				
	7 - 25 points				
	8 - 30 points				
	9 - 35 points				
	10 - 40 points				
	Condition criteria				
	- For being able to pass the final exam student has to gain up to 40 points from theory classes and				
	practicals, the periodical evaluations and the final test.				
	- If the student does not gain minimum points oh the first period	ical evaluation	on, he/she has	s no righ	
	on forward participation on other periodical evaluations.	40 00 00 fino	l avam		
Evaluation of	- If the student did not pass the periodical evaluation, he/she has Periodical evaluations: written	to go on ima	ıı exam.		
knowledge	First periodical evaluation: basic radiology;				
Kilowieuge	Second periodical evaluation: special radiology (organic	systems)			
	Second periodical evaluation, special radiology (organic systems).				
	Final test: diagnosis of radiograms.				
	Final exam: written or oral.				
	Final grade mark forming criteria:				
		Grade mark			
	to 59 5				
			60-67		
	60-67	6			
	60-67 68-73	6 7			
	60-67 68-73 74-80	6 7 8			
	60-67 68-73	6 7			

Basic teaching aids

- 1. Branislav Petrovic, Anica Jankovic-Zagorcic: Veterinarska rentgenologija. Veterinarski fakultet Beograd, 1985.
- 2. Mensur Sehic: Opca rendgenologija u veterinarskoj medicini. Janko, Zagreb, 1995.
- 3. Mensur Sehic, Vladimir Butkovic, Damir Zubnic, Damir Stanin: Fizikalna medicina u terapiji i dijagnostici domacih zivotinja. Kratis, Zagreb, 1997.
- 4. Mensur Sehic: Klinicka rentgenologija u veterinarskoj praksi. Intergrafika, Zagreb, 2002.
- 5. Branislav Petrovic, Borislav Draganovic, Jovan Gligorijevic: Osnovi fizikalne medicine. Beograd, 1972.
- 6. Mensur Sehic: Osteoartropatije u domacih zivotinja. Zagreb, 2000.
- 7. Mensur Sehic: Bolesti organa i organskih sustava. Zagreb, 2004.
- 8. Mensur Sehic: Bolesti kosti, zglobova, tetiva i zivcanog sustava u domacih zivotinja. Zagreb, 2004.

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY	2.0 credit points	
FVM 318		
Third (III)		
Sixth (VI)		
30 (15+15)		
Compulsory		
prof. Velimir Stojkovski, PhD		
prof. Velimir Stojkovski, PhD		
ass. Katerina Blagoevska, MSc		
Theory classes. Clinical biochemistry explores the chemical content of organisms during		
biochemistry elaborates highly analytical diagnostic methods for examination of chemical and cell		
	the basic clinical biochemistry diagnostic	
	the basic clinical biochemistry diagnostic	
	rv work	
Theoretical knowledge is evaluated with practical laboratory work.		
Practicals. During the practical part students get exper	ience in sampling, analyzing and results	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•	
Students are required to work out short project summarizing		
	Third (III) Sixth (VI) 30 (15+15) Compulsory prof. Velimir Stojkovski, PhD prof. Velimir Stojkovski, PhD ass. Katerina Blagoevska, MSc Theory classes. Clinical biochemistry explores the physiological and pathological processes in a living organ chemical methods. As a complex discipline it explores pathological conditions, and chemical and cell content biochemistry elaborates highly analytical diagnostic meth content of biological liquids and tissues. Main aim of the subject is to introduce the students with applied in veterinary medicine. Theoretical knowledge is evaluated with practical laborator interpretation. They get familiar with the basic analytical cimportance in veterinary medicine, as well as with the laborator in veterinary medicine.	

No of	Teaching unit	Contents на наставната единица
lesson	i ouoig u	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
S		
1	General topics,	The importance of clinical biochemistry in veterinary medicine. Methods' certainty.
	methods and	Standardization of clinical laboratory. Fast assays. Automatization in clinical
	techniques in	biochemistry laboratory. Laboratory quality control. Referent values.
	clinical	
	biochemistry.	
2	Sampling for	Analytical procedures. Blood sampling. Mistakes from irregular sampling. Material
	analyses	storage. Sampling and analyses of urine. Biochemical analyses of urine. Blood in
		feces.
3	Basic methods for	Erythrocytes hemolysis. Deproteinization. Specificity of biochemical analyses in
	material	veterinary medicine. Screening programs in clinical-biochemistry diagnostic.
	preparation for	veterinary medicine. Ocreening programs in clinical-biochemistry diagnostic.
	analyses	
4	Water,	Electrolytes (sodium, potassium, calcium, magnesium, chloride, phosphates).
	electrolytes and	Oligoelements (iron, copper, zink). Clinical-biochemical correlations. Methods for
	oligoelements	electrolyte determination.
5	Acid-base	Buffer systems. Alkalosis. Acidosis. Combined disturbances of acid-base
	homeostasis	homeostasis. Analyses of acid-base homeostasis parameters.
6	Carbohydrates	Carbohydrates. Specificity of carbohydrate metabolism in ruminants (glucose,
		glycogen and gluconeogenesis. Lipids. Acetonemia.
7	Lipids	Lipids. Specificity of lipid metabolism in ruminants. Total lipid. Triacylglycerols.
		Cholesterol. Clinical-biochemical correlations. Methods for determination of lipid
		profile.
8	Proteins	Proteins. Specificity of protein metabolism in ruminants. Total protein. Albumin.
		Fibrinogen. Diagnostic importance of serum protein electrophoresis. Clinical-
		biochemical correlations. Methods for determination of protein metabolism.
9	Non nitrogen	Urea. Uric acid. Creatin and creatinine. Clinical-biochemical correlations. Methods for
	compounds	determination.
10	Hemoproteins	Disorders in heme synthesis. Determination of porphyrines in blood, urine and feces.
		Porphobilinogen. Hemoglobin. Hemoglobin derivates. Clinical-biochemical

		correlations. Methods for determination.	
11	Enzymes	Enzymes important in diagnostics. Lactate dehydrogenase (LDH), sorbitol-dehydrogenase (SDH), glutamate dehydrogenase (GLDH), aspartate aminotransferase (AST), alanine aminotransferase (ALT), creatinine kinase (CK), gamma glutamyl transferase (γ-GT), alkaline phosphatase (AP), cholesterol esterase (CHE), lipase (LIPA), amylase (AMYL). Clinical-biochemical correlations. Methods for determination of enzyme activity.	
12	Hormones	Principles of hormonal regulation. Hormone activity. Activation of adenylate cyclase system. Control of gene activity. Types of hormones. Hormones from the cortex of the adrenal gland. Hormones form the medulla of the adrenal gland. Sex hormones. Hormones of thyroid and parathyroid gland. Pancreas hormones. Clinical-biochemical correlations. Methods for laboratory diagnostic of hormonal secretion.	
13	Vitamins	Vitamin A. Vitamin B ₁ . Vitamin B ₂ . Niacin. Vitamin B ₆ . Vitamin B ₁₂ . Vitamin C. Vitamin D. Vitamin E. Folic acid. Vitamin K. Pantothenic acid. Vitamin H. Clinical-biochemical correlations. Methods for vitamin determination.	
14	Liver function assays	Bilirubin. Bile acids. Clinical-biochemical correlations. Methods for determination.	
15	Medicament influence upon laboratory results	Biological effects of medicaments. Analytical interferences of medicaments.	

No of	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit	
lessons		
1	Determination of electrolytes and oligoelements	
2	Examination of acid-base homeostasis parameters	
3	Glucose determination	
4-5	Determination of total lipid, triglycerides and cholesterol	
6-7	Determination of total protein, albumin and fibrinogen	
8-9	Determination of urea, uric acid, creatine and creatinine	
10	Determination of blood hemoproteins	
11-13	Determination of LDH, SDH, GLDH, AST, ALT, CK, γ-GT, AP, CHE, LIPA and AMYL.	
14	Determination of hormones and vitamins	
15	Liver function assays	

Organization				
	Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)			
	Practicals: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)			
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the			
methods	students).			
	Practicals: practicals and other ways of work with smaller groups			
	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar wo			
	(assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the			
Specific	The student is obligated for active participation in a	all predicted a	ctivities for gain	ng points
recommendations	are part of the final evaluation.			
related with	Scoring of the student's activities:	_		Ī
teaching	Activity type	Points		
	Addity type	minimum	maximum	
	Attendance on theory classes	6	10	
	Attendance on practicals	6	10	
	Activity (knowledge) on practicals	6	10	
	Written assay	6	10	
		40		
	Periodical evaluations (two)	18	30	
	Final exam	18	30	

	assay, results shown on three periodical evaluations and minimum 61 points gained on any mode.			
Evaluation of knowledge	Periodical evaluation (two): written First periodical evaluation: General topics, methods and techniques in clinical biochemistry.			
	Sampling for analyses. Basic methods for material preparation for analyses. Water, electrolytes and oligoelements. Acid-base homeostasis. Carbohydrates. Lipids. Second periodical evaluation: Non-nitrogen compounds. Hemoproteins. Enzymes. Hormones.			
	Vitamins. Liver function assays. Medicament influence upon laboratory results Final exam: oral			
	Final grade mark forming criteria:			
	Points:	Grade mark:		
	to 59	5 (F)		
	60-68	6 (E)		
	69-76	7 (D)		
	77-84	8 (C)		
	85-92	9 (B)		
	93-100 10 (A)			
Basic teaching		иничка биохемија. Киро Дандаро, Битола.		
aids		Clinical biochemistry of domestic animals.6 th ed.		
	Academic press.			
	Other related literature, from internet etc.			

Course	INTERNAL DIOCACCO OF RET ANIMAL C AND COUNTRY	9.0 credit points	
	INTERNAL DISEASES OF PET ANIMALS AND EQUINES	3.0 Crean points	
Code	FVM 411		
Year of study	Fourth (IV)		
Semester	Seventh and Eighth (VII and VIII)		
Total teaching			
lessons	VII semester 2+4 (30+60)		
	VIII semester 2+2 (30+30)		
Course type	compulsory		
Prerequisities			
Author of the	ass. prof. Goran Nikolovski, PhD		
course			
program			
Realized by	ass. prof. Goran Nikolovski, PhD		
Purpose and	Definition of the course: student gains knowledge of the internal disease		
objectives of	and ungulate's organic systems, and refers to diseases of cardiovascul		
the course	gastrointestinal and liver diseases, urinary disorders and electrolyte	imbalance, metabolic and	
program	neuromuscular diseases.		
	Position of the course in veterinary education: through this course students are introduced with		
	the diseases in domestic animals (dogs, cats, ungulates) which need extended knowledge of the		
	veterinary medicine, application of new diagnostic technologies, as wel therapeutic protocols for various diseases.	i as adequate approach in	
	· · ·	he diseases of the organic	
	In the <i>theoretical part</i> student gains knowledge of the categorization of the diseases of the organic systems, their pathogenesis, description and methodological approach of the clinical sings,		
	diagnostic procedures and differential diagnostics, application of the thera		
	and prevention of the diseases or their eradication.	ipedile protocolo, prognosio	
	In the <i>practical part</i> student meets with clinical cases in the veterinary clir	nic that are related with the	
	material from the theoretical part, systematization of the information of		
	examination of the patient, diagnostic procedures and monitoring of the		
	going to actively participate in patients treatment.		
	Relations of the course with previous and future education: the subj	ect is connected with other	
	areas of the veterinary education such as: pathophisiology, patomorp		
	parasitology, immunology and epizootiology.	3,, 111,	
	General objectives of the course: the general principle of this course i	s based on introducing the	
	student with basically knowledge and practical experience that they nee		
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•	

THEORY CLASSES (VII Semester)

Реден	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit
број часови		
1-2	Congenital heart diseases, valvular disorders, Mitral dysplasia	Description of the frequency, clinical assessment, PDA, aortic and pulmonary stenosis.
3-4	Tricuspid dysplasia, acquired heart disease, bacterial endocarditic	
5-6	Endocarditis - chronic valvular disease, myocardial diseases, dilated cardiomyopathy in dogs	Frequency, clinical assessment, definition of the disease
7-8	Dilated cardiomyopathy in cats, cardiomyopathies in cats, pericardial effusion.	Definition, differences in clinical signs and prognosis of cadtiomyopathy in dogs and cats, grading of heart murmurs and treatment
9-10	Respiratory diseases, diseases of upper respiratory tract, rhinitis and neoplasia	Description of the common signs of respiratory diseases and clinical approach
11-12	Diseases of lower respiratory tract, cough, bronchopneumonia. Chronic bronchitis. Asthma in cats	Cough syndrome, clinical significance of cough
13-14	Eosinifilic lung infiltration, bronchiectasis. Inhalation of foreign body in trachea and bronchi.	Allergic base of the diseases, their solution.
15-16	Lung tumors. Collapse of trachea. Conditions that induce decreasing of lung capacity - effusions	Clinical description of dyspnea and tachypnea and present diseases.
17-18	Pyotorax, thoracic neoplasia, Pneumothorax Lung edema and emphysema, chronic alveolar emphysema	
19-20	Diseases of mouth, teeth and salivary glands.	Lesions of different etiology in the mouth, lesions of the tonsils.
21-22	Diseases of esophagus - oesophagitis, changes in patency. Diseases of the stomach: gastritis acuta, foreign bodies and volvulus – acute stomach dilatation. Gastritis chr.	
23-24	Peptic ulcer, obstruction of the stomach excretion. Diseases of small intestines. Food enteropathies, hemorrhagic gastroenteritis in dog, bowel obstruction, bowel inflammation.	Diarrhea with different etiology, diarrhea prevention, solving dehydration.
25-26	Fast bacterial multiplication in small intestines. Diseases of the large intestines, acute nonspecific colitis, plasmid-lymphatic colitis, noninflamatory colitis with diarrhea, colon obstruction, idiopathic megacolon, sinusitis paraanalis, colon and rectum neoplasia.	Differential diagnosis of small and large intestines.
27-28	Colic syndrome	Approach to patients with colic syndrome
29-30	Diseases of exocrine pancreas.	Principles of diagnosing pancreatic diseases.

THEORY CLASSES (VIII Semester)

No	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit
31-32	Inflammatory hepatobiliary diseases. Purulent and no purulent cholangitis/ cholangiohepatitis. Lymphocyte portal hepatitis. Obstruction of extrahepatic bile duct.	Diagnostic approach, description of clinical signs.
33-44	Congenital port systemic shunts. Chronic and idiopathic chronic hepatitis. Congenital Portovascular anomalies. Bile tract disorders.	
35-36	Urinary disorders, acute and chronic renal failure.	Methods of diagnosis, comparison of the clinical signs and results of treatment.
37-38	Glomerulonephropathies, cystic disorders, renal neoplasia.	
39-40	Infection of the urinary tract, urolythiasis.	Meeting with patients with urinary disorders, clinical approach.
41-42	Lower urinary tract disorders in cats.	

43-44	Urinary bladder neoplasia, Prostatis, benign prostatic hyperplasia.	
45-46	Endocrine disorders, pituitary gland disorders, D. insipidus. thyroidal disorders - Hypothyroidism	
47-48	Hyperthyroidism. Parathyroid disorders Hyperparathyroidism. Hyperparathyroidism.	
	Adrenal glands. Hypoadrenocorticism-Addison's	
49-50	disease. Hyperadrenocorticism-Cushing disease	
51-52	Diabetes mellitus, neurology disorders	
53-54	Brain disorders-Hydrocephalus. Canine granulomatous meningoencephalomyelitis. Ischemic encephalopathy, head injury. Cranial nerves.	
55-56	Paralysis of n.facialis, trigeminus, Horner-syndrome. Spinal cord, lumbosacral stenosis, intervertebral diseases. Degenerative myelopathie, dyscospondilitis	
57-58	Epilepsy, Idiopathic epilepsy	
59-60	Myasthenia gravis	

PRACTICAL PART (VII Semester)

No of	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit
lessons	
1-4	Approach to patients with heart disorders, basic diagnostic principles
5-8	Systematization of clinical signs in heart diseases and heart murmurs.
9-12	EKG procedures, VHS- measurements (vertebral heart score), therapy protocols in heart diseases
13-16	Case reports from students connected with heart diseases.
17-20	Respiratory diseases, approach to patients with respiratory diseases, basic diagnostic procedures.
21-24	Auscultation and recognition of respiratory murmurs
25-28	Interpretation of diagnostic procedures in respiratory diseases.
29-32	Case reports from students connected with respiratory diseases
33-36	Approach to patients with gastro-intestinal disorders, diagnostic procedures.
37-40	Systematization of clinical signs, determination of the degree of changes in the organs.
41-44	Fluid therapy, follow up patients with diarrhea
45-48	Case reports from students connected with gastro-intestinal diseases
49-52	Colic diseases in horses, systematization of clinical signs.
53-56	Colic diseases in horses, sounding the stomach, rectal exploration.
57-60	Case reports from students related with colic diseases in horses

PRACTICALS (VIII Semester)

No of	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit
lessons	
1-2	Patients with liver diseases, systematization and diagnosis
3-4	Approach and treatment of patients with liver diseases.
5-6	Changes in exocrine pancreas and their spatial diet.
7-8	Patients with renal failures, assessment of the general condition, diagnostic approach
9-10	Therapy of renal failure, follow up patients condition.
11-12	Analyzing the results during therapy of renal failure.
13-14	Disorders of the urinary tracts, catheterization, punction of the urinary bladder.
15-16	Case reports from students connected with renal failure
17-18	Patients with endocrine disorders, following laboratory protocols.
19-20	Therapy protocols in endocrine diseases.
21-22	Neurological disorders, approach to patients with neurological disorders.
23-24	Examination of the reflexes associated with cranial nerves
25-26	Examination of the reflexes associated with the limbs
27-28	Approach to patients with epilepsy, following therapy protocols
29-30	Case reports from students related with neurologic diseases

Organization	Theory classes: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)
	Practicals: VII Semester 4 lessons a week (60 lessons) VIII Semester 2 lessons a week (30
	lessons)

Teaching	Theory classes: included lectures prepared by the students with interactive discussion					
methods	Practicals: practicals with groups of 8-10 students, working on certain clinical cases, preparation					
	of case-report by the students.					
	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work (assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work.					
0				. (1.1.1
Specific	The student is obligated for ac	tive participation in all	predicted activitie	s for ga	aining points	which
recommendations	are part of the final evaluation.	vition.				
related with teaching	Scoring of the student's acti	villes:				
leaching				Poi	ints	1
	A	ctivity type	min	imum	maximum	
	Attendance on theo	ry classes		10	15	
	Attendance and acti			17	22	1
	Written assay	vity (Kilowicage) oil		0	8	1
	Periodical evaluatio	ns (two)		10=20	20+20=40	1
	Final test	113 (1110)		5	5	1
	Final exam			0	10	
	Total:			52	100	
	Complete final exam	1			rk / Points	
	Compiete iniai exam	•	0,4		6 / 20	
					7/ 25	
				Eight		
					9 / 38	
				Ten 1	0 / 45	
	Condition criteria					_
	 Student in order to g 	ain right to take final	exam, needs to	score	min 40 scor	es from
	 Student in order to gain right to take final exam, needs to score min 40 scores from theory classes and practicals, periodical evaluations and the final test. If the student fails 					
	in scoring the minimal points from the first periodical evaluation, he/she doesn't have righ					
	to take the second.					
	 The students that failed to pass the periodical evaluations can take the final exam (if they 					
	fulfill the conditions).					
	 The final exam contain 		rt. According to the	ne stud	ent's grade,	they will
	gain appropriate score					
	 Final exam eligible stu 					
	•	dical evaluations a				
	that which is predicte					
	points only if his/her re		•	nich su	oports studer	nt.
Fundament of	The final test is require Periodical evaluation (two)	ed and it takes place if	1 a Clinic			
Evaluation of	Periodical evaluation (two)					
knowledge	Final exam: written or oral Complete final exam: written and oral part					
	Complete iniai exam: witten	and oral part				
	Final grade mark forming cri	teria:				
	I mai grado maix io ming on		0			
		Points	Grade mark			
		to 59	5 (F)		-	
		60-67	6 (E)		-	
		68-75	7 (D)		-	
		76-85	8 (C)		-	
		86-95	9 (B)		_	
		0E 400	40/41			
Desir (95-100	10 (A)	200		
Basic teaching aids	M. Schaer Clinical medicine o R.W. Nelson, C.G. Couto, Sma	f the dog and cat; Mar	nson publishing 20		about Deale Park 1	

REPRODUCTION	16.0 credit points		
FVM 412			
Fourth (IV)			
Seventh and Eighth (VII and VIII)			
240 (105+135)			
, ,			
Compulsory			
prof. Toni Dovenski, PhD			
•			
	able to become related with: knowledge for		
Practicals in course Reproduction have aim to intro			
diagnosis of reproduction conditions in domestic animals	s, most important interventions necessary for		
terrain practice in the field of reproduction, obstetrics a	nd sterility in animals, use of proper therapy		
necessary for improvement of reproductive performance			
artificial insemination and other biotechnologies of assist	ted reproduction in practice.		
1 1 5 1 7 7 0 F 1 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	Fourth (IV) Seventh and Eighth (VII and VIII) 240 (105+135) VII semester 3+4 (45+60) VIII semester 4+5 (60+75) Compulsory Prof. Toni Dovenski, PhD Prof. Toni Dovenski, PhD		

THEORY CLASSES Seventh (VII) semester

No of	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit
lessons		
1.	INTRODUCTION	Subject of study of reproduction
2-3.	ANATOMY OF FEMALE GENITAL ORGANS	ovary, oviduct, uterus, vagina and vulva
4-8.	PHYSIOLOGY OF FEMALE GENITAL ORGANS	reproduction maturity, sexual cycle, ovarian sexual cycle, mucosal sexual cycle, oviductal cycle, uteral cycle, changes in cervix, vaginal cycle, external cycle, estrus signs in mares, cows, ewes, does, sows, bitches and queens, end of estrus, breeding, conception, division of egg-cell, embryogenesis and fertility in domestic animals
9.	ANATOMY OF MALE GENITAL ORGANS	Testicles, ductus deferens, spermatic cord, vesicle glands, prostate, bulbourethral glands, scrotum, male copulatory organ
10-11.	PHYSIOLOGY OF MALE GENTIAL ORGANS	puberty in male animals, sexual cycle, function of testicles, spermatogenesis, endocrine function of testicles
12-18.	PHYSIOLOGY OF GRAVIDITY	Fetus and fetal membranes: fetal membranes, fetal fluids and fetal bloodstream. Fetus growth and determinations of fetus' age. Implantation and position of the fetus in uterus: intrauterine position of the fetus, delivery maturity of the fetus. Dam in gravidity: changes on genital organs, changes on ovaries, changes on oviducts, changes on uterus, changes on cervix, changes on vagina, gravidity duration. Diagnostics of gravidity: gravidity signs in general, diagnostics of gravidity with rectal examination, accessory techniques for detection of gravidity, use of ultrasonography in veterinary gynecology, diagnostics of gravidity in mares, laboratory techniques for detection of gravidity, diagnostics of gravidity in other animals.
19-22.	PHYSIOLOGY OF DELIVERY	Signs of delivery Delivery tract Delivery, dilatation stage, fetal expulsion stage, postpartum stage

		Nursery and dietetics of animals before and after delivery
23-25.	PHYSIOLOGY OF	physiological puerperium, involution of uterus
	PUERPERIUM	
	NOLY AND CONTROL OF RE	
26.	INTRODUCTION	Actual condition with use of biotechnical methods. Factors which have impact on
		fertility in male and female reproductive animals. Increasing fertility in female farm
		animals.
27.	CONTROL OF THE START	Endocrine control of puberty. Practical implication of early puberty. Development
	OF PUBERTY	of biotechnical methods of control of puberty and their use.
28-30.	CONTROLED OESTRUS	Estrus and its detection. Estral cycle. Endocrine control of estral cycle.
	AND OVULATION	Advantages of estrus control. Biotechnical method ant their use in control of
		estrus.
	CONTROL OF SEASONAL	Seasonal reproduction and endocrine control. Development and use of seasonal
31.	REPRODUCTION	reproduction control methods.
32.	ARTIFITIAL	Advantages in use of Al. Improvement and development of Al techniques and
	INSEMINATION (AI)	technology. Detection of sex in sperm cells. Endocrine control of
00	CONTROL OF MULTIPLE	spermatogenesis.
33.	CONTROL OF MULTIPLE	Advantages and measures for control. Development of biotechnical methods.
	DELIVERIES AND LITTER SIZE	
34.	CONTROL OF GRAVIDITY	Endocrine control of gravidity. Control measures advantages. Factors with impact
34.	CONTROL OF GRAVIDITY	on conception. Gravidity testing techniques.
		on conception. Gravidity testing techniques.
35.	CONTROL OF PARTUS	Endocrine control of partus. Control measures advantages. Development and
		usage of gravidity control measures.
36.	CONTROL OF POST-	Endocrine control of post-partum period. Factors with impact on post-partum
	PARTUM PERIOD	ovarian activity Development and usage of post-partum period control
	51455146551455	measures.
37-38.	EMBRYOTRANSPHER	Advantages of using the embryotranspher. Embryotranspher technique
20	DDODIJOTION OF	development. Practical application of embryotranspher.
39.	PRODUCTION OF	Advantages of production of embryos in vitro. Development of technology.
	EMBRYOS IN VITRO	Embryos produced in vitro for scientific and commercial purpose. Future
40.	CLONING TECHNOLOGY	directions for development of technology.
40.	CLONING TECHNOLOGY	Practical implications of the technology. Development and application of cloning
41.	PRODUCTION OF	technology. Usage and implications of the technology. Producing of transgenic animals.
71.	TRANSGENIC ANIMALS	Osage and implications of the technology. Producing of transgenic animals.
42.	SUPRESSION OF THE	Advantages of the technology. Development and usage of the technology.
72.	REPRODUCTIVE	Travallages of the technology. Development and usage of the technology.
	ACTIVITY	
43.	STRESS AND	Endocrine control of the stress.
	REPRODUCTION	Endodano dondro di dio di dod.
44-45.	LACTATION	Endocrine control of the lactation. Usage of lactation control techniques
TT TU.	L.(31/(11014	Endocrine control of the lactation. Coage of lactation control techniques

Eighth (VIII) semester

No of lessons	Teaching unit		Contents of teaching unit	
1-6.	PATHOLOGY GRAVIDITY	OF	Pathological conditions of placenta. Fetal membranes hydrops, inflammation of placenta. Pathological condtions of fetus. Death of fetus during gravidity, mummification of fetus, maceration of fetus, rot of fetus, abortion. Pathological conditions of gravidity related with genital organs: abnormal bedema during gravidity, gravide uterus bleeding, pathological conditions in vagina, vaginitis, pyometra, invagination and prolapse of vaginal vault, gravide uterus dislocation, gravide uterus torsion, uteral hernias	
7-16.	PATHOLOGY DELIVERY	OF	Extraction of fetus per force. Reposition techniques of irregular position of the fetus. Embryothomy Gynecology surgical procedures in abdomen: laparothomy, Caesarean section. Irregular and pathological conditions of fetus compromising the delivery: irregular positions of fetus.	

		Difficult deliveries and regimetal montality
47.00		Difficult deliveries and perinatal mortality Injuries of genital organs and their environment during delivery: injuries of the uterus, cervix, vagina and vulva, complete perineal rapture Injuries of pelvic bone: fracture of pelvic symphisis, fractures of pelvic bones, distortion and luxation of the sacroiliac wrist.
17-22.	PATHOLOGY OF PUERPERIUM	Prolapse and invagination of uterus Retention of placenta Metabolic disorders during gravidity and puerperium: disorders of mineral metabolism, postpartal paraplegia, puerperal paresis, tetania, acetonemia MMA syndrome Puerperal infections: local puerperal infections, puerperal inflammation of vulva, vaginal vestibule and vagina, puerperal inflammation of uterus, general puerperal infection, puerperal sepsis, puerperal pyemia, puerperal tetanus, uteral ulcer
23-26.	NEONATAL DISEASES	Diseases of neonates: embryogenesis disorders, malformations of trunk and limbs, organic malformations, lack of annus, navel hernia Organic and deficiency diseases: birth trauma in neonates, asfixion of neonate, meconium retention, avitaminoses, neonatal jaundice Infectious diseases in neonates: navel infections, septicemic diseases in suckling animals.
27-36	ARTIFITIAL INSEMINATION (AI)	History and significance of Al. Sperm: sperm contains, morphological and histological features of sperm cells, impact of environment on sperm. Al procedures in animals Technology of Al: production of ejaculate, adspection, preparation and transport of sperm, deep freezing of sperm. Al in cows. Al in ewes. Al in does. Al in sows. Al in mares. Al in companion animals.
37-40	MAMMARY GLAND DISEASES	Inflammation of mammary gland, etiopathogenesis. Clinical symptoms of mastitis. Clinical examination of udder. Bacteriological diagnostics of mastitis. Treatment of mastitis during drying period in cows. Latent mastitis. Economic loss from mastitis. Inflammation of mammary gland in ewes and does: gangrenous mastitis in sheep, brucellosis mastitis, mastitis in goats. Non-infectious diseases of mammary gland: physiological swelling of mammary gland. Papylomatosis of udder. Congestion of udder. Nipple diseases: inflammation of nipples, stenosis and shortening of mammary channel, injuries of nipples, milk incontinention.
41-42	INHERENT INFERTILITY IN COWS ACQUIRED INFERTILITY	Ovarian hypoplasia, intersexuality and freemartinism and White heifers dissease Sterility in cows: acquired anatomical abnormalities (tearing of perineum, tumours
	IN COWS	of genital organs, urovagina, vaginal cysts, anoestrus, silent oestrus (suboestrus, hypoestria, hypoerosia), disorders of ovulations, anovulation, ovarian cysts (cysta ovaria), oestrus during gravidity (superoestrus), nymphomania (hypersexualismus), chronical endometritis, supecifical infections, infectious sterility.
47-48	EXTRAGENITAL STERILITY INFERTILITY IN EWES	Weak estrus detection. Embryonic mortality. Detection of insemination term. Reproductive indicators. Structural malformations. Functional disorders.
	AND DOES	·
50	INFERTILITY IN SOWS	Oestrus absence (anestria, suboestus). Ovulation problems and ovarial cysts. Failed gestation.
51	STERILITY IN MALE ANIMALS	Mating incapacity. Impotentio coeundi: inherent impotency, testical hypoplasia, hermaphroditism, cryptorchism, spermatokele, preputial diverticle.
52	STERILITY IN MALE ANIMALS	Mating incapacity (somatic impotency). Impotentio generandi: penis' tumours, phymosis, paraphymosis, reflex, hormonal, senile and nutriritve impotency.

53-58	INFERTILITY IN MARES	Anatomical factors of infertility, Functional factors of infertility, Oestrus absence,
		Anovulatiod and delayed ovulation, Twin ovulation and embryonic mortality,
		endometrioses.
		Infectious causes of infertility, Chronical endometritis, Contagious Equine Metritis
		(CEM), infective abortions in mares, Genital measles in equines (exanthema
		coitale vesiculosum).
59-60	INFERTILITY IN	Functional infertility, Delayed puberty, Abortion and absorption of fetus, Infective
	CARNIVORES	infertility, Metritis and pyrometer.

Seventh (VII) semester

No of	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit
lessons	
1-6	Anatomy of female and male genital organs
7-18	Gynecological examination of cows
19-20	Gynecological examination of mares
21-22	Gynecological examination of carnivores
23-24	Gynecological examination of small ruminants
25-30	Ultrasonographic gynecological examination in large animals
31-32	Ultrasonographic gynecological examination in small animals
33-38	Diagnostics of gravidity in cows
39-40	Diagnostics of gravidity in mares
41-42	Diagnostics of gravidity in small animals
43-44	Laboratory techniques for diagnostics of gravidity
45-48	Preparation of dam for delivery
49-50	Acceptation, handling and nursing of the neonate
51-52	Basic gynecological surgery procedures
53-56	Usage of biotechnical methods for control of the estrus and ovulation
57-58	Usage of biotechnical methods for control of the partus and lactation
59-60	Techniques for making superovulation, usage of ET and IVF

Eighth (VIII) semester

No of lessons	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit			
1-3	Preparation of dam for delivery			
4-7	Obstetric instruments and preparation of the obstetrician			
8-11	Reposition of irregular positions, assistance during delivery			
12-15	Dam surgery			
16-19	Aid techniques, equipment and procedures in uteral torsion			
20-23	Clinical treatment of the dam during puerperium			
24-27	Semen collection in breeding animals:			
	preparation of artificial vagina, electroejaculation and other techniques			
	Земање семе од домашните расподници:			
28-30 Examination and evaluation of the sperm: macro- and microscopic				
	Determination of sperm cells concentration			
31-33	Techniques for determination of morphological features of the sperm cells; supravital staining of sperm			
34-36	Handling with deep frozen sperm and AI instruments in cows			
37-40	Al of cows			
41-42	Al of small ruminants			
43-44	Al of sows			
45-46	Al of carnivores			
47-48	Al of other species			
49-52	Examination of mammary gland. Diagnostics of clinical and subclinical mastitis			
53-60	Diagnostics, therapy and prevention of sterility in cows			
61-62	Detection and supression of forms of extragenital sterility			
63-64	Diagnostics and threatment of sterility in ewes and does			
65-66	Diagnostics and threatment of sterility in sows			
67-68	Diagnostics and threatment of sterility in male animals			
69-72	Diagnostics and threatment of sterility in mares			

73-75 Diagnostics and threatment of sterility in carnivores

Organization	Seventh (VII)					
	Theory classes: 3 lessons a week (45 lessons)					
	Practicals: 4 lessons a week (60 lessons)					
	Eighth (VIII)					
	Theory classes: 4 lessons a week (60 lessons)					
	Practicals: 5 lessons a week (75 lessons)					
Teaching methods	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with o	discussion and acti	ve participat	tion of the		
	students).			<i>(</i>		
	Practicals: terrain and laboratory practicals and other	ways of work with	smaller gr	oups (5-8		
	students).	and internet are	naring com	inar wark		
	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature (assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the sem		panng sem	inai work		
Specific	The student is obligated for active participation in all predic		ining points	which are		
recommendations	part of the final evaluation.	ned delivities for ge	ming points	Willon arc		
related with	part of the initial evaluation.					
teaching	Scoring of the student's activities:					
		Po	ints			
	Activity type	minimum	maximum			
	Attendance on theory classes	5	10			
	Attendance and activity (knowledge) on pract		20			
	Periodical evaluations	10	20			
	Final exam	26	50			
	Total:	51	100			
	Proroquisite criteria: For being able to pass the final exam student has to gain up to 40 points					
	Prerequisite criteria: For being able to pass the final exam student has to gain up to 40 points from theory classes and practicals and the periodical evaluations. If student does not show result					
	on the one of the periodical evaluation, but has gained points only on theory classes and					
	practicals, he/she has to go on complete final exam.					
Evaluation of	Periodical evaluation (two): written					
knowledge	First periodical evaluation: Физиологија на репродукција					
	Second periodical evaluation: Ендокринологија и контрола на размножување					
	Final exam: oral					
	Complete final exam: oral + written (includes one periodical evaluation)					
	Final grade mark forming criteria:					
	Points Grade mark					
	to 59 5 (F) 60-68 6 (E)					
				7 (D)		
	77-84 8 (C)					
	85-92 9 (B)					
	93-100 10 (A)					
Basic teaching		родукцијата. Вет	еринарен	Институт-		
aids	Ветеринарен факултет, 2000, Скопје					
	Поповски К., К'нчев Љ.: Ендокринологија на репродукцијата. Ветеринарен Институт-					
	Ветеринарен факултет, 1998, Скопје	Ветеринарен факултет, 1998, Скопје				

Course	GENERAL SURGERY WITH ANESTHESIOLOGY	6.0 credit points	
Code	FVM 413		
Year of study	Fourth (IV)		
Semester	Seventh (VII)		
Total teaching	90 (45+45)		
lessons			
Course type	Compulsory		
Prerequisities			
Author of the	prof. Plamen Trojachanec, PhD		
course program			
Realized by	prof. Plamen Trojachanec, PhD		
	ass. Ksenija Ilievska, MSc		
Purpose and	A place that course occupies in veterinary educ	ation: This course should stimulate the	
objectives of	students for application of previously acquired knowled	ge of anatomy, pathology, pathophysiology	

the course	and pharmacology for diagnosis of surgical diseases, handling the surgical patients and providing
program	suitable anesthesia and intensive care for critical patients.
	Aim of the course: To enable the student for independent work in daily animal practices. Thereby,
	student examines the animals, establishes diagnosis and performs conservative and operative
	treatment of surgical and orthopedic diseases. Particular attention is given to the practical side of
	the anesthesiology and intensive care.
	Relations of the course with previous and future education: The course is closely related with
	all preclinical courses, especially Anatomy of animals, Pathology and Microbiology and represents a
	requirement for dealing with clinical patients.

Contents

No of	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit	
lessons	eral Surgery (29 lessons)		
1	Introduction to surgery and surgical nomenclatures	Definition and significance of surgery with basic surgical nomenclature	
2	Mechanisms and effects (influence) of trauma	Definition, causes and influence of trauma on tissue	
3	Local tissue response to trauma or surgery	Pathophysiological process of tissue and organ reaction during traumatic and surgical injuries	
4-5	Wound and traumatic injuries	Treatment and complications of traumatic injuries	
6-7	Wound healing	Wound healing physiology and treatment	
8-9	General operative procedures	General techniques for tissue and instruments handling	
10-11	Principles of aseptic surgery	Definition of surgical asepsis and antisepsis	
12-13	Celiotomy	Indication and techniques for celiotomy	
14	Bleeding and hemostasis	Definition, role and surgical techniques for hemostasis	
15-16	Preoperative assessment of surgical patients and monitoring during surgery	d	
17-18	Postoperative care, wound infection and antimicrobial prophylaxis	d	
19	Nutritional management of the patient	Methods of feeding tube placement	
20-21	Disease of the ear and intengumentary system	Management of specific skin disease, general principles and surgical treatment of otitis	
22-24	Principle of plastic and reconstructive surgery	General principles and techniques for reconstructive surgery and suture placement	
25	Hernias	Definition and classification of hernia and basic reparation techniques	
26	Peritonitis	Pathophisiology and treatment of peritonitis	
27-29	Basic surgical oncology procedures	General techniques in small animal oncology	

No of lessons	Fundamentals of anesthesiology (17 lessons)		
1	General anesthetic principles		
2-3	Analgesia		
4	Anesthetic management		
5	Anesthetic monitoring		
6	Premedication		
7-8	General anesthesia		
9	Inhalation anesthesia		
10	Anesthetic systems and equipment		
11	Peri-operative anesthetic complications and emergency situations		
12	Specific anesthetic protocols		

13-14	Local anesthesia
15	Fluid therapy
16	CPR
17	Euthanasia

Organization

Teaching

No of	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit			
lessons				
1-2	Methods of physical and chemical patient restraint			
3-6	Basic clinical procedures			
7-9	Implementation of asepsis and antisepsis in surgery			
10-11	Preoperative examination and patient evaluation			
12-15	Desmiurghy			
16-19	Introduction and handling with surgical instruments			
20-21	Basic suture materials			
22-31	Tissue suture placement			
32-38	Treatment of surgical patient			
39-40	Pain control			
41-44	Anesthesiology – practical lectures			

Course methodology: Introduction the student with fundamentals of veterinary surgery and

Theory classes: 3 lessons a week (45 lessons)
Practicals: 3 lessons a week (45 lessons)

theory classes and practicals.

reaching	Course methodology. Introduction the student with fundamentals of veterinary surgery and				
methods	anesthesiology through interactive teaching based on interactive theoretical exposure of the				
	material, discussions and preparation of seminars that encourage independent work of students,				
		individually or in groups. Practicals comprise of work in a smaller groups by exposing the			
		fundamentals of anesthesiology and surgical treatment of patients in order to gain practical			
0		dge of basic surgical methods and techniques.			4
Specific		dent is obligated for active participation in all predicted	activities for	gaining point	is which
recommendations	are part	of the final evaluation.			
related with teaching	Sooring	g of the student's activities:			
leaching	Scoring	of the student's activities.	Po	ints	1
		Activity type	minimum	maximum	ł
		Attendance on theory alegaes	2.5		4
		Attendance on theory classes		5	-
		Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals	5 24	10 40	-
		Test on General surgery	9	15	-
		Test on Anesthesiology Practical exam	18	30	-
		Total:	58.5	100	-
			0	5	-
		Written assay (optional)	33	55	-
		Final exam (optional)	33	33]
Evaluation of knowledge	Test on general surgery participates with 40% in grade formation. (Rule: it will be held one week after the lectures are finished). Test with less than 50% correct answers will not be considered in further calculation. Test on anesthesiology participates with 15% of total points. (Rule – it will be held one week after the block lectures of Anesthesiology). Test with less than 50% correct answers will not be considered in further calculation. The practical exam participates with 30% of total points and represents a requirement in final grade formation. Attendance at theory classes and practicals participates with 15%. Students, who attend less than 30% of total theoretical teaching, will not receive any points. Attendance between 30-60% brings 2.5 points, while the attendance in more than 60% of theoretical teaching carries 5 points. Students that attended on less than 40% of Practicals will not receive any points. Attendance between 40-70% at Practicals carries 5 points, while attendance in more than 70% brings 10 points. The students have an opportunity to prepare a written assay, which brings up to 5 points. The grade is obtained for each of the exam parts, according to the criteria listed on the test. To calculate the total points from each test, the grade from the tests is multiplied with the percentage				
	of partic	of participation of the exam part and is divided with 10. Final grade is formed as the sum of the points from the tests, points from the practical exam and points gained from the attendance of theory classes and practicals.			

Students who have not received a positive evaluation from both tests or they are not satisfied with
their results, can take a final exam. In this case, previously gained points are not included in the
calculation. The tests are performed at precisely given date and are required for all the students.
The tests can be taken up to two times after which the course is re-enrolled. Terms for the exam
will be announced at the beginning of the test sessions.

Final grade mark forming criteria:

Points	Grade mark
до 57	5 (F)
58-62	6 (E)
63-72	7 (D)
73-85	8 (C)
86-95	9 (B)
96-100	10 (A)

Basic teaching aids

Required: Тројачанец П., *Прирачник по општа хирургија*, 2005, Факултет за Ветеринарна медицина Скопје; Тројачанец П., *Основи на ветеринарна хирургија*, 2005, Факултет за Ветеринарна медицина Скопје; Тројачанец П., Илиевска К., 2009, Основи на ветеринарната анестезиологија

Recommended: Slatter Douglas, *Textbook of small animal surgery* 2nd edition, 2002 Sounders; Fossum Theresa W., *Small animal surgery* 2nd ed., 2002 Mosby; Thurmon J.C., Tranquilli W.J., Benson G.J.Lumb & Jones *Veterinary Anesthesia* 3rd edition. 1996, Williams & Wilkins; Perimatei D., Flo G., DeCamp C. *Small animal orthopedics and fracture repair* 2006 Saunders; Harari J. *Small animal surgery* 1996 Williams & Wilkins; Swaim S., Henderson R. Small animal wound management 1990 Williams & Wilkins; Vasić J., *Osnovi veterinarske hirurgije* 1996, Budić Z., Cvetković Z., Petković B. *Anestezija malih životinja* 1997 Prosveta; Veterinarski fakultet Beograd; Vjekoslav Srebočan, Hrvoje Gomerčić *Veterinarski priručnik*, četvrto dopunjeno izdanje, Zagreb; Matičić D., Vnuk D. Veterinarska kirurgija i anesteziologija 2009, Medicinska naklada, Zagreb.

Course	INFECTIOUS DISEASES OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS 10.0 credit points
Code	FVM 414
Year of study	Fourth (IV)
Semester	Seventh and Eighth (VII and VIII)
Total teaching	135 (75+60)
lessons	VII semester (45+30)
	VIII semester (30+30)
Course type	Compulsory
Prerequisities	
Author of the	prof. Ivancho Naletoski, PhD
course program	
Realized by	prof. Slavcho Mrenoshki, PhD
	ass. Kiril Krstevski, MSs
Purpose and	Introducing the students with characteristics of the infectious diseases, and the techniques for their
objectives of	diagnostics and control.
the course	
program	

No	Teaching unit	
1	Foot and mouth disaese, Swine vesicular disease, Vesicular stomatits, Vesicular exanthema of swine, Bovine papular stomatitis Video presentation: Foot and mouth disease	
2	Rinderpest, African horse sickness, Bluetongue disease, Bovine malignant catarrhal fever Video presentation: Rinderpest and other erosive diseases Video presentation: Attention - Bluetongue	
3	Measles in all species, Pseudocowpox, Lumpy skin disease, Ecthyma contagiosum in sheep and goats (Orf), Bovine mammillitis Video presentation: Sheep pox and goat pox	
4	Classical swine fever, African swine fever Video presentation: Swine fever Video presentation: African swine fever	
5	Q fever, Rift Valley fever, Heartwater	
6	Morbus maculosus in cattle, Bovine ephemeral fever, Infectious keratoconjunctivitis (Pink eye) in cattle, sheep and goat	4

	TOTAL:	90	
30	Mycoses: Aspergillosis, Candydiasis, Coccidiomycosis, Skin mycoses (dermatomycoses)	2	
	Papillomatosis in cattle, goat, rabbit, horse, swine, dog and humans. Genital tumor in dog.	2	
29	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
28	Leucosis (cattle, sheep, horse, swine, cat, dog and other species)	2	
<u>20</u> 27	Maedi/Visna and Smaedi infection in sheep and goat	2	
25 26	infection) Mycoplasmosis in cattle, swine, sheep/goat, horse, carnivores and other animals	2	
24	Porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome, Parvoviral infection in swine Video presentation: Infectious diseases in swine Contagious (Campylobacter) abortion in sheep and cattle, Enzootic abortion in ewes (chlamydial	2	
23	Mastitis, Contagious agalactia in sheep and goat, Gangrenous mastitis in sheep and goat	2	
22	Ovine foot rot, Necrobacillosis	2	
21	Brucellosis in cattle, sheep/goat, swine, horse, carnivores, poultry, humans	2	
20	Actynomycosis, Botriomycosis		
19	Tuberculosis, Paratuberculosis (Johne's disease), Pseudotuberculosis	2	
18	Glanders, Epizootic lymphangitis, Melioidosis, Ulcerative lymphangitis in horse, Ulcerative lymhangitis in cattle		
17	Clostridial diseases: gas-gangrene group and toxemias (enterotoxemias, tetanus and botulism)		
16	E. coli infection in calves and piglets, Coli enterotoxemia, Edema disease in swine		
15	Erysipelas in swine, Glässer disease in swine		
14	Anthrax, Pasteurellosis, Atrophic rhinitis in pigs, Leptospyrosis, Salmonellosis, Lysteriosis	4	
13	Bovine spongiform encephalopathy, Scrapie, Looping ill in sheep, Rubies Video presentation: Bovine spongiform encephalopathy Video presentation: Scrapie - clinical sign in sheep and goats Video presentation: Rubies	4	
12	Aujeszky's disease, Infectious porcine encephalomyelitis Video presentation: Infectious diseases in swine	4	
11	Infectious bovine rinotracheitis / infectious pustular vulvovaginitis (IBR/IPV), Equine coital exanthema, Equine infectious anemia Video presentation: Equine infectious anemia	4	
10	Equine influenza, Bovine parainfluenza, Swine influenza, Adenoviral respiratory infections, Rhinoviral infections, Reoviral infections, Pneumococcoses		
9	Swine pleuropneumonia caused with Actynobacillus and Mycoplasma		
8	Bovine viral diarrhea and mucosal disease in cattle, Contagious bovine pleuropneumonia, Contagious caprine pleuropneumonia, Contagious pleuropneumonia in sheep and horse <i>Video presentation: Contagious bovine pleuropneumonia</i>		
7	Transmissible gastroenteritis in swine, Porcine epidemic diarrhea, Swine dysentery (Bloody scours) Video presentation: Infectious diseases in swine		

Organization	VII semester: Theory classes - 4 lessons a week; Practicals - 2 lessons a week				
	VIII semester: Theory classes - 2 lessons a week; Practicals - 2 lessons a week				
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the				
methods	studer	students).			
	Praction	cals: practicals and other ways of work with smaller	groups. Vide	o presentations	s and
	discus	sion with active participation of the students.			
		n assay: learning with use of referent literature and		paring seminar	work
		//poster); presentation and discussion about the seminal			
Specific	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which				
recommendations	are part of the final evaluation.				
related with	Scori	ng of the student's activities:			_
teaching Activity type Poi			ints		
		Activity type	minimum	maximum	
		Attendance on theory classes	12	15	
		Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals	23	30	
		Written assay	0	5	
	Periodical evaluations (two) 10		20		
Final exam 15		30			
	Complete final exam*				
		Grade mark	Points		

			т			
				Six (6)	20	
				Seven (7)	25	
				Eight (8)	30	
				Nine (9)	35	
			Ten (10)	43		
	Tota	l:		60	100	
Evaluation of knowledge	Prerequisite criteria: For being able to pass the final exam student has to gain up to 40 points from theory classes and practicals and the two periodical evaluations. *If student does not show result on the one of the periodical evaluation, but has gained points only on theory classes and practicals, he/she has to go on complete final exam. Periodical evaluation (two): written Final exam: written-oral					
		inal exam: oral + written mark forming criteria:				
	l ,	Points	0	Grade mark		
		to 59		5 (F)		
	1	60-69		6 (E)		
		70-77		7 (D)		
	1	78-86		8 (C)		
				9 (B)		
		87-93				
	94-100		10 (A)			
Basic teaching	1 Dio	rdje Panjevic: Zarazne bolesti zivotinja	a – virusne et	iologije Veterir	narski fakultet	
aids		ograd, 1989.	a – virusiio ci	lologije. Veterii	iaiski iakuitet	
alus		rdje Panjevic: Zarazne bolesti zivotinja	a – hakteriiek	e etiologije Ve	tarinareki fakult	tot
		ograd, 1989.	a – bakterijski	e eliologije. Ve	termarski rakun	ıcı
		rdje Panjevic: Zaraze domacih zivotinj	ia oneti deo	Naucna knija	a Boograd 10	86
						00.
	4. Slavko Cvetnic: Virusne bolesti zivotinja, Stvarnost - JAZU, Zagreb, 1983.					
	Internet pages:					
	5. http://www.cfsph.iastate.edu/DiseaseInfo/index.php					
	6. Merck Veterinary Manual (http://www.merckvetmanual.com/mvm/index.jsp)					
	7. DEFRA (http://www.defra.gov.uk/foodfarm/farmanimal/diseases/atoz/index.htm#a)					
		O (www.fao.org)			,	
		restrial Animal Health Code 2010				
		o://www.oie.int/eng/normes/mcode/en	sommaire.h	tm)		
	10. Mar	nual of Diagnostic Tests and Vaccines	for Terrestria	al Animals 2010	0	
		o://www.oie.int/eng/normes/mmanual/				
		ipedia (<u>http://en.wikipedia.org/</u>)	<u></u>	·······/		
	1 - 1 - V V IIV	ipodia (<u>intp://ori.minipodia.org/)</u>				

Course	INTERNAL DISEASES OF FARM ANIMALS	11.0 credit points	
Code	FVM 415		
Year of study	Fourth (IV)		
Semester	Seventh and Eighth (VII and VIII)		
Total teaching	165 (90+75)		
lessons	VII semester 3+3(45+45)		
	VIII semester 2+3(30+45)		
Course type	Compulsory		
Prerequisities			
Authors of the	prof. Dine Mitrov, PhD		
course program	ass. Igor Dzhadzhovski, MSc		
Realized by	prof. Dine Mitrov, PhD		
	prof. Dino Chrchev, PhD		
	ass. Igor Dzhadzhovski, MSc		
Purpose and	Theory classes and practicals of the course Internal diseases of farm animals include disciplines		
objectives of the	from several fields of internal medicine of farm animals.		
course program			

Theory classes

Internal diseases of cattle, sheep and goat (75 lessons):

No	Teaching unit	Lessons	
1.	Introduction, diseases of oral cavity, tongue, salival glands, pharynx, teeth and oesophagus. Disease of preventricles: Introduction, classification. Simple indigestion. Acid indigestion. Parakerathosis, Alkaline indigestion. Putrification of ruminal content.	6	
2.	Traumatic indigestion. Ruminal meteorism. Omasum paresis. Vagal indigestion. Other diseases of preventricles. Diseases of abomasum.	6	
3.	Intestinal inflammation. Winter dysentery. Neonatal calf diarrhea. Alimentary diarrhea in calves. Dislocation of abomasum. Intestinal intussusception. Intestinal incarceration and strangulation. Intestinal volvulus. Dilatation and torsion of caecum. Peritonitis.	6	
4.	Diseases of liver. Diseases of pancreas.	2	
5.	Diseases of respiratory organs: Nasal cavity, sinuses, larynx. Pulmonal congestion and edema. Pneumonia (bronchopneumonia, gangrenous, purulent, embolic and mycotic pneumonia).		
6.	Enzootic pneumonia in calves. Viral pneumonia in calves and heifers. Diseases of cardiovascular system in ruminants		
7.	Diseases of urinary system - nephrosis, renal amyloidosis, nephritis (acute, chronical, purulent), bacterial pyelonephritis. Cystitis, bladder paralysis, chronical vesicular hemathuria, urolythiasis.		
8.	Diseases of blood and hematopoietic organs. Hemorrhagic diathesis. Diseases of spleen.	2	
9.	Diseases of CNS		
10.	Metabolic disorders (metabolic osteopathy, rickets, osteomalacia). Ketosis.	4	
11.			
12.			
13.			
14.	General about intoxications. Intoxication with copper, zinc, mercury, lead and molybdenum. Intoxication with arsenic, selenium, caustic bases, table salt. Intoxication with urea, phosphorus, sulfur, chlorine, chlorinated hydrocarbons	2	
15.	Intoxication with herbal poisons. Mycotoxicoses. Botulism. Intoxication with animal poisons.	5	

Internal diseases in swine (20 lessons):

16.	Diseases of digestive organs. Diseases of oral cavity, pharynx. Obstruction of oesophagus. Gastro-intestinal catarrhs. Gastric ulcer. Colibacillosis in piglets. Edema disease. Contagious gastroenteritis. Dysentery. Dislocation of intestine. Diseases of liver.	6
17.	Disease of respiratory organs: Rhinitis, atrophic rhinitis. Bronchitis. Pneumonia and pneumomycosis.	2
18.	Diseases of cardiovascular organs: Cardiac anomalies, heart stroke (heart attack).	2
19.	Diseases of urinary organs: Nephritis. Pyelonephritis. Cystitis. Urolythiasis.	2
20.	Diseases of blood and hematopoietic organs: Anemia. Hemoglobinemia, Hemoglobinuria.	2
21.	Diseases of CNS: Sunstroke and heat stroke. Meningitis. Encephalitis. Paresis and paralysis. Otitis interna.	2
22.	Disorders in metabolism of macro- and microelements. Hypo- and avitaminosis. Ketosis. Hypoglycemia.	2
23.	Diseases of locomotory organs: Rheumatism. Myopathies. Inflammation of joints and synovial membranes. Disorders of skin: exemas, dermatitis. Exanthema. Dermatomycosis.	2

Practicals (90 lessons):

Practicals would be realized on terrain. They would include clinical examination, reviewing of clinical findings, giving diagnosis and implementation of therapy.

Organization	Theory classes: 3 lessons a week (VII semester) and 2 lessons a week (VIII semester), i.e. total 5 lessons a week in the two semesters. Practicals: 3 lessons a week (VII semester) and 2 lessons a week (VIII semester), i.e. total 5 lessons a week in the two semesters.
Teaching methods	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the students). Practicals: practicals and other ways of work with smaller groups Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work (assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work.
Specific recommendations related with	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which are part of the final evaluation.

teaching	Scoring of the student's activities:			
iouoig	Points		1	
	Activity type	Minimum	Maximum	
	Attendance on theory classes	10	15	
	Attendance and activity (knowledge) on Practicals	17	22	
	Written assay	0	8	
	Periodical evaluations,	10+10 (20)	20+20 (40)	
	Final test	5	5	
	Final exam	0	10	
	Total	52	100	
	Complete final exam	Grade mari	k/Points	
		Six (6) / 20		
		Seven (7) /		
		Eight (8) / 3		
		Nine (9) / 38		
		Ten (10) / 4	5	
]
	Prerequisite criteria:			
	 To get right to attend final exam, the student has to 	aain minimun	a 40 points fr	om the
	attendance of theory classes and practicals, periodical			on the
	 If the student does not gain required minimum on the 			ho/cho
	could not attend the second one.	e ilist periodic	ai evaluation,	116/3116
	 Students who did not passed the periodical evaluation 	ns reach dire	ctly on final e	xam (if
	they have right to it).	nio rodon dire	ony on man o	,xam (ii
	 The complete final exam has written and oral part, 	and depending	on the grad	e mark
	gained, the student gets appropriate points.		,	
	 Final exam could be attended by the students who had 	ad gained min	imum 60 poin	its from
	the attendance of theory classes and practicals, period			
	who want to get higher grade mark from one predicted according points gained. Final			
	exam takes 10 points and correspondents with student's results. If the student's results			
		are not corresponding with the grade mark wanted by the student, he/she keeps the		
	grade mark got with previously gained points.			
		Final test is obligatory and it is done practically on the farm.		
Evaluation of		riodical evaluation (two): written		
knowledge	nal exam: written-oral			
	Complete final exam: oral + written	pioto iniai oxani. orai i willion		
	al grade mark forming criteria:			
		Grade mark		
	to 59	5 (F)		
	60-67	6 (E)		
	68-75	7 (D)		
	76-85	8 (C)		
	86-95	9 (B)		
	96-100	10 (A)		
5	4 01:1 14 0:			
Basic teaching	Srbislav M. Stamatovic, Miodrag J. Jovanovic: B Votasina and idelay text Beauty at 1999. 1. Srbislav M. Stamatovic, Miodrag J. Jovanovic: B 1. Srbislav M. Stamatovic Miodrag J. Jovanovic: B 1. Srbislav M. Stamatovic Miodrag M	olesti papkara	a I Bolesti g	goveda.
aids	Veterinarski fakultet Beograd, 1988.	ti nankara U.	Polooti avass	i ko==
	Srbislav M. Stamatovic, Miodrag J. Jovanovic: Boles Veterinarski fakultet Boograd, 1988	и рарката II I	ouesti ovaca	ı koza.
	Veterinarski fakultet Beograd, 1988. 3. Srbislav M. Stamatovic: Bolesti svinja. VKS, Beograd,	1003		
	4. Forenbacher, S: Klinicka patologija probave i mijene		zivotinia Sva	zak I/1 -
	Klinicka patologija probave i resospcije. JAZU, Zagreb		zivotinja. Ovez	Lun 1/1-
	5. Forenbacher, S: Klinicka patologija probave i mijene		zivotinia. Sve	ezak I/2
	Klinicka patologija probave i resorpcije JAZU, Zagreb			
	6. Merck Veterinary Manual.			
	7. Bradford P. Smith: Large Animal Internal Medicine. 20	08		

7. Bradford P. Smith: Large Animal Internal Medicine. 2008

Course	SPECIAL SURGERY WITH ORTHOPAEDICS 6 credit points	
Code	FVM416	
Year of study	Fourth and Fifth (IV and V)	
Semester	Eighth and Ninth (VIII and XI)	
Total teaching	150 (90+60)	
lessons	VIII semester 2+4 (30+60)	
	IX semester 2+2 (30+30)	
Course type	Compulsory	
Prerequisities		
Author of the	prof. Plamen Trojachanec, PhD	
course program		
Realized by	prof. Plamen Trojachanec, PhD	
	ass. Ksenija Ilievska, MSc	
Purpose and	A place that course occupies in veterinary education: The course should provide	
objectives of	implementation of previously acquired knowledge of diagnostic and treatment of surgical and	
the course	orthopedic diseases in large and pet animals and horses.	
program	Aim of the course: To enable the student for independent examination, diagnosis and performing	
	the most common surgical interventions in large and pet animals and horses. Thereby, the students	
	will be trained to perform surgical examination of the patients based on anamnesis, clinical findings	
	and laboratory tests to establish the diagnose, to perform conservative and operative treatment of surgical and orthopedic problems in large and pet animals and horses and to carry out adequate	
	postoperative care and prognosis for the final outcome. Training should develop skills for human	
	and responsible treatment of the patients during manipulation and taming, proper relation and communication with the owners and colleagues.	
	Relations of the course with previous and future education: The course is closely related with	
	all the preclinical courses, especially Anatomy of animals, Pathology and Microbiology and	
	represents a requirement for dealing with clinical patients.	
	- options a requirement of assuming that summed patients.	

No of	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit	
lessons			
	Eighth semester (40 lessons) Surgery of pet animals and equines		
2	Surgery of the respiratory system	- surgical approach to nasal passes	
		 surgical approach to the larynx 	
		 diaphragmatic hernia 	
		pneumotorax aurginal approach to the lower part of respiratory eveters.	
9	Surgery of the gastrointestinal	 surgical approach to the lower part of respiratory system disease of the oral cavity and oropharynx 	
9	system	- disease of the oesophagus (oesophagotomy, oesophageal	
	System	diverticula and strictures)	
		- gastrotomy	
		gastric dilatation volvulus	
		- pyloric stenosis	
		- enterotomy	
		 resection and anastomosis 	
		 postoperative care 	
2	Colic in horses – surgical	 surgical principles for laparotomy 	
	treatment	 postoperative care and complications 	
2	Surgery of the perineum, rectum	 perianal fistulae 	
	and anus	rectal prolaps,	
		- perineal hernia	
2	Surgical disease of endocrine and	 general principles and techniques 	
	hematopoietic system	 surgery of the liver, spleen and pancreas 	
4	Fundamentals orthopedic surgery	 fracture classification and diagnosis 	
		- fracture healing	
		- orthopedic examination	
		 fracture fixation system and reduction techniques 	
44	0	- Lanca de Deletto Process	
11	Surgical diseases of locomotory	- bones and joints disease	
	system (companion animals and	disease of muscles and tendons disease of the beef and distal phalany.	
0	horses)	disease of the hoof and distal phalanx repair wrether and evention calculations.	
8	Surgery of urogenital system	renal, urethral and cystic calculi	
		- cystotomy	
		 urethrotomy/urethrostomy 	
		nephrotomy	

 ovariohysterectomy cesarean section, pyometra, uterine torsion uterine and vaginal prolapsed/neoplasia perineal puerperal injuries vestibuloplastics
 mammary gland (neoplasia, abscess, mastectomy) prostatic cyst, neoplasia and abscess penile and prepucial trauma and neoplasia phimosis and paraphimosis castration, criptorhism (indication, surgical techniques, postoperative care and complications)

No of	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit	
lessons			
	II. Ninth semester (30 lessons) Farm animals surgery		
1	General principles in farm animal surgery	 surgical instruments preoperative assessment animal restraint sedation and anesthesia 	
2-4	Surgery of the head and neck	 decornuation frontal sinus trepanation surgical procedures of the eye and orbit tracheotomy oesophagotomy 	
5-10	Abdominal surgery	 explorative laparotomy (left/right) rumenotomy surgical disease of abomasum intestinal obstruction hernias and management of umbilical masses abdominocentesis and liver biopsy 	
11-15	Surgery of the urogenital system (female)	 cesarean section vaginal prolapsed uterine prolapsed perineal lacerations 	
16-18	Surgery of the urogenital system (male)	 penis hematoma prepucial prolapse urolythiasis vasectomy congenital disease castration 	
19-20	Surgery of the udder	 stenosis obstructions traumatic lacerations amputation of papilla 	
21-11	Surgery of the locomotory system	 importance and economic influence terminology interdigital necrobacillosis interdigital hyperplasia sole ulcer white line disease laminitis other pathological disease of the claw digital amputation corrective trimming prevention pathological conditions of proximal part 	

No lessons	of	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit
I. Eighth semester (60 lessons) Pet animals and equines		
1-10		Examination and surgical procedures of the head - surgical approach to the nasal folds, stenosis

	 surgical approach to the larynx
	- tracheotomy
	 intubation and anesthesia in companion animals
	 marking (tattooing) and application of implants
	 surgical approach to the salivary glands
	 surgical approach to the hard and soft palate
	 mandibulectomy and maxilectomy
	- tonsillectomy
	 surgical approach to the oropharynx
	 anesthesia of the eye and orbit, enucleation and exenteration
11-25	Examination and surgical procedures of the gastrointestinal system
	 celiotomy (indication, aims and surgical techniques for celiotomy)
	- oesophagotmy
	- gastrotomy
	- enterotomy
	- megacolon
	rectal prolapse and perianal fistulae
	 surgical extirpation of perianal glands
	- hernia
26-41	Surgery of the locomotory system
	- diagnosis and therapy for lameness
	- horse showing
	- fracture examination and reduction
	 joint luxation and reparation
	- amputation
42-46	Surgery of the urinary system
	- surgical approach to the urethra and urethral calculi
	- cystotomy
	- nephrotomy
47-60	Surgical procedures of the reproductive system
	 ovariohysterectomy
	- cesarean section
	- castration
	 surgical procedures of the external reproductive organs
	- surgical procedures of perineal area

No of	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit		
lessons			
II. Ninth seme	II. Ninth semester (30 lessons) Farm animals		
1-2	Approach and fixation techniques		
3-7	Surgical procedures of the head		
	 decornuation 		
	 frontal sinus trepanation 		
	 surgical procedures of the eye and orbit 		
	 tracheotomy 		
	- oesophagotomy		
8-16	Surgical procedures of the gastrointestinal system		
	explorative laparotomy (left/right)		
	- rumenotomy		
	 surgical disease of abomasum 		
	 intestinal obstruction 		
	 hernias and management of umbilical masses 		
	 abdominocentesis and liver biopsy 		
17-20	Surgical procedures of the urogenital system		
22-27	Surgical procedures of the locomotory system		
28-30	Surgery of the udder		

Organization	VIII. Semester	
	Theory classes: 3 lessons a week (40 lessons)	
	Practicals: 4 lessons a week (50 lessons)	
	IX. Semester	
	Theory classes: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)	
	Practicals: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)	

Teaching methods

Course methodology: Introduction with the performing of surgical techniques on different organic systems through interactive teaching based on theoretical exposure of the material, discussions and preparation of seminars that encourage independent work of students, individually or in groups. Practicals comprises of work in a smaller groups on surgical patient that will enable overcoming the techniques of surgical treatment with postoperative care, anesthesia and analgesia in surgical patients, providing intensive care and monitoring of critical patients.

Specific recommendations related with teaching

The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which are part of the final evaluation.

Scoring of the student's activities:

Activity typo	Points	
Activity type	minimum	maximum
Attendance on theory classes	3	5
Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals	5	10
Oral/written exam - pet animals and equines	15	30
Oral/written exam - farm animals	15	30
Practical exam	15	25
Total:	53	100

Final exam (optional)	30	60
Written assay (optional)	0	5

Evaluation of knowledge

Oral/written exam - pet animals and equines participates with **30%** in grade formation. (Rule: it will be held one week after the lectures are finished). Test with less than 50% correct answers will not be considered in further calculation. **Oral/written exam - farm animals** participates with **30%** of total points. (Rule – it will be held one week after the block lectures of Anesthesiology). Test with less than 50% correct answers will not be considered in further calculation. **The practical exam** participates with **25%** of total points and represents a requirement in final grade formation.

Attendance at theory classes and practicals participates with **15%**. Students, who attend less than 30% of total **theory classes**, will not receive any points. Attendance between 30-60% brings 2.5 points, while the attendance in more than 60% of theoretical teaching carries 5 points. Students that attended on less than 40% of **Practicals** will not receive any points. Attendance between 40-70% at Practicals carries 5 points, while attendance in more than 70% brings 10 points.

The students have an opportunity to prepare a written assay, which brings up to **5 points**. The grade is obtained for each of the exam parts, according to the criteria listed on the test. To calculate the total points from each test, the grade from the tests is multiplied with the percentage of participation of the exam part and is divided with 10. Final grade is formed as the sum of the points from the tests, points from the practical exam and points gained from the attendance of theory classes and practicals.

Students who have not received a positive evaluation from both tests or they are not satisfied with their results, can take a final exam. In this case, previously gained points are not included in the calculation. The tests are performed at precisely given date and are required for all the students. The tests can be taken up to two times after which the course is re-enrolled. Terms for the exam will be announced at the beginning of the test sessions.

Final grade mark forming criteria:

Points	Grade mark
до 52	5 (F)
53-57	6 (E)
58-67	7 (D)
68-85	8 (C)
86-95	9 (B)
96-100	10 (A)

Basic teaching aids

Required: Lecture materials, Тројачанец П., *Прирачник по општа хирургија*, 2005, Факултет за Ветеринарна медицина Скопје; Тројачанец П., *Основи на ветеринарна хирургија*, Факултет за Ветеринарна медицина Скопје; Тројачанец П., Илиевска К., 2009, Основи на ветеринарната анестезиологија

Recommanded: Slatter Douglas, *Textbook of small animal surgery* 2nd edition, 2002 Sounders; Fossum Theresa W., *Small animal surgery* 2nd ed., 2002 Mocby; Thurmon J.C., Tranquilli W.J.,

Benson G.J.Lumb & Jones Veterinary Anesthesia 3rd edition. 1996, Williams &Wilkins Perimatei D.,
Flo G., DeCamp C. Small animal orthopedics and fracture repair 2006 Saunders; Harari J. Small
animal surgery 1996 Williams & Wilkins; Swaim S., Henderson R. Small animal wound management
1990 Williams & Wilkins; Vasić J., Osnovi veterinarske hirurgije 1996, Budić Z., Cvetković Z.,
Petković B. <i>Anestezija malih životinja</i> 1997 Prosveta; Veterinarski fakultet Beograd; Vjekoslav
Srebočan, Hrvoje Gomerčić <i>Veterinarski priručnik</i> , četvrto dopunjeno izdanje, Zagreb

HYGIENE AND TECHNOLOGY OF MEAT, FISH, EGGS AND 7.5 credit points HONEY		
FVM 511		
Fifth (V)		
Ninth and Tenth (IX and X)		
105 (60+45)		
IX semester 2+1 (30+15)		
X semester 2+2 (30+30)		
Compulsory		
prof. Pavle Sekulovski, PhD		
prof. Pavle Sekulovski, PhD		
ass. prof. Dean Jankuloski, PhD		
THEORY CLASSES. This course is intended to teach students the hygiene and control of meat		
production and processing. Overview of veterinary-sanitary cotrol of fish, eggs and honey is also included. Students are familiarized with welfare principles during the transport, reception at slaughterhouse, rest in the lairage and human slaughtering. Requirements for slaughterhouses and meat processing establishments are also teached. Pre-mortal and post-mortal examination of food producing animals are elaborated as well as processes of muscle to meat conversion. Principles of meat preservation and processing a meat to different meat products. Technology of fish, eggs and honey products. PRACTICALS. Practical course is divided in laboratory part and field visits to different food processing establishments. Laboratory exercises consists of methods for determination of meat, fish, eggs and honey quality. Field visits are predicted to introduce the students with slaughterhouses, animal slaughter, processing and grading of the carcasses. Students have the opportunity to perform pre-mortal and post-mortal examination of food producing animals and		

No of lessons	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit
1.	INTRODUCTION	
2.	ANIMALS AND BIRDS AS A MEAT SOURCE	Animals for slaughter, animal welfare
3.	ESTABLISHMENTS FOR SLAUGHTERING AND PRODUCTION OF MEAT	Slaughterhouses: importance, types. General hygienic and technological requirements. Facilities, equipment design, lairage, slaughter hall.
4.	FROM FARM TO SLAUGHTER	Loading, transport, unloading of animals. Fitness to travel. Stocking densities. Casualties. Animal husbandry in the lairage. Slaughter ban. Ante-mortem inspection
5.	SLAUGHTERING AND PROCESSING	Slaughter hygiene – Cattle Slaughter hygiene – Sheep and goats Slaughter hygiene – Pigs Slaughter hygiene – Poultry Slaughter hygiene – Rabbits Slaughter hygiene - Ostriches
6.	POST-MORTEM INSPECTION	Post-mortal inspection of different species of animals Assessment of fitness of meat and other parts. Certification and marking of Food of animal origin
7.	ANATOMY, MEAT CHEMISTRY AND QUALITY	Anatomy of animals for slaughter an descriptive terms. Chemical and biochemical composition of meat and organs. Meat quality.
8.	CONVERSION OF MUSCLES TO MEAT	Postmortal processes in meat. Rigor mortis. Meat conditioning. Types and categories of meat.
9.	MEAT INDUSTRY BY- PRODUCTS	Types of meat industry by-products.

10.	MEAT PRESERVATION AND	Thermal processing. Chilling and freezing. Chemical preservation.
	PROCESSING	Curing. Irradiation. Canning.
11.	COMMINUTED PREFORMED NOT THERMALY PROCESSED MEAT PRODUCTS	Introduction, technology, chemistry, microbiology, defects, spoiling, Control during the production.
12.	CURRED MEAT PRODUCTS	Introduction, technology, chemistry, microbiology, defects, spoiling, Control during the production.
13.	THERMAL PROCESSED MEAT PRODUCTS	Introduction, technology, chemistry, microbiology, defects, spoiling, Control during the production.
14.	THERMAL PROCESSED AND CURED MEAT PRODUCTS	Introduction, technology, chemistry, microbiology, defects, spoiling, Control during the production.
15.	FERMENTED SAUSSAGES	Introduction, technology, chemistry, microbiology, defects, spoiling, Control during the production.
16.	CANNED MEAT PRODUCTS	Introduction, technology, chemistry, microbiology, defects, spoiling, Control during the production.
17.	DRYED AND SMOKED MEAT PRODUCTS	Introduction, technology, chemistry, microbiology, defects, spoiling, Control during the production.
18.	HYGIENE OF POULTRY MEAT	Poultry meat safety and quality. Mechanically deboned meat.
19.	HYGIENE OF GAME AND RABBIT MEAT	Game meat safety and quality. Control during the transport
20.	HYGIENE OF FISH AND FISH PRODUCTS	Types of fish. Hygiene and quality criteria. Fish processing. Control of fishing, fish processing establishments. Fish industry by-products.
21.	HYGIENE OF CRUSTACEANS, MOLLUSCS, FROGS AND SNAILS	Crustaceans, molluscs, frogs, snails. Post-mortem processes. Safety and quality. Control during the transport and processing.
22.	HYGIENE OF EGGS AND EGG PRODUCTS	Eggs and egg products: composition and properties, changes during storage, anomalies, decomposition, preservation. Safety and quality criteria. Control during production and transport.
23.	HYGIENE OF HONEY AND OTHER BEE PRODUCTS	Honey: types, forging, decomposition. Safety and quality criteria.

No of	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit			
	reaching and and contents of teaching and			
lessons				
1.	Visit to cattle and pig slaughterhouse. Introduction to slaughterhouse properties and functioning from			
	lairage to final product and treatment of sewage.			
2.	Cattle - Ante-mortem inspection, slaughter and carcase processing.			
3.	Pigs - Ante-mortem inspection, slaughter and carcase processing.			
4.	Sheep - Ante-mortem inspection, slaughter and carcase processing.			
5.	Poultry slaughterhouse, bird reception, slaughter, processing			
6.	Post-mortem inspection of carcasses and organs			
7.	Judgement of fitness for human consumption and specific risks to human and animal health			
8.	Carcass classification and meat categorisation			
9.	Meat quality assessment			
	-chemical analyses			
	-physical analyses			
10.	Visit to meat processing establishment. Processing technologies. Control.			
11.	Visit to snails processing establishment.			
12.	Visit to honey establishment. Processing technologies. Control.			
13.	Inspection of meat products.			
14.	Inspection of fish and fish products.			
15.	Inspection of eggs and egg products.			

Organization	Theory classes: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons) in IX semester, i.e. 2 lessons a week (30 lessons) in X semester Practicals: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons) in IX semester, i.e. 2 lessons a week (30 lessons) in X semester	
Teaching methods	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the students). Practicals: practicals and other ways of work with smaller groups Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work	

	(assay/p	ooster); pres	entation and discussion abou	it the seminar v	vork.		
Specific	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which						
recommendations	are part of the final evaluation.						
related with							
teaching	Scoring of the student's activities:						
			Activity type			ints	
					minimum	maximum	
			e on theory classes		12	15	
			e and activity (knowledge)	on practicals	24	30	
		Written as			5	10	
			evaluations (two)		10	20	
		Final exan	n		9	25	
		Total:			60	100	
Evaluation of	from theory classes and practicals and the two periodical evaluations. If student does not show result on the one of the periodical evaluation, but has gained points only on theory classes and practicals, he/she has to go on complete final exam. Periodical evaluation (two): written						
knowledge			cal evaluation: - general part				
	Second periodical evaluation: - special part						
	Final exam: oral						
	Complete final exam: oral and written (includes one periodical evaluation)						
	Final grade mark forming criteria:						
			Points	Grade			
			to 59	5 (•		
			60-68	6 (1			
			69-76	7 (1			
			77-84	8 (
			85-92	9 (1			
			93-100	10 (
			(2006) Integrated Food Safet		y Public Hea	lth	
5	2. Gracey, J., Collins, D.S., Huey, R. (1999) Meat Hygiene						
Basic teaching			H., Sutherland J. P. (1995) M				
aids			.C., Franco, D.A. (1991) Food				
			., Johnston, M. (1996) Poultry		and inspecti	on	
			G. (1997) Wilson's practical m				
			07) Handbook of fermented n			SULLA FINOLACE O	F14
	8.	данев, IVI. (1999) Хигиена и технологија	а на месо, риб	и, јајца и нив	зни произво	ди

Course	HYGIENE AND TECHNOLOGY OF MILK 4.0 credit points
Code	FVM 512
Year of study	Fifth (V)
Semester	Ninth (IX)
Total	60 (30+30)
teaching	
lessons	
Course type	Compulsory
Prerequisities	
Author of the	prof. Pavle Sekulovski, PhD
course	
program	
Realized by	prof. Pavle Sekulovski, PhD
Purpose and	THEORY CLASSES . Students should acquire competence for independent performance of
objectives of	professional duties in the field of veterinary-sanitary control of production, processing and trading of
the course	milk and milk products. They should be capable to apply profesional and scientific approved methods
program	and skills.
	PRACTICALS. Laboratory practice consists of physic-chemical methods for evaluation of quality of milk and milk products. Students are learning to be capable to perform analyses and evaluate hygiene and quality of milk and milk products. Field trips consists of visits to dairy factories and practical training in technological processes of producing of milk and control of milk products safety.

THEORY CLASSES

No of	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit
lessons	reacting unit	Contents of teaching unit
1.	MILK IN HUMAN DIET	Milk productions worldwide and domestically.
1.	WILK IN HOWAN DIET	Milk and milk products consumption worldwide and domestically.
2.	MODEOLOGY OF MANMADY	
۷.	MORFOLOGY OF MAMMARY	Morphology of mammary gland. Physiological basis of lactation.
-	GLAND AND LACTATION	Lactation pathology.
3.	MILK - COMPOSITION AND	Chemical composition of cow, sheep and goat milk. Colostrum. Sensory
4	PROPERTIES	properties of milk. Physical properties.
4.	ASSESMENT OF MILK	Safety and quality of milk during mastitis, zoonoses and other infectious
_	SAFETY	diseases and abnormalities
5.	DAIRY MICROBIOLOGY	Microbiological contamination of raw milk, thermally processed milk and
		milk products. Influence of microorganisms to hygiene and technological
		properties of milk
6.	HYGIENE OF MILK	Hygiene of milk production, milking machines. Handling of milk at farms
	PRODUCTION	and milking. Milk transport. Veterinary control of milk production
7.	DAIRY ESTABLISHMENTS	Hygiene and technology requirements for dairies and milk processing
		establishment. Sanitation in milk industry
8.	SECONDARY PROCESSING	Treatment with milk in the processing establishments, transport and
	OF MILK	retail. Veterinary control in the processing establishments and retail.
		Spoiling of milk.
9.	PASTEURISED AND	Introduction, technology, chemistry, microbiology, defects, spoiling,
	STERILISED MILK	Control during the production.
10.	FERMENTED MILK	Introduction, technology, chemistry, microbiology, defects, spoiling,
	PRODUCTS	Control during the production.
11.	CHEESE	Introduction, classification, technology, chemistry, microbiology, defects,
		spoiling, Control during the production.
12.	BUTTER	Introduction, technology, chemistry, microbiology, defects, spoiling,
		Control during the production.
13.	CANNED MILK	Introduction, technology, chemistry, microbiology, defects, spoiling,
		Control during the production. Types: milk powder, condensed milk,
		sweetened milk
14.	ICE CREAM AND OTHER	Intro, technology, chemistry, microbiology, defects, spoiling, Control
	MILK PRODUCTS	during the production.
		1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

PRACTICAL	LS	
No of	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit	
lessons		
1.	Sampling of milk, Sensory evaluation of milk	
2.	Physical testing of milk	
3.	Confirmation of milk adulteration and determination of milk freshness	
4.	Determination of fat content	
5.	Determination of protein and dry matter content	
6.	Determination of milk pasteurisation	
7.	Determination of residues presence in milk and milk products	
8.	Microbiological testing of milk and milk products	
9.	Counting of somatic cells and diagnostic of mastitis	
10.	Determination of microorganisms causing brucellosis and tuberculosis	
11.	Determination of cleanliness of milking machines	
12.	Sampling, sensory evaluation and chemical analyses of milk products	
13.	Construction of dairy establishments (facilities and equipment) – field visit	
14.	Processing of milk into dairy products – field visit	
15.	Traditional dairy products production in bachilo – field visit	

Organization	Theory classes: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)	
	Practicals: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)	
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the	
methods	students).	
	Practicals: practicals and other ways of work with smaller groups	
	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work	
	(assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work.	
Specific	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which	
recommendations	are part of the final evaluation.	

related with						
teaching	Scoring of	the student's activities:				,
		Activity type		Points		
				minimum	maximum	
		endance on theory classes		12	15	
		endance and activity (knowledge)	on practicals	24	30	
		itten assay		5	10	
		riodical evaluations (two)		10	20	
		nal exam		9	25	
	Тс	tal:		60	100	
Evaluation of knowledge	from theory classes and practicals and the two periodical evaluations. If student does not she result on the one of the periodical evaluations, but has gained points only on theory classes a practicals, he/she has to go on complete final exam. Periodical evaluation (two): written First periodical evaluation: - general part Second periodical evaluation: - special part Final exam: oral Complete final exam: oral and written (includes one periodical evaluation) Final grade mark forming criteria:					
		Points to 59	Grade 5 (I			
		60-68	6 (I	,		
		69-76	7 ([,		
		77-84	8 (0			
		85-92	9 (E			
		93-100	10 (•		
Basic teaching aids	Мијачевиќ,	Л., Катиќ, В. (1998) Хигиејена млек 3. (1992) Технологија млека-ферме В., Катиќ, В. (1989) Приручник лаб	а нтисана млека	а и сиреви	ека и произ	вода од

	T =	
Course	BIOLOGY AND PATHOLOGY OF FISH	4.0 credit points
Code	FVM 513	
Year of study	Fifth (V)	
Semester	Ninth (IX)	
Total teaching	60 (30+30)	
lessons		
Course type	Compulsory	
Prerequisities		
Author of the	prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD	
course program		
Realized by	prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD	
Purpose and objectives of the course program	Theory classes of biology and pathology of fish of with the meaning of fishery and aquaculture in Rep ecosystems, basics of aquaculture and commercial general diseases characteristics, viral, bacterial, non-infectious etiology, roe diseases, larva and addisease prevention and human protection of zoon and legal regulative for eradication of the most imp In this manner, the future doctor for veterinary recognition of the main clinical and pathomorphol advising and applying proper medication for fish prevention measures including promotion of optimal Practicals of biology and pathology of fish cour systematic, fish species in Republic of Macedonia of intensive aquaculture, diagnosis of fish diseases therapy and eradication of fish diseases.	public of Macedonia, basics of ecology in aquatic all production of the most important fish species, fungal, parasitic, exotic and fish diseases with quarium fish, fish biological enemies and pests, oses, control measures and disease eradication ortant fish diseases. medicine will be able to gain knowledge for ogical changes of fish diseases, be capable for diseases, be capable for diseases, be capable for consulting for taking all health and aquacultural production. se has an aim to introduce students with: fish, fish anatomy and physiology, practical aspects

Contents

THEORY CLASSES

No of	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit
lessons	reacting unit	Contents of teaching unit
1 - 2	FISHERY AND	Historical development of fighery, development of equaculture, figh production
1-2	AQUACULTURE	Historical development of fishery, development of aquaculture, fish production, aquaculture in Republic of Macedonia, definition and importance of ichthyopathology.
3 - 4	BASICS OF THE ECOLOGY IN THE AQUATIC ECOSYSTEMS	Water as a living environment, types of aquatic ecosystems, ecological factors in aquatic environment, arrangement and composition of aquatic living environment, pollution of the aquatic environment and water quality.
5 - 8	AQUACULTURE	General terms of aquaculture, fish species which are bred, types of aquaculture, elements in selection of location and building fish pond, types of fish ponds, warm-water fish ponds, cold-water fish ponds, calendar of technological processes.
9 - 10	GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS OF FISH DISEASES	Etiology and epidemiology of infectious and parasitic diseases in fish.
11 - 12	VIRAL FISH DISEASES	Contagious pancreatic necrosis, viral hemorrhagic septicemia, contagious hematopoietic necrosis and sleeping disease in trout, spring viremia, pox and gill necrosis in carp and lymphocystosis
13 - 14	BACTERIAL FISH DISEASES 1	Erythrodermatitis, furunculosis, other septicemias from G-bacteria, vibriosis, yersiniosis, edwardsiliosis, catfish septicemia, trout ulcer disease, bacterial nephritis.
15 - 16	BACTERIAL FISH DISEASE 2 AND MYCOTIC FISH DISEASES	Columnaris, Cytophage disease, bacterial gill disease, mycobacteriosis, nocardiosis, bacteria in fish that are pathogen for warm-blooded animals and human; Barnchiomycosis, ichthysporidiosis, saprolegniosis and crustacean plague
17 - 20	PARASITIC FISH DISEASES	Trypanosomiasis and trypanoplasmosis, Ichthyobodosis, cryptobiosis, hexamitiasis, coccidiosis, mixosomiasis, inflammation of the swim bladder in carp, proliferative kidney disease, chilodonellosis, ichthyophthiriosis, dactylogyrosis, gyrodactylosis, posthodiplostomatosis, diplostomatosis, sanguinicolisis, caryophyllidosis, bothriocephalosis, triaenophorosis, ligulosis, anguillicolosis, acanthocephaloses, fish helmintozoonosis, hirudinosis and diseases caused by crustaceans
21 - 22	DISEASES WITH NON- INFECTIOUS ETIOLOGY	Stress, diseases with nutritional etiology, neoplasms, environmental diseases and poisoning
23 - 24	EXOTIC FISH DISEASE AND ROE AND LARVA DISEASES	Epizootic hematopoietic necrosis, viral disease of Californian trout, channel catfish viral disease, infectious salmon anemia, epizootic ulcerative syndrome, roe saprolegniosis, hydrocele embrionalis in trout, larva diseases caused by Chlamydotrix ochraceae
25 - 26	BIOLOGICAL ENEMIES AND PESTS OF FISH AND DISEASES OF AQUARIUM FISH	Enemies from the class of mammalians, birds, reptiles, amphibian, fish, arthropods and mollusca. Viral, bacterial mycotic, parasitic and diseases caused by poor chemical composition of water.
27 - 30	FISH HEALTH PREVENTION AND RELATED LEGISLATIVE	Fish diseases prevention, ichthyotechnical, ichthyohygienic, and ichthyosanitary measures, quarantine, disinfection, disease control and eradication measures, International regulative, legal regulatives in R. Macedonia, legal terminology and ichthyo-sanitary records.

FRACTICA	LO CONTRACTOR CONTRACT
No of	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit
lessons	
1-2	Fish systematic and fish species bred in Republic of Macedonia
3-4	Fish anatomy
5-6	Fish physiology
7-8	Practical aspects of intensive aquaculture
9-10	Basis of fish diseases diagnosis
11-12	Diagnosis of viral fish diseases
13-14	Diagnosis of bacterial fish diseases
15-16	Diagnosis of mycotic fish diseases
17-20	Diagnosis of parasitic fish diseases

21-22	Drugs application in fish
23-24	Fish vaccination
25-26	Visiting earth carp fish pond
27-28	Visiting cage carp/trout fish pond
29-30	Visiting trout fish pond

Theory classes: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons) Practicals: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons) Teaching methods Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the students). Practicals: practicals and other ways of work with smaller groups Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work (assay/poster); prepentation and discussion about the seminar work. Specific recommendations related with teaching Activity type Teaching Teachin					
Practicals: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons) Teaching methods Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the students). Practicals: practicals and other ways of work with smaller groups Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work (assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work. The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which are part of the final evaluation. Scoring of the student's activities: Activity type Points Points	Organization	Theory classes: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)			
students). Practicals: practicals and other ways of work with smaller groups Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work (assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work. The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which are part of the final evaluation. Scoring of the student's activities: Activity type	J	ı , ,			
students). Practicals: practicals and other ways of work with smaller groups Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work (assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work. The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which are part of the final evaluation. Scoring of the student's activities: Activity type	Teaching				
Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work (assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work. The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which are part of the final evaluation. Scoring of the student's activities: Activity type					
Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work (assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work. The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which are part of the final evaluation. Scoring of the student's activities: Activity type		,			
(assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work.				nternet, prepari	ng seminar work
part of the final evaluation. Scoring of the student's activities: Activity type					
part of the final evaluation. Scoring of the student's activities: Activity type	Specific	The student is obligated for active participation in a	all predicted act	ivities for gainin	g points which are
Activity type Points Minimum Maximum Attendance on theory classes 12 15 Attendance on practicals 12 15 Written assay 6 10 First periodical evaluation 15 30 Second periodical evaluation 15 30 Total: 60 100 * With gaining up to 60 points from attendance on theory classes and practicals, written assay and two periodical evaluations, student get right to take grade mark without passing the complete final exam. * Complete final exam is required for the student who did not pass one of the two periodical evaluations during the semester, or if he/she did not gained minimal 60 points. Evaluation of knowledge Feriodical evaluation (two): written First periodical evaluation; fishery and aquaculture, basics of ecology in aquatic ecosystems, aquaculture, general diseases characteristics, viral and bacterial fish diseases, fish systematic and fish species bred in R. Macedonia, fish anatomy and physiology, practical aspects of intensive aquaculture, basics of diagnostic of viral and bacterial fish diseases. Second periodical evaluation: mycotic and parasitic fish diseases with non-infectious etiology, exotic fish diseases, in an legal regulative, diagnosis of mycotic and parasitic fish diseases, drugs application in fish, fish vaccination. Complete final exam: Oral or written and it contents practical test and final exam. Practical test is graded descriptively (passed/not passed), and the final exam with grade mark from 5 to 10. Point equivalents to the final exam's grade marks are: Grade mark Points P			•	Ü	0 1
Activity type minimum maximum Attendance on theory classes 12 15 15 Written assay 6 10 15 30 Second periodical evaluation 15 30 Second periodical evaluation 15 30 Total: 60 100	related with	Scoring of the student's activities:			
Attendance on theory classes 12 15 Attendance on practicals 12 15 Written assay 6 10 First periodical evaluation 15 30 Second periodical evaluation 15 30 Total: 60 100 * With gaining up to 60 points from attendance on theory classes and practicals, written assay and two periodical evaluations, student get right to take grade mark without passing the complete final exam. * Complete final exam is required for the student who did not pass one of the two periodical evaluations during the semester, or if he/she did not gained minimal 60 points. Evaluation of knowledge First periodical evaluation (two): written First periodical evaluation (two): written First periodical evaluation (two): written First periodical evaluation ishery and aquaculture, basics of ecology in aquatic ecosystems, aquaculture, general diseases characteristics, viral and bacterial fish diseases, sish systematic and fish species bred in R. Macedonia, fish anatomy and physiology, practical aspects of intensive aquaculture, basics of diagnosing fish diseases, diagnosit of viral and bacterial fish diseases. Second periodical evaluation: mycotic and parasitic fish diseases, diseases with non-infectious etiology, exotic fish diseases, roe and larva diseases, biological enemies and pests of fish, aquarium fish diseases, frish health protection, and legal regulative, diagnosis of mycotic and parasitic fish diseases, drugs application in fish, fish vaccination. Complete final exam: Oral or written and it contents practical test and final exam. Practical test is graded descriptively (passed/not passed), and the final exam with grade mark from 5 to 10. Point equivalents to the final exam's grade marks are: Grade mark Final grade mark forming criteria: Points Final grade mark forming criteria:	teaching	A a divide a de una a	Points		
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85-92 9 (B)					
93-100 10 (A)				_ ` /	
Basic teaching 1. Христовски М., Стојановски С.: Биологија, одгледување и болести на рибите .					
aids Национален форум за заштита на животните на Македонија, Скопје, 2005.	aids				
2. Христовски М., Кожухаров С.: Маркетинг менаџмент во аквакултурата. Национален		 Христовски М., Кожухаров С.: Маркетинг мен 	наџмент во ан	вакултурата.	Национален
форум за заштита на животните на Македонија, Скопје, 2004.					•

Course	FORENSIC VETERINARY MEDICINE AND VETERINARY 3.5 credit points		
Code	FVM 514		
Year of study	Fifth (V)		
Semester	Tenth (X)		
Total teaching	45 (30+15)		
lessons			
Course type	Compulsory		
Prerequisities			
Author of the	ass. prof. Trpe Ristoski, PhD		
course program			
Realized by	ass. prof. Trpe Ristoski, PhD		
Purpose and	The theory classes of the course Forensic veterinary medicine and veterinary ethics make a		
objectives of the	synthesis of all the previously absolved subjects in the veterinary studies. Special attention will be		
course program	payed on the diseases from legal aspect, first of all the latency and the lasting of the disease. The		
	ethics in this course is studied from the aspect of the moral and ethical behaviour of the veterina		
	doctor during the performance of their professional activity.		
	The practicals acquaint the student with the practical use of the law during everyday veterinary		
	practice and at the same time acquaints the student with the codex of the veterinary-medicine		
	ethics.		
	Guillos.		

Contents

Реден број на часови	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit	
1-2	INTRODUCTION AND HISTORY OF THE FORENSIC VETERINARY MEDICINE	What is the forensic veterinary medicine studying and its' history. Law for obligatory maters and other laws.	
3-4	CORTS (FUNCTION AND JURISDICTION)	Function and role of the courts	
5-6	EXPERTISE, GENERAL AND SPECIAL METHODS	Expertise, findings, opinion, expert, conditions, warranty, deals, lawsuits. Forms and methods of expertise, opinion, latency, lasting of the process est.	
7-8	PROFESSIONAL MISTAKES	Responsibilities for the professional mistakes. Legal responsibility. Responsibility of the work organization or individual. Professional mistakes during clinical examination of the animals, during the therapy, with the choice of the drug.	
9-10	GENERAL PATHOMORPHOLOGICAL CHANGES	Atrophy, dystrophy, necrosis, irregular circulation, irregular metabolism, tumours etc.	
11-12	COMMON DISEASES CAUSED BU BACTERIA AND VIRUSES	Anthrax, brucellosis, anaerobes, tetanus, TBC, rubies etc.	
13-14	COMMON DISEASES CAUSED BU PARASIETS	Ascaridosis, Ehinococcosis, Fasciliosis, Coccidios Piroplasmosis, Scabies etc.	
15-16	TEST No I		
17-18	DISEASES DIFECTS IN HORSES	Asthma, Colic, Caracus, Zura, Eye disorders etc.	
19-20	DISEASES AND DIFECTS AT CATTLE, SHEEPS AND GOATS	TBC, Paratuberculosis, Actynomycosis, Ketosis, Traumatic reticulo-pericarditis, Mammary gland, Retentions, Paresis, Indigestions, est. Ectima, Infectious lameness, Coenurusis, Infectious agalactia, Scrapie, Lung adenomatosis etc.	
21-22	DISEASES AND DIFECTS AT PIGS AND DOGS	Cysticercosis, Trichinelosis, criptorhism etc. Distemper, Parvovirosis, Infectious hepatitis, Demodicos Irregularities of organs for sight, hearing and smell.	
23-24	DISEASES AND DIFECTS IN POULTRY, BEES AND OTHER ANIMALS	Newcastle disease in poultry, Paratifus, Marek disease. Plague of the bees. Nosemosis etc.	
25-26	GENERAL TERMS IN THE ETHICS, DEONTOLOGY, ORIGIN AND	What is ethics, what is morale and what it contains and studies. What contains and studies the science for the	

	HISTORICAL DEVELOPMENT OF THE MEDICAL ETHICS. ETHICAL AND DEONTOLOGICAL PRINCIPS IN THE VETERINARY PROFESSION AND VETERINARY MEDICINE	obligations and which are its' basic postulates. Deontological behaviour and moral profile of the veterinarian. Awareness, morale filings, morale act est.
27-28	PROTECTION OF THE ANIMAL RIGHTS AND ANIMAL WELFARE. CODECS OF THE VETERINARY MEDICINE ETHICS	Protection of the animals and the animal environment. Veterinary-medicine ethics
29-30	TEST No. II	

No of lessons	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit		
1.	Law for obligatory relationships		
2.	Law for judicial and financial procedure		
3.	Punishable deeds (criminal deeds, economically violations)		
4.	Autopsy of domestic animals (theory)		
5.	Autopsy of domestic animals (practical)		
6.	Professional mistakes		
7.	Professional mistakes		
8.	Professional mistakes		
9.	Forensic evaluation of the disease with common bacterial and viral etiology		
10.	Forensic evaluation of the disease with common bacterial and viral etiology		
11.	Forensic evaluation of the diseases in cattle, sheep and goats		
12.	Forensic evaluation of the diseases in horses and pigs		
13.	Forensic evaluation of the diseases in poultry		
14.	Forensic evaluation of the diseases in bees and other animals		
15.	Autopsy of the animals with forensic evaluation of the material shortage of corpses and organs from dead and slaughtered animals		

Organization	Theory classes: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)			
	Practicals: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)			
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the			
methods	students).			
	Practicals: practicals			
	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and inter		g seminar work	
	(assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work			
Specific	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted active	vities for gain	ning points which	
recommendations	are part of the final evaluation.			
related with	Scoring of the student's activities:	_	-	
teaching	Activity type		ints	
	, .,	minimum	maximum	
	Attendance on theory classes	12	15	
	Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals	24	30	
	Written assay	5	10	
	Periodical evaluations (two)	10	20	
	Final exam 9 25			
	Total: 60 100			
	Prerequisite criteria: For being able to pass the final exam student has to gain up to 45 points			
	from theory classes and practicals and the two periodical evaluations. If student does not show			
	result on the one of the periodical evaluation, but has gained points only on theory classes and			
F	practicals, he/she has to go on complete final exam.			
Evaluation of	Periodical evaluation (two): written			
knowledge	First periodical evaluation : Introduction and history of the forensic veterinary medicine; Cortes (function and jurisdiction); expertise, general and special methods; Professional mistake; General			
	pathomorphological changes; Common disease caused by bacteria and viruses and common			
	disease caused by parasites			
	Second periodical evaluation: Diseases and irregularities in horses; Diseases and irregularities			
	in cattle; Diseases and irregularities in goats and sheep; Diseases and irregularities in pigs;			
	Diseases and irregularities in goats and sneep; Diseases and irregularities in pigs; Diseases and irregularities in dogs; Diseases and irregularities in poultry, bees and rest of the			
	animals, Veterinary medicine ethics.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1001 01 1110	
	Final exam: oral			
			17	

	Complete final exam: oral + practical			
	Final gra	de mark forming criteria:		
		Points	Grade mark	ı
		to 59	5 (F)	
		60-68	6 (E)	
		69-76	7 (D)	ı
		77-84	8 (C)	
		85-92	9 (B)	ı
		93-100	10 (A)	
Basic teaching	1. Проф.	др. Бранислава Ѓукиќ: Судска вете	ринарна медицина, Ветеринарски фа	акултет -
aids	Београд, 1991;			
	2. Проф др. Зоран Алексиќ и Проф. др. Бранислава Ѓукиќ: Судска ветеринарна медицина			
	(општи део), Ветеринарски факултет - Београд, 1999;			
	3. Мр. Саша Петричевиќ и Проф др. Бранислава Ѓукиќ: Форензичка процена болести и			
	мане живине, 2002г.;			
	4. Проф др. Бранислава Ѓукиќ: Ветеринарно-медицинска етика, Ветеринарски факултет -			
	Београд, 1996;			
	5. Закон за облигациони односи на РМ;			
	6. Мицевски Ц.: Обдукција на домашните животни. Вет. фак. Скопје-1998; 7. Ц. Мицевски и			
	Т. Ристоски: Штенечак - Чума кај кучињата, Факултет за ветеринарна медицина - Скопје,			
	2000;			
	8. Мицевски Ц.: Болести кај пчелите. Медивет, Скопје, 1996.;			
	9. Софреновиќ Ѓ., Кнежевиќ Н.: Патоморфологија важних инфективних оболенја домаќих			
	животинја. Београд-Нови Сад- 1994.			

Course	BASIS OF MANAGEMENT WITH MANAGEMENT OF VETERINARY 3.5 credit points PRACTICE		
Code	FVM 515		
Year of study	Fifth (V)		
Semester	Tenth (X)		
Total teaching lessons	45 (30+15)		
Course type	Compulsory		
Prerequisities			
Author of the course program	prof. Blagica Sekovska, PhD		
Realized by	prof. Blagica Sekovska, PhD		
Purpose and objectives of the course program	Theory classes This course has aim to introduce the student with basic knowledge from the field of management. This includes ability for communication with clients, colleagues and authorities from the public life. To solve these skills it is necessary to get some communicological abilities for active listening, as well as usage of some proper communicological forms. It is necessary to have sense for interaction of the doctor of veterinary medicine with his/her environment and social milieu. Also, very high priority is the ability for working in team, especially in multidisciplinary team. Also, this course would obtain possibility for the student to become aware about his/her responsibility, ability for basic calculation of costs, ability for business planning and organization, recognizing the meaning of motivation of employees, ranging and compensation of the work, as well as importance of the health and safety of the employees, etc. Practicals Practicals are support of the theory classes for additional elaboration of some topics from practical aspect via various teaching methods as dramatization of some hypothetic situations and problem solving, elaboration of different techniques for strategic planning in veterinary practice as the SWOT analysis, PEST analysis and other kinds of strategic paining, making of business plan for veterinary practice, exercises with communication with clients etc.		

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No of lessons	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit	
1-3	Introduction	What is management. Why do the veterinarians have need for this k	
		of training. Basic principles of management, Historic development of	

		management.
4-6	Planning and strategic planning	What is planning and strategy. Definition of mission and vision. Strategic management and implementation of strategy in veterinary medicine.
7-9	Organization of work as management and process	Labor division, organizational structure and coordination of the work, managing, directing, communication and projecting of activities in the veterinary practice.
10-12	Communication in veterinary medicine	Basis, structure and types of communication, verbal and non-verbal communication, motivation and conflicts, how to deal with problematic client in your veterinary practice.
13-15	Building and working in team	Types of leaders, types of team players, development of the team and rules for successful team work in veterinary practice.
16-18	Human resources	The selection of the true employee, motivation, creativity and innovativity, disciplinary training, training and improvement rules in veterinary practice.
19 -21	Managing of veterinary practice	Modes of managing, motivation. Making decisions and control.
2224	Client/customer service in veterinary practice	Client vs. customer, meaning of the prices, perspectives in the practice from the marketing aspect (location, budget, equipping).
26-28	Rules for efficient working of veterinary practice	Efficiency, efficiency. Realization of successful business, working balance in veterinary practice.
29-30	Veterinary practice as a economic paradigm	Determination of success balance. Determination of money flow. Indicators of the financial analysis.

No of lessons	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit	
1-2	Making SWOT analysis	Exercise for environment analysis in veterinary medicine.	
3 -4	Strategic planning	Application of strategic techniques and methods in planning of veterinary practice.	
5-6	Organization of veterinary practice	Organizational structure and technical equipment of the practice.	
7-8	Communication with the client	Dramatization of fictional situation with positive and negative possibilities.	
9	Team-building	Babylon Tower, exercise for team building in veterinary medicine.	
10	Human resources	Rules for successful selection of staff.	
11-12	Basic aspects of marketing in veterinary practice	Making the price-list, promotion plan.	
13-14	Making of business plan	an Making of real business plan for proposed veterinary practice.	
15	Managing	Modes of managing and communication in veterinary practice.	

Organization	Theory classes: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)				
	Practicals: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)				
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures with discussion and active participation of the students).				
methods	Practicals: practicals with dramatization of situation, case study, presentation of some teaching				
	units by the students, discussion about topics of interest and other ways of work in smaller				
	groups				
	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work				
	(assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work.				
Specific	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which				
recommendations	are part of the final evaluation.				
related with	Scoring of the student's activities:				
teaching		A adjustus duma	Points		
		Activity type	minimum	maximum	
		Attendance on theory classes	8	12	
		Attendance and activity (knowledge) on	12	14	
		practicals			
		Written assay	10	14	
		Periodical evaluations (две)	15(x2)=30	30(x2)=60	
		Final exam	On student's request for		
			higher grade mark		
		Total:	60	100	
	* Besides attendance on theory classes and practicals additional condition for course teacher's				

	1	1 (4)			
			g of periodical evaluations du	uring the semester	
	with up to 25% points gained per evaluation.				
	* Final exam is predicted on written request of the student if he/she want to gain grade mark				
		higher than one which was gained with his/her previous activities. Student who did not pass			
			mester goes to one of the pe		
	during the exam se		mester goes to one or the pe	modical evaluation	
Evaluation of	Periodical evaluat				
knowledge		dical evaluation: - general par	t		
3		riodical evaluation: - special			
			sart		
	· ·	Final exam: not predicted			
	Complete final exam: not predicted				
	Final grade mark	Final grade mark forming criteria:			
		Points	Grade mark		
		to 59	5 (F)		
		60-68	6 (E)		
		69-76	7 (D)		
		77-84	8 (C)		
		85-92	9 (B)		
		93-100	10 (A)		
Basic teaching	1. Доц. д-р	Благица Сековска: Авт	оризирани предавања за	менаџмент во	
aids	ветеринарството, Realized byни во периодот од 2006 до денес на FVM-C				
	2. проф. Д-р Милан Тесиќ: Менаџмент ветеринарске праксе, Београд, 2007				
			t: Veterinary practice man		
	Philadelph	•	t. Vetermary practice man	agement scorets,	
		•	2a-raf 2004		
		зиц: Сустав успелог подузет		0	
	5. Благица Сековска: Маркетинг менаџмент на анимални производи, Скопје 2008				

Course	VETERINARY EPIDEMIOLOGY	2.0 credit points
Code	FVM 516	
Year of study	Fifth (V)	
Semester	Ninth (IX)	
Total teaching	30 (15+15)	
lessons		
Course type	Compulsory	
Prerequisities		
Author of the	prof. Ivancho Naletoski, PhD	
course		
program		
Realized by	prof. Slavcho Mrenoshki, PhD	
	ass. Kiril Krstevski, MSc	
Purpose and	The aim of this course is to introduce the students with r	meaning and importance of the quantitative
objectives of	analysis of some disease in the population, as a add	
the course	diagnostics and control, both for particular animals and h	
program	elemental knowledge about main principles and analytic	cal techniques used in the epidemiological
	studies.	

No of lessons	Teaching unit
1	Introduction
2	Development of veterinary medicine
3	Objective of the veterinary epidemiology
4	Concepts and principles in veterinary epidemiology
5	Description of the disease outbreak
6	Field researching
7	Observation studies
8-9	Diagnostic testings
10	Clinical investigations
11	Comparative epidemiology
12	Economy of diseases
13	Health schedules
14-15	Control and eradication of diseases

Theory classes - 1 lesson a week Practicals - 1 lesson a week Teaching methods Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of students). Practicals: practicals and other ways of work with smaller groups Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar w (assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work. Performance of the computer simulation, i.e. solving tasks from the practical vetering epidemiology. The tasks are in a written form, and solutions are found with computer, with use with the seminar work. Specific recommendations related with teaching The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points where the student's activities: Activity type Points minimum maximum Attendance on theory classes 12 15 Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals 23 30 Written assay 0 5
Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of students). Practicals: practicals and other ways of work with smaller groups Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar we (assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work. Performance of the computer simulation, i.e. solving tasks from the practical vetering epidemiology. The tasks are in a written form, and solutions are found with computer, with use with teaching The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points where are part of the final evaluation. Scoring of the student's activities: Activity type Points minimum maximum Attendance on theory classes 12 15 Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals 23 30
students). Practicals: practicals and other ways of work with smaller groups Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar w (assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work. Performance of the computer simulation, i.e. solving tasks from the practical vetering epidemiology. The tasks are in a written form, and solutions are found with computer, with use WIN EPISCOPE 2.0 software. Specific recommendations related with teaching Activity type Activity type Activity type Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals 23 30
Practicals: practicals and other ways of work with smaller groups Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar w (assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work. Performance of the computer simulation, i.e. solving tasks from the practical vetering epidemiology. The tasks are in a written form, and solutions are found with computer, with use WIN EPISCOPE 2.0 software. Specific recommendations related with teaching Activity type Activity type Activity type Activity type Attendance on theory classes 12 Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals 23 30
Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar w (assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work. Performance of the computer simulation, i.e. solving tasks from the practical vetering epidemiology. The tasks are in a written form, and solutions are found with computer, with use WIN EPISCOPE 2.0 software. Specific recommendations related with teaching Activity type Activity type Activity type Activity type Attendance on theory classes 12 Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals 23 30
(assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work. Performance of the computer simulation, i.e. solving tasks from the practical vetering epidemiology. The tasks are in a written form, and solutions are found with computer, with use WIN EPISCOPE 2.0 software. The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points who are part of the final evaluation. Scoring of the student's activities: Activity type Points minimum maximum Attendance on theory classes 12 15 Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals 23 30
Performance of the computer simulation, i.e. solving tasks from the practical vetering epidemiology. The tasks are in a written form, and solutions are found with computer, with use WIN EPISCOPE 2.0 software. The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points who are part of the final evaluation. Scoring of the student's activities: Points Points Points Minimum Maximum Max
epidemiology. The tasks are in a written form, and solutions are found with computer, with use WIN EPISCOPE 2.0 software. Specific recommendations related with teaching Activity type Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals Points minimum maximum Minimum maximum Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals 23 30
WIN EPISCOPE 2.0 software. Specific recommendations related with teaching Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals WIN EPISCOPE 2.0 software. The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points who are part of the final evaluation. Scoring of the student's activities: Points minimum maximum Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals 23 30
recommendations related with teaching Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals Are part of the final evaluation. Points minimum maximum 15 Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals 23 30
related with teaching Scoring of the student's activities: Points
teachingPointsActivity typePointsminimummaximumAttendance on theory classes1215Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals2330
Activity type minimum maximum Attendance on theory classes 12 15 Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals 23 30
Attendance on theory classes 12 15 Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals 23 30
Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals 23 30
Written assay 0 5
Periodical evaluations (two) 10 20
Final exam 15 30
Grade Points
Complete final exam* mark
Six (6) 20
Seven (7) 25
Eight (8) 30
Nine (9) 35
Ten (10) 43
Total: 60 100
Prerequisite criteria: For being able to pass the final exam student has to gain up to 40 poi
from theory classes and practicals and the two periodical evaluations. If student does not sh
result on the one of the periodical evaluation, but has gained points only on theory classes a
practicals, he/she has to go on complete final exam.
Evaluation of Periodical evaluation (two): written
knowledge Final exam: written-oral
Complete final exam: oral
Final grade mark forming criteria:
Points Grade mark
to 59 5 (F)
60-69 6 (E)
70-77 7 (D)
78-86 8 (C)
87-93 9 (B)
94-100 10 (A)
Basic teaching 1. Dirk U. Pfeifer: Uvod u veterinarsku epidemiologiju, Sarajevo, 2000
aids 2. Marc Stevenson: An Introduction to Veterinary Medicine, EpiCentre, IVABS, Mass
University, New Zeland, 2005
3. Michael Thrusfield: Veterinary Epidemiology, Blackwell Science, 2007

Course	VETERINARY TOXICOLOGY	2 credit points
Code	FVM 517	
Year of study	Fifth (V)	
Semester	Ninth (IX)	
Total teaching	30 (15+15)	
lessons		
Course type	Compulsory	
Prerequisities		
Author of the	prof. Romel Velev, PhD	
course program		
Realized by	prof. Romel Velev, PhD	
Purpose and	Theory classes of the course Veterinary toxicole	0 ,
objectives of the	principles of veterinary toxicology: the structure, t	
course program	substances, pathogenesis, clinical diagnosis ar environmental implications and implications on substances; evaluation of products of animal orig student can demonstrate knowledge and understan study and practice of clinical veterinary Medicine. In this way the future doctor of veterinary medici identify the indications for medical intervention application of appropriate treatment of poisoning in advice on preventive veterinary medicine, including Practicals of the course Veterinary toxicology aim poisons and their characteristics; possible sources antidote, taking and sending material chemic-toxic removal of poisons, and to illustrate some abstract experiments.	human health from use of potential toxic in contaminated with poisons and others. For ding of veterinary Toxicology as a basis for the line will be possible to acquire: knowledge to in poisoning; ability to provide advice and individual life or group of animals, ability to give promoting optimal health and production. To introduce students with: different groups of a poisoning; procedure poisoned animals and cological analysis; how safe storage and safe

No of	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit				
lessons						
I. GENER	I. GENERAL TOXICOLOGY (6 lessons)					
1.	INTRODUCTION	Definition, range and subject of studying of toxicology; relation of toxicology with other sciences; brief history of toxicology				
2.	DEFINITION OF POISON AND TERMINOLOGY	toxin, toxicosis, intoxication, toxic-infection, toxicy and toxicity, hazard				
3.	CLASSIFICATION OF POISONS	classification of intoxications, classification of poisons and intoxication sources				
4.	TOXOKYNETICS OF POISONS	Absorption, distribution, biotransformation, elimination				
5.	TOXODYNAMIC OF POISONS	Mode of activity of poisons (interaction with the enzymes, oxygen transport block, interactions with cell functions); factors which have impact on toxicity (dose, physical condition, chemical features and structure, animal species and breed, body weight, gender, age)				
6.	FUNDAMENTALS OF POISONING AND THREATMENT IN DOMESTIC ANIMALS	clinical symptoms, diagnosis (anamnesis, clinical symptoms, necropsy findings, toxicological-chemical analysis, test on laboratory animals); treatment: antidote (main principles, non-speciphic and speciphic antidote therapy) and symptomatic treatment				
	AL TOXICOLOGY (9 lessons)					
7.	PESTICIDES I - Insecticides	chlorated carbohydrogens, organ phosphate compounds, carbamates, pyrethrins and synthetic pyrethroids, dinitrophenols				
8.	PESTICIDES II - Rhodenticides	anticoagulants, zinc phosphide, fluor organic compounds, alphanaphtilthyourea (ANTU), sea squill				
9.	PESTICUDES III - Fungicides	pentachlorphenol, ditiocarbamates, captan, folpet, captaphol, hexachlorbenzen				
10.	PESTICIDES IV - Herbicides and lymacides	triazins, phenilurea derivates, chlorated phenoxi-acids, dipiridils, metaldehid				
11.	METALS	arsenic, copper, zink, selen, iron, cadmium, lead, mercury				
12.	INDUSTRIAL POLLUTANTS	polychlorated biphenils (PCB), fluorides, cyanides and cyanogenic plants				
13.	NITROGEN COMPOUNDS	Nitrates, nitrites and nitroso-compounds; urea, ammonium salts and ammonia				

14.	BIOTOXINS (mycotoxins)	Mycotoxicoses; Hepatotoxins (aphlatoxin, rubratoxin, sterigomastocytin); Nephrotoxins (ochratoxin, cytrinin); Estrogens (zearalenon); Cytotoxins (trichotecens); Fungal toxins (ergolalcaloids)
15.	POISONING PLANTS	Bracken fern (Pteridium aquilinum); Horsetail (Equisetum arvense); Autumn crocus (Colchicum autumnale); Leopard's bane (Doronicum caucasicum)

No of	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit
lessons	
1- 2	Procedure with poisoned animal
3-4	Sampling and sending material for chemical-toxicological examination
5-6	Evaluation of safety of animal products from the poisoned animal
7-8	Antidotes in veterinary toxicology
9-10	Estimations in toxicology
11-12	Analytical and instrumental methods in veterinary toxicology
13-15	Visit of laboratory for control and examination of drugs and introducing with equipment used in veterinary
	pharmacology and toxicology.

Organization	Theory		con a wook (15 loopana)				
	Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons) Practicals: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)						
			active (lectures in large grou	ın with discuss	ion and activ	o porticipation	on of the
			active (lectures in large grot	ip with discuss	sion and activ	e participation	on or the
	students	,	and other ways of work with	amallar graup	_		
			and other ways of work with ing with use of referent lit			oarina comir	or work
			ntation and discussion about			dring semii	iai work
Specific			ited for active participation in			gaining poin	tc which
		of the final ev		i ali predicted	activities for	gaining poin	its willeri
related with	are part	or the illiane	valuation.				
	Scoring	of the stude	ent's activities:				
leadining	Jooning	or the staat			Po	ints	1
			Activity type		minimum	maximum	
	-	Attendance	on theory classes		12	15	1
			and activity (knowledge)	on practicals	24	30	
	•	Written ass			5	10	
	•		evaluations (two)		10	20	
	•	Final exam			9	25	
	=	Total:			60	100	
	Prerequisite criteria: For being able to pass the final exam student has to gain up to 45 points						
	from theory classes and practicals and the two periodical evaluations. If student does not show						
	result on the one of the periodical evaluation, but has gained points only on theory classes and						
	practicals, he/she has to go on complete final exam.						
Evaluation of	Periodical evaluation (two): written						
knowledge	First periodical evaluation: General toxicology						
	Second periodical evaluation: Special toxicology						
	Final exam: oral						
	Complete final exam: oral + written (includes one periodical evaluation)						
	Final and Is avail formation without						
	Final grade mark forming criteria:						
			Points		e mark		
		ļ	to 59 60-68		(F)		
		ļ			(E)		
	69-76 7 (D)						
	77-84 8 (C) 85-92 9 (B)						
		ļ	93-100		(B) (A)		
Basic teaching	1 Srehr	nčan \/ · ∩ +r			<u> </u>	nriručnik 4	izdanie
•	1. Srebočan, V.: <i>Otrovanja.</i> Vo: Srebočan, V. i Gomerčić, H.: Veterinarski priručnik. 4 izdanje, JUMENA, Zagreb 1989.						
			erinarska toksikologija. Me	dicinska naklad	da. Zagreb 19	993.	
			, B., Borissova, L., Stoyanov				dinov. J.
	Kirov, K., Alexandrov, M., Angelov: <i>Veterinary medical toxicology.</i> Sofia., 2005. 4. Čupić, V.: <i>Najčešća trovanja u veterinarskoj medicini.</i> Univerzitet u Beogradu, Fakultet						
	4. Cubit	veterinarske medicine, Beograd 1999.			i beourauu.		

Course	OPHTHALMOLOGY	2.0 credit points
Code	FVM 518	
Year of study	Fifth (V)	
Semester	Ninth (IX)	
Total teaching	30 (15 + 15)	
lessons		
Course type	Compulsory	
Prerequisities		
Author of the	prof. Plamen Trojachanec, PhD	
course program		
Realized by	prof. Plamen Trojachanec, PhD	
	ass. Ksenija Ilievska, MSc	
Purpose and	Place the course occupies in veterinary education	
objectives of	to apply their previously acquired knowledge of clinic	
the course	pharmacology for diagnostics and treatment of ophth	almic diseases and fundamental treatment of
program	ophthalmic patient.	
	Aim of the course: To enable the student for individ	•
	can perform individual examination, diagnosis ar	nd conservative or operative treatment of
	ophthalmic diseases.	
	Relations of course with previous and future ed	•
	preclinical courses, especially Anatomy of animals, P	athology, Physiology of animals and General
	surgery with anesthesiology.	

No of lessons	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit
1	Anatomy of the eye	Anatomy and histology of the eye
2	Basic principles of ophthalmic disease	Diagnostic and treatment of ophthalmic diseases
3-4	Diseases of palpebrae, conjunctiva and lachrymal system	Basic principle and reparation techniques of eye diseases
5	Diseases of the eye globe and orbit	Disease and displacement of the eye globe
6-7	Diseases of the cornea	Diseases of the cornea with or without inflammatory symptoms
8	Diseases of the uveal tract	
9	Diseases of the lens and vitreous	Congenital and acquired disease of lens and vitreous and surgical repair
10	Diseases of the retina and optic nerve	Congenital and acquired disease of retina and surgical repair
11	Disorders influenced by intraocular pressure	Glaucoma, clinical signs, examination and treatment
12-13	Specific ophthalmological diseases	
14-15	Clinical examination and handling the ophthalmic patient	General and special methods for clinical examination

Organization	Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons) Practicals: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)
Teaching methods	Course methodology: Introduction with fundamentals of veterinary ophthalmology through interactive teaching based theoretical exposure of the material, discussions and preparation of written assay to encourage the students for independent work, individually or in small groups. Practicals comprises of work in smaller groups that will enable overcoming the practical knowledge of essential ophthalmology methods and techniques.
Specific recommendations related with teaching	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which are part of the final evaluation.

	1					
	Scoring of the student's activities:					
		Activity type		Points		
				minimum	maximum	1
		Attendance on theory classes		5	10	
		Attendance and activity on pra	cticals	3	5	
		Written assay		0	5	
		Test		52	80	
		Total:		60	100	
Evaluation of		phthalmology participates with 8				
knowledge		lectures). Test with less than 50%	correct	answers will	not be consid	dered in further
	calculation.			.		
		t theory classes participates wit				
		lasses, will not receive any point				
	5 points.	ence in more than 60% carries 10	points. F	attendance a	t Practicals p	articipates with
		an apportunity to propers a	writton o	scov which	brings up to	5 points The
	The students have an opportunity to prepare a written assay, which brings up to 5 points . The tests are performed at precisely given date and are required for all the students. The tests can be					
	taken up to three times, after which the course is re-enrolled. Terms for the exam will be					
	announced at the beginning of the test sessions.					
	Summary of the test score, theory classes and practicals attendance establishes the final grade.					
	Sammary of the test essio, thosely stabled and practicals attendance obtablished the linut grade.					
	Final grade m	ark forming criteria:				
		Points	Grade	mark		
		To 59	5 (F)			
		60-68	6 (E)			
		69-76	7 (D)			
		77-84	8 (C)			
		85-92	9 (B)			
		93-100	10 (A)			
Basic teaching	Required: Maticic Z., Capak D. Oftalmologija domacih zivotinja, 1999 Veterinarski fakultet					
aids		narski prirucnik, Vetrinarski fakulte				
		d: Коичев К., Хубенов X., Vet				
	Тракиски универзитет; Kirk N. Gelatt Essentials of Veterinary Ophtalmology, 2005, Blackwell;					
		eresen-Jones and Sheila M. Crisp	ın <i>Manu</i>	al of Small a	anımal ophtha	almology, 2000
	BSAVA					

Course	HERD HEALTH MANAGEMENT	2 F gradit points
		2.5 credit points
Code	FVM 519	
Year of study	Fifth (V)	
Semester	Ninth (IX)	
Total teaching	45 (15+30)	
lessons		
Course type	Compulsory	
Prerequisities		
Author of the	prof. Toni Dovenski, PhD	
course		
program		
Realized by	prof. Toni Dovenski, PhD	
	prof. Plamen Trojachanec, PhD	
	prof. Dine Mitrov, PhD	
Purpose and objectives of the course program	Theory classes of Herd Health Management (HHM) course aim to fame principles of managing herd health and production of livestock farms, as a segurated towards maximum expression of genetic potential of individual animoptimizing farm management and the overall position of the farm, consequent need to know the principles of HHM, the way of settings the objectives at keeping, organize visits to farms under determined protocol, to be close to the aspects of the HHM; as well as to know the principles of monitoring and material production and metabolic diseases, reproductive performance, udder health, diseases. In this way the future doctor of veterinary medicine will be all management of the health of the herd in order to assist farmers in optimizing	eparate veterinary service that is all and the herd as a whole, by tly farm income. The student will and systematic strategies, record the epidemiological and economic magement of dry off period, milk hoof health, control of infectious lowed to acquire knowledge of

the animals in the herd.

Practicals of the course have the task to train future DVM independently to manage the herd health and production on a farm, taking into account the individual segments of this process such as the management of reproduction, milk production, health of the hoof and udder, metabolic and infectious diseases, management of dry off period and overhaul of the herd. All this should be accomplished through practical exercises for setting the goals of the farm, training for proper record keeping and organizing visits to farms, perform the necessary clinical and laboratory testing, analysis and decision making based on information collected and finally monitoring the effects of the recommended intervention

THEORY CLASSES

No of lessons	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit		
1-2	Basic principles, objectives and systematic strategies	Recordkeeping, visiting farms, epidemiological and economic aspects of the HHM		
3-4	Monitoring of the overhaul the herd	Management of offspring, protocol of previously assigned goals		
5-6	Monitoring the management in dry off period	Strategy before and during dry period. Physiological changes, disease, and prevention in the dry period		
7-8	Monitoring of the milk production	Optimizing digestion in the rumen, metabolic diseases associated with rumen. Defining previously assigned goals, their implementation and monitoring.		
9-10	Monitoring the reproductive performance	Goals, reproductive parameters, realization and decision-making and monitoring.		
11-12	Monitoring the udder health	Purpose, pathobiology, protocol. Execution, decisions, analysis, treatment and monitoring.		
13-14	Monitoring the hoof health	Objectives, protocol, completion, decisions, analysis, treatment and monitoring		
15	Control of infectious diseases	Monitoring and control of BVDV, IBR / IPV, BRSV, leptospyrosis, paratuberculosis, salmonellosis, brucellosis, leucosis		

No of lessons	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit		
1	Basic principles, objectives and systematic strategies	Recordkeeping, visiting farms, epidemiological and economic aspects of the HHM		
2-5	Monitoring of the overhaul the herd	Management of offspring, protocol of previously assigned goals		
6-9	Monitoring the management in dry off period	Strategy before and during dry period. Physiological changes, disease, and prevention in the dry period		
10-13	Monitoring of the milk production	Optimizing digestion in the rumen, metabolic diseases associated with rumen. Defining previously assigned goals, their implementation and monitoring.		
14-17	Monitoring the reproductive performance	Goals, reproductive parameters, realization and decision-making and monitoring.		
18-21	Monitoring of the udder health	Purpose, pathobiology, protocol. Execution, decisions, analysis, treatment and monitoring		
22-25	Monitoring of the hoof health	Objectives, protocol, completion, decisions, analysis, treatment and monitoring		
26-30	Control of infectious diseases	Monitoring and control of BVDV, IBR / IPV, BRSV, leptospirosis, paratuberculosis, salmonellosis, brucellosis, leukosis		

Organization	Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)								
_	Practicals: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)								
Teaching	Theory	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the							
methods	students).								
	Practica	als: practical work with smaller groups							
	Written	assay: learning with use of referent literature and i	nternet, prep	paring semin	ar work				
	(assay/	poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar v	vork.						
Specific	The stu	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which							
recommendations	are part	are part of the final evaluation.							
related with									
teaching	Scoring	g of the student's activities:			-				
		Activity type	Po	ints					
		Activity type	minimum	maximum					
	Attendance on theory classes 10 15								
	Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals 25 30								
		Written assay (report) 5 10							
		Periodical evaluation	20	45					
		Total: 60 100							

	Prerequisite criteria: For being able for gaining final grade mark, the student has gain up to 35					
	points from attendance on theory classes and practicals, to prepare one assay and to show					
	appropriate activity and knowledge on the practicals.					
Evaluation of	Periodical evaluation	: oral, during the practical	work.			
knowledge	Written assay: prepa	ration of a report for certain	n condition in the herd, wit	th recommendation for		
	corrective activities.	·				
	Final grade mark for	ming criteria:		_		
		Points	Grade mark			
		to 59	5 (F)			
	60-68 6 (E)					
	69-76 7 (D)					
	77-84 8 (C)					
		85-92	9 (B)			
		93-100	10 (A)			
Basic teaching	1. Brand A., J.P.T.M. Noordhuizen, Y.H, Schukken, 1997, Herd Health and Production					
aids	management in daity practice, Wageningen Pers, The Netherland					
	2. Dovenski T. i sor., Menadzment zdravlja stada i proizvodnje u farmskom uzgoju mlecnih					
	goveda, 6. Savetovanje iz klinicke patologije i terapije zivotinja "Clinica veterinaria" Zbornik					
	radova, 204-210, Budva, SCG, 2004					
		Leslie K.E., Fetrow J., Her	d Health - Food Animal Pr	roduction Medicine, 2.		
	edition., W.B. Sai			,		
	,	. ,				

Course	VETERINARY LEGISLATIVE	2.0 credit points
Code	FVM 520	
Year of study	Fifth	
Semester	Ninth (IX)	
Total teaching	45 (30+ 15)	
lessons		
Course type	Compulsory	
Prerequisities		
Authors of the	prof. Risto Prodanov, PhD	
course	ass. Sloboden Chokrevski, MSc	
program		
Realized by	prof. Risto Prodanov, PhD	
	ass. Sloboden Chokrevski, MSc	
Purpose and		Legislation is studying veterinary legislation and
objectives of	everything connected to the organization	• •
the course		eterinary profession is legally regulated profession.
program	For all segments of its activities, there are national	
		s are introduced to them, in order to be able to
	successfully engage in the work of various system	
		re education: The subject Veterinary Legislation
		other courses in the areas of animals health, food
	safety, veterinary medicinal products, animal feed,	
	the further education and acquiring the state General objectives of the course:	us of an official and authorized vetermanan.
	•	to introduce both students, as future official and
		gal system of the state, the principles of veterinary
		on of veterinary services in the world, in EU and in
	Republic of Macedonia.	on or voterinary services in the world, in Eo and in
	Tropublic of Maccaorlia.	

THEORY GEAGLE				
No of	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit		
lessons				
1,2,3	INTRODUCTION	Introduction to veterinary legislative. Constitution of the Republic of Macedonia, primary and secondary legislation in Republic of Macedonia.		
4,5	PRIMARY LEGISLATION	Laws regulating the operation of administrative bodies, Law on Organization of Administrative Bodies, Law on General Administrative Procedure.		
5,6,7,8	INTERNATIONAL VETERINARY ORGANIZATIONS AND	International standards in veterinary medicine and veterinary service organization at the international level: OIE, WTO SPS Agreement, Codex alimentarius.		

	STANDARDS	
9,10,11,12	ORGANIZATION AND LEGISLATION IN EU AND HARMONISATION OF MACEDONIAN LEGISLATION	EU veterinary legislation (<i>Acquis comunitaire veterinaire</i>), institutions and organization of veterinary service in the EU and the process of harmonization of the Macedonian national legislation with the EU. Veterinary audit of international trading of animals and animal products.
13,14	MACEDONIAN NATIONAL LEGISLATION IN THE FIELD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE	Law on identification and registration of animals and accompanying bylaws. Introduction to animal identification and registration system. Rules on identification and registration of cattle, Rules on identification and registration of sheep and goats.
15,16,17,18	MACEDONIAN NATIONAL LEGISLATION IN THE FIELD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE	Law on Veterinary Health and accompanying regulations. Organization of veterinary service, rights and duties of the Minister of Agriculture, Director of Food and Veterinary Agency, Faculty of Veterinary Medicine, Veterinary Chamber, the official (state veterinary inspectors) and authorized veterinarians. Certification, authorizations and conditions. Organization of animal на health protection in Republic of Macedonia: a) especially dangerous disease which are subject of planning of prompt measures b) diseases with special importance and priority for the state and are subject of special monitoring and control programs c) diseases appearing on RM territory and are consequence of mode of accommodation, breeding and reproduction Conditions for putting animals, products and by-products of animal origin in market: control of animals, products and by-products of animal origin on the site of origin, and on the site of destination, monitoring networks, issuing of confirmations. Import, transit, re-export of animals, products and by-products of animal origin.
19,20	MACEDONIAN NATIONAL LEGISLATION IN THE FIELD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE	Law on welfare and protection of animals and accompanying regulations. System and concept of animal welfare according OIE and EU. Animal welfare on farm, during transport, during slaughtering and relation with food safety system. Welfare of animals in the zoos and laboratory animals. Animal protection.
21,22	MACEDONIAN NATIONAL LEGISLATION IN THE FIELD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE	Law on Food Safety and accompanying regulations. Concept of traceability and control of food of animal origin from field to fork. HACCP systems and their application. Organization and execution of veterinary control in different objects for production and processing of animal products.
23,24	MACEDONIAN NATIONAL LEGISLATION IN THE FIELD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE	Law on waste and by-products of animal origin and the accompanying bylaws. Veterinary protection and environment improvement. Classification and categorization of waste and by-products of animal origin and systems for collecting, processing and/or harmless removement.
25,26	MACEDONIAN NATIONAL LEGISLATION IN THE FIELD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE	Annual program for Animal Health on territory of Republic of Macedonia. Public domain measures (vaccinations, laboratory tests) included in Annual program for Animal Health, participants, obligations and implementation.
27,28,29,30.	MACEDONIAN NATIONAL LEGISLATION IN THE FIELD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE	Multiannual programs for combating various diseases on the territory of Republic of Macedonia: Program for combating and eradication of especially dangerous diseases in animals. Program for combating and eradication of transmissible spongiform encephalopathies. Program for combating and eradication of tuberculosis in cattle. Program for combating and eradication of brucellosis. Program for combating and eradication of bluetongue. Program for combating and eradication of aviary influenza.

No of lessons	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit
1.	Examples of carrying out general administrative procedure.

2.	OIE International Code of Terrestrial and Code of Aquatic Animals, Manual of Standards for Laboratory Diagnostic Methods and Biologicals.
3.	Notification of diseases under OIE system and WAHIS. Information system for animal health status worldwide.
4.	Examples of directives, regulations and decisions in the EU concerning the veterinary field.
5.	Documents and resources for identification and registration of animals.
6.	Health certificates and documents the movement of animals.
7.	International veterinary certificates.
8. 9	Veterinary documents and regulations in slaughterhouses, dairies, processing facilities and all areas subject to veterinary control.
10.	Transport of animals.
11,12	Organization and documentation of measures covering annual program for animal health.
13	Organization, duties and responsibilities for the implementation of multi-annual programs to combat various diseases.
14,15.	Visual teaching methods, screening of films using information from the Internet

14,15. Visu	al teaching methods, screening of films using information from the Internet				
Organization	Theory classes: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)	Theory classes: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)			
0.gaa	Practicals: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)				
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discuss	ion and activ	e participatio	n of the	
methods	students).				
	Practicals: practicals and other ways of work with smaller groups				
	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and i		paring semin	ar work	
On a sifi s	(assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work.				
Specific recommendations	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted are part of the final evaluation.	activities for	gaining point	is which	
related with	Scoring of the student's activities:				
teaching		Po	ints]	
	Activity type	minimum	maximum		
	Attendance on theory classes	5	10		
	Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals	5	10		
	Written assay	5	10		
	Periodical evaluations (two)	30	50		
	Final exam		kam 20		
	Total:	60	100]	
	* Besides attendance on theory classes and practicals addition				
	signature at the end of the semester, is passing of periodical evaluation minimum 30 points.	aluations dur	ing the seme:	ster with	
	* Final exam is oral. Student who did not pass one of the	periodical ev	aluations du	ring the	
	semester, goes to one of the reparative evaluations during the e			ing the	
Evaluation of	Periodical evaluations (two): written				
knowledge	First periodical evaluation - general part: International stand				
	veterinary service organization at the international level: OIE				
	alimentarius. EU veterinary legislation (Acquis comunitair				
	organization of veterinary service in the EU and the process of	harmonizatio	on of the Mac	edonian	
	national legislation with the EU. Second periodical evaluation – special part: Constitution of the	Republic of	Macedonia	nrimary	
	and secondary legislation, laws regulating the operation of a				
	General Administrative Procedure. Macedonian national legi-				
	medicine.			,	
	Final exam: oral				
	Complete final exam: not predicted				
	Final grade mark forming criteria:	ma a wla			
	Points Grade				
	to 59 5 (F) 60-68 6 (E)				
	1	•			
	69-76 7 (D) 77-84 8 (C)				
	85-92 9 (B)				
	93-100 10				
Basic teaching	1. Материјали од предавања и вежби Р. Проданов и		и		
aids	2. Збирка закони од областа на ветеринарното за				
	ветеринарсво МЗШВ				
	3. Terrestrial animal health code OIE 2008				

4.	Основи на ветеринарномедицинското законодателсво и менаджмент И. Божков, А.Стојанов, К.Василев Факултет за ветеринарна медицина- Тракијски Универзитет, Стара Загора, Бугарија
5.	www.oie.int
6.	www.pravo.org.mk
7.	http://vetlex.taiex.be/

Course	FOOD SAFETY AND VETERINARY PUBLIC HEALTH	4.0 credit points
Code	FVM 521	
Year of study	Fifth (V)	
Semester	Tenth (X)	
Total teaching	60 (30+ 30)	
lessons		
Course type	Compulsory	
Prerequisities		
Author of the	prof. Pavle Sekulovski, PhD	
course program		
Realized by	prof. Pavle Sekulovski, PhD	
	ass. prof. Dean Jankuloski, PhD	
Purpose and	THEORY CLASSES: Aim of this course is to introduce the stude	
objectives of the	profession in food safety and veterinary public health. Students are tea	37 ·
course program	poisoning, food spoilage as well as European and national food le	
	process control in food production with contemporary control systems.	
	veterinarian in the control of spreading the diseases, hygiene of	
	processing and handling are explained. Longitudinal and integrated	approach to the safe food
	production, animal welfare and influence of food to human health.	and the state of the state of
	PRACTICALS. Aim of the practicals is to train students to perform	
	veterinarians. It includes all the official forms and documents used	
	sampling, packing and sending the samples to the official laboratory.	
	collect samples for the official monitoring programs for Salmonella, r	
	food of animal origin. Methods for testing of food and water microbio	logy are also included in this
	course.	

Mo of		Contents of tooching unit
No of	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit
lessons		
1.	INTRODUCTION TO FOOD	Definitions. Importance and role of veterinary public health in protection
	SAFETY AND VETERINARY	of animal and human health. Food safety main principles.
	PUBLIC HEALTH	
2.	BASICS OF FOOD	General principles of microbial growth and survival.
	MICROBIOLOGY	Dynamic microbial growth factors.
		Dynamic of microbial death.
		Interactions of factors involved in survival of microorganisms
3.	MICOBIOLOGICAL SPOILAGE	Food spoilage principles. Types of spoilage. Microorganisms involved.
	OF FOOD	Control mechanisms and principles
4.	FOODBORNE INFECTIONS	Pathophysiology of diarrhea, vomiting and abdominal pain. Foodborne
	AND INTOXICATIONS	infections – causes and symptoms.
		Foodborne intoxications – causes and symptoms.
5.	INVESTIGATION OF FOOD	Definition of food outbreak. Investigation of food outbreak. Cohort study.
	OUTBRAKES	Case-control study.
6.	EUROPEAN AND NACIONAL	European food legislation. Food safety law. Hygienic package from 2006.
	FOOD LEGISLATION	National laws
7.	COMPETENT AUTHORITY FOR	Structure of food control system. Competent authorities and
	FOOD - VETERINARY AND	competencies. Role and duties of official veterinarian
	FOOD INSPECTION	
8.	FOOD CHAIN AND HEALTH	Properties of food chain and health hazards
	HAZARDS	
9.	HEALTH HAZARDS	Epidemiological principles implemented in veterinary public health
	ORIGINATIONG FROM THE	Zoonoses in farm animals. Farm factors. By-products
	FARMS	
10.	FOOD HYGIENE AND SAFETY	Retail - shops and supermarkets. Expire date of food products. Food
	AT RETAIL AND CONSUMER	labelling. Food catering. Safety at consumer level. Improper storage.
	LEVEL	Improper thermal treatment. Cross-contamination
11.	STABLE TO TABLE CONCEPT	LISA concept and its main elements
		and the second s

12.	PRP, SSOP, GHP, GMP	Pre-requisite programs. Standard sanitation operations procedures. Good manufacturing practice. Good hygiene practice
13.	HACCP SYSTEM	HACCP principles. Establishing, implementation and validation of HACCP system
14.	RISK ASSESMENT	Risk assessment. Hazard identification. Hazard characterisation. Exposition assessment. Risk characterisation. Risk analysis. Risk management. Risk communication
15.	RESIDUES AND CONTAMINANTS IN FOOD	Intro. EU Directive 96/23. Methods for detection and quantification. Monitoring and surveillance
16.	PROCESS CONTROL: SWAB SURFACE, WATER, CLEANING AND DESINFECTION	Food industry process control. Swab and surface sampling, interpretation of results. Water quality. Sampling water for analyses. Cleaning and disinfection. Control of efficiency of cleaning and disinfection
17.	FOOD PRODUCTION AND ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION	By-products, wastewater. Systems for wastewater treatment. Protection of the environment.

No of	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit
_	reaching unit and contents of teaching unit
lessons	
1.	Documentation used by official veterinarian
2.	Sampling and sending samples to laboratory for laboratory testing of:
	- control of process hygiene: surface swabs
	- safety of raw materials and final food products
	- water quality
	- national monitoring programmers
	- antimicrobial resistance
3.	- Swabs – enumeration of enterobacteriaceae, aerobic plate count
4.	- Food and raw materials - microbiological methods for detection Salmonella, Listeria monocytogenes,
	Campylobacter spp. Yersinia enterocolitica, Staph. aureus, E. coli
5.	- Water – membrane filtration methods, Ps. aeruginosa, E. coli, coliforms, intestinal enterococci, total viable
	count 22°C, и 37°C, determination of NO ₂ , NO ₃ , NH ₃ ,
6.	- Sample preparation for detection of Salmonella spp., mycotoxins, pesticides, heavy metals, hormones
7.	- Antimicrobial substances – screening methods - Delvo test, Copan test, Four Plate Test и quantitative
	determination with HPLC
8.	Elaboration of HACCP plan for
	- slaughterhouse for mammalian
	- slaughterhouse for poultry
	- dairy
	- meat processing factory

Organization	Theory classes: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons) Practicals: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)
Teaching methods	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the students). Practicals: practicals and other ways of work with smaller groups Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work (assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work.
Specific recommendations related with teaching	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which are part of the final evaluation. Scoring of the student's activities:

Activity type	Points	
Activity type	minimum	maximum
Attendance on theory classes	12	15
Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals	24	30
Written assay	5	10
Periodical evaluations (two)	10	20
Final exam	9	25
Total:	60	100

Prerequisite criteria: For being able to pass the final exam student has to gain up to 45 points from theory classes and practicals and the two periodical evaluations. If student does not show result on the one of the periodical evaluation, but has gained points only on theory classes and

	practicals, he/she h	as to go on complete final exa	ım.	
Evaluation of	Periodical evaluation (two): written			
knowledge	First period	ical evaluation: - general part		
	Second per	riodical evaluation: - special pa	art	
	Final exam: oral			
	Complete final exa	am: oral and written (includes	one periodical evaluation)	
	Final grade mark f	orming criteria:	-	_
		Points	Grade mark	
		to 59	5 (F)	
		60-68	6 (E)	
		69-76	7 (D)	
		77-84	8 (C)	
		85-92	9 (B)	
		93-100	10 (A)	
Basic teaching	Бунчиќ, С. (2006) І	ntegrated Food Safety and Ve	terinary Public Health	
aids	Eley, A. R. (1996) N	licrobial Food Poisoning		
	Garbutt, J. (1997) E	ssentials of Food Microbiolog	у	
	Doyle, M.P., Beuch	at, L.R., Montville, T.J.(2007)	Food Microbiology: Fundam	entals and Frontiers
	Virginia N. Scott, St	evenson, K. E. (2006) HAACF	P A systematic approach to f	ood safety

BIOLOGY AND PATHOLOGY OF GAME	2.0 credit points
FVM 522	
Fifth (V)	
Tenth (X)	
30 (15+15)	
Compulsory	
prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD	
prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD	
The theory classes of biology and pathology of game course has	
Macedonia, place and role of veterinary service in hunting, types and characteristics of the hunting grounds, ways for game breeding, biological characteristics and diseases of hunting game, damages caused by game, games damages and basics of the hunting cynology. In this manner, the future doctor for veterinary medicine will be able to gain: knowledge for recognizing the specifics in manifestation of clinical and pathomorphological changes in game diseases, capability for advising and applying appropriate medication of diseases in bred game, ability for advising and taking preventative measures including promotion of optimal game health and modern hunting. The practicals of this course have aim to introduce students with systematic and categorizing of hunting game, feed and methods for supplement feeding of game, eradication of harmful game	
	Fifth (V) Tenth (X) 30 (15+15) Compulsory prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD The theory classes of biology and pathology of game course has the: term and meaning of hunting, Law for hunting in R. Macedon Macedonia, place and role of veterinary service in hunting, typ hunting grounds, ways for game breeding, biological characteris game, damages caused by game, games damages and basics of the In this manner, the future doctor for veterinary medicine will be recognizing the specifics in manifestation of clinical and pathomodiseases, capability for advising and applying appropriate medication ability for advising and taking preventative measures including proving and modern hunting. The practicals of this course have aim to introduce students with the state of the course have aim to introduce students with the course have a course ha

No of lessons	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit
1.	DEFINITION AND MEANING OF HUNTING	Historical development of hunting. Law for hunting in R. Macedonia. Organization of hunting in Macedonia, place and role of veterinary service in hunting.
2-3.	HUNTING GROUNDS	Arranging of hunting grounds, scoring of hunting grounds, planning of yearly hunt, determining of the actual state of game in the hunting grounds, technical arrangement of the hunting ground
4-5.	GAME BREEDING	Factors that influence game breeding, basic methods of game breeding, basic methods in natural game breeding, artificial breeding of hunting game.
6.	CHARACTERISTICS OF GAME DISEASES	Diseases of hunting game as natural occurrence, causes for disease outbreak in game, prevention of spreading game diseases, measures

		for increasing game population after eradication of diseases, sanitary shooting.
7.	BIOLOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF GAME BIRDS	Great Bustard, capercaillie, ptarmigan, hazel grouse, pheasant, partridge, wall barley, pigeon, turtledove, sandpiper, goose, duck, auk, swan, coot, falcon, goshawk, milvus, eagle, vulture, owl, raven, crow, magpie
8.	GAME BIRDS DISEASES	Diseases with non-infectious, infectious and parasitic etiology
9.	BIOLOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND DISEASES OF WILD LEPORIDS AND RODENTIA	Rabbit, squirrel, ground squirrel, dormouse; Diseases with non-infectious, infectious and parasitic etiology
10.	BIOLOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF WILD RUMINANTS	Deer, doe, chamois, mouflon, ibex
11.	WILD RUMINANTS DISEASES	Diseases with non-infectious, infectious and parasitic etiology
12.	BIOLOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND WILD BOAR DISEASES	Diseases with non-infectious, infectious and parasitic etiology
13.	BIOLOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS AND WILD CARNIVORES DISEASES	Wolf, fox, jackal, lynx, wild cat, bear, marten, weasel, skunk, badger, otter Diseases with non-infectious, infectious and parasitic etiology
14.	DAMAGES TO AND FROM THE GAME	Damages to game by using pesticides and chemistry, damages caused by game and their regulation
15.	HUNTING CYNOLOGY	FCI breeds of hunting dogs

1 1170110	I RACTICALO	
No of	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit	
lessons		
1.	Systematic and categorization of hunting game	
2.	Game feeding	
3.	Eradication of harmful game and safe removal of game corpses	
4.	Hunting weapon and first aid	
5.	Hunting trophy	
6.	Determining game's diseases	
7.	Handling shot game	
8.	Game protection	
9.	Visiting Skopje's Zoo	
10.	Visiting the Natural History Museum in Skopje	
11-12.	Visiting peasantry	
13.	Visiting breeding facility for wild ruminants	
14-15.	Visiting hunting ground and National park	

Organization	Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)	
	Practicals: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)	
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the	
methods	students).	
	Practicals: practicals and other ways of work with smaller groups	
	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work	
	(assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work.	

Specific recommendations related with teaching

The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which are part of the final evaluation.

Scoring of the student's activities:

adont o dott vittoo.				
	Activity type	Points		
	Activity type	minimum	maximum	
	Attendance on theory classes	12	15	
	Attendance on practicals	12	15	
	Written assay	6	10	
	First periodical evaluation	15	30	
	Second periodical evaluation	15	30	
	Total:	60	100	

- * With gaining up to 60 points from attendance on theory classes and practicals, written assay and two periodical evaluations, student gets right to take grade mark without passing the complete final exam.
- * Complete final exam is required for the student who did not pass one of the two periodical evaluations during the semester, or if he/she did not gain minimal 60 points.

Evaluation of knowledge

Periodical evaluation (two): written

First periodical evaluation: definition and meaning of hunting, hunting grounds, game breeding, characteristics of game diseases, biological characteristics of game birds, game birds diseases, systematic and short review of hunting game's biology, game feeding, eradication of harmful game and safe removal of game corpses, hunting weapon and first aid, hunting trophy.

Second periodical evaluation: biological characteristics and diseases of wild leporids and rodents, biological characteristics of wild ruminants, wild ruminants diseases, biological characteristics and wild boar diseases, biological characteristics and carnivore's diseases, damages to and from the game, hunting cynology, determination of game's diseases, handling shot game, game protection.

Complete final exam: Oral or written and it contents practical test and final exam. Practical test is graded descriptively (passed/not passed), and the final exam with grade mark from 5 to 10. Point equivalents to the final exam's grade marks are:

Grade mark	Points
5	to 59
6	60-68
7	69-76
8	77-84
9	85-92
10	93-100

Final grade mark forming criteria:

Points	Grade mark
до 60	5 (F)
61-68	6 (E)
69-76	7 (D)
77-84	8 (C)
85-92	9 (B)
93-100	10 (A)

Basic teaching aids

- 1. Закон за ловство на Р.Македонија. Службен весник на РМ бр. 26 од 24.02.2009 год.
- 2. Лапчевиќ Е., Јакшиќ Б.: **Болести дивлјачи, крзнашица и кунича.** Издавачко-Информативни центар студената Београд, Београд, 1976.
- 3. Трпков Б., Дончев И., Дроздовски И.: **Ловечки прирачник.** Сојуз на ловечки организации на Македонија, Скопје, 1978.
- 4. Трпков Б.: Ловство. Шумарски факултет Скопје, Скопје, 1989.

Course	BIOLOGY AND PATHOLOGY OF BEES	2.5 credit points
Code	FVM 523	
Year of study	Fifth (V)	
Semester	Tenth (X)	
Total teaching	45 (15+30)	
lessons		

Course type	Compulsory
Prerequisities	
Author of the	prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD
course program	
Realized by	prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD
Purpose and	The theory classes of the biology and pathology of bees course has the aim to introduce students
objectives of the	with: beekeeping and its importance, development of apiology and the api-technique, bee's
course program	products production, current state of apiculture in R. Macedonia, term and meaning of
	apipathology, systematic of bees, species and breeds of bees that are breed in the world and our
	country, structure of the bee colony, life of the bee colony throughout the year, breeding of bee
	communities, undesirable appearances in the bee family, producing bee products, characteristics
	of organic bee production, diseases of bees and bee's nests, pests and enemies of bees, bee's
	poisoning, applying modern drugs in apiculture and measures for prevention, control and
	eradication of diseases, pests and poisoning of bees.
	In this manner, the future doctor for veterinary medicine will be able to: gain knowledge for basic
	terminology of apiculture and bee production, recognize the main clinical and pathomorphological
	changes in diseases of bees and bee's nests, advise and apply appropriate medication for
	diseases in bees and bee nest, take preventative measures including promotion of optimal health
	and apicultural production.
	The practicals of biology and pathology of bees course have the aim to introduce students with
	development and function of individual members of the bee colony, anatomical and physiological
	characteristics of bees, the advantages and disadvantages of different types of nest sites, practical usage of tools and equipment for bees, formation of beehives, yearly schedule of management
	tasks in the beehive, the importance and performing the exam of bee colony, clinical and
	laboratory diagnostics of bee diseases and practical application of the means for prevention and
	control of diseases in bees and bee nest.
	CONTROL OF GISCASES IN DEES AND DEE HEST.

No of lessons	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit
1.	BEEKEEPING AND ITS MEANING	Historical development of beekeeping, development of the apiology and apitechnique, production of bee products, apiculture in R. Macedonia, term and meaning of apipathology.
2.	TAXONOMY OF BEES; BEE SPECIES AND BREEDS	Taxonomy of bees, Megapis Honey bee, Micrapis Honey bee, european-african honey bee, european breeds of hoeny bee.
3.	YEARLY LIFE CYCLE OF THE BEE COLONY	Autumn period and wintering of bees, bee's nest forming period, main bee's pasture period, period of natural swarming of bee's colonies, the period after swarming and main bee's pasture
4.	BREEDING OF BEE'S COLONIES	General description of swarming and causes for bee's swarming, preparation and duration of swarming, natural swarming, artificial swarming
5.	BREEDING, REPLACEMENT AND ADDING QUEEN BEES	Natural breeding of queen bees, artificial breeding of queen bees, the need for replacement and methods for adding queen bees
6.	UNDESIRABLE APPERIANCES IN THE BEE COLONY	Absence of queen bee and fake queen bees, silent replacement of queen bees, swarms escaping from hives, bee's heist
7.	BEE'S PASTURE AND BEE'S PRODUCTS	Nectar, pollen, honeydew, resins matters; Honey, beeswax, pollen (flower dust), propolis, royal jelly and bee's toxin
8.	ORGANIC BEEKEEPING	Characteristics of organic production of bee products and methods for production
9.	VIRAL DISEASES OF BEES	Chronic paralysis, satellite of the chronic paralysis virus, acute paralysis, sacbrood disease, black queen cell disease, X virus, deformed wing disease, cloudy wing disease, Kashmir bee disease, apis iridescent virus, slow paralysis virus, Arkansas virus, Egypt virus
10.	BACTERIAL DISEASES OF BEES	American foulbrood, European foulbrood, spyroplasmosis, mycoplasmosis, septicemia, Serratia marcescens, Bacillus pulvifaciens, Bacillus paraalvei, Pseudomonas fluorescens, Yersinia pseudotuberculosis, Hafnia alvei infections
11.	FUNGAL DISEASES OF BEES	Chalkbrood, Stonebrood, aspergilosis, nosemosis
12-13.	PARASITIC DISEASES OF BEES	Senoteniasis, amebosis, acarosis, varoosis, tropilelosis
14.	DISEASE WITH NON-	Dysentery, May disease;

		Melanosis, nesting non-mature eggs (empty eggs), nesting non-fertile eggs,
QUEEN BEE DISEASES AND ANOMALIES; BEE'S		, , ,
	ANOMALIES BLE S	developed oviducts, degenerative changes in old queen bees;
		Bisexuality, cyclopsy, albinism
15.	PESTS AND ENEMIES OF	Wax moths, bee lice, bee beetle, skull butterfly, ants, spiders, mice, wasp, hornet,
	BEES AND BEE'S	birds, bear, frogs, lizards, snakes, bee wolf;
	POISONING	Poisoning bees with chemical agents, poisoning bees on pasture (herbal poisons)

No of	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit
lessons	
1-2	Members of bee colony, development (metamorphosis) of bees
3-4	Bee's anatomy and physiology
5-6	Bees nests and tools and equipment
7-8	Bee hives
9-10	Examination of bee colonies
11-12	Working in beehive throughout the year
13-14	Field work at beehive
15-16	Field work at beehive
17-18	Diagnosis of bee's viral diseases
19-20	Diagnosis of bee's bacterial diseases
21-22	Diagnosis of bee's fungal diseases
23-24	Diagnosis of bee's parasitic diseases
25-26	Drug application in bees
27-28	Field work at beehive
29-30	Field work at beehive

Organization	Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)				
	Practicals: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)				
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the				
methods	,	students).			
		s and other ways of work with smal			
		rning with use of referent litera			aring seminar work
		entation and discussion about the			
Specific		ated for active participation in all p	redicted activ	∕ities for gain	ing points which are
recommendations	part of the final eval	uation.			
related with					
teaching	Scoring of the stud	dent's activities:			-
		Activity type		ints	
		Activity type	minimum	maximum	
		Attendance on theory classes	12	15	
		Attendance on practicals	12	15	
		Written assay	6	10	
		First periodical evaluation	15	30	
		Second periodical evaluation	15	30	
		Total:	60	100	
	* With gaining up to	60 points from attendance on the	ory classes	and practical	s, written assay and
	two periodical evalu	ations, student gets right to take g	jrade mark w	ithout passir	ng the complete final
	exam. * Complete final exam is required for the student who did not pass one of the two periodical				
		he semester, or if he/she did not ga	ained minima	al 60 points.	
Evaluation of	Periodical evaluati				
knowledge	First periodical evaluation: Beekeeping and its meaning, systematics of bees, bee species and				
	breeds, yearly life cycle of bee colony, breeding of bee colonies, management, replacement and				
	adding of bee queens, undesirable appearance in the bee colony, bee products, organic bee				
	keeping, members of the bee colony, development (metamorphosis) of bees, bee's anatomy and				
	physiology, bee nests, bee tools and equipment, beehives, management tasks in the beehives				
	throughout the year and examination of the bee colonies.				
	Second periodical evaluation: Viral, bacterial, fungal and parasitic diseases of bees, diseases				
	with non-infectious etiology, queen bee's diseases and anomalies, bee's anomalies, pests and				
	enemies of the bees, bee's poisoning, diagnosis of bees and bee's colonies diseases and drug				
	application in bees.				
					107

Complete final exam: Oral or written and it contents practical test and final exam. Practical test is graded descriptively (passed/not passed), and the final exam with grade mark from 5 to 10. Point equivalents to the final exam's grade marks are:

Grade mark	Points
5	to 59
6	60-68
7	69-76
8	77-84
9	85-92
10	93-100

Final grade mark forming criteria:

Points	Grade mark
to 59	5 (F)
60-68	6 (E)
69-76	7 (D)
77-84	8 (C)
85-92	9 (B)
93-100	10 (A)

Basic teaching aids

- . Христовски М. и Цветковиќ А.: Современа контрола на вароозата. Факултет за ветеринарна медицина во Скопје, Скопје, 2009.
- 2. Христовски М. и Цветковиќ А.: Болести, штетници и труења на пчелите. Интерна скрипта. Факултет за ветеринарна медицина во Скопје, Скопје.
- 3. Христовски М.: Пчеларството во 21 век. Национален форум за заштита на животните на Македонија, Скопје, 2004.
- 4. Кипријановска Х., Наумовски М.: Пчеларство. Скопје, 2002.
- 5. Шљахов П.: **Пчеларство.** III поправено издание, Наша Книга Скопје, Скопје, 1990.

Course	AVIAN DISEASES	6.5 credit points
Code	FVM 524	
Year of study	Fifth (V)	
Semester	Tenth (X)	
Total	90 (45+45)	
teaching		
lessons		
Course type	Compulsory	
Prerequisities		
Author of the	prof. Metodija Dodovski, PhD	
course	ass. Aleksandar Dodovski, MSc	
program		
Realized by	prof. Metodija Dodovski, PhD	
	ass. Aleksandar Dodovski, MSc	
Purpose and	Theory classes Basic aim of the cou	rse is providing students with necessary quantum of knowledge
objectives of		c poultry and other birds reared for economic purposes. Special
the course	emphasize is given to familiarization	on and overcoming of basic principles of industrial poultry
program		ntion and eradication of poultry diseases.
		to provide students with proper way of breeding of poultry and
	the basics of clinical and laboratory inv	estigation in order to achieve accurate diagnosis.

Contents

No of lessons	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit
1-3	Introduction	Significance of poultry production. Situation of poultry production (domestic and international). Poultry reared for economic purposes. Classification of races. Significance and use of hybrids. Anatomical and physiological characteristics in poultry. Role and significance of the doctor of veterinary medicine in poultry production. Economic aspects of disease.
4-6	Breeding and technology	Incubation systems. Sanitary measures in incubation station. Intensive rearing of chicks. Rearing of broiler breeders and layer breeders. Technology of broiler production. Technology of table egg layers.

7-9	Hygienic and	Hygienic parameters of houses and equipment. Organization on the farm with basic
	economic	economic aspects. Calculation of production traits of eggs, meat, calculation of costs.
	parameters	
10-12	Basic principles	General prevention. Influence of genetic factors, nutrition, production technology and
	of prevention of	conditions of rearing.
	diseases	Specific prevention. Immunoprophylaxis, medication, diagnostics and biosecurity
		measures.
13-15	Nutrition of	Poultry nutrition. Physiological and nutritional characteristics of poultry. Profitability of
	poultry	diet on the basis of feed input prices. Nutritional characteristics of certain feedstuffs.
16-18	Nutritional	Nutritional diseases. Variations in feed and water intake. Deficiency of nutrients.
	diseases	Energetic activity of carbohydrates, fats and proteins. Diseases due to vitamins and
		minerals deficiency and errors in nutrition, hemorrhagic syndrome, perosis, fatty liver
		syndrome, uricosis, cage paralysis, exudative diathesis, muscular dystrophy,
		alimentary encephalomalacia, erosions of gizzard, round heart disease, monocytosis
		etc.
19-21	Poisonings	
22-30	Viral diseases	Avian encephalomyelitis, infectious bronchitis, infectious laryngotracheitis, leucosis,
		Marek disease, Newcastle disease, diphtheria and pox, duck virus enteritis, duck
		hepatitis, avian influenza, infectious bursal disease, chicken infectious anemia,
		infectious ceratoconjuctivitis.
31-39	Bacterial	Colibacillosis, salmonellosis, pasteurellosis, coryza, streptococcosis, staphylococcosis,
	diseases	mycoplasmosis, CRD complex, necrotic enteritis, vibrial hepatitis in layers,
40-42	Fungal diseases	Aspergillosis, monilliasis, favus.
43-45	Parasitic	Endoparasites: coccidiosis, ascaridosis, histomoniasis, singamosis, toxoplasmosis,
	diseases	helminthosis etc. Ectoparasites: malophagosis, dermanisiosis, scabies.

No of lessons	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit
1-12	Technology of production of parent stocks, technology in incubation station, technology of production of
	table egg layers, technology of production of broilers.
13-15	Biosecurity measures on poultry farm
16-18	Vaccination in poultry production
19-21	Clinical and laboratory investigation of poultry
22-33	Laboratory methods for diagnosis of certain diseases
34-36	Chicken embryos as a tool in diagnostics
37-45	OIE listed disease

Organization	Theory classes: 3 lessons a week (45 lessons)
	Practicals: 3 lessons a week (45 lessons)
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the
methods	students).
	Practicals: practicals and other ways of work with smaller groups
	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work
	(assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work.
Specific	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which
recommendations	are part of the final evaluation.
related with	
teaching	Scoring of the student's activities:

Activity type	Points		
Activity type	minimum	maximum	
Attendance on theory classes	9	10,5	
Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals	9	10,5	
Written assay	7	9	
Periodical evaluations (two)	2x10 = 20	2x20 = 40	
Final exam	15	30	
Total:	60	100	

Prerequisite criteria: For being able to pass the final exam student has to gain up to 45 points from theory classes and practicals and the two periodical evaluations. If student does not show result on the one of the periodical evaluation, but has gained points only on theory classes and practicals, he/she has to go on complete final exam. Written assay: Evaluation concerns ability of the student for finding and using referent literature,

		presented and appropriance of the elaboration of		
		eria, it would be sent back for further working or it		
	would not be graded.			
Evaluation of	Periodical evaluation (two): written			
knowledge		oduction, Breeding and technology, Hygienic and		
		ention of diseases, Nutrition of poultry, Nutritional		
	diseases, Poisonings			
		rt): Viral diseases, Bacterial diseases, Fungal		
	diseases, Parasitic diseases			
		nology in different phases of poultry production,		
	biosecurity measures, vaccination, clinical and la			
		boratory methods for diagnosis of certain poultry		
	diseases, chicken embryos as a tool in diagnosti	ics, OIE listed disease		
	Final exam: written or oral			
	Final exam. Whiteh of Oral			
	Complete final exam: written (includes one or t	wo periodical evaluations)		
	Complete final exam: written (includes one of t	wo periodical evaluations)		
	Final grade mark forming criteria:			
	Points	Grade mark		
	to 59	5 (F)		
	60-68	6 (E)		
	69-76	7 (D)		
	77-84	8 (C)		
	85-92	9 (B)		
	93-100	10 (A)		
Basic teaching	1. Болести на живина - интерна скрипта			
aids	2. Disaeases of Poultry, 12th Edition, Y.M.			
	3. Перадарство - Јоже Немажиќ, Жељко			
		илошевиќ, Тимотеј Чобиќ, Нови Сад, 1998		
	 Бирусне болести животиња - Славко Цветниќ, Загреб, 1997 Вирусне болести живине 1 - Чедомир Русов, Београд, 1998 Болести живине - Лјубомир Козиќ, Београд, 1978 			
		е, Тодор Палиќ, Исидор Рајиќ, Зора Николиќ,		
	Београд, 1994	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	9. Болести на живината - Методија Додо			
	10. Анатомија и физиологија на живинат	га - Методија Додовски, Тихомир Лукарев, во		
	печат			
	11. Олгпедување и исхрана живината - М	етодија Додовски, Тихомир Лукарев, во печат		

Course	CLINICAL PRACTICE: PET ANIMALS	3.0 credit points
Code	FVM 611	
Year of study	Sixth (VI)	
Semester	Eleventh (XI)	
Total teaching	Practical (terrain) teaching 75	
lessons		
Course type	Compulsory	
Prerequisities		
Author of the	prof. Toni Dovenski, PhD	
course program		
Realized by	prof. Toni Dovenski, PhD prof. Plamen Trojachanec, PhD ass. prof. Goran Nikolovski, PhD ass. prof. Jovana Stefanovska, PhD ass. Branko Atanasov, MSc ass. Ksenija Ilievska, MSc ass. Igor Dzhadzhovski, MSc ass. Kiril Krstevski, MSc ass. Irena Celeska, MSc	
Purpose and objectives of the	This course is realized by practical teaching on-the-field: with p practice. Students gain practical skills in reproduction, surger	•

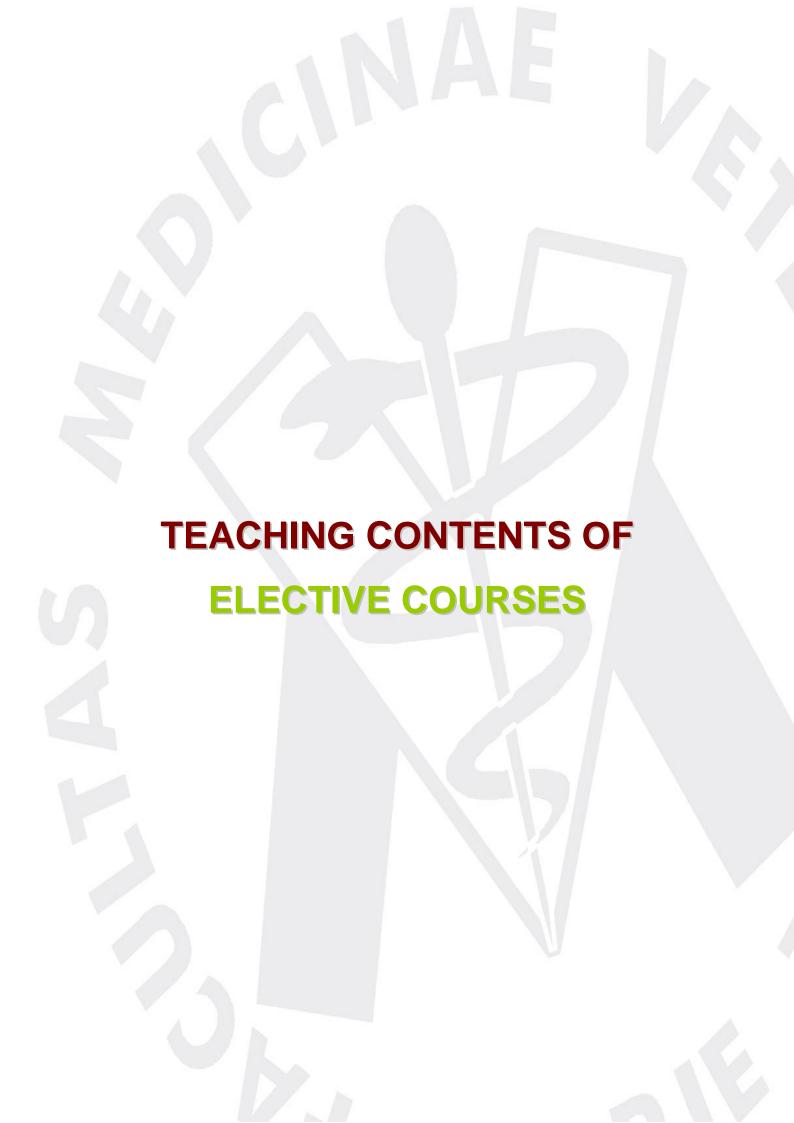
course program	medicine, infectious and parasitic diseases. Teachers are supervising the students while working with live patients in small groups of 3 to 5. Students can be included in everyday veterinary work at veterinary clinic or another institution which practices veterinary medicine.		
Organization	Practicals, 5 lessons a week (75 lessons), in groups of 5-8 students		
Teaching methods			
Specific	Activity type	Points	
	ACTIVITY TVDE		_
recommendations	riourny typo	minimum	maximum
related with	Attendance and activity (knowledge) on terrain clinical practice	<i>minimum</i> 25	<i>maximum</i> 50
related with	Attendance and activity (knowledge) on terrain clinical practice	25	50
related with	Attendance and activity (knowledge) on terrain clinical practice Making protocol of clinical examination of the patient	25 25 50	50 50 100
related with teaching	Attendance and activity (knowledge) on terrain clinical practice Making protocol of clinical examination of the patient Total:	25 25 50	50 50 100

Course	CLINICAL PRACTICE: FARM ANIMALS 3.0 cre	edit points	
Code	FVM 612		
Year of study	Sixth (VI)		
Semester	Eleventh (XI)		
Total teaching	Practical (terrain) teaching 75		
lessons			
Course type	Compulsory		
Prerequisities			
Author of the	prof. Toni Dovenski, PhD		
course program			
Realized by	prof. Toni Dovenski, PhD		
	prof. Plamen Trojachanec, PhD		
	prof. Dine Mitrov, PhD		
	ass. prof. Jovana Stefanovska, PhD		
	ass. Branko Atanasov, MSc		
	ass. Ksenija Ilievska, MSc		
	ass. Igor Dzhadzhovski, MSc		
	ass. Kiril Krstevski, MSc		
D	ass. Irena Celeska, MSc	l tanahina an lis	
Purpose and	This course is realized by practical teaching on-the-field: with practical	•	
objectives of the	Students gain practical skills in reproduction, surgery, orthopedics, oph	ithalmology, inter	nal medicine,
course program	infectious and parasitic diseases.		
	Teachers are supervising the students while working with live patier		
	Students can be included in everyday veterinary work at the veterinary	service of the live	stock farms.
Organization	Practicals, 5 lessons a week (75 lessons), in groups of 5-8 students		
Teaching			
methods			
Specific	Activity type		ints
recommendations	,	minimum	maximum
related with	Attendance and activity (knowledge) on terrain clinical practice	25	50
teaching	Making protocol of clinical examination of the patient	25	50
	Total:	50	100
Evaluation of	Final grade mark is not predicted. Reached credits are made by eva	luation of protoc	ols of clinical
knowledge	examination of the patient.		
Basic teaching	Literature used from particular clinical disciplines included in the course		
aids			

Course	PRACTICE IN FOOD INDUSTRY FACILITIES	3.0 credit points
Code	FVM 613	
Year of study	Sixth (VI)	
Semester	Eleventh (XI)	
Total teaching	Practical (terrain) teaching 75	

lessons			
Course type	Compulsory		
Prerequisities			
Author of the	prof. Pavle Sekulovski, PhD		
course program			
Realized by	prof. Pavle Sekulovski, PhD, ass. prof. Dean Jankuloski, PhD		
Purpose and	Practice in food industry facilities is course which is realized by practical	teaching in slau	ahter houses
objectives of the	and meet and milk industry facilities. Teachers are supervising the stu		
course program	groups of 3 to 5.		3
Organization	Practicals, 5 lessons a week (75 lessons), in groups of 5-8 students		
Teaching			
methods			
Specific	A adjustes doma	Po	ints
recommendations	Activity type	minimum	maximum
related with	Attendance and activity (knowledge) on terrain practice	25	50
teaching	Making inspection protocols	25	50
	Total:	50	100
Evaluation of	Final grade mark is not predicted. Reached credits are made by evaluation	on of inspection	protocols.
knowledge	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	-
Basic teaching	Literature used from particular disciplines included in the course.		

Course	INDIVIDUAL PRACTICE OUTSIDE THE FACULTY 7.0 credit points
Code	FVM 614
Year of study	Sixth (VI)
Semester	Eleventh (XI)
Total teaching	210
lessons	
Course type	Compulsory
Prerequisities	
Author of the	prof. Plamen Trojachanec, PhD
course program	
Realized by	prof. Plamen Trojachanec, PhD (coordinator)
Purpose and	The main purpose of the external practice is to enable the students to gain practical experience
objectives of the	directly from veterinary practitioners and also to become familiar with their daily liabilities. At the
course program	same time, students are required to demonstrate appropriate knowledge and skills so they can
	apply them in a daily practice. Practical work is mainly individual, on different patients,
	accompanied by an authorized veterinary practitioner.
Organization	The practice is performed without supervision by the faculty, in the presence of a veterinary
	practitioner, authorized by the faculty.
	The student during their practical work remarks all the activities in a workbook, and it's given to
	the coordinator. Veterinary practitioner must complete a form of activity of each candidate and
	submit it to the coordinator.
Topohine	The practice is carried out after the 10 semester as a graduation prerequisite.
Teaching	Work in a field conditions under supervision of a veterinary practitioner.
methods	
Specific recommendations	
recommendations related with	
teaching	
Evaluation of	Coordinator verifies the successfully performed practice by checking the workbook and
knowledge	completed form by authorized veterinary practitioner.
Basic teaching	Literature used from particular clinical disciplines included in the course.
aids	Enerature used from particular cliffical disciplines included in the course.
นเนง	



Course	INTRODUCTION 7	TO VETERINARY MEDICINE		1.5 credit po	oints
Code		FVM 001			
Year of study	First (I)				
Semester	Second (II)				
Total teaching	15				
lessons					
Course type	Elective				
Prerequisities					
Author of the					
course program					
Realized by	prof. Dino Chrchev				
Purpose and		urse is to introduce the students v			
objectives of the	medicine and vete	rinary profession worldwide in gene	ral, as well a	as in our count	ry.
course program					
Content overview	as a profession. veterinary education Medicine in Skopjomedicine.	Definition, subject and role of veterinary medicine and veterinary profession. Veterinary medicine as a profession. Historic development of veterinary and veterinary medicine. Development of veterinary education. History od veterinary medicine in Macedonia. Study of Faculty of Veterinary Medicine in Skopje. Veterinary companies and possibility of imployement of doctors of veterinary medicine.			
Organization	Theory classes: 1 Written assay	Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons) Written assav			
Teaching		ctures in large group			
methods	Written assay: lear	rning with use of referent literature a	and internet,	preparing sem	ninar work.
Specific		igated for active participation in all	I predicted a	ectivities for ga	aining points which
recommendations	are part of the fina	l evaluation.			
related with					
teaching	Scoring of the stu	udent's activities:			
		Activity type		oints .	
			minimum		
		Attendance on theory classes	5	15	
		Written assay	20	85	
		Final exam	•	edicted*	
		Total:	25	100	
	* Final evem is not	prodicted expent if student did not	nace one of	the periodical	Lovoluctions
Evaluation of	*Final exam: not p	predicted, except if student did not	. pass one oi	trie periodicai	evaluations.
knowledge и оценување	Final grade mark				
, , , ,		Points	Gra	de mark	
		to 59	5 (F)		
		60-68	6 (E)		
		69-76	7 (D)		
		77-84		8 (C)	
		85-92		9 (B)	
				· /	
		93-100	1	I0 (A)	
Basic teaching	1. materials p	93-100 prepared by course teacher	1	10 (A)	

Course	ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION	1 credit point
Code	FVM 003	•
Year of study	Second (II)	
Semester	Third (III)	
Total teaching	15	
lessons		
Course type	Elective	
Prerequisities		
Author of the	prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD	
course program		
Realized by	prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD	
Purpose and	The purpose of this course is students to gain closer knowled	
objectives of the	environmental pollution through practicing routine veterinary w	
course program	animal husbandry and animal industry and short introduction of ec	cological basic terminology.
Content overview	Lectures:	

	- Eco	logy - study subject and basic terms				
		anizations and institutions in the field of environmental p	rotection			
		pollution and protection				
		er pollution and protection				
		degradation and protection				
	- Solid	d waste				
	- Rad	 Radioactive materials and environment 				
		mistry and environment				
		e and environment				
		ronment monitoring				
Organization		nal husbandry and environment				
Organization	Written	lasses: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)				
Teaching		lasses: interactive (lectures in large group with discuss	sion and activ	ve participation	on of the	
methods		and presentations by the students.	sion and acti	vo partioipatio)	
		s: discussion on topics mentioned on the lectures or	written in the	e reference li	terature;	
		participation of the student (exposing personal or				
	presenta	tion of a teaching using by the student's choice.				
		ssay: learning with use of referent literature and interne				
Specific		lent is obligated for active participation in all predicted	activities for	gaining poin	ts which	
recommendations	are part	of the final evaluation.				
related with		af the set of south as the set of the set				
teaching	Scoring	of the student's activities:	De	ints	ĺ	
		Activity type	minimum	maximum		
		Attendance on theory classes	12	115		
		Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars	12	15		
		Written assay	6	10		
		Periodical evaluations (two)	15(x2)=30	30(x2)=60		
		Final exam		dicted*		
		Total:	60	100		
	·					
	* Final ex	cam is not predicted, except if student did not pass one	of the periodi	cal evaluation	ns.	
Evaluation of	Periodic	al evaluation (two): written				
knowledge u		First periodical evaluation: Ecology - basic terms, Polluti	ion and prote	ction of air, w	ater and	
оценување		soil.				
	Second periodical evaluation: Solid waste, Influence of radioactive materials, chemistry					
		and noise on the environment, Environment monitoring and animal husbandry and				
	a	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ring and an	imal husban	ury and	
	6	environment	oring and an	imal husban	ury and	
	*Final ex	environment cam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation)	oring and an	imal husban	dry and	
	*Final ex	environment	oring and an	imal husban	ury and	
	*Final ex	environment kam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation) ade mark forming criteria:	Ū	imal husban	ury and	
	*Final ex	environment kam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation) ade mark forming criteria:	rade mark	imal husban	ury and	
	*Final ex	environment kam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation) ade mark forming criteria: Points Gi	Ū	imal husban	ury and	
	*Final ex	environment kam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation) ade mark forming criteria: Points 6 to 59	rade mark 5 (F)	imal husban	ury and	
	*Final ex	environment cam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation) ade mark forming criteria: Points to 59 60-68	rade mark 5 (F) 6 (E)	imal husban	ury and	
	*Final ex	environment (am: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation) (ade mark forming criteria: Points Gi to 59 60-68 69-76	rade mark 5 (F) 6 (E) 7 (D)	imal husban	ury and	
	*Final ex	environment cam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation) ade mark forming criteria: Points to 59 60-68 69-76 77-84	rade mark 5 (F) 6 (E) 7 (D) 8 (C)	imal husban	ury and	
Basic teaching	*Final ex Final gra	environment kam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation) ade mark forming criteria: Points to 59 60-68 69-76 77-84 85-92 93-100 Мулев М.: Заштита на животната средина, Ворлдбук	rade mark 5 (F) 6 (E) 7 (D) 8 (C) 9 (B) 10 (A)		ury and	
Basic teaching aids	*Final ex Final gra	Points to 59 69-76 77-84 85-92 93-100	rade mark 5 (F) 6 (E) 7 (D) 8 (C) 9 (B) 10 (A)		ury and	

Course	ANIMAL ECOLOGY	2 credit points
Code	FVM004	
Year of study	Second (II)	
Semester	third (III)	
Total teaching	30	
lessons		
Course type	Elective	
Prerequisities		
Author of the	prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD	
course program		

Realized by	prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD			
Purpose and	,	emphasizing animal ecology. Studying interrelations of		
objectives of the		ne ecosystems. Through this subject students will be		
course program	introduced with basic mechanisms of Ecophysiology (biological rhythm, diapause, hibernation etc.),			
	as well as definition of the terms population and biocenosis and their interactions, finalizing wit			
	ecological characteristics of different living en	vironments and their anthropogenic pollution.		
Content overview	THEODY OF ACCES			
	THEORY CLASSES:	Operator sta		
	Teaching unit Ecology – definition and categorization	Contents Historical development, definition and categorization o		
	Ecology – definition and categorization	ecology, Relationship between ecology and othe disciplines		
	Environment	Biotope - basic terms		
	Biotic systems	Distribution of life organisms in the biosphere Organization of biosphere and bio – geochemica cycles		
	Living conditions and meaning of ecological factors	General principals of influence of the ecological factors on living organisms; Abiotic factors (light, temperature		
	Ecophysiology	air); Biotic factors Phenology events, Biological rhythm and its classification, Diapause, Winter and summer		
	Basic biotic systems and their functional	hibernation Population, biocenosis, ecosystem		
	characteristics			
	Biodiversity	Basic principles		
	Living environment for organisms	Water as living environment		
	Living environment for organisms	Air as living environment Soil as living environment		
	Living environment for organisms Anthropogenic influence on living	Atmospheric pollution and protection		
	environment	Atmospheric politition and protection		
	Anthropogenic influence on living environment	Water pollution and protection		
	Anthropogenic influence on living environment	Soil and food pollution and protection		
	Radioactive contamination	Radiation and its influence on living organisms< Sources and types of radiation		
	Ecology – definition and categorization	Historical development, definition and categorization o ecology, Relationship between ecology and othe disciplines		
	PRACTICALS:			
	Title of the practical			
	Ecology – meaning and objectives			
	Living environment – practical examples			
	Bio-geochemical cycles	and an living arraniana		
	General principles of ecological factors influe	ence on living organisms		
	Abiotic factors – examination and influence Biotic factors – examination and influence			
	Action mechanism of ecophysiological event	S		
	Population, biocenosis and ecosystem	<u>u</u>		
		odiversity (Natural selection, adaptation, mutation and		
	species distinction as natural process)			
	Physical – chemical properties and quality of Physical – chemical properties and quality of			
	Distribution of some biomes in the world	an and light do living officialitions		
	Detecting the pollution level and protection o	f the atmosphere		
	Detecting the pollution level and protection o			
	Determining the level of radioactive contamin			
Organization	Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)			
Teaching	Practicals: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)	a group with discussion and active participation of the		
Teaching methods	students) and presentations by the students.	e group with discussion and active participation of the		
	Seminars: discussion on topics mentioned or	n the lectures or written in the referent literature; active		

	participation of the student (exposing personal opinions, ideas, discussion); oral presentation of a				
	teaching using by the student's choice. Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work.				
Specific recommendations related with teaching	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which are part of the final evaluation. Scoring of the student's activities:				
	l [Po	ints	1
		Activity type	minimum	maximum	1
		Attendance on theory classes	12	15	1
		Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars	12	15	
		Written assay	6	10	
		Periodical evaluations (two)	15(x2)=30	30(x2)=60]
		Final exam	not pre	edicted*	<u> </u>
		Total:	60	100	
Evaluation of knowledge u оценување	Periodical evaluation (two): written First periodical evaluation: Ecology, living environment and biotic systems, living conditions and ecological factors and ecophysiology Second periodical evaluation: Functional characteristics of biotic systems, ecological characteristics of living environments and anthropogenic pollutions of the environment *Final exam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation) Final grade mark forming criteria:				
	J		Grade mark		
		do 59	5 (F)		
		60-68	6 (E)		
		69-76	7 (D)		
		77-84	8 (C)		
		85-92	9 (B)		
		93-100	10 (A)		
Basic teaching aids	2. Ext	повиќ Р., Шапкарев Ј.: Анимална Екологија, Белгр racts from the referent literature ernet	ад 1985		

Course	ECOTOXICOLOGY 2 credit points	
Code	FVM 005	
Year of study	Second (II)	
Semester	Third (III)	
Total teaching	30	
lessons		
Course type	Elective	
Prerequisities		
Author of the	prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD	
course program		
Realized by	prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD	
Purpose and	Introduction with basic principles, studying object, problems and approach to eco	otoxicology
objectives of the	resulting of emission of dangerous chemical matters in the living environment by human.	
course program	Analyzing changes in the ecosystems resulting of released toxins in nature throug	h practical
	examples and models. Final, ecological approach in risk assessment and mana	gement of
	toxicological pollutions prevention.	
Content overview	Lectures:	
	- Ecotoxicology – problems and recommendations	
	- Ecosystem's response on chemical stress	
	- Effects of chemical stress on aquatic species	
	- Effects of chemicals on the structure of terrestrial ecosystems	
	- Methods and models in ecotoxicology (methodological aspects, biostatistics models)	

	Branco Information and Income the second				
	- Bioaccumulation of hydrophobic organic pollutants				
	- Chemical stress on the living environment with carbon and phosphorus bio-geochemical cycles				
	- Biomonitoring - Ecotoxicology legislation and management				
Organization	Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)				
Organization					
Teaching		Seminars: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons) Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the			
methods	students) and presentations by the students.	ssion and activ	e participation	or the	
meulous	Seminars: discussion on topics mentioned on the lectures of	or written in th	o referent liter	ratura:	
	active participation of the student (exposing personal of				
	presentation of a teaching using by the student's choice.	piriloris, idea	3, discussion),	, orai	
	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and intern	net preparing s	seminar work		
Specific	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted			which	
recommendations	are part of the final evaluation.		gg po		
related with	Scoring of the student's activities:				
teaching		Po	ints		
	Activity type	minimum	maximum		
	Attendance on theory classes	12	15		
	Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars	12	15		
	Written assay	6	10		
	Periodical evaluations (two)	15(x2)=30	30(x2)=60		
	Final exam				
	Total: 60 100				
	* Final exam is not predicted, except if student did not pass one of the periodical evaluations.			s.	
Evaluation of	Periodical evaluation (two): written				
knowledge u	First periodical evaluation: Basic principles of ecotoxicology,		ess and ecosys	stem's	
оценување	reaction, Influence of chemical stress on aquatic and terrestrial ecosystems				
	Second periodical evaluation: Methods and models in ecotoxicology, Bioaccumulation of				
	hydrophobic organic pollutants, Chemical stress and bio-geod	chemical cycle	s, Biomonitorin	ng and	
	ecotoxicology legislation.	. \			
	*Final exam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation	1)			
	Final grade mark forming criteria:				
		Grade mark			
	to 59	5 (F)			
	60-68	6 (E)			
	69-76	7 (D)			
	77-84	8 (C)			
	85-92	9 (B)			
	93-100 10 (A)				
Basic teaching		K.: Ecotoxico	logy: Problem	s and	
Basic teaching aids	1. Levin A. S., Harwell A. M., Kelly R. J., Kimball D.	K.: Ecotoxico	logy: Problem	s and	
Basic teaching aids		K.: Ecotoxico	logy: Problem	s and	
	 Levin A. S., Harwell A. M., Kelly R. J., Kimball D. Approaches. Springer – Verlag New York Inc, 1989 	K.: Ecotoxico	logy: Problem	s and	

Course	CHEMISTRY OF NATURAL COMPOUNDS 2 credit points
Code	FVM 006
Year of study	Second (II)
Semester	Third (III)
Total	30 (1 + 1)
teaching	
lessons	
Course type	Elective
Prerequisities	
Author of the	prof. Zehra Hajrulai-Musliu, PhD
course	
program	
Realized by	prof. Zehra Hajrulai-Musliu, PhD
Purpose and	Theory classes:
objectives of	As one of the biggest parts of the science of food chemistry, aims to familiarize students with the role
the course	and significance the composition and properties of nutritional components, chemical changes that affect
program	during storage and preparation process; introduction to nutritional value, quality and safety of foods are so understanding that the quality and safety of food depends on the chemical and physical processes.

Brief curriculum:

A brief review of natural organic compounds. Origin and diversity of natural organic compounds. General methods for their isolation: crystallization, chromatographic methods, methods of extraction, distillation with water vapour, etc.. Glycosides. Creating and hydrolysis of glycosides. Activation and coupling-synthesis of peptides on solid phase. Some specific linear and cyclic peptides and proteins. Terpenoids. Common routes of biogenesis. Determining the structure of terpenoids. Monoterpenoids. Diterpenoids. Triterpenoids. Tetraterpenoids. Poliizoprenoids. Saponins. Phytosterols. Stereochemistry, biosynthesis, chemical synthesis and transformations. Lipids. Structure of fatty acids. Biosynthesis. Chemical synthesis. Prostaglandins. Structure, biosynthesis and synthesis. Thromboxane and leukotrienes. Polyphenols. Structural types. Presence in nature. Isolation and determination of the structure. Biosynthesis. Laboratory synthesis. Alkaloids. Structural features. Presence in nature. Isolation and determination of the structure. Biosynthesis. Alkaloids of ornithine and lysine. Alkaloids from phenilalanin and tyrosine. Alkaloids from tryptophan. Synthesis of alkaloids. Plant pigments.

Chromatographic techniques. Continuous extraction of natural material. Isolation of lactose from milk. Isolation of glycosides from natural materials. Peroxidation in animal fat. Extraction of essential oils. Isolation of phenolic compounds from grapes. Extraction of alkaloids: piperin of pepper. Nicotine from tobacco, caffeine from coffee. Plant pigments: isolation of β -carotene than carrots.

THEORY CLASSES

No of	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit
lessons		
1.	Introduction in Chemistry of Natural	A brief review of natural organic compounds. Origin and diversity of natural organic compounds.
	Compounds	
2.	Methods of isolation of natural compounds	General methods and their isolation: crystallization, chromatographic methods, methods of extraction, distillation with water vapour, etc.
3.	Natural resources and function of glycosides and peptides	Glycosides. Creating and hydrolysis of glycosides. Saponins. Activation and coupling-synthesis of peptides on solid phase. Some specific linear and cyclic peptides and proteins.
4.	Natural resources and function of terpenoids	Terpenoids. Common routes of biogenesis. Determining the structure of terpenoids. Mono-terpenoids. Diterpenoids. Triterpenoids. Tetraterpenoids. Poliizoprenoids. Chemical rancid.
5.	Plant sterols	Phytosterols. Stereochemistry, biosynthesis, chemical synthesis and transformations. Lipids. Structure of fatty acids. Biosynthesis. Chemical synthesis.
6.	Prostaglandins, leukotrienes and tromboxane	Prostaglandins. Structure, biosynthesis and synthesis. Leukotrienes and tromboxane
7.	Polyphenols	Polyphenols. Structural types. Presence in nature. Isolation and determination of the structure. Biosynthesis. Laboratory synthesis.
8.	Alkaloids and pigments	Alkaloids. Structural features. Presence in nature. Isolation and determination of the structure. Biosynthesis. Alkaloids of ornithine and lysine. Alkaloids from phenylalanine and tyrosine. Alkaloids from tryptophan. Synthesis of alkaloids. Plant pigments.

PRACTICA	LO
No of	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit
lessons	
1.	Types of extraction of natural material
2.	Isolation of lactose from milk
3.	Isolation of glycosides from natural materials
4.	Peroxidation in animal fat
5.	Extraction of essential oils
6.	Isolation of phenolic compounds from grapes
7.	Extraction of alkaloids: piperin of pepper. Nicotine from tobacco, caffeine from coffee
8.	Plant pigments: isolation of β-carotene than carrots

Organization	Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)
	Practicals: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the
methods	students).

	Dractica	de: proctical	and other wave of work with	emaller groups	<u> </u>		
		Practicals: practicals and other ways of work with smaller groups Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work					
		(assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar work.					
			ated for active participation i			gaining point	s which
Specific		of the final		ii ali picalotca	activities for	gaining point	3 WITHOIT
recommendations	arc part	or the iniai c	evaluation.				
related with	Scoring	of the stud	lent's activities:				
teaching					Poi	ints	
g			Activity type		minimum	maximum	
		Attendanc	e on theory classes		12	15	
			e and activity (knowledge)	on practicals	12	15	
		Written as			6	10	
		Periodical	evaluations (two)		15(x2)=30	30(x2)=60	
		Final exan	1 , ,		not pre		
		Total:			60	100	
	* Beside	es attendand	ce on theory classes and pra	acticals addition	nal condition	for course to	eacher's
			of the semester, is passing of				
	up to 25	5% points ga	ined per evaluation.	·			
			predicted. Student who did n				during
			o one of the periodical evalua	tion during the	exam sessio	ns.	
Evaluation of			on (two): written				
knowledge			cal evaluation: - general part				
			odical evaluation: - special pa	art			
		kam: not pre					
			m: not predicted				
	Final gr	rade mark to	orming criteria:	0		_	
			Points	Grade		-	
			to 59	5 (•	_	
			60-68	6 (_	
			69-76	7 (1	•		
			77-84	8 (•		
			85-92	9 (
			93-100	10 (
Basic teaching			S. Davidson, J.B. Hobbs, D			e: Natural pro	oducts -
aids			try and biological significance				
			M. Dewick, Medicinal natural	l products - a b	oiosynthetic a	pproach, Joh	n Wiley
			w York, 1997;	KTE O "			
			anski spojevi, interna skripta,			7	004
	4.	v. Rapič, Po	ostupci priprave i izolacije org	anskin spojeva	, Skoiska knji	ga, ∠agreb, 1	994.

Course	ANATOMY OF EXOTIC AND LABORATORY ANIMALS 3 credit points
Code	FVM 007
Year of study	Second (II)
Semester	Third (III)
Total teaching	45
lessons	
Course type	Elective
Prerequisities	
Author of the	prof. Vlatko Ilieski, PhD
course program	ass. prof. Lazo Pendovski, PhD
Realized by	prof. Vlatko Ilieski, PhD
	ass. prof. Lazo Pendovski, PhD
Purpose and	Studying the structure and functional anatomy of the exotic and laboratory animals. The program
objectives of the	takes all of the aspects of the anatomy of the animals, witch are prerequisites for their husbandry
course program	and nutrition. This program corresponds with the needs of future veterinarians for their education
	and knowledge whose they will implement in the animal welfare law and regulations.
Content overview	Anatomy of the exotic animals
	Using radiograms in the exotic animal diseases diagnosis.
	Anatomy of mouse
	Anatomy of ferret
	Anatomy of chicken (2 presentations)
	Anatomy of song bird
	Anatomy of pigeon

	Anatomy					
		of green iguana				
	Anatomy					
		Anatomy of tortoise				
	Anatomy					
	Anatomy					
		material: Presentations, CLIVE computer				natomy of
		ns and snakes, Working with fresh, fixated	and plastinat	ted materials.	ı	
Organization		asses: 1 lessons a week (15 lessons)				
		: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)				
Teaching	Theory cl	asses: interactive (lectures in large group v	with discussion	n and active	participation	of the
methods	students)	and presentations by the students.				
	Seminars	: discussion on topics mentioned on the le	ctures or write	ten in the refe	erent literatur	e; active
	participat	on of the student (exposing personal opini	ions, ideas, d	iscussion); or	al presentation	on of a
	teaching	using by the student's choice.				
	Written a	ssay: learning with use of referent literature	e and internet	, preparing so	eminar work.	
		astinated models and educative video mate				
Specific		ent is obligated for active participation in al	II predicted ac	ctivities for ga	aining points	which are
recommendations	part of the	e final evaluation.				
related with	Scoring	of the student's activities:				_
teaching		Activity type		Poi	ints	
		Activity type		minimum	maximum	
		Attendance on theory classes		12	15	
		Attendance and activity (knowledge) o	n seminars	12	15	
		Written assay		6	10	
		Periodical evaluations (two)		15(x2)=30	30(x2)=60	
		Final exam		not pre	dicted*	
		Total:		60	100	
						<u>-</u>
	* Final ex	am is not predicted, except if student did n	ot pass one o	of the periodic	cal evaluation	ns.
Evaluation of		al evaluations (two): written		•		
knowledge	First per	odical evaluation: basic anatomy of exoti	ic and laborat	tory animals		
· ·	Second	periodical evaluation: cases from clinical	practice			
	*Final ex	am: oral or written (includes one periodical	I evaluation)			
	Final gra	de mark forming criteria:				
		Points	G	rade mark		
		to 59		5 (F)		
		60-68		6 (E)		
		69-76		7 (D)		
		77-84		8 (C)		
		85-92		9 (B)		
		85-92 93-100		9 (B) 10 (A)		
Basic teaching	1. n	93-100				
Basic teaching aids	1. n 2. E					
	2. E	93-100 naterials prepared by course teachers				
	2. E	93-100 naterials prepared by course teachers xtracts from the referent literature				

Course	PROTECTION AND MANAGEMENT WITH ENDANGERED ANIMAL	2 credit points
	SPECIES	
Code	FVM 008	
Year of study	Second (II)	
Semester	Fourth (IV)	
Total teaching	30	
lessons		
Course type	Elective	
Prerequisities		
Author of the	prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD	
course program		
Realized by	prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD	
Purpose and	Introduction of students with methods and means of protection in endang	ered animal species and

objectives of the	meaning of biodiversity. This course allows information	n for endange	ered animal	snecies in Ren	ublic
course program	of Macedonia and including students for preparation				
oouroo program	of particular endangered species. Before including in this type of projects, students will have				
	opportunity to introduce with biological features for				
	appropriate measures to protect. Prepared projects w				
	the same within the Faculty, involvement of students				
Content overview	Theory classes:				
	 World strategy for protection of biodiversity 				
	 General principles for protection of endange 	ered animal sp	pecies (gene	etic banks, rese	erve,
	breeding in captivity, reintroduction etc.)				
	Endangered animal species in Republic of	Macedonia -	biological fe	atures and cu	ırrent
	status number				
	Practicals: Work in groups (6-8 students) and preparation	n of project	for protocti	on of andang	orod
	animal species in Republic of Macedonia.	i oi project	ior protecti	on or endange	jereu
	 Define project and choice theme 				
	 Scientific-researching work- biological feature 	es of target an	imal species		
	 Scientific-researching work- practical meth 	nods and mea	asures for p	protection of ta	arget
	animal				
	Visiting and choice of an appropriate location			project	
	Preparing of action and time plan for implementations.	entation of the	project		
	Financial construction of the project				
	Making of the final project				
Ouronization	Making final presentation of the project and n The arms also are a constant. The arms also are a constant.	ext steps			
Organization	Theory classes: 6 lessons Practicals: (preparation of a project): 24 lessons				
	Total: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)				
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in group with disc	cussion and a	ctive particin	ation of the	
methods	students)				
	Preparation of a project in groups of 6-7 students.				
Specific	The student is obligated for active participation in al	I predicted ac	tivities for g	aining points w	which
recommendations	are part of the final evaluation.				
related with	Scoring of the student's activities:		_		
teaching	Activity type			ints	
	Attendance on theory classes and predicte	nd activities	<i>minimum</i> 12	<i>maximum</i> 15	
	Preparation of a project	a activities	48	85	
	Final exam			dicted*	
	Total:		60	100	
	* Final exam is not predicted and scoring is based	on activity sh	nown by the	student during	g the
	preparation of the project.	•	•		J
Evaluation of	Final grade mark forming criteria:				
knowledge u	Points		Grade mar	k	
оценување	to 59		5 (F)		
	60-68		6 (E)		
	69-76		7 (D)		
	77-84		8 (C)		
	85-92		9 (B)		
Poois tocching	93-100 1. Documents and literature from appropriate in:	atitutions in D	10 (A)		
Basic teaching		smunons in Ri	VI		
aids	Extracts from the referent literature, Internet		VI.		

Course	PRODUCTION OF BULKY FEED	2 credit points
Code	FVM 009	
Year of study	Second (II)	
Semester	Fourth (IV)	
Total teaching	30 (15+15)	
lessons		
Course type	Elective	
Prerequisities		
Author of the	prof. Risto Prodanov, PhD	
course program		
Realized by	prof. Risto Prodanov, PhD	

Europse and objectives of the course Production of bulky feed is to familiarize students and future veterinary topicalists (with main occupation intensive aminal breeding) with general characteristics of plants used in animal nutrition, their nutritional value, their digestive and biological value, as well as the vary of preparing voluminous (bulky) feed, for expedient and rational settlement needs in domestic animals.		ass Rad	mila Chrcheva-Nikolovska, MSc				
specialists (with main occupation intensive animal breeding) with general characteristics of plants used in animal nutrition, their nutritional value, their dispestive and biological value, as well as the way of preparing voluminous (bulky) feed, for expedient and rational settlement needs in domestic animals. A contribution it that direction would be introduction of newest varieties and hybrids of forage plants, their growth needs, the basics of production technology – new technological solutions, such as crop rotation, type and soil manipulation, utilization of various fertilizers, seeds, sowing, cultivation, protection etc. The ultimate goal of the course Production of bulky feed is, with proper nutrition of animals, to influence on quantitative and qualitative gain of safe animal feed, i.e. food for man (meat, milk, eggs). Content overview Introduction to feed base Chemical composition of plants (essentiality of certain substances that are important in the diet of domestic animals)	Purnose and			to familiariza	a students an	d future v	aterinary
Leading Lead							
way of preparing voluminous (bulky) feed, for expedient and rational settlement needs in domestic animals. A contribution it that direction would be introduction of newest varieties and hybrids of forage plants, their growth needs, the basics of production technology – new technological solutions, such as crop rotation, type and soil manipulation, utilization of various fertilizers, seeds, sowing, cultivation, protection etc. The ultimate goal of the course Production of bulky feed is, with proper nutrition of animals, to influence on quantitative and qualitative gain of safe animal feed, i.e. food for man (meat, milk, eggs). Content overview Content overview Influence of the course Production of plants (essentiality of certain substances that are important in the diet of domestica animals). Influence of the composition of the soil to produce forage plants Chemical composition of plants (essentiality of certain substances that are important in the diet of domestica animals). Influence of the composition of the soil to produce forage plants Clutivating and goals in cultivating leed crop in crop rotation. The impact of arable land Cereals – as forage plants of arable land Cereals – as forage plants Other forage plants Perennal pods Rootstock and tuberous plants Other forage plants of meadows and pastures Preparation of haylage Preparation of haylage Preparation of head by dehydration (flour, briquettes, pellets) Assessment of the quality of feed Theory classes: Ilesson a week (15 lessons) Seminars: I lesson as week (15 lessons) Seminars: I lesson a	_						
domestic animals. A contribution it that direction would be introduction of newest varieties and hybrids of forage plants, their growth needs, the basics of production technology – new technological solutions, such as crop rotation, type and soil manipulation, utilization of various fertilizers, seeds, sowing, cultivation, protection etc. The utilimate goal of the course Production of bulky feed is, with proper nutrition of animals, to influence on quantitative and qualitative gain of safe animal feed, i.e. food for man (meat, milk, eggs). Content overview ■ Introduction to feed base ■ Chemical composition of plants (essentiality of certain substances that are important in the diet of domestic animals) ■ Influence of the composition of the soil to produce forage plants ■ The impact of agrotechnical measures for the production of forage plants ■ The impact of agrotechnical measures for the production of forage plants ■ The role and importance of green forage "конвеер" ■ Forage plants of arable land ■ Cereals — as forage plants ■ Annual pods ■ Perennial pods ■ Rootscork and tuberous plants ■ Other forage plants of meadows and pastures ■ Preparation of haying ■ Preparation of feed by dehydration (flour, briquettes, pellets) ■ Assessment of the quality of feed Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons) Seminars: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons) Table of classes in lesson a week (15 lessons) Seminars: discussion on topics mentioned on the lectures or written in the referent literature; active participation of the students (exposing personal opinions, ideas, discussion); oral presentation of an teaching unit by the students Seminars: discussion on topics mentioned on the lectures or written in the referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work. Seminars: discussion on topics mentioned on the lectures or written in the referent literature; active participatio	course program						
A contribution it that direction would be introduction of newest varieties and hybrids of forage plants, their growth needs, the basics of production technology – new technological solutions, such as crop rotation, type and soil manipulation, utilization of various fertilizers, seeds, sowing, cultivation, protection of cc. The ultimate goal of the course Production of bulky feed is, with proper nutrition of animals, to influence on quantitative and qualitative gain of safe animal feed, i.e. food for man (meat, milk, eggs). Content overview Introduction to feed base Chemical composition of plants (essentiality of certain substances that are important in the diel of domestic animals) Influence of the composition of the soil to produce forage plants Cultivating and goals in cultivating feed crop in crop rotation The role and importance of green forage "koheeep" Forage plants of arable land Cereals – as forage plants Annual pods Perennial pods Rootstock and tuberous plants Other forage plants of meadows and pastures Preparation of hay/age Preparation of hay/age Preparation of hay/age Preparation of the quality of feed Theory classes: I lesson a week (15 lessons) Seminars: I lesson a week (15 lessons) Seminars: I lesson a week (15 lessons) Seminars: I lesson a week (15 lessons) Teaching methods Theory classes: inferactive (fectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the student (exposing personal opinions, ideas, discussion); oral presentation of an teaching unit by the students choice. The students is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which are participation of the student (exposing personal opinions, ideas, discussion); oral presentation of an teaching unit by the student's choice. The students is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which are participation of the student's exchange and presentations by the student (exposing personal opinions, ideas, discussion); oral presen				expedient a	nu ralional Si	ememem i	ieeus III
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presentation of an teaching unit by the student's choice. Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work. The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which are part of the final evaluation. Scoring of the student's activities: Activity type Points Minimum Maximum							
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Evaluation of knowledge и оценувањеPeriodical evaluations (two): written First periodical evaluation: types, quality and application of forage feed Second periodical evaluation: preservation and application of feed*Final exam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation)Final grade mark forming criteria:PointsGrade mark		<u> </u>				,	
knowledge и оценувањеFirst periodical evaluation: types, quality and application of forage feed Second periodical evaluation: preservation and application of feed*Final exam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation)Final grade mark forming criteria:PointsGrade mark				not pass one	of the periodic	al evaluation	ns.
оценување Second periodical evaluation: preservation and application of feed *Final exam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation) Final grade mark forming criteria: Points Grade mark							
*Final exam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation) Final grade mark forming criteria: Points Grade mark	_						
Final grade mark forming criteria: Points Grade mark	оценување	Second	periodical evaluation: preservation and	application of	feed		
Final grade mark forming criteria: Points Grade mark							
Points Grade mark		*Final ex	tam: oral or written (includes one periodic	al evaluation)			
Points Grade mark							
		Final gra					
to 59 5 (F)				C			
			to 59		5 (F)		

		60-68	6 (E)			
		69-76	7 (D)			
		77-84	8 (C)			
		85-92	9 (B)			
		93-100	10 (A)			
Basic teaching	1.	Ивновски П., Фуражно производство, (Скопје 2000;			
aids	2.	Блажевиќ Ж и Грдовиќ С, Крмно биље	тажевиќ Ж и Грдовиќ C, Крмно биље, Београд-2003;			
	3.	ичковиќ С., Крмно биље, Београд-1999;				
		Проданов Р., Исхрана на домашни интерна употреба);	те животни-општ дел (скрипта-мате	ријал за		
	5.	Каливода М., Крмива, Загреб -1990;				
	6.	Џукиќ Д., Биљке за производњу сточн е	е хране, Нови Сад - 2002			

Course	ZOOLO	GY OF WILDLIFE	2 credi	it points	
Code	FVM 01				
Year of study	Second				
Semester	Fourth (
Total teaching	30				
lessons					
Course type	Elective				
Prerequisities					
Author of the	prof. Mis	sho Hristovski, PhD			
course program					
Realized by		sho Hristovski, PhD			
Purpose and		ne aim of the course is to introduce the stu	idents with th	e basics of b	oiological
objectives of the		eristics of wildlife in Republic of Macedonia.			
course program		ectures include the role of wildlife in the ecosyster	n, systematic, l	biological chara	cteristics
		servation methods of wildlife			
0	Durir	g the seminars the types of wildlife in Republic of N	riacedonia will b	be examined in	groups.
Content					
overview		The role of wildlife in the ecosystem			
		Taxonomy and division of wildlife.			
		Biological characteristics of wildlife in Republic of M	lacedonia.		
		- wild fowl			
		- wild leporides and rodents - wild hoofed animals			
		- wild noored animals - wild carnivores			
		Endangered species			
	•	Measures of protection of wildlife			
Organization	Theory	classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)			
organization		s: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)			
Teaching		classes: interactive (lectures in large group with dis	scussion and a	ctive participati	on of the
methods		and presentations by the students.			
	Seminar	s: discussion on topics mentioned on the lecture	es or written ir	n the referent I	iterature;
		participation of the student (exposing persona	al opinions, id	deas, discussion	on); oral
		ation of a teaching using by the student's choice.			
		assay: learning with use of referent literature and in			
Specific		dent is obligated for active participation in all pred	cted activities	for gaining poir	nts which
recommendation	are part	of the final evaluation.			
s related with	Secrise :	of the studentie estivities:			
teaching	Scoring	of the student's activities:	Po-	ints	1
		Activity type		maximum	+
		Attendance on theory classes	12	15	1
		Attendance on seminars	12	15	1
		Written assay	6	10	1
		First periodical evaluation		30	1
		Second periodical evaluation	15	30	-
		Total:	60	100	-
	* \\/.i+b ~	aining up to 60 points from attendance on theory cl			ccay and
		odical evaluations, student gets right to take grad			
	final exa		JE IIIAIK WILIIOL	at passing the	complete
	I IIIIai Exa	1116			

	* Complete final exam is required for the student who did not pass one of the two periodical		
	evaluations during the semester, or if he/she did r	not gained minimal 60 points.	
Evaluation of	Periodical evaluation (two): written		
knowledge u			
оценување	First periodical evaluation: The role of wildlif		
	wildlife, Biological characteristics of wild leporides	s and rodents.	
	Second periodical evaluation: Biological	characteristics of wild hoofed animals, wild	
	carnivores, Endangered species, Measures of pro		
	carrivores, Endangered species, Measures of pro	dection of whalie.	
	Complete final exam: Oral or written and it conte	ents practical test and final exam. Practical test is	
	graded descriptively (passed/not passed), and the		
	equivalents to the final exam's grade marks are:	G	
	Grade mark	Points	
	5	to 59	
	6	60-68	
	7	69-76	
	8	77-84	
	9	85-92	
	10	93-100	
	Final grade mark forming criteria:		
	Points	Grade mark	
	to 59	5 (F)	
	60-68	6 (E)	
	69-76	7 (D)	
	77-84	8 (C)	
	85-92	9 (B)	
5	93-100	10 (A)	
Basic teaching	1. Закон за ловство на Р.Македонија. Служб		
aids	2. Трпков Б., Дончев И., Дроздовски И.: Ловеч	ки прирачник. Сојуз на ловечки организации	
	на Македонија, Скопје, 1978. 3. Трпков Б.: Ловство . Шумарски факултет Ск	onio Cyonio 1090	
	4. Hawksworth L.D. and Bull T.A.: Biodiversity a		
	5. Hawksworth L.D. and Bull T.A.: Vertebrate Co		
	6. Grzimek's Animal Life Encyclopedia – Birds		
	7. Grzimek's Animal Life Encyclopedia – Mami	mals Thomson-Gale 2004	
	7. Orzaniek 3 Aminiai Ene Eneyeropedia – Maini	mais. Thomson Gale, 2004.	

Course	WELFARE OF FISH 2 credit points
Code	FVM 011
Year of study	Second (II)
Semester	Fourth (IV)
Total teaching	30
lessons	
Course type	Elective
Prerequisities	
Author of the	prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD
course program	
Realized by	prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD
Purpose and	The aim of course is to obtain theoretic basis to the students about welfare of fish in extensive
objectives of the	production.
course program	Theory classes include main aspects about welfare of animals and fish, stress reaction impact, impact of environment abiotical and biotical factors, aquacultural production and disease on welfare of fish.
	During the seminars, various problems from the modern aquacultural production from aspect of welfare of fish would be elaborated.
Content overview	Welfare of animals
	Welfare of fish
	Stress reaction in fish
	Pain and fear in fish

Suffering in fish Fish welfare legislative Breeding practice and welfare of fish Flock density and welfare of fish Fins injuries in breeded fish Water quality and welfare of fish Transport and welfare of fish Implications of diseases and drugs on welfare on fish Deformities in fish and welfare Fishing and welfare of fish Welfare of ornamental fish species Organization Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons) Seminars: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons) Teaching Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the students) and presentations by the students. methods Seminars: discussion on topics mentioned on the lectures or written in the referent literature; active participation of the student (exposing personal opinions, ideas, discussion); oral presentation of a teaching using by the student's choice. Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work. Specific The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which recommendations are part of the final evaluation. related with Scoring of the student's activities: teaching

Activity type	Points	
	minimum	maximum
Attendance on theory classes	12	15
Attendance on seminars	12	15
Written assay	6	10
First periodical evaluation	15	30
Second periodical evaluation	15	30
Total:	60	100

^{*} With gaining up to 60 points from attendance on theory classes and practicals, written assay and two periodical evaluations, student gets right to take grade mark without passing the complete final exam.

Evaluation of knowledge u оценување

Periodical evaluation (two): written

First periodical evaluation: Welfare of animals, Welfare of fish, Stress reaction in fish, Pain and fear in fish, Suffering in fish, Fish welfare legislative, Breeding practice and welfare of fish, Flock density and welfare of fish.

Second periodical evaluation: Fins injuries in breeded fish, Water quality and welfare of fish, Transport and welfare of fish, Implications of diseases and drugs on welfare on fish, Deformities in fish and welfare, Fishing and welfare of fish, Welfare of ornamental fish species

Complete final exam: Oral or written and it contents practical test and final exam. Practical test is graded descriptively (passed/not passed), and the final exam with grade mark from 5 to 10. Point equivalents to the final exam's grade marks are:

Grade mark	Points
5	to 59
6	60-68
7	69-76
8	77-84
9	85-92
10	93-100

Final grade mark forming criteria:

Points	Grade mark
to 59	5 (F)
60-68	6 (E)
69-76	7 (D)

^{*} Complete final exam is required for the student who did not pass one of the two periodical evaluations during the semester, or if he/she did not gained minimal 60 points.

		77-84	8 (C)	
		85-92	9 (B)	
		93-100	10 (A)	
Basic teaching aids	1. Branson J.E	E.: Fish Welfare. Blackwell Publish	ing Ltd, 2008.	

Course	BEEKEEPING			2 credit poi	nts
Code	FVM 012			_	
Year of study	Second (II)				
Semester	Fourth (IV)				
Total teaching	30				
lessons					
Course type	Elective				
Prerequisities					
Author of the	prof. Misho Hristov	ski, PhD			
course program					
Realized by	prof. Misho Hristov				
Purpose and		course is to introduce the stud	ents with th	ie basic kno	wledge of modern
objectives of the	production of bee p				
course program		clude the meaning of beekeepin			
		ne honey bee, beekeeping, bee hiv			
		chnological procedures which sho	ula be used	to nave or	ganic certified bee
	products and bee h		otical incida	t in the proc	aduras of madera
	production of bee p	inars the students will have pra	ctical insign	in the proc	edures of modern
Content overview					
Content overview	_	beekeeping and types and of bees			
		f the bee family			
		characteristics of the honey bee			
	_	beekeeping			
	_	ools and equipment for beekeeping	~		
		g technology	9		
	Honey giving				
		• .			
	Bee productsHealth protection of bees				
Organization					
Organización		Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons) Seminars: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)			
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the				
methods	students) and presentations by the students.				
		on on topics mentioned on the I	ectures or v	vritten in the	referent literature;
	active participation	n of the student (exposing pe	rsonal opin	ions, ideas,	discussion); oral
	presentation of a te	aching using by the student's choice	ce.		
		ning with use of referent literature a			
Specific	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which				
recommendations	are part of the final	evaluation.			
related with	Cooring of the otic	dont's activities.			
teaching	Scoring of the stu	dent's activities.			
			Po	ints	
		Activity type	minimum	maximum	
		Attendance on theory classes	12	15	
		Attendance on seminars	12	15	
		Written assay	6	10	
		First periodical evaluation	15	30	
		Second periodical evaluation	15	30	
		Total:	60	100	
		60 points from attendance on the			
		uations, student gets right to take	e grade mar	k without pas	ssing the complete
	final exam.			_	
		xam is required for the student v			the two periodical
	evaluations during	the semester, or if he/she did not g	ained minim	ai 60 points.	

Evaluation of knowledge u	Periodical evaluation (two): written						
оценување	First periodical evaluation: Meaning of beekeeping, Taxonomy and types and of bees, Member						
	of the bee family, Biological characteristics of the						
		Second periodical evaluation: Beehives, tools and equipment for beekeeping, Beekeeping					
	technology, Honey giving plants, Bee products, I	Health protection of bees					
	Complete final exam: Oral or written and it con	tents practical test and final exam. Practical test is					
		he final exam with grade mark from 5 to 10. Point					
	equivalents to the final exam's grade marks are:	The final exam with grade mark from 5 to 16. I olik					
	Grade mark	Points					
	5	to 59					
	6	60-68					
	7	69-76					
	8	77-84					
	9	85-92					
	10 93-100						
	Final grade mark forming criteria:						
	Points	Grade mark					
	to 59	5 (F)					
	60-68	6 (E)					
	69-76	7 (D)					
	77-84	8 (C)					
	85-92	9 (B)					
	93-100	10 (A)					
Basic teaching	1. Христовски М. и Цветковиќ А.: Совр	ремена контрола на вароозата. Факултет за					
aids	ветеринарна медицина во Скопје, Ско						
		21 век. Национален форум за заштита на					
	животните на Македонија, Скопје, 200						
	3. Кипријановска Хрисула, Наумовски М.	: пчеларство. Скопје, 2002.					

Course	ECONOMICS AND ORGANIZATION OF LIVESTOCK PRODUCTION 3 credit points
Code	FVM 013
Year of study	Second (II)
Semester	Fourth (IV)
Total teaching lessons	45
Course type	Elective
Prerequisities	
Author of the	prof. Blagica Sekovska, PhD
course program	prof. Mihajlo Adamov, PhD
Realized by	prof. Blagica Sekovska, PhD prof. Mihajlo Adamov, PhD ass. Nikola Adamov, MSc
Purpose and objectives of the course program	Theory classes. In the second year of curriculum of veterinary medicine the courses Husbandry and Rural economy are included as compulsive courses, so Economy and organization or livestock production is upgrade of both courses and logical extension of knowledge, especially for student who would work with farm production. Aim of this course is introduction with characteristics of an farm company, characteristics of farm breeding of different animal species cattle, sheep and goats, pig and poultry. All particular characteristics of these productions would be elaborated both from organizational-technical and economic aspect. Also this course would obtain to the student getting sense about his/her responsibility as a part of a national economy, as well as the place and role of the veterinary profession in the total economy. The practicals have to obtain support to the theory classes and to provide additional elaboration of some topics from the practical aspect, via different teaching methods, as dramatization of some hypothetic situations and problem solving, making different economic analyses about the economic benefits of the company as the risk analysis, cost-benefit analysis, discussions on some topics interesting for the students etc. Practicals include also the visit of a company in rural region where some of the principles elaborated in the theory classes would be demonstrated practically.

Organization	T		
_	Theory classes: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)		
	Practicals: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)		
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discuss	sion and activ	ve participat
methods	students)		
	Practicals: practicals with a visit of a farm.		
	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and i		paring sem
	(assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar wo		
Specific	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted ac	tivities for ga	ining points
recommendations	part of the final evaluation.		
related with			
eaching	Scoring of the student's activities:		
	Activity type		ints
	Activity type	minimum	maximum
	Attendance on theory classes	8	12
	Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals	12	14
	Written assay	10	14
	Periodical evaluations (two)	15(x2)=30	30(x2)=60
	i ci iodiodi evaluationo (two)	10(12)-00	30(XZ)=00
	Final exam	10(X2)=00	/ /
	Final exam Total:	60	100
Evaluation of knowledge	Final exam	60 e by the othe	100 r teacher. F
	Final exam Total: *One evaluation is graded by the one teacher, and the other one mark is main of the two evaluations, but on student request exam Periodical evaluation (two): written First periodical evaluation: - Економски аспекти Second periodical evaluation: - Организациони аспекти Final exam: on student's request Complete final exam: not predicted	60 e by the othe can be also	100 r teacher. F
	Final exam Total: *One evaluation is graded by the one teacher, and the other one mark is main of the two evaluations, but on student request exam Periodical evaluation (two): written First periodical evaluation: - Економски аспекти Second periodical evaluation: - Организациони аспекти Final exam: on student's request Complete final exam: not predicted Final grade mark forming criteria: Points Grade	60 by the othe can be also	100 r teacher. F
	Final exam Total: *One evaluation is graded by the one teacher, and the other one mark is main of the two evaluations, but on student request exam Periodical evaluation (two): written First periodical evaluation: - Економски аспекти Second periodical evaluation: - Организациони аспекти Final exam: on student's request Complete final exam: not predicted Final grade mark forming criteria: Points Grade to 59 5 (I	60 e by the othe can be also mark F)	100 r teacher. F
	Final exam Total: *One evaluation is graded by the one teacher, and the other one mark is main of the two evaluations, but on student request exam Periodical evaluation (two): written First periodical evaluation: - Економски аспекти Second periodical evaluation: - Организациони аспекти Final exam: on student's request Complete final exam: not predicted Final grade mark forming criteria: Points Grade to 59 5 (I	60 e by the othe can be also mark F) E)	100 r teacher. F
	Final exam Total: *One evaluation is graded by the one teacher, and the other one mark is main of the two evaluations, but on student request exam Periodical evaluation (two): written First periodical evaluation: - Економски аспекти Second periodical evaluation: - Организациони аспекти Final exam: on student's request Complete final exam: not predicted Final grade mark forming criteria: Points Grade to 59 5 (to 59 60-68 6 (to 69-76 7) (to 69-76 7)	60 e by the othe can be also mark F) E) D)	100 r teacher. F
	Final exam Total: *One evaluation is graded by the one teacher, and the other one mark is main of the two evaluations, but on student request exam Periodical evaluation (two): written First periodical evaluation: - Економски аспекти Second periodical evaluation: - Организациони аспекти Final exam: on student's request Complete final exam: not predicted Final grade mark forming criteria: Points Grade to 59 5 (I 60-68 6 (I 69-76 7 (I	60 e by the othe can be also mark F) E) D) C)	100 r teacher. F

Course	DIVERSITY AND PROTECTION OF WILD CARNIVORES 2 credit points
Code	FVM 014
Year of study	Third (III)
Semester	Fifth (V)
Total teaching	30
lessons	
Course type	Elective
Prerequisities	
Author of the	prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD
course program	
Realized by	prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD
Purpose and	The aim of the course is to introduce the students with the basic knowledge for protecting wild
objectives of the	carnivores.
course program	The lectures include the meaning of wild carnivores, taxonomy and biological characteristics of
	wild carnivores and measures for conservation of wild carnivores.
	During the seminars various programs for wild carnivores protection will be studied.
Content overview	Meaning of wild carnivores to the ecosystem
	Taxonomy of wild carnivores
	Biological characteristics of wild carnivores
	Endangered species of wild carnivores
	Measures for protection of wild carnivores of the families:
	- Felidae
	- Canidae

	- Ursuidae				
Organization	- Mustelidae Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)				
Organization	Seminars: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)				
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the				
methods	students) and presentations by the students.				
		on on topics mentioned on the I			
		n of the student (exposing pe		ions, ideas,	discussion); oral
		presentation of a teaching using by the student's choice. Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work.			
Specific		gated for active participation in all			
recommendations	are part of the final		predicted a	ctivities for g	aning points willon
related with	'				
teaching	Scoring of the stu	dent's activities:	1		1
		Activity type		ints .	
			minimum	maximum	
		Attendance on theory classes Attendance on seminars	12 12	15 15	
		Written assay	6	10	
		First periodical evaluation	15	30	
		Second periodical evaluation	15	30	
		Total:	60	100	
		60 points from attendance on the			
		uations, student gets right to take g	ırade mark w	ithout passin	g the complete final
	exam.	xam is required for the student v	who did not	nace one of	the two periodical
		the semester, or if he/she did not g			the two periodical
Evaluation of	Periodical evaluat		<u> </u>	ar oo ponno.	
knowledge u		valuation: Meaning of wild carni	vores to the	ecosystem,	Taxonomy of wild
оценување		carnivores, characteristics of wild carnivores, Endangered species of wild carnivores			
	Second periodical evaluation: Measures for protection of wild carnivores				
		Complete final exam: Oral or written and it contents practical test and final exam. Practical test is graded descriptively (passed/not passed), and the final exam with grade mark from 5 to 10. Point			
		inal exam's grade marks are:	ai exam with	grade mark	nom 5 to 10. 1 ont
	Squitaionio to the mai oxam o grado manto are.				
		Grade mark Points			
		5	to 59	_	
		6	60-6		
		7 8	69-7 77-8		
		9	85-9		
		10	93-10		
	Final grade mark f	orming criteria:			
		Deinte	0		1
		Points to 59	Grade r 5 (F		
		60-68	6 (E		
		69-76	7 (D		
		77-84	8 (C		
		85-92	9 (B)	
		93-100	10 (<i>A</i>	•	
Basic teaching		во на Р.Македонија. Службен в			
aids		ев И., Дроздовски И.: Ловечки п р	рирачник. 🤇	ојуз на лове	ечки организации
	на Македонија, Ск		Cronia 100	a	
		3. Трпков Б.: Ловство . Шумарски факултет Скопје, Скопје, 1989.			
	4. Hawksworth L.D. and Bull T.A.: Biodiversity and Conservation in Europe . Springer, 2008.				
	5. Hawksworth L.D.	. and Bull T.A.: Biodiversity and C . and Bull T.A.: Vertebrate Conser D. and Sillero-Zubiri C.: Biology a	rvation and	Biodiversity	. Springer, 2007.
	5. Hawksworth L.D. 6. Macdonald W.D University Press, 20	. and Bull T.A.: Vertebrate Conser). and Sillero-Zubiri C.: Biology a	rvation and land Conser	Biodiversity vation of W	. Springer, 2007.

Course	DIVERSITY AND F	PROTECTION OF BIRDS OF PRE	/	2 credit poir	nts
Code	FVM 015		•	•	
Year of study	Third (III)				
Semester	Fifth (V)				
Total teaching	30				
lessons					
Course type	Elective				
Prerequisities	21001170				
Author of the	prof. Misho Hristov	ski PhD			
course program	prof. Miorio i iriotovi	OKI, 1 112			
Realized by	prof. Misho Hristov	ski PhD			
Purpose and		course is to introduce the students	with the has	ic knowledge	for protecting hirds
objectives of the	of pray.	ocurse is to introduce the students	with the bas	io knowledge	for proteoting birds
course program		clude the meaning of birds of pray	Taxonomy	and biologica	al characteristics of
oouroo program		neasures for conservation of birds o		and biologica	
		inars various programs for protecting		rav will be stu	ıdied.
Content overview		f birds of pray to the ecosystem	.g c p		
	_	of birds of pray			
		characteristics of birds of pray			
		of protection of:			
	- hawks	or protection or.			
	- eagles				
	- falcons				
	- vultures				
	- blizzards				
	- owls				
Organization		esson a week (15 lessons)			
J		a week (15 lessons)			
Teaching		teractive (lectures in large group w	ith discussion	n and active	participation of the
methods		entations by the students.			
		ion on topics mentioned on the le	ectures or v	vritten in the	referent literature;
		n of the student (exposing pe			
	presentation of a teaching using by the student's choice.				
	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work.				
Specific		gated for active participation in all	predicted a	ctivities for g	aining points which
recommendations	are part of the final	evaluation.			
related with					
teaching	Scoring of the student's activities:				
		Activity type Points			
			minimum	maximum	
		Attendance on theory classes	12	15	
		Attendance on seminars	12	15	
		Written assay	6	10	
		First periodical evaluation	15	30	
		Second periodical evaluation	15	30	
		Total:	60	100	
	*1444				
		o 60 points from attendance on the			
	•	uations, student gets right to take g	rade mark w	ithout passing	g the complete final
	exam.	ware is required for the student of	عمم امنام ممار		the two mericalises
		exam is required for the student v			the two periodical
	evaluations during	the semester, or if he/she did not g	anieu miinin	ai oo points.	
Evaluation of	Periodical evaluat	ion (two): written			
knowledge u		valuation: Meaning of birds of pr	av to the ec	nsvstem Ta	xonomy of hirds of
оценување					Actionly of bilds of
July Guibe	. PIUV. VIIUIUVIGIIOUV		noo oi biius		
	pray, characteristics of birds of pray, Endangered species of birds of pray.				
			ion of birds (
		l evaluation: Measures for protect	ion of birds		
	Second periodica			of pray.	am. Practical test is
	Second periodica Complete final ex	l evaluation: Measures for protect	practical tes	of pray.	
	Second periodica Complete final exgraded descriptivel	I evaluation: Measures for protect am: Oral or written and it contents	practical tes	of pray.	
	Second periodica Complete final exgraded descriptivel	I evaluation: Measures for protect am: Oral or written and it contents y (passed/not passed), and the fin	practical tes	of pray.	

		Grade mark	Points		
		5	to 59		
		6	60-68		
		7	69-76		
		8	77-84		
		9	85-92		
		10	93-100		
	Final grade mark fo	orming criteria:			
		Points	Grade mark		
		to 59	5 (F)		
		60-68	6 (E)		
		69-76	7 (D)		
		77-84	8 (C)		
		85-92	9 (B)		
		93-100	10 (A)		
Basic teaching	1. Закон за ловство на Р.Македонија. Службен весник на РМ бр. 26 од 24.02.2009 год.				
aids		2. Трпков Б., Дончев И., Дроздовски И.: Ловечки прирачник. Сојуз на ловечки организации			
	на Македонија, Ско	•			
		во. Шумарски факултет Ско			
			nd Conservation in Europe.		
			nservation and Biodiversity.	Springer, 2007.	
	6. Grzimek's Anima	al Life Encyclopedia – Birds	. Thomson-Gale, 2003.		

Cauraa	DIVERSITY AND PROTECTION OF FISH 2 credit points
Course Code	FVM 016
Year of study	Third (III)
Semester	Fifth (V)
Total teaching	30
lessons	
Course type	Elective
Prerequisities	
Author of the	prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD
course program	
Realized by	prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD
Purpose and	The aim of the course is to introduce the students with the basic knowledge about the diversity
objectives of the	of fish and ways of protecting them.
course program	The lectures include the meaning of fishing and aquaculture, taxonomy of fish and endangered
	species of fish, the reasons for decreasing of fish population and the possibility for their
	repopulation.
	During the seminars the manners of protecting the endangered specias of fish will be studied in
On make and account size or	groups.
Content overview	Meaning of fishing and aquaculture
	Taxonomy of fish
	Endangered species of fish
	Modification of natural inhabitats
	Dams and other hydrological objects
	Water quality
	Introduced species
	Overfishing
	Trade
	Aquaculture
Organization	Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)
	Seminars: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the
methods	students) and presentations by the students.
	Seminars: discussion on topics mentioned on the lectures or written in the referent literature;
	active participation of the student (exposing personal opinions, ideas, discussion); oral
	presentation of a teaching using by the student's choice.
	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work.

Specific recommendations related with teaching

The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which are part of the final evaluation.

Scoring of the student's activities:

Activity type	Points			
Activity type	minimum	maximum		
Attendance on theory classes	12	15		
Attendance on seminars	12	15		
Written assay	6	10		
First periodical evaluation	15	30		
Second periodical evaluation	15	30		
Total:	60	100		

- * With gaining up to 60 points from attendance on theory classes and practicals, written assay and two periodical evaluations, student gets right to take grade mark without passing the complete final exam.
- * Complete final exam is required for the student who did not pass one of the two periodical evaluations during the semester, or if he/she did not gained minimal 60 points.

Evaluation of knowledge u оценување

Periodical evaluation (two): written

First periodical evaluation: Meaning of fishing and aquaculture, Taxonomy of fish, Endangered species of fish, Modification of natural inhabitats, Dams and other hydrological objects.

Second periodical evaluation: Water quality, Introduced species, Overfishing, Trade, Aquaculture.

Complete final exam: Oral or written and it contents practical test and final exam. Practical test is graded descriptively (passed/not passed), and the final exam with grade mark from 5 to 10. Point equivalents to the final exam's grade marks are:

Grade mark	Points
5	to 59
6	60-68
7	69-76
8	77-84
9	85-92
10	93-100

Final grade mark forming criteria:

Points	Grade mark
to 59	5 (F)
60-68	6 (E)
69-76	7 (D)
77-84	8 (C)
85-92	9 (B)
93-100	10 (A)

Basic teaching aids

- 1. Helfman S.G.: Fish Conservation. Island Press, Washington, USA, 2007.
- 2. Nelson S.J.: Fishes of the World. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2006.
- Hickman P.C., Roberts S.L. Larson A.: Animal Diversity. The McGraw-Hill Companies, 2002.
- 4. Levin A.S.: Encyclopedia of Biodiversity Vol. 2. Academic Press, 2001.

Course	ORNAMENTAL AQUACULTURE	2 credit points
Code	FVM 017	
Year of study	Third (III)	
Semester	Fifth (V)	
Total teaching	30	
lessons		
Course type	Elective	
Prerequisities		
Author of the	prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD	

course program	and Michalleigterald DhD						
Realized by	prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD						
Purpose and	The aim of the course is to introduce the students with the ways of growing ornamental fish						
objectives of the	The lectures include the general characteristics of ornamental aquaculture, types of fish,						
course program		characteristics of the water, health or the fish farmed and marketing of the farmed fish.					
	During the seminars the ways of farming ornam		e studied in grou	ups.			
Content overview	 Historical development of ornamental aqua 	aculture					
	 Types of ornamental freshwater fish 						
	 Water quality 						
	 Water quantity 						
	Management of water						
	Reproduction of ornamental fish						
	Growth and development of ornamental fis	sh					
	Farming						
	Health management of the farmed fish						
	Marketing						
Organization	Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)						
Organization	Seminars: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)						
Topohina	1 1	n with discussion	on and active n	articipation of the			
Teaching methods	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group students) and procentations by the students	p with discussion	on and active p	articipation of the			
memous	students) and presentations by the students. Seminars: discussion on topics mentioned on the	a lasturas ar v	writton in the r	oforont literature:			
	active participation of the student (exposing presentation of a teaching using by the student's cl		nons, ideas, i	discussion), orai			
	,		proporing comi	nor work			
Specific	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature.						
recommendations	The student is obligated for active participation in	i ali predicted a	ctivities for gain	ning points which			
	are part of the final evaluation.						
related with	Scoring of the student's activities:						
teaching		D-	! 4 -	1			
	Activity type		ints				
		minimum	maximum				
		<u> </u>	15				
	Attendance on seminars	12	15				
	Attendance on seminars Written assay	12 6	15 10	-			
	Attendance on seminars Written assay First periodical evaluation	12 6 15	15 10 30				
	Attendance on seminars Written assay First periodical evaluation Second periodical evaluation	12 6 15 15	15 10 30 30				
	Attendance on seminars Written assay First periodical evaluation	12 6 15	15 10 30				
	Attendance on seminars Written assay First periodical evaluation Second periodical evaluation Total:	12 6 15 15 60	15 10 30 30 100				
	Attendance on seminars Written assay First periodical evaluation Second periodical evaluation Total: * With gaining up to 60 points from attendance on	12 6 15 15 60 theory classes	15 10 30 30 100 and practicals,				
	Attendance on seminars Written assay First periodical evaluation Second periodical evaluation Total: * With gaining up to 60 points from attendance on two periodical evaluations, student gets right to take	12 6 15 15 60 theory classes	15 10 30 30 100 and practicals,				
	Attendance on seminars Written assay First periodical evaluation Second periodical evaluation Total: * With gaining up to 60 points from attendance on two periodical evaluations, student gets right to take exam.	12 6 15 15 60 theory classes se grade mark w	15 10 30 30 100 and practicals, vithout passing to	the complete final			
	Attendance on seminars Written assay First periodical evaluation Second periodical evaluation Total: * With gaining up to 60 points from attendance on two periodical evaluations, student gets right to tak exam. * Complete final exam is required for the student stu	12 6 15 15 60 theory classes te grade mark w	15 10 30 30 100 and practicals, vithout passing to pass one of the passing to the	the complete final			
	Attendance on seminars Written assay First periodical evaluation Second periodical evaluation Total: * With gaining up to 60 points from attendance on two periodical evaluations, student gets right to tak exam. * Complete final exam is required for the studer evaluations during the semester, or if he/she did not the student evaluations during the semester.	12 6 15 15 60 theory classes te grade mark w	15 10 30 30 100 and practicals, vithout passing to pass one of the passing to the	the complete final			
Evaluation of	Attendance on seminars Written assay First periodical evaluation Second periodical evaluation Total: * With gaining up to 60 points from attendance on two periodical evaluations, student gets right to tak exam. * Complete final exam is required for the student stu	12 6 15 15 60 theory classes te grade mark w	15 10 30 30 100 and practicals, vithout passing to pass one of the passing to the	the complete final			
knowledge u	Attendance on seminars Written assay First periodical evaluation Second periodical evaluation Total: * With gaining up to 60 points from attendance on two periodical evaluations, student gets right to take exam. * Complete final exam is required for the studer evaluations during the semester, or if he/she did not Periodical evaluation (two): written	12 6 15 15 60 theory classes se grade mark went who did not out gained minim	15 10 30 30 100 and practicals, vithout passing to pass one of the passing to all 60 points.	the complete final			
	Attendance on seminars Written assay First periodical evaluation Second periodical evaluation Total: * With gaining up to 60 points from attendance on two periodical evaluations, student gets right to take exam. * Complete final exam is required for the studer evaluations during the semester, or if he/she did not Periodical evaluation (two): written First periodical evaluation: Historical developments	12 6 15 15 60 theory classes to grade mark who did not gained minim	15 10 30 30 100 and practicals, vithout passing to pass one of the al 60 points.	the complete final			
knowledge u	Attendance on seminars Written assay First periodical evaluation Second periodical evaluation Total: * With gaining up to 60 points from attendance on two periodical evaluations, student gets right to take exam. * Complete final exam is required for the studer evaluations during the semester, or if he/she did not Periodical evaluation (two): written	12 6 15 15 60 theory classes to grade mark who did not gained minim	15 10 30 30 100 and practicals, vithout passing to pass one of the al 60 points.	the complete final			
knowledge u	Attendance on seminars Written assay First periodical evaluation Second periodical evaluation Total: * With gaining up to 60 points from attendance on two periodical evaluations, student gets right to take exam. * Complete final exam is required for the studer evaluations during the semester, or if he/she did not periodical evaluation (two): written First periodical evaluation: Historical developmental freshwater fish, Water quality, water quality.	12 6 15 15 60 theory classes of grade mark who did not be gained minimed part of ornation and the content of ornat	15 10 30 30 100 and practicals, vithout passing to pass one of the al 60 points.	the complete final he two periodical ulture, Types of			
knowledge u	Attendance on seminars Written assay First periodical evaluation Second periodical evaluation Total: * With gaining up to 60 points from attendance on two periodical evaluations, student gets right to tak exam. * Complete final exam is required for the studer evaluations during the semester, or if he/she did not periodical evaluation (two): written First periodical evaluation: Historical developmental freshwater fish, Water quality, Water qualit	12 6 15 15 60 theory classes be grade mark who did not gained miniment of ornation uantity, Manage of ornamental fit	15 10 30 30 100 and practicals, vithout passing to pass one of the al 60 points. amental aquacement of water.	the complete final he two periodical ulture, Types of			
knowledge u	Attendance on seminars Written assay First periodical evaluation Second periodical evaluation Total: * With gaining up to 60 points from attendance on two periodical evaluations, student gets right to take exam. * Complete final exam is required for the studer evaluations during the semester, or if he/she did not periodical evaluation (two): written First periodical evaluation: Historical developmental freshwater fish, Water quality, water quality.	12 6 15 15 60 theory classes be grade mark who did not gained miniment of ornation uantity, Manage of ornamental fit	15 10 30 30 100 and practicals, vithout passing to pass one of the al 60 points. amental aquacement of water.	the complete final he two periodical ulture, Types of			
knowledge u	Attendance on seminars Written assay First periodical evaluation Second periodical evaluation Total: * With gaining up to 60 points from attendance on two periodical evaluations, student gets right to take exam. * Complete final exam is required for the studer evaluations during the semester, or if he/she did not periodical evaluation (two): written First periodical evaluation: Historical develop ornamental freshwater fish, Water quality, Water quality, Water quality, Water quality, Farming, Health management of the students of t	12 6 15 15 60 theory classes se grade mark we have did not be gained minimed partity, Manage of ornamental fiche farmed fish.	15 10 30 30 100 and practicals, vithout passing to pass one of the al 60 points. amental aquactement of water. sh, Growth and Marketing	the complete final he two periodical ulture, Types of did development of			
knowledge u	Attendance on seminars Written assay First periodical evaluation Second periodical evaluation Total: * With gaining up to 60 points from attendance on two periodical evaluations, student gets right to take exam. * Complete final exam is required for the studer evaluations during the semester, or if he/she did not periodical evaluation (two): written First periodical evaluation: Historical develop ornamental freshwater fish, Water quality, Water quality, Water quality, Farming, Health management of the complete final exam: Oral or written and it contents.	12 6 15 15 60 theory classes se grade mark we have did not be gained minimal properties of ornamental fine farmed fish.	15 10 30 30 100 and practicals, vithout passing to pass one of the al 60 points. amental aquactement of water. sh, Growth and Marketing that and final examples the allocations are all the allocations are allocations are all the allocations are all the allocations are all the allocations are allocations are all the allocations are allocations are all the allocations are allocations are all the allocations are allocations are allocations are all the allocati	the complete final he two periodical ulture, Types of did development of h. Practical test is			
knowledge u	Attendance on seminars Written assay First periodical evaluation Second periodical evaluation Total: * With gaining up to 60 points from attendance on two periodical evaluations, student gets right to take exam. * Complete final exam is required for the studer evaluations during the semester, or if he/she did not periodical evaluation (two): written First periodical evaluation: Historical develop ornamental freshwater fish, Water quality, Water quality, Water quality, Farming, Health management of the complete final exam: Oral or written and it content graded descriptively (passed/not passed), and the	12 6 15 15 60 theory classes se grade mark we have did not be gained minimed partity, Manage of ornamental fine farmed fish.	15 10 30 30 100 and practicals, vithout passing to pass one of the al 60 points. amental aquactement of water. sh, Growth and Marketing that and final examples the allocations are all the allocations are allocations are all the allocations are all the allocations are all the allocations are allocations are all the allocations are allocations are all the allocations are allocations are all the allocations are allocations are allocations are all the allocati	the complete final he two periodical ulture, Types of did development of h. Practical test is			
knowledge u	Attendance on seminars Written assay First periodical evaluation Second periodical evaluation Total: * With gaining up to 60 points from attendance on two periodical evaluations, student gets right to take exam. * Complete final exam is required for the studer evaluations during the semester, or if he/she did not periodical evaluation (two): written First periodical evaluation: Historical developmental freshwater fish, Water quality, Water quality, Water quality, Farming, Health management of the complete final exam: Oral or written and it contemprated descriptively (passed/not passed), and the equivalents to the final exam's grade marks are:	12 6 15 15 60 theory classes the grade mark who did not be gained minimed partity, Manage of ornamental finds for the farmed fish. Into practical tests of final exam with	15 10 30 30 100 and practicals, vithout passing to pass one of the al 60 points. amental aquacement of water. sh, Growth and Marketing than dinal exament of grade mark from the all and	the complete final he two periodical ulture, Types of did development of h. Practical test is			
knowledge u	Attendance on seminars Written assay First periodical evaluation Second periodical evaluation Total: * With gaining up to 60 points from attendance on two periodical evaluations, student gets right to take exam. * Complete final exam is required for the studer evaluations during the semester, or if he/she did not periodical evaluation (two): written First periodical evaluation: Historical developmental freshwater fish, Water quality, Water quality, Water quality, Farming, Health management of the complete final exam: Oral or written and it content graded descriptively (passed/not passed), and the equivalents to the final exam's grade marks are: Grade mark	12 6 15 15 60 theory classes to grade mark who did not obt gained minimum properties of ornamental fiche farmed fish. Into practical test of final exam with process of the practical test of the farmed fish.	15 10 30 30 100 and practicals, vithout passing to pass one of the passing to pass one of the passing to pass one of the passing to pass one of the passing the passin	the complete final he two periodical ulture, Types of did development of h. Practical test is			
knowledge u	Attendance on seminars Written assay First periodical evaluation Second periodical evaluation * With gaining up to 60 points from attendance on two periodical evaluations, student gets right to take exam. * Complete final exam is required for the studer evaluations during the semester, or if he/she did not periodical evaluation (two): written First periodical evaluation: Historical develop ornamental freshwater fish, Water quality, Water quality, Water quality, Farming, Health management of the complete final exam: Oral or written and it content graded descriptively (passed/not passed), and the equivalents to the final exam's grade marks are: Grade mark 5	12 6 15 15 60 theory classes to grade mark who did not be gained minimed minimed mark to the formal to the farmed fish. The farmed fish to the farmed minimed market final exam with the farmed fish.	15 10 30 30 100 and practicals, vithout passing to all 60 points. amental aquactement of water. sh, Growth and Marketing at and final exament grade mark from the standard f	the complete final he two periodical ulture, Types of did development of h. Practical test is			
knowledge u	Attendance on seminars Written assay First periodical evaluation Second periodical evaluation Total: * With gaining up to 60 points from attendance on two periodical evaluations, student gets right to take exam. * Complete final exam is required for the studer evaluations during the semester, or if he/she did not periodical evaluation (two): written First periodical evaluation: Historical develop ornamental freshwater fish, Water quality, Water quality, Water quality, Water quality, Farming, Health management of the complete final exam: Oral or written and it content graded descriptively (passed/not passed), and the equivalents to the final exam's grade marks are: Grade mark 5 6	12 6 15 15 60 theory classes the grade mark who did not be gained minimed minimed minimed manuantity, Manage of ornamental fiche farmed fish. Into practical test of final exam with the formal example.	15 10 30 30 100 and practicals, vithout passing to all 60 points. amental aquactement of water. sh, Growth and Marketing t and final exament grade mark from the gra	the complete final he two periodical ulture, Types of did development of h. Practical test is			
knowledge u	Attendance on seminars Written assay First periodical evaluation Second periodical evaluation Total: * With gaining up to 60 points from attendance on two periodical evaluations, student gets right to take exam. * Complete final exam is required for the studer evaluations during the semester, or if he/she did not periodical evaluation (two): written First periodical evaluation: Historical develop ornamental freshwater fish, Water quality, Water quality, Water quality, Farming, Health management of the complete final exam: Oral or written and it content graded descriptively (passed/not passed), and the equivalents to the final exam's grade marks are: Grade mark	12 6 15 15 60 theory classes the grade mark who did not be gained minimed minimed minimed manuantity, Manage of ornamental fiche farmed fish. The farmed fish to 5 60-6 69-7	15 10 30 30 100 and practicals, vithout passing to pass one of the ale 60 points. amental aquactement of water. sh, Growth and Marketing than and final examinating grade mark from the state of the s	the complete final he two periodical ulture, Types of did development of h. Practical test is			
knowledge u	Attendance on seminars Written assay First periodical evaluation Second periodical evaluation Total: * With gaining up to 60 points from attendance on two periodical evaluations, student gets right to take exam. * Complete final exam is required for the studer evaluations during the semester, or if he/she did not periodical evaluation (two): written First periodical evaluation: Historical develop ornamental freshwater fish, Water quality, Water quality, Water quality, Farming, Health management of the complete final exam: Oral or written and it content graded descriptively (passed/not passed), and the equivalents to the final exam's grade marks are: Grade mark	12 6 15 15 60 theory classes the grade mark who did not gained minimum properties of ornamental fine for a second for a se	15 10 30 30 100 and practicals, vithout passing to pass one of the al 60 points. amental aquactement of water. sh, Growth and Marketing to and final exament of grade mark from the grad	the complete final he two periodical ulture, Types of did development of h. Practical test is			
knowledge u	Attendance on seminars Written assay First periodical evaluation Second periodical evaluation Total: * With gaining up to 60 points from attendance on two periodical evaluations, student gets right to take exam. * Complete final exam is required for the studer evaluations during the semester, or if he/she did not periodical evaluation (two): written First periodical evaluation: Historical develop ornamental freshwater fish, Water quality, Water quality, Water quality, Farming, Health management of the complete final exam: Oral or written and it content graded descriptively (passed/not passed), and the equivalents to the final exam's grade marks are: Grade mark	12 6 15 15 60 theory classes the grade mark who did not be gained minimed programment of the formal to the farmed fish. The f	15 10 30 30 100 and practicals, vithout passing to pass one of the al 60 points. amental aquacement of water. sh, Growth and Marketing that and final exament of grade mark from the gra	the complete final he two periodical ulture, Types of did development of h. Practical test is			
knowledge u	Attendance on seminars Written assay First periodical evaluation Second periodical evaluation Total: * With gaining up to 60 points from attendance on two periodical evaluations, student gets right to take exam. * Complete final exam is required for the studer evaluations during the semester, or if he/she did not periodical evaluation (two): written First periodical evaluation: Historical develop ornamental freshwater fish, Water quality, Water quality, Water quality, Farming, Health management of the complete final exam: Oral or written and it content graded descriptively (passed/not passed), and the equivalents to the final exam's grade marks are: Grade mark	12 6 15 15 60 theory classes the grade mark who did not gained minimum properties of ornamental fine for a second for a se	15 10 30 30 100 and practicals, vithout passing to pass one of the al 60 points. amental aquacement of water. sh, Growth and Marketing that and final exament of grade mark from the gra	the complete final he two periodical ulture, Types of did development of h. Practical test is			

Final grade mark forming criteria:

		Points	Grade mark	
		to 59	5 (F)	
		60-68	6 (E)	
		69-76	7 (D)	
		77-84	8 (C)	
		85-92	9 (B)	
		93-100	10 (A)	
Basic teaching aids	1. Stickney R.R.: En	cyclopedia of aquaculture.	John Wiley & Sons, Inc. New `	York, USA, 2000.

Course	SPORT AND HOBBY FISHING		2 credit points					
Code	FVM 018							
Year of study	Third (III)							
Semester	Fifth (V)							
Total teaching	30							
lessons	30							
Course type	Elective							
Prerequisities	Liective							
Author of the	prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD							
course program	prof. Mistio Filistovski, Filib							
Realized by	prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD							
Purpose and	The aim of the course is to give students basic for	the rules and to	chniques of the	enort fiching				
objectives of the	Lectures cover meaning of sport fishing, signific							
course program	accessories, methods of fishing, restocking and p							
course program	will be processed technics of fishing for different king		and. During Sen	illiais, ili gioups				
Content overview	Sport fishing in the world and in our countr							
Content overview	 Kinds of fishes significant for sports and re 							
		creational iisiiii	ıy.					
	Food and baits for fishing Tochniques for fishing							
	Techniques for fishing Fishing Rep Ten							
	Fishing Bon-Ton Organization of matches							
	Organization of matches							
	Restocking on open waters							
	Protection of fish fund							
	Law for fisheries and aquaculture							
	National federation of Macedonia in sports	stishing						
Organization	Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)							
Tanahima	Seminars: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)	ith- alia aa.i.		utinin ation of the				
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group	p with discussion	on and active pa	articipation of the				
methods	students) and presentations by the students.	a lasturas ar v	writton in the re	forant literatura				
	Seminars: discussion on topics mentioned on the							
	active participation of the student (exposing presentation of a teaching using by the student's cl		iioris, iueas, c	iiscussiori), orai				
	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature		nranarina samin	ar work				
Specific	The student is obligated for active participation in							
recommendations	are part of the final evaluation.	all predicted a	ctivities for gain	iing points which				
related with	Scoring of the student's activities:							
teaching	Activity type	Po	ints					
3	, .,,,,,,	minimum	maximum					
	Attendance on theory classes	12	15					
	Attendance on seminars	12	15					
	Written assay	6	10					
	First periodical evaluation	15	30					
	Second periodical evaluation	15	30					
	Total:	60	100					
	* With gaining up to 60 points from attendance on			vritten assav and				
	two periodical evaluations, student gets right to tak							
	exam.	o grado mark w	nanout passing ti	no complete ililai				
	* Complete final exam is required for the studer	nt who did not	pass one of th	e two periodical				
	evaluations during the semester, or if he/she did no			o two portoutour				
		z ganioa mililin	a. oo ponito.					
Evaluation of	Periodical evaluation (two): written							

0110111/0211 0	for sports and ros	reational fishing fishing too	ale and equipment food an	d haite for fiching			
оценување	for sports and recreational fishing, fishing tools and equipment, food and baits for fishing, techniques for fishing, fishing Bon-Ton						
	Second periodical evaluation: Organization of matches, restocking on open waters, protection of fish fund, law for fisheries and aquaculture, national federation of Macedonia in sports fishing. Complete final exam: Oral or written and it contents practical test and final exam. Practical test graded descriptively (passed/not passed), and the final exam with grade mark from 5 to 10. Polequivalents to the final exam's grade marks are:						
		Over to second	Daire	1			
		Grade mark	Points				
		5	to 59				
		6	60-68				
		7	69-76 77-84				
		8 9	85-92				
	10 93-100						
	Final grade mark forming criteria:						
		Points	Grade mark]			
		to 59	5 (F)				
		60-68	6 (E)				
		69-76	7 (D)				
		77-84	8 (C)				
		85-92	9 (B)				
		93-100	10 (A)				
Basic teaching		1. Христовски М. и Стоименовски З.: Спортско риболовен Сојуз на Македонија.					
aids			отните на Македонија, Скопј	e, 1999.			
			. Жаки-Скопје, Скопје, 1995.				
		shing Basics. Penguin publis		110A 000E			
	4. Young C.D.:	: Fly Fishing – The lifetime s	sport. Honeybear Press LLC,	USA, 2005			

Course	BASIS OF CYTOLOGY DIAGNOSTICS 2 credit points	
Code	FVM 019	
Year of study	Third (III)	
Semester	Fifth (V)	
Total teaching	30	
lessons		
Course type	Elective	
Prerequisities		
Author of the	prof. Igor Ulchar, PhD	
course program		
Realized by	prof. Igor Ulchar, PhD	
	ass. Irena Celeska, MSc	
Purpose and	The aim of the course is better and easier learning of basic principles of clinical cytology, whi	
objectives of the	can be used in routine diagnostic. As a scientific discipline it can be abroad useful in clinic	cal
course program	diagnostic.	
Content overview	Introduction in cytology interpretation	
	1. Principles in cytology evaluation	
	2. Cytopathological techniques	
	3. Infective agents	
	4. Skin and subcutaneously lesion	
	5. Lymphatic system – lymph nodes, lien and thymus	
	6. Cerebrospinal fluid	
	7. Head and neck – oropharingx, tonsils, salivary glands, thyreoid gland, parathyreoid glands	
	8. Respiratory system – nose, trachea, bronchi and lung 9. Pleural and peritoneal fluid	
	10. Gastrointestinal system – gut, liver, pancreas	
	11. Muscle-skeletal system	
	12. Synovial fluid	
	13. Urinary system – kidney, urethra and urinary bladder	
	10. Childry Cyclem Manoy, around and annaly bladdor	

		14. Reproductive system – vagina, uterus, prostate, testis and mammary gland					
		15. Eye and ear					
Organization			sson a week (15 lessons)				
			a week (15 lessons)				
Teaching			ractive (lectures in large grou	p with discuss	ion and activ	ve participation	on of the
methods	students	,					
			and other ways of work with s			naring asmin	or work
			ning with use of referent lit entation and discussion about			paning semin	ar work
Specific			ated for active participation in			gaining poin	te which
recommendations		of the final e		i ali predicted	activities for	gaining poin	to willeri
related with	arc part	or the imare	, valuation.				
teaching	Scoring	of the stud	ent's activities:				
· ·							
			A a tivitus tura a		Po	ints	
			Activity type		minimum	maximum	
			e on theory classes		2	5	
		Attendance	e and activity (knowledge) o	on practicals	2	5	
		Written as			0	10	
		Final exan	n		0	80	
		Total:			56	100	
Frankrick and	F'		200				
Evaluation of		am: oral or					
knowledge u оценување	Final gra	ade mark ic	orming criteria: Points	Grado	mark		
оценување			to 59	5 (
			60-68		•		
	60-68 6 (E) 69-76 7 (D)						
	77-84 8 (C)						
	85-92 9 (B)						
			93-100	10			
Basic teaching	1.	Paul Canfiel	d, Patricia Martin, Veterinary		` /	oundation pub	olication.
aids			Sydney, 1998	3 337 1	O		,
	1						

	I.,	
Course	VETERINARY HEMATOLOGY	2 credit points
Code	FVM 020	
Year of study	Third (III)	
Semester	Fifth (V)	
Total teaching	30	
lessons		
Course type	Elective	
Prerequisities		
Author of the	prof. Igor Ulchar, PhD	
course program		
Realized by	prof. Igor Ulchar, PhD	
	ass. Irena Celeska, MSc	
Purpose and	The aim of the subject is learning of physiology and patholo	
objectives of the	blood cells, i.e. all details which are not concerned in Pathophis	siology.
course program		
Content overview	Blood and bone marrow examination	
	Comparative hematology in domestic mammals	
	3. Comparative hematology in poultry and other mammals	
	4. Hematopoiesis	
	5. Coagulation and coagulation disorders	
	6. Platelets	
	7. Physiology of red blood cells and their changes in certain dis	sease
	8. Anemia and polycythemia	
	9. Hemolytic anemia	
	10. Depressive and hypoproliferative anemia	
	11. Granulocytes (neutrophils, eosinophils and mastocytes)	
	12. Agranulocytes (monocytes and macrophages, lymphocytes	s and plasma cells)
	13. Interpretation of white blood cells parameters	

		14. Leukemia in domestic animals					
		15. Plasma proteins and disproteinemias; Immunohematology					
Organization			sson a week (15 lessons)				
			a week (15 lessons)				
Teaching			ractive (lectures in large grou	up with discuss	ion and activ	ve participation	on of the
methods	students	,					
			and other ways of work with				
			ning with use of referent li			paring semir	nar work
			entation and discussion about				
Specific	The stud	dent is oblig	ated for active participation is	n all predicted	activities for	gaining poir	its which
recommendations	are part	of the final e	evaluation.				
related with							
teaching	Scoring	of the stud	ent's activities:				
						-	7
			Activity type			ints	
					minimum	maximum	
			e on theory classes		2	5	
			e and activity (knowledge)	on practicals	2	5	
		Written as			0	10	
		Final exan	n		0	80	
		Total:			56	100	
Evaluation of	Final ex	am: oral or	written				
knowledge u							
оценување	Final gra	ade mark fo	rming criteria:				
			Points	Grade			
			to 59	5 (
			60-68	6 (
			69-76	7 (
		77-84 8 (C)					
		85-92 9 (B)					
		93-100 10 (Á)					
Basic teaching			ssentials of Veterinary Hemat				
aids			, P.S. MacWilliams, B.F. F			V.H. Pollock	, and J.
		Roche (Eds.), A Guide to Hematology in I	Dogs and Cats,	IVIS, 2005.		

Course	TROPICAL PARASITIC DISEASES 1 credit point
Code	FVM 021
Year of study	Fourth (IV)
Semester	Eighth (VIII)
Total teaching	15
lessons	
Course type	Elective
Prerequisities	
Author of the	prof. Dino Chrchev, PhD
course program	ass. prof. Jovana Stefanovska, PhD
Realized by	ass. prof. Jovana Stefanovska, PhD
Purpose and	The aim of the course is to introduce the students of veterinary medicine with the morphology and
objectives of the	biology of parasites from tropical and subtropical areas, with their epizootiology (epidemiology)
course program	pathogenesis, clinical manifestation, as well as the methods of diagnostics, treatment and eradication of diseases they cause. Students will be familiarized with the clinical approach to parasite diseases important in public health and with their laboratory diagnostics. This subject will enable students to decide on the principle of overcoming and eradication of parasitological problems in tropical and subtropical areas independently.
Content overview	 Eastcoast fever and malignant sheep thayleriosis Tripenosomiasis (nagana, surra, goufar, murrina, derrengadera, mal de caderas and Chagas disease) - 4 lessons Fasciolosis, Clonorchiasis, paragonimiasis and schistosmiasis - 3,5 lessons) Eaozonofilen meningoencefalitis, Gnatostomiasis, and Dracunculosis - 1,5 lessons
	 Dirofilariasis, Elephantiasis, onhocerciasis, loiasis, stephano filariasis - 2,5 lessons Pulicosis (Tunga penetrans),myiasas (Dermatobia hominis, Cordylobia anthropophaga, Cochliomyia hominivorax, Lucilia spp., Calliphora spp., Phormia spp., Chrysomyia spp

	Auchmeron	Auchmeromyia luteola – parasitism - 2 lessons				
Organization		Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)				
Teaching methods	Theory classes: ressorral week (15 lessorra) Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the students) and presentations by the students. Seminars: discussion on topics mentioned on the lectures or written in the referent literature; active participation of the student (exposing personal opinions, ideas, discussion); oral presentation of a teaching using by the student's choice. Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work.					
Specific recommendations related with teaching		gated for active participation in all evaluation.				
		Activity type	Po	ints		
			minimum	maximum		
		Attendance on theory classes	12	15		
	_	Written assay	6	10		
	_	Periodical evaluations (one)	42	75		
	_	Final exam		edicted*		
		Total:	60	100		
Evaluation of knowledge u оценување	Periodical evaluat Final grade mark f	,	Deriodical eva	aluation.		
ou, ou, ou, ou	i mai grado marki	Points	Grade i	mark		
		do 59	5 (F			
		60-68	6 (E		1	
		69-76	7 (D			
		77-84	8 (C			
		85-92	9 (B			
		93-100	10 (A)		
Basic teaching aids		idt & L.S. Roberts: FOUNDATION dition St. Louis - Santa Clara, 1989		,	imes Mirror/Mosby,	

Course	RATIONAL APPLICATION OF ANTIMICROBIAL DRUGS 1 credit point
Code	FVM022
Year of study	Fourth (IV)
Semester	Eighth (VIII)
Total teaching	15
lessons	
Course type	Elective
Prerequisities	
Author of the	prof. Romel Velev, PhD
course program	
Realized by	prof. Romel Velev, PhD
Purpose and	The purpose of this course is to acquaint the student the need for increased awareness in
objectives of the	prescribing of antimicrobial drugs, to introduce the problem of antibiotic resistance and the
course program	basic principles of proper use of antimicrobial drugs integral as part of good veterinary practice.
Content overview	- introducing the European platform for responsible use of the drugs in animals
	- legislative for introducing the antimicrobial drugs in market
	- obtaining health for the animals
	- principles of appropriate use of antimicrobial drugs
	- choice of the appropriate antibiotic
	monitoring of the antibiotic use antibiotic resistance
	- antibiotic resistance - antibiotic alternative and integrated programs for control of the diseases
Organization	Seminars: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)
O. gamzadon	Seminars: discussion on topics mentioned on the lectures or written in the referent literature;
Teaching	active participation of the student (exposing personal opinions, ideas, discussion); oral
methods	presentation of a teaching using by the student's choice.
	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work.
	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which
	gamming points

Specific	are part	of the final e	evaluation.				
recommendations related with	Scoring	Scoring of the student's activities:					
teaching			Activity type	Po	ints		
				minimum	maximum		
		Attendand	ce and activity (knowledge) on seminar	s 24	30		
		Written as		6	10		
			l evaluations (one)	30	60		
		Final exar	n		edicted*		
		Total:		60	100		
			predicted, except if student did not pass the	e periodical ev	aluation.		
Evaluation of			on (one): written				
knowledge u			dicted, except if student did not pass the p	eriodical evalu	ation		
оценување	Complet	te exam: no	t predicted				
	Final gra	ade mark fo	orming criteria:				
			Points Gra	de mark			
			to 59	5 (F)			
			60-68	6 (E)			
				7 (D)			
				B (C)			
			85-92	9 (B)			
				0 (A)			
	II.		Resistance & Prudent use of Antibiotics	•			
Basic teaching			Practice Framework for the use of	\ntimicrobials	in Food-Producing		
aids	Animals	in the EU.					

Course	CYNOLOGY 2 credit points
Code	FVM 023
Year of study	Fourth (IV)
Semester	Eighth (VIII)
Total teaching	30
lessons	
Course type	Elective
Prerequisities	
Author of the	ass. prof. Goran Nikolovski, PhD
course program	
Realized by	ass. prof. Goran Nikolovski, PhD
Purpose and	Definition of the course: Trough this module student gains knowledge form Cynology, about
objectives of the	history of the cynology organization and their work in the world and in our country; cynology
course program	associations, breed classification, breeding dogs, hygiene of the coat, diet, accommodation. Position of the course in veterinary education: with this subject, students extend their knowledge about dog's breeds. Detail describing the existence of different groups of dogs by their
	international classification specificity in groups and specificity of each breed individually. This approach allows students to recognize and differentiate the diseases connected with each breed relations of the course with the curriculum: The topics that are subject of presentation include the characteristics of the body in different dog breeds. Also, are described the breed's standards in relation to structure of the body, skin, coat, color and other specific signs for the breed. That if why is recommended this subject to be studied together with Internal diseases in pets, or after finishing this course.
Content overview	Lectures: Introduction in cynology, organizations 1 lesson Division of dog breeds according to FCI-classification 3 lessons Yugoslav Shepherd Dog origin and characteristics 1 lesson Breeding dogs (sexual maturation, offspring, mating, pregnancy, delivery, care for the offspring critical periods, marking the offspring) 2 lessons Breeding dogs and dog training 1 lesson Hygiene of the coat and diet specialties 1 lesson Nutrition of the litter and young dogs 1 lesson Accommodation of dogs 1 lesson
	Practicals: Each student will be required to prepare seminar work about one of the FCI groups or about

	characteristics of certain dog breed. 10 lessons						
	Practicals - visiting and participating on cynology exhibitions. 9 lessons						
Organization		Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (total 11 lessons)					
	Practical	s and semin	nars: 1 lesson a week (10 less	sons), cynd	ologic exhibitio	ns (9 lessons)	
Teaching methods	using vid	leo materials	dent prepares a assay abo		•		
			and presentation of student's p	participatio	n on a cynolog	aic exhibition.	
Specific recommendation s related with teaching	The stud	lent is obligated the final e	ated for active participation in				nts which
J					Po	oints	
			Activity type		minimum	maximum	
		Attendanc	e on theory classes		8	11	
		Attendanc seminars	e and activity (knowledge)	on	6	10	
	-	Practicals			5	9	
	•	Final exam			-	dicted	1
		Total:			60	100	
			redicted. Criterion for passing classes, seminars and pract		al exam is ga	ining of 50%	of points
Evaluation of			nt is required to pass the fina		aly or written.	Criterion for pa	ssing the
knowledge u			of 50% of points predicted w				
оценување	Final gra	ade mark fo	orming criteria:				
		[Points	G	rade mark		
			to 59		5 (F)		
			60-68		6 (E)		
			69-76		7 (D)		
		77-84 8 (C)					
	85-92 9 (B)						
			93-100		10 (A)		
Basic teaching aids	2.	The Kennel	Mario Bauer. Кинологија, Ш Club's Illustrated Breed Sta , London 2003				d breeds

	·	
Course	MARKETING OF VETERINARY PRACTICE	1 credit point
Code	FVM 024	
Year of study	Fifth (V)	
Semester	Ninth (IX)	
Total teaching lessons	1+0	
Course type	Elective	
Prerequisities		
Author of the	prof. Blagica Sekovska, PhD	
course program		
Realized by	prof. Blagica Sekovska, PhD	
Purpose and objectives of the course program	Theory classes have aim to introduce the students with basis of a That means that students have to get basic knowledge for the economy with establishment of private veterinary practice. This compatible with the compulsory course Basis of management a practice. Both these courses would obtain to the students to att clients, as well as to keep them. The future doctor of vetering knowledge about expectations of his/her clients, how to improve possible as it get higher profit. For this goal some basic knowled behavior, nature and features of offered service, modes how price channels for distribution of information to the client, i.e. how successfully used for practice managing.	eir future becoming part of the scourse is closely related and and management of veterinary tract as possible as it get more ary medicine has to get basic his/her practice and to make as edge is necessary about clients es could and have to be made,

	CLASSES	
No of	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit
lessons		
1 -2	Introduction	Definition, range and subject of study of marketing, meaning of marketing for success in veterinary practice, basic terms in marketing.
3-4	Marketing environment in veterinary practice	Impact of economical, technical, social and other external factors on success in veterinary practice.
5-6	Knowing the clients of veterinary practice	What is the behavior of the clients, which are their motives and needs. How to win and keep the clients.
7-8	Marketing instruments in most successful ranking on the market	Introducing with every particular marketing instrument and its putting in function. Service. Price. Promotion. Distribution.
9-10	Veterinary service market	Features and specificities of service market
11-12	Meaning and development of marketing strategies	What are marketing strategies, types of strategies, their meaning for increased success in work.
13	Types of marketing strategies suitable for veterinary practice	Price strategies, promotional strategies, strategies for distribution, qualitative strategies.
14	How to research service market	Main rules and examples of small market researching.
15	Organization and control of marketing activities	How to make successful organization of marketing activities in veterinary practice. How to evaluate their affectivity.

Organization	Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)					
Teaching		Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the				
methods	students).					
	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature ar	d internet, pre	eparing seminar v	work		
	(assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the semina					
Specific	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted		aining points which	n are		
recommendations		J	5 1			
related with	l'					
teaching	Scoring of the student's activities:					
	Activity type	Po	oints			
		minimum	maximum			
	Attendance on theory classes	8	12			
	Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practical	ls 12	14			
	Written assay	10	14			
	Periodical evaluations (one)	1	30(x2)=60			
	Final exam		-			
	Total:	60	100			
Evaluation of knowledge	*Final exam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation) Final grade mark forming criteria:	า)				
	Final grade mark forming criteria:	-la -ma-a-ul-	٦			
		de mark	-			
		5 (F)	-			
		6 (E) 7 (D)	-			
		· · ·	-			
		3 (C)	-			
		0 (B) 0 (A)	-			
Pasia tasahina		_ \		<u>- піс</u>		
Basic teaching aids	1. Доц. д-р Благица Сековска: Маркетинг менаџмент на	а анимални про	ризводи, 2006, Ск	onje		
aius	2. Филип Котлер: Маркетинг на услуги	o Micury 2000	1			
	3. Shawn P. Messonier: Marketing Your Veterinary Practic	e, Misury, 2000	J			

Course	CONTEMPORARY FOOD SAFETY SYSTEMS	2 credit points
Code	FVM 025	
Студиска	Fifth (V)	
програма		
Semester	Ninth (IX)	

Total teaching	30					
lessons						
Course type	Elective					
Prerequisities						
Author of the	prof. Pavle Sekulovski, PhD					
course program						
Realized by	1 .	prof. Pavle Sekulovski, PhD				
	ass. prof. Dean Jank ass. Sloboden Chokr					
Purpose and		that students get advanced ki	nowledge about	Contempora	ary systems for food	
objectives of the		ourse they will learn with all n				
course program		AP, HACCP, TQM, LISA. The				
		y will be presented with practi				
		ACCP plans by themselves.				
Content overview		ry systems for food safety				
		acturing practice				
	Good hygien	•				
	Good agricul					
		ACCP system				
	Aims of HAC Soven HACC	,				
	Seven HACCGeneric HAC	•				
		ementation on farms				
		ementation in slaughterhouse	s			
		ementation in meat processing				
		ementation in milk processing	-			
		ementation in fish processing				
	Connection by	petween HACCP and TQM				
		TQM for retail and catering				
	HACCP and					
		icrobiology and HACCP				
		s, HACCP and microbiologica	I criteria in food	industry		
Organization	,	sson a week (15 lessons)				
Teaching	Seminars: 1 lesson a	ractive (lectures in large group	n with discussic	n and active	participation of the	
methods		ntations by the students.	p with discussion	ni and active	participation of the	
mourous		n on topics mentioned on th	e lectures or v	vritten in the	referent literature;	
	active participation	of the student (exposing	personal opin	nions, ideas,	discussion); oral	
		ching using by the student's cl				
2 10		ng with use of referent literatur				
Specific		ated for active participation in	all predicted a	ctivities for g	aining points which	
recommendations related with	are part of the final e	valuation.				
teaching	Scoring of the stude	ent's activities:				
_		Activity type	Po	ints]	
		• • •	Minimum	Maximum		
		Attendance on theory classe		15		
		Attendance on seminars	12	15		
		Written assay	6	10	-	
		Periodical evaluations (two)		30(x2)=60	 -	
	<u> </u>	Final exam		edicted*	-	
		Total: redicted, except if student did	60	the periodica] ol ovaluations	
	Final exam is not pi	edicted, except it student did	not pass one of	the periodica	ii evaluations.	
Evaluation of	Periodical evaluation	n (two): written				
knowledge	First periodical evaluation:					
	Second periodical ev					
	*Final exam: oral or	written (includes one periodica	al evaluation)			
	Einal arada mark fa	rmina critoria:				
	Final grade mark fo	rming criteria: Points	Grade n	nark		
		To 59	5 (F)			
	L	10 33	J (F	/		

		60-68	6 (E	Ξ)	
		69-76	7 (D	9)	
		77-84	8 (C	3)	
		85-92	9 (B	3)	
		93-100	10 (/	A)	
Basic teaching	1. Corlett, D. A. ((1998) HACCP Users Manu	al		
aids	2. Данев, М., Се	екуловски, П. (2003) Водич	і за НАССР сис ^т	тем	
	Forsythe, S. J	., Hayes, P.R. (1998) Food	Hygiene, Microb	iology and H	ACCP
	Morrtimore, S.	., Wallace, C. (1998) HACC	P A practical Ap	proach	
	5. Pearson, A.M	1., Dutson, T.R. (1999) H	IACCP in Meat	, Poultry and	d Fish Processing:
	Advances in N	Meat Research Series Vol.1	0		

Course	MANAGEMENT OF ANIMAL PRODUCTS SUPPLY CHAINS		2 credit poin	ts				
Code	FVM 026	•						
Year of study	Fifth (V)							
Semester	Ninth (IX)							
Total teaching	2+0							
lessons								
Course type	Elective							
Prerequisities								
Author of the	prof. Blagica Sekovska, PhD							
course program								
Realized by	prof. Blagica Sekovska, PhD							
Purpose and	Supply chains are actual topic in EU. One of the basic tasks of							
objectives of the	animal products through these chains starting with production its							
course program	of the product. Because of that, it is necessary to know all rule							
	chains. The aim of this course is to introduce in detail the future							
	their importance, meaning, economic aspects, organization rul							
	especially recommended for students who would work in dor	nain of vete	rinary inspec	tion and				
Content everview	veterinary administration.							
Content overview	Definition of animal products supply chains Types of onimal products supply chains							
	Types of animal products supply chains	-:						
	Measures for improvement of animal products supply ch Distribution of animal products.	ains						
	Distribution of animal products Times of distributions							
	Types of distribution Transport and logistics							
	Transport and logistics Planning of opinion logistics							
	Planning of animal products supply chains Making desiring about animal products supply chains.	inanaial daai	-i -					
	 Making decisions about animal products supply chains (for decisions, strategic decisions etc.) 	imanciai deci	sions, securit	y				
	Organization of animal products supply chains							
	Control of animal products supply chains Control of animal products supply chains							
Organization	Theory classes: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)							
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discuss	sion and activ	ve narticinatio	on of the				
methods	students) and presentations by the students.	sion and activ	ve participation	טוו טו נווכ				
mourous	Seminars: discussion on topics mentioned on the lectures or	written in tl	he referent li	terature:				
	active participation of the student (exposing personal op-							
	presentation of a teaching using by the student's choice.	,	•	,,				
	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and interne	t, preparing s	seminar work.	i				
Specific	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted	activities for	gaining poin	ts which				
recommendations	are part of the final evaluation.							
related with								
teaching	Scoring of the student's activities:			İ				
	Activity type		ints					
	Attantance de la	minimum	maximum					
	Attendance on theory classes	12	15					
	Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars	12	15					
	Written assay	6	10					
	Periodical evaluations (two)	15(x2)=30	30(x2)=60					
	Final exam	•	dicted*					
	Total:	60	100					
Frankratia C	* Final exam is not predicted, except if student did not pass one	of the period	iicai evaluatio	ns.				
Evaluation of	Periodical evaluation (two): written							
knowledge u	First periodical evaluation: Општо за каналите за набавка на а	нимални про	ризводи					

оценување	Second periodical evaluation: стратешки одлуки за каналите за набавка на анимални					
	производи					
	*Final exam: oral or	written (includes one periodic	al evaluation)			
	Final grade mark for	orming criteria:		_		
		Points	Grade mark			
	to 59 5 (F)					
		60-68	6 (E)			
		69-76	7 (D)			
		77-84	8 (C)			
		85-92	9 (B)			
		93-100	10 (A)			
Basic teaching	1. Y. Narahari	and S. Biswas: Supply Chair	n Management: Modeling and	d Decision Making,		
aids	Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore					
	2. Благица Се	ековска Маркетинг менаџме	нт на анимални производи	, Скопје 2008		

Course	MICROBIOLOGY OF FOOD	2 credit points	
Code	FVM 027		
Студиска	Fifth (V)		
програма			
Semester	Ninth (IX)		
Total teaching	15+15		
lessons			
Course type	Elective		
Prerequisities			
Автор на	prof. Pavle Sekulovski, PhD		
програми			
Realized by	prof. Pavle Sekulovski, PhD		
	ass. prof. Dean Jankuloski, PhD		
Purpose and	The aim of the course is that the students are gained with thor	ough theoretical and practical	
objectives of the	knowledge of food microbiology.	iology, the metabolism of the	
course program	The lectures include a review of the fundamentals of food microbin microorganisms, the mechanisms of their growth, reproduction a		
	which influence them.	and extinction and the factors	
	Students will be acquainted in details with the types of microorgan	nisms and their characteristics	
	and the hazards they pose to the human health.	morno ana mon onaraotorione	
	In the practical classes students will be introduced with the routing	e and advanced methods for	
	the detection of the microorganisms as well with the rapid and automatic methods in food		
	microbiology.		
Content overview	 Development and evolution of the food microbiology 		
	General principles of the growth and development of the microorganisms		
	Dynamic factors in the growth of the microorganisms Dynamics of the microorganisms outlingtion.		
	Dynamics of the microorganisms extinction		
	Interaction between the factors affecting the survival of the microorganisms Microorganisms that spell the food		
	Microorganisms that spoil the foodFood poisoning		
	Pathogenic bacteria in the food		
	Mycotoxigenic moulds		
	Viruses		
	Parasites in the food and in the water		
	Indicator microorganisms		
	Fermentation of the food		
	 Control of microbiological quality and the food safety 		
	Microbiological Criteria		
	Routine methods in the food microbiology		
	Quick methods and automation		
Overenization	Advanced methods in the food microbiology Theory elegand deposit of the food microbiology		
Organization	Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)		
Topohing	Practicals: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)	and active participation of the	
Teaching methods	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion students)	and active participation of the	
meulous	Practicals: laboratory practicals in microbiology of food; Active participation of the students in		
	laboratory work on microorganism isolation and identification.	and pation of the students in	
	aboratory work or interestigation isolation and identification.		

	Written assay: lear	ning with use of referent literature	and internet,	preparing sei	minar work	
Специфичнои	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which					
препораки за	are part of the final evaluation.					
настава	Scoring of the stu	dent's activities:			•	
		Activity type Points				
			minimum	maximum		
		Attendance on theory classes		15		
		Attendance on Practicals	12	15		
		Written assay	6	10		
		Periodical evaluations (two)	15(x2)=30	30(x2)=60		
		Final exam		dicted*		
		Total:	60	100		
		predicted, except if student did no	ot pass one of	the periodica	ıl evaluations.	
Evaluation of	Periodical evaluat	` '	1			
knowledge		luation: basis of microbiology of fo				
		al evaluation: advanced microbiology of food				
	*Final exam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation)					
	Final grade mark	forming criteria:				
		Points	Grade n	nark		
		to 59	5 (F)			
		60-68	6 (E)			
		69-76	7 (D)			
	77-84 8 (C)					
		85-92 9 (B)				
		93-100 10 (A)				
Basic teaching		1. Eley, A. R. (1996) Microbial Food Poisoning				
aids		Garbutt, J. (1997) Essentials of Food Microbiology				
	3. Doyle, M.P., Beuchat, L.R., Montville, T.J.(2007) Food Microbiology: Fundamentals and					
	Frontiers					

Course	TECHNOLOGIC PROCESSES ON A POULTRY FARM 2 credit points		
Code	FVM 028		
Year of study	Fifth (V)		
Semester	Ninth (IX)		
Total teaching	30		
lessons			
Course type	Elective		
Prerequisities			
Author of the	prof. Metodija Dodovski, PhD		
course program	ass. Aleksandar Dodovski, MSc		
Realized by	prof. Metodija Dodovski, PhD		
	ass. Aleksandar Dodovski, MSc		
Purpose and	Aim of the course is to give the students theoretical basis for the practical way of running a poultry		
objectives of the	farm and to familiarize with technological processes in all phases of production of different		
course program	economic categories.		
	Lectures include demonstration of basic technological processes starting from parent stock,		
	hatchery, day old chicks to commercial farms for rearing and exploitation of broilers and table egg		
	layers.		
	During the course clinical problems from everyday farm life will be solved in team work. The		
	student will have oral presentation of the teaching unit by his/her choice.		
Content overview	Technology of production of parent stocks,		
	Technology in incubation station.		
	Technology of breeding chicks and replacement pullets,		
	Technology of production of table egg layers,		
	Technology of production of broilers Documentation on poultry farm		
Organization	Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)		
Organization	Seminars: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)		
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the		
methods	students) and presentations by the students.		
metrious	Seminars: discussion on topics mentioned on the lectures or written in the referent literature;		
	Octimitates, discussion on topics mentioned on the rectures of whiten in the referent literature,		

	active participation of the student (exposing personal opinions, ideas, discussion); oral presentation of a teaching using by the student's choice. Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work.						
Specific	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which						
recommendations related with	are part of the final evaluation.						
teaching	Scoring	of the stud	ent's activities:			• .	,
			Activity type		minimum	ints	
		Attondance	e on theory classes		minimum 12	<i>maximum</i> 15	!
			e and activity (knowledge)	on practicals	12	15	
		Written as	<u> </u>	on practicals	6	10	1
			evaluations (two)		15(x2)=30	30(x2)=60	
		Final exan	, ,		not pre		1
		Total:	•		60	100	1
						100	1
			redicted, except if student dic	I not pass one	of the periodi	cal evaluatior	าร.
Evaluation of	II .		on (two): written				
knowledge u	II .	•	cal evaluation: Technology	of production	of parent s	tocks, techn	ology in
оценување		incubation st					
			odical evaluation: τ technologory for technology of production of table egg				
			or production of table egg on on poultry farm	layers, techi	lology of pro	oduction of	brollers,
		accamentan	on on poully rain.				
	*Final e	xam: oral or	written				
	Final gr	ade mark fo	orming criteria:				
			Points		mark		
			to 59	5 (
			60-68	6 (
	69-76 7 (D)						
		77-84 8 (C)					
	85-92 9 (B)						
	<u> </u>		93-100		(A)		
Basic teaching	Breeding manuals from different hybrid producers						
aids	2. Живинарство - проф. д-р Бориша Супиќ, проф. д-р Нико Милошевиќ, проф. д-р						
	Тимотеј Чобиќ, Универзитет во Нови Сад, 2000						

	тимотеј повик, этиверзитет во гови оад, 2000			
	·			
Course	AQUACULTURE 2 c	credit points		
Code	FVM 029			
Year of study	Fifth (V)			
Semester	Ninth (IX)			
Total teaching	30			
lessons				
Course type	Elective			
Prerequisities				
Author of the	prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD			
course program				
Realized by	prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD			
Purpose and	Theory classes of this course have aim to introduce the students w	vith meaning of aquaculture in		
objectives of the	our country and in the world, basis of ecology of the aquatic			
course program	aquaculture, breeding of commercially most important species of wormwater and coldwater fish,			
	With this course the future doctor of veterinary medicine would get knowledge about breeding of			
	most important species of wormwater and coldwater fish species, basic principles of health			
	protection of fish and breeding techniques for crustaceans and frogs, as well as ability for giving			
	advices for promotion of optimal aquacultural production and health of	f breeded animals.		
	Practicals in the course Aquaculture have aim to introduce the students with all fish species			
	breeded in Republic of Macedonia, basics of anatomy and physiolog			
	pond, quality and quantity of water for aquaculture, dimensioning of the pond, planning of fish			
objectives of the	our country and in the world, basis of ecology of the aquatic aquaculture, breeding of commercially most important species of whealth protection of fish in aquacultural production and breeding of cru With this course the future doctor of veterinary medicine would get most important species of wormwater and coldwater fish species protection of fish and breeding techniques for crustaceans and frogradvices for promotion of optimal aquacultural production and health of <i>Practicals</i> in the course Aquaculture have aim to introduce the spreeded in Republic of Macedonia, basics of anatomy and physiolog	ecosystems, main to formwater and coldway ustaceans and frogs. knowledge about breeds, basic principles of s, as well as ability for f breeded animals. students with all fish by of fish, choice of loc of the pond, planning		

No of	Teaching unit	Contents of teaching unit		
lessons	•			
1	DEFINITION AND MEANING OF AQUACULTURE	Historic development of aquaculture, production of fish, aquaculture in Republic of Macedonia.		
2	BASIS OF AQUATIC ECOSYSTEMS ECOLOGY	Water as bioenvironment, types of aquatic ecosystems, ecological factors of aquatic environment, distribution and content of bioenvironment in water, ecosystem metabolism, aquatic environment pollution and water quality		
3	BASIC TERMS IN AQUACULTURE	Breeding fish species, types of aquaculture, types of aquacultural breeding		
4 - 8	BREEDING OF WARMWATER FISH SPECIES	Breeding of common carp, grass carp (white amur), silver carp, tench, goldfish, wels catfish, eel, sturgeon, zander, tilapia		
9 - 12	BREEDING OF COLDWATER FISH SPECIES			
13	HEALTH CARE OF FISH IN AQUACULTURAL PRODUCTION	Most common diseases in breeded fish in R. of Macedonia, fish diseases control measures		
14	BREEDING OF CRUSTACEANS	Breeding of Eurepean crayfish		
15	BREEDING OF FROGS	Rana rudibunda, Rana esculenta, Rana dalmatina, Rana lessonae, Rana temporaria, Rana graeca		

PRACTICALS

PRACTICA	
No of	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit
lessons	
1	Fish species breeded in Republic of Macedonia
2	Basis of anatomy and physiology of fish
3	Choice for location of pond
4	Water quality for aquaculture
5	Water quantity for aquaculture
6	Dimensioning of pond
7	Planning of fish production
8	Nutrition of fish
9	Transport of fish and reproductive material
10-11	Visit of ground pond for breeding of carp
12-13	Visit of cage pond for breeding of carp/trout
14-15	Visit of trout pond

Organization	Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)		
	Seminars: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)		
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the		
methods	students) and presentations by the students.		
	Seminars: discussion on topics mentioned on the lectures or written in the referent literature;		
	active participation of the student (exposing personal opinions, ideas, discussion); oral		
	presentation of a teaching using by the student's choice.		
	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work.		

Specific recommendations related with teaching

The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which are part of the final evaluation.

Scoring of the student's activities:

Activity type	Points	
	minimum	maximum
Attendance on theory classes	12	15
Attendance on practicals	12	15
Written assay	6	10
First periodical evaluation	15	30
Second periodical evaluation	15	30
Total:	60	100

- * With gaining up to 60 points from attendance on theory classes and practicals, written assay and two periodical evaluations, student gets right to take grade mark without passing the complete final exam.
- * Complete final exam is required for the student who did not pass one of the two periodical evaluations during the semester, or if he/she did not gained minimal 60 points.

Evaluation of knowledge

Periodical evaluation (two): written

First periodical evaluation: Definition and meaning of aquaculture, basis of aquatic ecosystems ecology, basic terms in aquaculture, breeding of warmwater fish species, fish species breeded in Republic of Macedonia, basis of anatomy and physiology of fish, choice for location of pond, water quality and quantity for aquaculture

Second periodical evaluation: Breeding of coldwater fish species, health care of fish in aquacultural production, breeding of crustaceans, breeding of frogs, dimensioning of pond, planning of fish production, nutrition of fish, transport of fish and reproductive material.

Complete final exam: Oral or written and it contents practical test and final exam. Practical test is graded descriptively (passed/not passed), and the final exam with grade mark from 5 to 10. Point equivalents to the final exam's grade marks are:

Grade mark	Points
5	to 59
6	60-68
7	69-76
8	77-84
9	85-92
10	93-100

Final grade mark forming criteria:

Points	Grade mark
to 59	5 (F)
60-68	6 (E)
69-76	7 (D)
77-84	8 (C)
85-92	9 (B)
93-100	10 (A)

Basic teaching aids

- 1. Христовски М., Стојановски С.: **Биологија, одгледување и болести на рибите**. Национален форум за заштита на животните на Македонија, Скопје, 2005.
- 2. Христовски М., Кожухаров С.: **Маркетинг менаџмент во аквакултурата**. Национален форум за заштита на животните на Македонија ,Скопје, 2004.
- 3. Марковиќ 3. и Митровиќ-Тутунџиќ В.: **Гајење риба.** Задужбина Андрејевиќ Београд, Београд, 2003.
- 4. Богут И., Хорватх Л., Адамек 3 и Катавиќ И.: **Рибогојство**. Полјопривредни факултет у Осијеку, Осијек, 2006.
- Pillay T.V.R.: Aquaculture: Principles and Practices. Fishing News Books, Osney Mead, Oxford OX2 0EL, England, 1993.
- Stickney R.R.: Encyclopedia of aquaculture. John Wiley & Sons, Inc. New York, USA, 2000.

Course	CLINICAL PHARMACOLOGY	3 credit p	ointe		
Code	FVM 030	3 Credit p	Joints		
Year of study	Fifth (V)				
Semester	Ninth (IX)				
	45				
Total teaching	45				
lessons	Floring				
Course type	Elective				
Prerequisities					
Author of the	prof. Romel Velev, PhD				
course program	4 5				
Realized by	prof. Romel Velev, PhD				
Purpose and	The aim of the course is to give students a theoretical basis for				
objectives of the	Lectures include review of the fundamentals of pharmacokinet				
course program	of action of the drug receptor, interaction among drugs, and				
	commonly used in veterinary clinical practice. In this way st				
	performance of different groups of veterinary drugs. During the course will be resolved clinical				
	problems exposed in the form of examples from everyday vet		tice. Also the student		
	will have an oral presentation to the chapter he or she chooses.				
Content overview	Lectures from the basic pharmacology				
	 The pharmacokinetic and dosing of drugs 				
	 The pharmacokinetic basis of species variations in drug 				
	 The concept of bioavailability and application to vetering 	ary dosage fo	orms		
	 Interpretation of changes in drug disposition and intersp 	ecies scaling			
	 Some aspects of dosage, clinical selectivity and stereois 	somerism			
	 Drug permeation through the skin and topical preparation 	ons			
	Antimicrobial disposition, selection, administration and of the selection and the selection and the selection and the selection are selection.				
	The bioavailability and disposition of antimicrobial agent		l animals		
	Legal requirements for clinical examination of new veter				
	Drug residues and the determining of the withdrawal pe		3		
	Lectures based on cases from clinical practice	nou for druge			
	Drugs acting on the digestive system and metabolism				
	 Fluid and electrolyte therapy Drugs acting on the heart and circulation 				
	 Drugs acting on the heart and circulation Antibiotics and chemotherapeutics 				
	•				
	Anti-inflammatory drugs				
	Hypnotics, sedatives and anesthetics Antibelin inthing and antiperception of the second section of the section o				
	Antihelminthics and ectoparasiticides				
	Hormones affecting reproduction				
	Dermatological drugs				
	Ophthalmic drugs				
	Analgesics				
Organization	Theory classes: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)				
	Seminars: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)				
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discuss	sion and activ	ve participation of the		
methods	students) and presentations by the students.				
	Seminars: discussion on topics mentioned on the lectures or written in the referent literature;				
	active participation of the student (exposing personal or	oinions, idea	is, discussion); oral		
	presentation of a teaching using by the student's choice.				
0 10	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and interne				
Specific	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which				
recommendations	are part of the final evaluation.				
related with	Scoring of the student's activities:				
teaching	Activity type Points				
		minimum	maximum		
	Attendance on theory classes 12 15				
	Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars 12 15				
	Written assay 6 10				
	Periodical evaluations (two) 15(x2)=30 30(x2)=60				
	Final exam not predicted*				
	Total: 60 100				
	* Final exam is not predicted, except if student did not pass one	of the period	lical evaluations.		
Evaluation of	Periodical evaluation (two): written				

knowledge и оценување		First periodical evaluation: basic pharmacology Second periodical evaluation: cases from the clinical practice							
	*Final exam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation)								
	Final grade mark fo	Final grade mark forming criteria:							
		Points Grade mark							
		to 59	5 (F)						
		60-68	6 (E)						
		69-76	7 (D)						
		77-84	8 (C)						
		85-92 9 (B)							
		93-100 10 (Á)							
Basic teaching	1. Baggot, D. J.: <i>T</i>	1. Baggot, D. J.: The Physiological Basis of Veterinary Clinical Pharmacology. Blackwell							
aids	Science Ltd, 2001.								
	2. Plavšić F., Stavi Zagreb 1992.	ljenić A., Vrhovac B.: Osno	ove kliničke farmakokinet	ike. Školska knjiga,					

Course	FOOD CHEMISTRY 3 credit points
Code	FVM 031
Year of study	Fifth (V)
Semester	Ninth (IX)
Total teaching	45 (30 + 15)
lessons	
Course type	Elective
Prerequisities	
Author of the	prof. Zehra Hajrulai-Musliu, PhD
course program	
Realized by	prof. Zehra Hajrulai-Musliu, PhD
Purpose and	Theory classes:
objectives of the	Purpose of the matter, as one of the biggest parts of Food Science, aims to familiarize students with
course program	the role and significance the composition and properties of nutritional components, chemical changes that affect during storage and preparation process; introduction to nutritional value, quality and safety of foods are so understanding that the quality and safety of food depends on the chemical and physical processes. Brief program. Introduction to the chemistry of food. Carbohydrates: the most important oligosaccharides and polysaccharides in foods. Proteins characteristic representatives, nutritional value, preparation of hydrolysis, Maillard-this reaction. Lipids: Saturated and unsaturated fatty acids, essential fatty acids, presence in food oxidation of fatty acids, cholesterol. Vitamins: structure, presence in food, role, features, stability. Other nutritional and biotechnological substrates: terpenoids, steroids, carotenoids, lignans, anthocyanins, glycosides, alkaloids. Functional components of foods: flavonoids, polyphenols and other natural antioxidants. Creation and protection from free radicals. Ions in foods: representation, transport, physiological effects, importance in technological processes. Water: structure, properties, interactions in food. Food additives: sweeteners, preservatives, colour, flavour, antioxidants, emulsifiers. Enzymes in the transformation of the components of food: proteases, lipase, glycosidase, polyphenols - oxidises. Chemistry of basic groceries. Practicals: Determination of nutrients, food, definition and study. Basic ingredients of the food, biochemical processes, macronutrients (energy, construction), micronutrients (protective). Determination of residues and contaminants (pesticides, heavy metals). Quality and safety of drinking water and its importance to health.

No of					
lessons					
1.	Introduction in Food	Importance of the food chemistry in educating veterinarians. Rules for food			
	Chemistry	safety. Legal regulations for quality and food safety.			
2.	Energy value of food	Energy needs of different groups. Definition and classification of nutrients			
		depending on their role in the body. Energy value of nutrients. Determination of			
		energy value of nutrients in food products and ready-made food. Principles of			
		rational food: total energy needs of the individual, specific needs and behaviour			

		of nutrients in food.
3.	Nutritients	Carbohydrates. Monosaccharide's: pentose and hexose, amines and deoxy sugars. Oligosaccharides: maltose, lactose, sucrose, celobyose, raphynose. Polysaccharides: starch, cellulose, hemicelluloses, dextrin's, insulin. Nitrogen polysaccharides. Structure and properties. Assimilated and non assimilated Carbohydrates. Change the carbohydrates in certain products during their processing. Needs of the body from carbohydrates depending on age and intensity of physical work. Utilisation of carbohydrates and their importance to health. Significance of fibber in the body. Glycemic and insulin index of foods.
4.	Nutritients	Lipids. General properties of saturated and unsaturated fatty acids. Essential fatty acids. Glycerines': composition, physical and chemical properties, isomers, polymorphism. Cerids. Zoosterol and phytosterols. Phospholipids. Structure and properties of fats in food. Composition and properties of fatty substances in food. Energy value of fat depending on the chain and the various isomer forms of fatty acids. Needs of the body of fat depending on age and intensity of physical work. Rancidity of fats and oils: Biological and Chemical rancidity
5.	Nutritients	Proteins. General properties: solubility, amphoterism, sedimentation, coagulation and denaturation of proteins. Classification of proteins according to nutritional value. Physiological role of proteins. Need for protein according to age and condition of the body. Occurrence of intolerance of protein in the diet.
6.	Micro and macro elements in food products	Classification and function. Macro elements. Microelements. Daily needs.
7.	Vitamins	Classification. Liposolubility. Hydrosolubility vitamins. Presence in food products. Changes in the processing of food products. Ratio between the ratio of vitamins and vitamins with other nutrients. Toxicity
8.	Chemical contamination on food	Polycyclic aromatic carbohydrates. Polychlorinated biphenyls. Residues of pesticides and toxic elements (Cd, As, Pb, Zn, Cu, Cr, Hg, Sn, etc.) in food. Permitted quantities in food products and drinking water. Nitrate-nitrite-nitozamins. Residual amounts of antibiotics and hormones in food.
9.	Additives in food products	Health risks of using additives. Antioxidants and synergists. Means of preservation. Colours for colouring of food products. Spices. Artificial sweetening. Artificial and natural flavours. Emulsifiers. Means of swelling.
10.	Dietary foods	Dietary products intended for feeding children, diabetics, the elderly and people with weight problems. Composition and evaluation of nutritional value. Health safety of dietary products.
11.	Biotechnology of food	Functional foods. Organic food. Genetically modified organisms (GMO) in food production
12.	Water for drinking	Composition and quality. Hygienic control and safety of drinking water
13.	Interaction of food ingredients and drugs	Interaction of food ingredients and drugs
14.	Object of general use	Health security and safety

PRACTICALS

No of lessons	Teaching unit and contents of teaching unit
1.	Determination of total protein in food products by Kjeldahl
2.	Identification and determination of amino acids with amino-analyser
3.	Determination of fat in food products by Sochlet
4.	Identificaon and determination of fatty acids by gas chromatography
5.	Determination of mono and oligosaccharides with Felling test
6.	Polari metric determination of sucrose
7.	Determination of vitamin C
8.	determination of organochlorine pesticides
9.	Preparation of food samples for determination of residues of metals and metalloids by the method of "dry burning"
10.	Additives. Proof of artificial colors
11.	Proof of preservatives (nitrates, nitrites, sulphites, boric acid, formaldehyde, sorbic acid and benzoate).

12.	Proof of antioxidants, artificial sweeteners
13.	Drinking water. Determination of pHs Determination of residual chlorine. Determination of chloride. Determination of reduction power of water. Determination of nitrogen compounds in water - ammonia, nitrite, and nitrate. Determination of alkalinity and hardness of water. Consumption of potassium permanganate.
14.	Analysis of the composition of dietary products aimed at assessing the energy and biological value. Items for general use

lor gene	iai use							
Organization	Theory	olaccae: 2 la	esons a wook (20 lossons)					
Organization		Theory classes: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons) Practicals: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)						
Teaching		Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the						
methods	students) and presentations by the students.							
memous	Seminars: discussion on topics mentioned on the lectures or written in the referent literature;							
	active participation of the student (exposing personal opinions, ideas, discussion); oral							
			student (exposing aching using by the student's		iiiioiis, idea	s, discussioi	i), Olai	
			ing with use of referent literation		t nrenaring s	eminar work		
Specific	The stu	dent is oblig	ated for active participation in	n all predicted	activities for	gaining noint	e which	
recommendations		of the final e		ii ali picalcica	activities for	gaining point	.5 WITICIT	
related with	are part	or the infaire	valuation.					
teaching	Scoring	of the stud	lent's activities:					
acuta mag		, 01 1110 00111			Po	ints		
			Activity type		minimum	maximum		
		Attendanc	e on theory classes		12	15		
			e and activity (knowledge)	on practicals	12	15		
		Written as			6	10		
			evaluations (two)		15(x2)=30			
		Final exam	` ,			dicted*		
		Total:			60	100		
	* Beside	es attendand	ce on theory classes and pra	acticals addition	nal condition	for course to	eacher's	
			of the semester, is passing of					
			ined per evaluation.	•		J		
	* Final 6	exam is not	predicted. Student who did n	ot pass one of	the periodic	al evaluations	s during	
	the sem	ester goes to	o one of the periodical evalua	tion during the	exam sessio	ns.	_	
Evaluation of	Periodi	cal evaluation	on (two): written					
knowledge		First periodic	cal evaluation: - general part					
			odical evaluation: - special pa	art				
		cam: not pre						
			m: not predicted					
	Final gr	rade mark f	orming criteria:			_		
		-	Points	Grade				
		-	to 59	5 (
		-	60-68	6 (
		_	69-76	7 (D)			
		_	77-84	8 (C)			
		85-92 9 (B)						
			93-100	10 ((A)			
Basic teaching	1.	Храна, С. Т	ојагиќ, М. Мирилов, 1998;					
aids			вотних намирница, Ј. Трајк					
			sis Theory and practice Thir	d edition Yesha	ajahu Pomera	anz Clifton E.	Meloan	
			London 1994	_	_			
	4. Applications in Medicinal Nutrition Therapy, Frances J. Zeman, Denise M. Ney, 1996.							

_						_		
Course	RECONS SYSTEM		SURGERY OF THE INTEN	GUMENTARY	1 credit pe	oint		
Code	FVM 032	2						
Year of study	Fifth (V)							
Semester	Tenth (X	()						
Total teaching	15							
lessons								
Course type	Elective							
Prerequisities								
Author of the	prof. Plai	men Trojach	anec, PhD					
course program								
Realized by	prof. Plai	men Trojach	anec, PhD					
		nija Ilievska,						
Purpose and			se is to give the students a for		eory for impl	ementation o	of specific	
objectives of the			f skin disease in daily practic					
course program			se is to enable the students					
			. Students will have the opp	ortunity to car	ry out indivi	dual examina	ation and	
			ected clinical problems.					
Content overview			plastic and reconstructive su					
			nagement of specific skin dise	eases				
			stal limb (digits and footpad)					
Organization			cal work: 1 lesson a week (15					
Teaching			ming of surgical procedures					
methods		, ,	ing referent literature and	internet in ord	er to encou	irage the sti	udent for	
Om a sifi s		dent work an						
Specific			ated for active participation in	n all predicted	activities for	gaining poil	nts which	
recommendations related with	are part	of the final e	valuation.					
teaching	Scoring	of the stude	ent's activities:					
teaching	ocorning	or the study			Po	ints	1	
			Activity type		minimum	maximum		
		Attendanc	e and activity (knowledge)	on seminars	8	15		
		Written as		on seminars	52	85	1	
		Final exam	<u> </u>			edicted*	1	
		Total:	•		60	100	-	
		Total.			- 00	100	J	
Evaluation of	Final gra	ade mark fo	rming criteria:					
knowledge u	i mai giv		Points	Grade	mark			
оценување			to 59	5 (I		1		
, ,			60-68	6 (I		1		
			69-76	7 (I		1		
			77-84			†		
		77-84 8 (C) 85-92 9 (B)						
			93-100	10 (+		
Basic teaching	1 9	Slatter Dougl	las, Textbook of small anima			Sounders:		
aids			resa W., <i>Small animal surger</i>	· ·		Couridors,		
					,			
	9 ,							
	4. F	Binninaton A	.G Decision making ina sma	all animal soft t	issue suraer	v 1988.		
			.G., <i>Decision making ina sma</i> aim S. F. Henderson R. A. S				Villiams &	

Course	SELECTED SURGICAL PROCEDURES IN OPHTHALMOLOGY	1 credit point
Code	FVM 033	
Year of study	Fifth (V)	
Semester	Tenth (X)	
Total teaching	15	
lessons		
Course type	Elective	
Prerequisities		
Author of the	prof. Plamen Trojachanec, PhD	
course program		
Realized by	prof. Plamen Trojachanec, PhD	
	ass. Ksenija Ilievska, MSc	
		0.4.4

Purpose and	The aim of the course is to give theoretical basis to	for practica	al application	of specific surgica			
objectives of the	procedures in ophthalmology.						
course program	The aim of the course is to enable the students to exp						
	anatomy, pathology and physiology, general surgery and the fundamentals of veterinary						
	ophthalmology in order to provide correct diagnosis and treatment of ophthalmic diseases.						
	Students will have the opportunity for carrying out individual examination and practical work on						
	selected clinical problems.						
Content overview	Specific surgical techniques of the eyelids						
	2. Specific surgical techniques of third eyelid						
	Surgical treatment for cataract						
0	4. Specific surgical techniques of the eye globe	>					
Organization	Seminars and practical work: 1 lesson a week (15 less		-11 C - 1 1				
Teaching methods	Independently performing of surgical procedures und						
metnoas	the written assay by using referent literature and int independent work and research.	ernet in or	der to encour	age the student fol			
Specific	The student is obligated for active participation in all	prodicted	notivition for a	aining painta which			
recommendations	are part of the final evaluation.	predicted a	activities for g	alling points which			
related with	are part of the final evaluation.						
teaching	Scoring of the student's activities:						
todoning			Po	oints			
	Activity type		minimum	maximum			
	Attendance and activity (knowledge) on sem	inars	8	15			
	Attendance and activity (knowledge) on sem Written assay	inars	8 52	15 85			
		inars	52				
	Written assay	inars	52	85			
	Written assay Final exam	inars	52 not pro	85 edicted*			
	Written assay Final exam Total: Final grade mark forming criteria:	inars	52 not pro 60	85 edicted* 100			
Evaluation of	Written assay Final exam Total: Final grade mark forming criteria: Points	inars	52 not pro 60 Grade mar	85 edicted* 100			
knowledge u	Written assay Final exam Total: Final grade mark forming criteria: Points to 59	inars	52 not pro 60 Grade mar 5 (F)	85 edicted* 100			
	Written assay Final exam Total: Final grade mark forming criteria: Points to 59 60-68	inars	52 not pro 60 Grade mar 5 (F) 6 (E)	85 edicted* 100			
knowledge u	Written assay Final exam Total: Final grade mark forming criteria: Points to 59 60-68 69-76	inars	52 not pro 60 Grade mar 5 (F) 6 (E) 7 (D)	85 edicted* 100			
knowledge u	Written assay Final exam Total: Final grade mark forming criteria: Points to 59 60-68 69-76 77-84	inars	52 not pro 60 Grade mar 5 (F) 6 (E) 7 (D) 8 (C)	85 edicted* 100			
knowledge u	Written assay Final exam Total: Final grade mark forming criteria: Points to 59 60-68 69-76 77-84 85-92	inars	52 not pro 60 Grade mar 5 (F) 6 (E) 7 (D) 8 (C) 9 (B)	85 edicted* 100			
knowledge и оценување	Written assay Final exam Total: Final grade mark forming criteria: Points to 59 60-68 69-76 77-84 85-92 93-100		52 not pro 60 Grade mar 5 (F) 6 (E) 7 (D) 8 (C) 9 (B) 10 (A)	85 edicted* 100			
knowledge и оценување Basic teaching	Written assay Final exam Total: Final grade mark forming criteria: Points to 59 60-68 69-76 77-84 85-92 93-100 1. Матичиќ З., Цапак Д. Oftalmologija domaci		52 not pro 60 Grade mar 5 (F) 6 (E) 7 (D) 8 (C) 9 (B) 10 (A)	85 edicted* 100			
knowledge и оценување	Written assay Final exam Total: Final grade mark forming criteria: Points to 59 60-68 69-76 77-84 85-92 93-100 1. Матичиќ З., Цапак Д. Oftalmologija domaci	ih zivotinja	52 not pro 60 Grade mar 5 (F) 6 (E) 7 (D) 8 (C) 9 (В) 10 (А)	85 edicted* 100 rk			
knowledge и оценување Ваsic teaching	Written assay Final exam Total: Final grade mark forming criteria: Points to 59 60-68 69-76 77-84 85-92 93-100 1. Матичиќ З., Цапак Д. Oftalmologija domaci Загреб 2. Коичев К., Хубенов Х. Ветеринарско ме	ih zivotinja	52 not pro 60 Grade mar 5 (F) 6 (E) 7 (D) 8 (C) 9 (В) 10 (А)	85 edicted* 100 rk			
knowledge и оценување Basic teaching	Written assay Final exam Total: Final grade mark forming criteria: Points to 59 60-68 69-76 77-84 85-92 93-100 1. Матичиќ З., Цапак Д. Oftalmologija domack Загреб 2. Коичев К., Хубенов Х. Ветеринарско ме Тракииски универзитет	ih zivotinja едицинска	52 not pro 60 Grade man 5 (F) 6 (E) 7 (D) 8 (C) 9 (B) 10 (A) 1, 1999, Ветер	85 edicted* 100			
knowledge и оценување Basic teaching	Written assay Final exam Total: Final grade mark forming criteria: Points to 59 60-68 69-76 77-84 85-92 93-100 1. Матичиќ З., Цапак Д. Oftalmologija domaci Загреб 2. Коичев К., Хубенов Х. Ветеринарско ме Тракииски универзитет 3. Simon M., Petersen-Jones., Sheila M. Crispii 1997, BSAVA	ih zivotinja едицинска n. Manual	52 not pro 60 Grade mar 5 (F) 6 (E) 7 (D) 8 (C) 9 (B) 10 (A) 9, 1999, Ветер	85 edicted* 100 жк ринарски факултет огија, 1998, НИС mal ophtalmology			
knowledge и оценување Ваsic teaching	Written assay Final exam Total: Final grade mark forming criteria: Points to 59 60-68 69-76 77-84 85-92 93-100 1. Матичиќ З., Цапак Д. Oftalmologija domaci Загреб 2. Коичев К., Хубенов Х. Ветеринарско ме Тракииски универзитет 3. Simon M., Petersen-Jones., Sheila M. Crispi 1997, BSAVA 4. Kirk N. Gelatt, Essentials of veterinary ophic	ih zivotinja едицинска n. Manual talmology,	52 not pro 60 Grade mar 5 (F) 6 (E) 7 (D) 8 (C) 9 (B) 10 (A) 1, 1999, Ветер офталмолю of small aniii 2005, Blackw	85 edicted* 100 гк ринарски факултет огија, 1998, НИС mal ophtalmology rell Publishing			
knowledge и оценување Basic teaching	Written assay Final exam Total: Final grade mark forming criteria: Points to 59 60-68 69-76 77-84 85-92 93-100 1. Матичиќ З., Цапак Д. Oftalmologija domaci Загреб 2. Коичев К., Хубенов Х. Ветеринарско ме Тракииски универзитет 3. Simon M., Petersen-Jones., Sheila M. Crispii 1997, BSAVA	ih zivotinja едицинска n. Manual talmology,	52 not pro 60 Grade mar 5 (F) 6 (E) 7 (D) 8 (C) 9 (B) 10 (A) 1999, Ветер	85 edicted* 100 гк ринарски факултет огија, 1998, НИС mal ophtalmology rell Publishing			

Course	SELECTED TECHNIQUES FOR SURGICAL FRACTURE REDUCTION 1 credit point
Code	FVM 034
Year of study	Fifth (V)
Semester	Tenth (X)
Total teaching	15
lessons	
Course type	Elective
Prerequisities	
Author of the	prof. Plamen Trojachanec, PhD
course program	
Realized by	prof. Plamen Trojachanec, PhD
	ass. Ksenija Ilievska, MSc
Purpose and	The aim of the course is to enable the students to expand and apply their previously acquired
objectives of the	knowledge of anatomy, general surgery and orthopedics. Students will have the opportunity to
course program	gain appropriate knowledge necessary for proper diagnosis and treatment of injuries at the
	locomotion system and practical work in selected clinical problems.
Content overview	Techniques of surgical fracture reduction of certain bones
Organization	Seminars and practical work: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)

Teaching	Independ	ently perfor	ming of surgical procedures i	inder the guali	fied cupervis	ion and pron	aring the
methods	Independently performing of surgical procedures under the qualified supervision and preparing the						
memous	written assay by using referent literature and internet in order to encourage the student for independent work and research.						
Specific			ated for active participation in	all predicted	activities for	asinina noi	nts which
recommendations		of the final ev		i ali predicted	activities for	gaining poil	ito willon
related with	are part o	i tile iiilai e	valuation.				
teaching	Scoring	of the stude	ent's activities:				
					Po	ints	1
			Activity type		minimum	maximum	
		Attendanc	e and activity (knowledge)	on seminars	8	15	
		Written as			52	85	
		Final exam	1		not pre	dicted*	
		Total:			60	100	
Evaluation of	Final gra	de mark fo	rming criteria:				
knowledge u			Points	=	e mark		
оценување			to 59		(F)		
			60-68		(E)		
			69-76		(D)		
			77-84		(C)		
			85-92		(B)		
			93-100		(A)		
Basic teaching			as, Textbook of small animal			Sounders;	
aids			resa W., Small animal surgery			.	
			, Flo G., DeCamp C. Smal	ii animai ortno	opeaics and	tracture rep	oair 2006
		aunders;	all animal aurgary 1006 Willia	ma 9 Milkina:			
			all animal surgery 1996 Willia ph M, <i>Current techmique</i> s		mal surgary	2 nd aditio	n 1083
		ea&Febiger		ııı sınan allı	mai surgery	Z Hu Eulli	JII, 1803
		lewton C.		Textbook	of small	animal ort	hopedics
			.upenn.edu/saortho/index/htm		o. oman	aa. or	

Course	ADVANCED REPRODUCTIVE ENDOCRINOLOGY	2 credit points		
Code	FVM035	•		
Year of study	Fifth (V)			
Semester	Tenth (X)			
Total teaching	30			
lessons				
Course type	Elective			
Prerequisities				
Author of the	prof. Toni Dovenski, PhD			
course program				
Realized by	prof. Toni Dovenski, PhD			
	ass. Branko Atanasov, MSc			
Purpose and	The aim of the course is to obtain fundamenals for possibilities			
objectives of the	reproductive endocrinology. The PhD students would upgrade their pro			
course program	course Reproduction. They would be able for individual work in realizat			
	for estrus synchronization and ovulation, partus synchronization, induction of lactation,			
• • •	superovulation treatments etc.			
Content overview	Estrus and ovulation synchronization methods			
	Partus synchronization methods			
	Superovulation provocation methods			
Organization	Seminars and practical work: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)			
T ! '	Independently performing treatments under expert supervision and pre			
Teaching	using professional literature and internet, in order to encouraging the	e student for independent		
methods	work and research	an fan maininn mainta. 13:1		
Consistin	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities	es for gaining points which		
Specific	are part of the final evaluation.			
recommendations related with				
teaching				

	Scoring	of the stud	ent's activities:				
	Jooning	or the otau			Po	ints	
		Activity type			minimum	maximum	
		Attendanc	e and activity (knowledge)	on seminars	8	15	
		Written as	say		52	85	
		Final exam	1		not pre	edicted*	
		Total:			60	100	
Evaluation of	Final gr	ade mark fo	rming criteria:				
knowledge u			Points	Grade	mark		
оценување			to 59	5 (F)		
			60-68	6 (
			69-76	7 (
			77-84	8 (
			85-92	9 (
			93-100	10	` /		
Basic teaching			, К'нчев Љ.: Ендокринологи				
aids			н Институт-Ветеринарен ф	•	•		
			Production of Cattle Embry 0851996663, 978085199666		Published	by CABI Pu	ıblishing,
			T. Dovenski, P. Trojačano	,	ski, G. Mick	ovski V. Pe	tkov, S.
		Veselinović, V. Ivkov, N. Ivančev, R. Ičkov, Lj. Mickov: Uvodjenje novih biotehničkih metoda u reprodukciji domaćih životinja - embriotransfer, in-vitro oplodnja i MOET					
			Savetovanje iz kliničke pat		oije životinja	"Clinica vet	terinaria"
		Zbornik radova, 5-11, Budva, S.R. Jugoslavija, 2000.					
			Mickovski G., Dovenski T., I				
			ja razmnožavanja ovaca i k				
		terapije živo 2000.	tinja "Clinica veterinaria" Zb	ornik radova,	12-20, Bud	va, S.R. Jug	joslavija,
	6.	Интернет ст	раници по препорака				

Course	CLINICAL NUTRITION OF DOGS AND CATS 2	credit points
Code	FVM 036	
Year of study	Fifth (V)	
Semester	Tenth (X)	
Total teaching	15+15	
lessons		
Course type	Elective	
Prerequisities		
Author of the	ass. prof. Goran Nikolovski, PhD	
course program		
Realized by	ass. prof. Goran Nikolovski, PhD	
Purpose and	Definition of the course: In the last few years basic principles of clin	
objectives of the	has been developed. With current information about clinical nutrition	
course program	for learning of different nutritional needs and the mental framework	
	metabolism and specific nutritional elements. Disciplines and scientif	
	on the basic methods of nutrition in dogs and cats began to apply	recently, and are used from
	clinical aspect of the nutrition.	
	Position of the course in veterinary education: given the ad-	
	relationship of clinical nutrition and metabolic needs of the sick dogs	
	this subject is obvious after overcoming some subjects connected	
	animals. Certainly the topics that are taught will help students to	
	nutrition regarding the pathological conditions that are present in the of application and duration of the special type of diet.	e affected animal, the method
		this subject complement the
	Relations of the course with the curriculum: topics of study in knowledge obtained by studying clinical subjects. Therefore, it is	
	studied after overcoming internal diseases, parasitology and in	
	recommended that this course should be heard after solving or	
	The materials of this course are divided into two parts: the first part of	
	basic principles of clinical nutrition - to be overcome in the lectures;	
	practical part of clinical nutrition - to be overcome during the practical	
	students themselves, through enhanced activity	ale that will be required for the
	- Country and the street of th	0.47

Content overview	Lectures : during the lectures, basic principles of clinical nutrition are going to be explained:					
	Imbalanced nutrition: importance of the balanced nutrition.		•	.		
	Nutrition of hospitalized dogs and cats 2 lessons					
	Nutrition at intensive care 2 lessons					
	 Techniques for intestinal nutrition support 2 lessons 					
	 Nutrition in oncology diseases 1 lesson 					
	Dealing with the foods 2 lessons					
	Overweight 2 lessons					
	Practicals: in this part students will actively participate in preparing themes related to preparation					
	of clinical nutrition, in regard to:					
	 Nutrition of dogs and cats with digestive disorders 4 less 	sons				
	 Nutrition in liver diseases 1 lesson 					
	 Nutrition of dogs and cats with renal failures 4 lessons 					
	 Nutrition of dogs and cats with lower urinary tract disord 	ers 2 lesson	S			
	 Nutrition at cardiovascular disorders 2 lessons 					
	Nutrition in skin disorders 2 lessons					
Organization	Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (total 15 lessons)					
Topolina	Practicals: 1 lesson a week (total 15 lessons)	-:				
Teaching methods	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discuss	sion and acti	ve participati	on of the		
methods	students, using video materials) Practicals: within practicals students are active participants in p	roporing of t	onica rolatos	l with the		
	practicals. Within practicals students are active participants in practical application of clinical nutrition, active participation and					
	nutrition in certain clinical cases.	preparation c	n recomment	dation for		
Specific		activities for	gaining poir	nts which		
-	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which					
recommendations	are part of the final evaluation.					
recommendations related with	are part of the final evaluation.					
	scoring of the student's activities:			_		
related with	Scoring of the student's activities:		ints]		
related with	Scoring of the student's activities: Activity type	minimum	maximum			
related with	Scoring of the student's activities: Activity type Attendance on theory classes	<i>minimum</i> 10	maximum 15			
related with	Scoring of the student's activities: Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars	minimum 10 6	15 10			
related with	Scoring of the student's activities: Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Practicals	10 6 10	15 10 15			
related with	Scoring of the student's activities: Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Practicals Final exam	### minimum 10 6 10 pred	15 10 15 15 icted			
related with	Scoring of the student's activities: Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Practicals	10 6 10	15 10 15			
related with	Scoring of the student's activities: Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Practicals Final exam Total:	minimum 10 6 10 pred 60	15 10 15 icted 100	predicted		
related with	Scoring of the student's activities: Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Practicals Final exam Total: * Final exam is predicted. Criterion for passing the final exam is	minimum 10 6 10 pred 60	15 10 15 icted 100	predicted		
related with	Scoring of the student's activities: Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Practicals Final exam Total:	minimum 10 6 10 pred 60 gaining of 50	15 10 15 icted 100	predicted		
related with teaching	Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Practicals Final exam Total: * Final exam is predicted. Criterion for passing the final exam is with theory classes, seminars and practicals. *Final exam: student is required to pass the final exam orally or	minimum 10 6 10 pred 60 gaining of 50	15 10 15 icted 100	predicted		
related with teaching Evaluation of	Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Practicals Final exam Total: * Final exam is predicted. Criterion for passing the final exam is with theory classes, seminars and practicals. *Final exam: student is required to pass the final exam orally or Final grade mark forming criteria:	minimum 10 6 10 pred 60 gaining of 50 written.	15 10 15 icted 100	predicted		
related with teaching Evaluation of knowledge u	Scoring of the student's activities: Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Practicals Final exam Total: * Final exam is predicted. Criterion for passing the final exam is with theory classes, seminars and practicals. *Final exam: student is required to pass the final exam orally or Final grade mark forming criteria: Points Grade	minimum 10 6 10 pred 60 gaining of 50 written.	15 10 15 icted 100	predicted		
related with teaching Evaluation of knowledge u	Scoring of the student's activities: Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Practicals Final exam Total: * Final exam is predicted. Criterion for passing the final exam is with theory classes, seminars and practicals. *Final exam: student is required to pass the final exam orally or Final grade mark forming criteria: Points Grade to 59 5 (minimum 10 6 10 pred 60 gaining of 50 written.	15 10 15 icted 100	predicted		
related with teaching Evaluation of knowledge u	Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Practicals Final exam Total: * Final exam is predicted. Criterion for passing the final exam is with theory classes, seminars and practicals. *Final exam: student is required to pass the final exam orally or Final grade mark forming criteria: Points Grade	minimum 10 6 10 pred 60 gaining of 50 written.	15 10 15 icted 100	predicted		
related with teaching Evaluation of knowledge u	Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Practicals Final exam Total: * Final exam is predicted. Criterion for passing the final exam is with theory classes, seminars and practicals. *Final exam: student is required to pass the final exam orally or Final grade mark forming criteria: Points Grade	minimum 10 6 10 pred 60 gaining of 50 written.	15 10 15 icted 100	predicted		
related with teaching Evaluation of knowledge u	Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Practicals Final exam Total: * Final exam is predicted. Criterion for passing the final exam is with theory classes, seminars and practicals. *Final exam: student is required to pass the final exam orally or Final grade mark forming criteria: Points Grade	minimum 10 6 10 pred 60 gaining of 50 written.	15 10 15 icted 100	predicted		
related with teaching Evaluation of knowledge u	Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Practicals Final exam Total: * Final exam is predicted. Criterion for passing the final exam is with theory classes, seminars and practicals. *Final exam: student is required to pass the final exam orally or Final grade mark forming criteria: Points Grade	minimum 10 6 10 pred 60 gaining of 50 written. mark F) E) D) C) B)	15 10 15 icted 100	predicted		
Evaluation of knowledge и оценување	Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Practicals Final exam Total: * Final exam is predicted. Criterion for passing the final exam is with theory classes, seminars and practicals. *Final exam: student is required to pass the final exam orally or Final grade mark forming criteria: Points Grade	minimum 10 6 10 pred 60 gaining of 50 written. mark F) E) D) C) B)	maximum 15 10 15 icted 100 0% of points			
Evaluation of knowledge и оценување	Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Practicals Final exam Total: * Final exam is predicted. Criterion for passing the final exam is with theory classes, seminars and practicals. *Final exam: student is required to pass the final exam orally or Final grade mark forming criteria: Points Grade	minimum 10 6 10 pred 60 gaining of 50 written. mark F) E) D) C) B)	maximum 15 10 15 icted 100 0% of points			
Evaluation of knowledge и оценување	Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Practicals Final exam Total: * Final exam is predicted. Criterion for passing the final exam is with theory classes, seminars and practicals. *Final exam: student is required to pass the final exam orally or Final grade mark forming criteria: Points Grade	minimum 10 6 10 pred 60 gaining of 50 written.	maximum 15 10 15 licted 100 0% of points ne M. Wills &	Kenneth		

Course	TROPICAL INFECTIOUS DISEASES	2 credit points
Code	FVM 037	
Year of study	Fifth (V)	
Semester	Tenth (X)	
Total teaching	15+15	
lessons		
Course type	Elective	
Prerequisities		
Author of the	prof. Ivancho Naletoski, PhD	

course program	prof. Slavcho Mrenoshki, PhD
Realized by	prof. Slavcho Mrenoshki, PhD
Purpose and	The aim of the course is to introduce the students with specific features of the tropical diseases,
objectives of the	their prevalence, as well as meaning and modes of regional and global control of these diseases.
course program	

Реден	Teaching unit	Lessons
Број		
1	African horse sickness	1
2	African swine fever	1
3	Lumpy skin disease	1
4	Bluetongue	1
5	Rinderpest	1
6	Rift Valley fever	1
7	Peste des petits ruminants	1
8	Nairobi sheep disease	1
9	Dermatophilosis	1
10	Q fever	1
11	Bovine contagious ceratoconjunctivitis	1
12	Anaplasmosis	1
13	Heartwater	1
14	Epizootic lymphangitis	1
15	Contagious bovine pleuropneumonia	1

Organization	Theory classes - 1 lesson a week					
	Practicals - 1 lesson a week					
Teaching methods	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the students).					
mourous	Practicals: practicals and other ways of work with smaller grou	ps				
	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and		paring seminar	work		
	(assay/poster); presentation and discussion about the seminar					
Specific	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicte	d activities for	gaining points	which		
recommendations	are part of the final evaluation.					
related with						
teaching	Scoring of the student's activities:					
	Activity type	Points				
		minimum	maximum			
	Attendance on theory classes	Attendance on theory classes 12 15				
	Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals	23 30				
	Written assay	0	5			

Activity type	Points	
	minimum	maximum
Attendance on theory classes	12	15
Attendance and activity (knowledge) on practicals	23	30
Written assay	0	5
Periodical evaluations (two)	10	20
Final exam	15	30
Complete final exam*	Grade mark	Points
	Six (6)	20
	Seven (7)	25
	Eight (8)	30
	Nine (9)	35
	Ten (10)	43
Total:	60	100

Prerequisite criteria: For being able to pass the final exam student has to gain up to 40 points from theory classes and practicals and the two periodical evaluations. If student does not show result on the one of the periodical evaluation, but has gained points only on theory classes and practicals, he/she has to go on complete final exam.

Evaluation of knowledge

Periodical evaluation (two): written

Final exam: written-oral

Complete final exam: oral + written

Final grade mark forming criteria:

Points	Grade mark
to 59	5 (F)
60-69	6 (E)

		70-77	7 (D)			
		78-86	8 (C)			
		87-93	9 (B)			
		94-100	10 (A)			
Basic teaching aids	 Berislav Jukic: Tropske zarazne bolesti zivotinja. Veterinarski fakultet Sveucilista u Zagrebu, 2003. 					
	 W.A. Geering, A.J. Forman and M.J. Nunn: Exotic diseases of animals. A Government Publishing Service Beograd, Canberra, 1995. 					

Γ -	1						
Course		NG AND DISEASES OF OSTRICHES	2 credit p	oints			
Code	FVM 038						
Year of study	Fifth (V)						
Semester	Tenth (X	<u>(</u>)					
Total teaching	30						
lessons							
Course type	Elective						
Prerequisities							
Author of the		prof. Metodija Dodovski, PhD					
course program		ssandar Dodovski, MSc					
Realized by		todija Dodovski, PhD					
		ssandar Dodovski, MSc					
Purpose and		ne course is to give the students theoretical basis for t	the production	n and diseas	es which		
objectives of the	affect os						
course program		include demonstration of basic basics of anatomy and					
		prevention of diseases, specific immunoprophylaxis,	and disease	s of different	etiology		
		therapy.	عداده مطالني	d in teem	ork The		
		he course clinical problems from everyday practice vill have oral presentation of the teaching unit by his/he		u iii team W	ork. The		
Content overview		f anatomy and physiology of ostriches	i choice.				
Content overview	Ostrich b						
		on of breeding stock					
		eggs procedures					
		on of juveniles					
		ity measures					
		diseases					
	Viral dise						
	Fungal d						
		diseases					
	Avitamin	oses					
	Metaboli	c disorders					
	Poisonin	gs					
	Theory o	lasses: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)					
	Seminar	s: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)					
Teaching	Theory of	lasses: interactive (lectures in large group with discus	sion and acti	ve participation	on of the		
methods		and presentations by the students.					
		s: discussion on topics mentioned on the lectures of					
		participation of the student (exposing personal o	pinions, idea	as, discussio	on); oral		
		tion of a teaching using by the student's choice.					
.		ssay: learning with use of referent literature and interne					
Specific		lent is obligated for active participation in all predicted	activities for	gaining poir	nts which		
recommendations	are part	of the final evaluation.					
related with	Sacrina	of the student's activities.					
teaching	Scoring	of the student's activities:	Do	into	1		
		Activity type		ints			
		Attendance on theory classes	minimum	maximum 15			
		Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars	12 12	15 15	-		
		Written assay	6	10	-		
		Periodical evaluations (two)	15(x2)=30	30(x2)=60	-		
		Final exam		30(x2)=60 dicted*	-		
		Total:	60		-		
	* Final a			100] ne		
Evaluation of		cam is not predicted, except if student did not pass one	or the period	icai evaluatioi	115.		
Evaluation of	Periodic	al evaluation (two): written					

knowledge u	First periodical evaluation: Basics of anatomy and physiology of ostriches, Ostrich breeding,			
оценување	biosecurity measures Second periodical evaluation: Bacterial diseases, Viral diseases, fungal diseases, parasitic diseases, avitaminoses, metabolic disorders, poisonings *Final exam: oral or written Final grade mark forming criteria:			
	Final grade mark to	Points	Grade mark	1
				4
		to 59	5 (F)	_
		60-68	6 (E)	
		69-76	7 (D)	
		77-84	8 (C)	
		85-92	9 (B)	
		93-100	10 (A)	
Basic teaching aids	1. Ostrich Dise	ases - F. W. Huchzermeyer,	Onderstepoort Veterinary Insti	tute, 1994

Course	BREEDI	NG AND DISEASES OF PIGEONS	2 credit p	oints	
Code	FVM 039		•		
Year of study	Fifth (V)				
Semester		Tenth (X)			
Total teaching	30				
lessons					
Course type	Elective	•			
Prerequisities					
Author of the	prof. Met	todija Dodovski, PhD			
course program		ksandar Dodovski, MSc			
Realized by		todija Dodovski, PhD			
		ksandar Dodovski, MSc			
Purpose and		the course is to give the students theoretical basis for the production and diseases which			
objectives of the		ct pigeons.			
course program		ures include demonstration of basic basics of anatomy and physiology of pigeons, proper			
		g of pigeons, prevention of diseases in to the holding, specific immunoprophylaxis and			
		es of different etiology and their therapy.			
		the course clinical problems from everyday practice will be solved in team work. The twill have oral presentation of the teaching unit by his/her choice.			
Content overview	Basics of anatomy and physiology of pigeons				
Content overview	Rearing of pigeons				
	Biosecurity measures				
		Bacterial diseases			
	Viral dise	al diseases			
	Fungal d	al diseases			
		ic diseases			
	Avitamin				
	Metaboli	olic disorders			
		oisonings			
Organization	Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)				
	Seminars: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)				
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the				
methods	students) and presentations by the students.				
	Seminars: discussion on topics mentioned on the lectures or written in the referent literature;				
	active participation of the student (exposing personal opinions, ideas, discussion); oral presentation of a teaching using by the student's choice.				
	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work.				
Specific	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which				
recommendations	are part of the final evaluation.				
related with	and paint of this ordination.				
teaching	Scoring of the student's activities:				
		Points			
		Activity type		maximum	
		Attendance on theory classes	12	15	
		Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars	12	15	
	Written assay 6 10				

	Period	ical evaluations (two)		15(x2)=30	30(x2)=60	
	Final exam		not predicted*			
	Total:			60	100	
	* Final exam is not predicted, except if student did not pass one of the periodical evaluations.			ns.		
Evaluation of	Periodical evaluation (two): written					
knowledge u	First periodical evaluation: Basics of anatomy and physiology of pigeons, rearing of pigeons,					
оценување	biosecurity measures, bacterial diseases, viral diseases					
	Second periodical evaluation: Fungal diseases, parasitic diseases, avitaminoses, metabolic					
	disorders, poisonings					
	*Final exam: oral or written					
	Final grade mark forming criteria:					
		Points	Grade	e mark		
		to 59	5	(F)		
		60-68	6 ((E)		
		69-76	7 ((D)		
		77-84	8 ((C)		
		85-92	9 ((B)		
		93-100	10	(A)		
Basic teaching	Bolesti golubova - Marko Seferovic					
aids	2. Болести голубова - Димитрије Палиќ					
	3. Actual extracts from internet					

Course	ORGANIC APICULTURE	2 credit points		
Code	FVM 040			
Year of study	Fifth (V)			
Semester	Tenth (X)			
Total teaching	30			
lessons				
Course type	Elective			
Prerequisities				
Author of the	prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD			
course program				
Realized by	prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD			
Purpose and	The aim of the course is to give students basics for organic production of bee products.			
objectives of the	Lectures cover the meaning of apiculture and basic terms of organic production of food, basic			
course program	principles of organic beekeeping and necessary procedures which should be perform with focus			
	on production of organic certificate bee products.			
	During seminars in groups will be processed apitechnic procedures for organic production of bee			
	products.			
Content overview	Meaning of apiculture			
	Term of organic production of food			
	Basic principles of organic beekeeping			
	Period of conversion			
	Origin of bees			
	Location of bee garden			
	Bee habitat			
	Wax and honeycomb			
	Nutrition of bees			
	Breeding practice			
	Purchase of queen bees, nucleuses and bee families			
	Health management of bees			
	Extraction and storage of honey			
	Quality control of organic			
	Labeling			
Organization	Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)			
	Seminars: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)			
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the			
methods	students) and presentations by the students.			
	Seminars: discussion on topics mentioned on the lectures of			
	active participation of the student (exposing personal of	ppinions, ideas, discussion); oral		

	presentation of a te	eaching using by the student's choice	ce.		
	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work.				
Specific	The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which				
recommendations related with	are part of the final evaluation.				
teaching	Scoring of the stu	ident's activities:			
loudining			Po	ints]
		Activity type	minimum	maximum	
		Attendance on theory classes	12	15	
		Attendance on seminars	12	15	
		Written assay	6	10	
		First periodical evaluation	15	30	
		Second periodical evaluation	15	30	
		Total:	60	100	
	* With gaining up to	o 60 points from attendance on the] s_written assay and
		uations, student gets right to take g			
	exam.	dations, student gets right to take g	grade mark w	ntilout passiii	g the complete illiai
		exam is required for the student v	who did not	nace one of	the two periodical
		the semester, or if he/she did not g			the two periodical
Evaluation of	Periodical evaluation		janioa miinii	ar oo porrito.	
knowledge u	T Criodical evaluat	mon (two): whiteh			
оценување	First periodical ev	valuation: Meaning of apiculture, d	definition for	organic produ	iction of food hasic
оценување		ic beekeeping, period of conversion			
	habitat, wax and he		ii, oligiii ol b	iccs, location	or beegarden, bee
	Tiabitat, wax and in	one yearns.			
	Second periodica	l evaluation: Nutrition of bees,	hreeding pr	actice nurch	ase of alleen hees
		e families, health management of b			
	control of organic h		occo, canacii	on and stora	ge of floricy, quality
	control of organio i	ioney, labeling.			
	Complete final ex	am: Oral or written and it contents	practical tes	t and final ex	am Practical test is
		ly (passed/not passed), and the fin			
		final exam's grade marks are:		. g.a.ca	
					1
		Grade mark	Poin		
		5	to 5	9	
		6	60-6		
		7	69-7	6	
		8	77-8	4	
		9	85-9	2	
		10	93-10	00	
					_
	Final grade mark	forming criteria:			
					-
		Points	Grade ı		
		to 59	5 (Ф		
		60-68	6 (E	•	
		00 70	7 (Д	\	Ī
		69-76		<i>)</i>	
		77-84	, (д 8 (Ц		
)	
		77-84	8 (Ц))	
Basic teaching	Naturland	77-84 85-92 93-100	8 (Ц 9 (Б 10 (<i>I</i>))	
Basic teaching aids		77-84 85-92	8 (Ц 9 (Б 10 (А	() () (A)	

Course	ECOLOGIC CONTROL OF BEE DISEASES	2 credit points
Code	FVM 041	
Year of study	Fifth (V)	
Semester	Tenth (X)	
Total teaching	30	
lessons		
Course type	Elective	
Prerequisities		
Author of the	prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD	
course program		

Realized by	prof. Misho Hristovs	ski, PhD			
Purpose and	The aim of the course is to introduce students with ecological means on control of diseases, pests				
objectives of the	and enemies of bees.				
course program	Lectures cover meaning of apipathology, most common diseases in bees and bee brood and				
	ecological means of control of diseases, pests and enemies of bees towards production of health				
	safety bee products.				
	During seminars, practically will be processed ecological means on control of diseases, pests and				
	enemies of bees.				
Content overview	Meaning of apipathology				
		non diseases in adult bees			
		non diseases in bee brood			
	_	control of viral diseases in bees.			
	_	control of bacterial diseases in bee	S.		
	_	control of fungal diseases in bees.			
	_	control of parasitic diseases in bee			
	_	control of noninfection diseases in	bees.		
	_	control of pests in bees.			
		control of enemies in bees.			
Organization	Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)				
		a week (15 lessons)			
Teaching		eractive (lectures in large group w	ith discussio	n and active	participation of the
methods	, ,	entations by the students.			
	Seminars: discussion on topics mentioned on the lectures or written in the referent literature;				
		n of the student (exposing pe		ions, ideas,	discussion); oral
	presentation of a teaching using by the student's choice.				
Specific	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work. The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which				
recommendations	are part of the final		predicted at	ctivities for g	aining points which
related with	are part or the linar	evaluation.			
teaching	Scoring of the stu	dent's activities			
todoming	occining or the ota		Po	ints	
		Activity type	minimum	maximum	
		Attendance on theory classes	12	15	
		Attendance on seminars	12	15	
		Written assay	6	10	
		First periodical evaluation	15	30	
		Second periodical evaluation	15	30	
		Total:	60	100	
					•
		60 points from attendance on the			
	two periodical evalu	uations, student gets right to take g	rade mark w	ithout passing	g the complete final
	exam.				_
		xam is required for the student v			the two periodical
	evaluations during	the semester, or if he/she did not g	ained 60 poi	nts.	

Evaluation of knowledge u оценување

Periodical evaluation (two): written

First periodical evaluation: Meaning of apipathology, most common diseases in adult bees, most common diseases in bee brood, ecological control of viral and bacterial diseases in bees

Second periodical evaluation: Ecological control of fungal, parasitic and non infection diseases in bees. ecological control of pests and enemies in bees.

Complete final exam: Oral or written and it contents practical test and final exam. Practical test is graded descriptively (passed/not passed), and the final exam with grade mark from 5 to 10. Point equivalents to the final exam's grade marks are:

Grade mark	Points
5	to 59
6	60-68
7	69-76
8	77-84
9	85-92
10	93-100

Final grade mark forming criteria:

Points	Grade mark
to 59	5 (F)
60-68	6 (E)
69-76	7 (D)
77-84	8 (C)
85-92	9 (B)
93-100	10 (A)

Basic teaching aids

- 6. Христовски М. и Цветковиќ А.: **Современа контрола на вароозата**. Факултет за ветеринарна медицина во Скопје, Скопје, 2009.
- 7. Христовски М.: Пчеларството во 21 век. Национален форум за заштита на животните на Македонија, Скопје, 2004.
- 8. Morse A. R. and Flottum K.: **Honey bee pests, predators & diseases**. 3rd ed. A.I. Root Company, Medina, Ohio, USA, 1997.
- 9. Добриќ Ѓ., Вицковиќ Д., Кулишиќ 3.: **Болести пчела**. Факултет ветеринарске медицине Универзитета у Београду, Београд, 2000.

Course	MANAGEMENT OF WILDLIFE DISEASES 2 credit points			
Code	FVM 042			
Year of study	Fifth (V)			
Semester	Tenth (X)			
Total teaching	30			
lessons				
Course type	Elective			
Prerequisities				
Author of the	prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD			
course program				
Realized by	prof. Misho Hristovski, PhD			
Purpose and	The aim of the course is to give to students basics for the manners of management and control of			
objectives of the	the diseases in wildlife.			
course program	Lectures cover general features of diseases in wildlife, research of target population and			
	ecological factors, creation of database and management manners with diseases in wildlife.			
	During seminars in groups will be work out different programs for management of diseases in			
	wildlife.			
Content overview	General features of diseases in wildlife			
	Problems during work with animals in free nature			
	Identification and defining of disease			
	Collecting data for population			
	Define of ecological factors			
	Collecting and shipment material			
	Researching occurrence for new, chronic and inapparent diseases			

		Databacc			
	-	ciples of management of diseases	in wildlife		
		ent of causer or its vector			
		ent by manipulation with population			
		ent with medical treatment and imm	nunisation		
		ent by modification of environment			
		ent by anthropogenic activities			
		or urgent and integrated managem			
		nt of efficiency of program for mana	gement of d	iseases	
Organization		esson a week (15 lessons)			
		a week (15 lessons)			
Teaching		eractive (lectures in large group w	ith discussio	on and active	participation of the
methods		entations by the students.			
		on on topics mentioned on the I			
		n of the student (exposing pe		iions, ideas,	discussion); oral
		aching using by the student's choice			
0	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work. The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which				
Specific			predicted a	ctivities for g	aining points which
recommendations	are part of the final	evaluation.			
related with	Cooring of the otic	dentie estivities.			
teaching	Scoring of the stu		Do.	ints]
		Activity type	minimum	maximum	
		Attendance on theory classes	12	15	
		Attendance on seminars	12	15	
			6	10	
		Written assay First periodical evaluation	15	30	
		Second periodical evaluation	15	30	
		Total:	60	100	
		i Ulai.	00	100	
	* With gaining up to	60 points from attendance on the	ory classes a	and practicals	s, written assay and

* With gaining up to 60 points from attendance on theory classes and practicals, written assay and two periodical evaluations, student gets right to take grade mark without passing the complete final exam.

* Complete final exam is required for the student who did not pass one of the two periodical evaluations during the semester, or if he/she did not gained minimal 60 points.

Evaluation of knowledge u оценување

Periodical evaluation (two): written

First periodical evaluation: General features of diseases in wildlife, problems during work with animals in free nature, identification and defining of disease, collecting data for population, define of ecological factors, collecting and shipment material, researching occurrence for new, chronic and inapparent diseases, database

Second periodical evaluation: Basic principles of management of diseases in wildlife, management of causer or its vector, management by manipulation with population of host, management with medical treatment and immunization, Management by modification of environment, management by anthropogenic activities, programs for urgent and integrated management of diseases, assessment of efficiency of program for management of diseases

Complete final exam: Oral or written and it contents practical test and final exam. Practical test is graded descriptively (passed/not passed), and the final exam with grade mark from 5 to 10. Point equivalents to the final exam's grade marks are:

Grade mark	Points
5	to 59
6	60-68
7	69-76
8	77-84
9	85-92
10	93-100

	Final grade mark fo	orming criteria:		
		Points	Grade mark	
		to 59	5 (F)	
		60-68	6 (E)	
		69-76	7 (D)	
		77-84	8 (C)	
		85-92	9 (B)	
		93-100	10 (A)	
Basic teaching aids	2007.	., Smith G.C., Hutchings M.I	als: Investigation and Mana	

Course	PARASITOLOGY IN PUBLIC HEALTH	2 credit points
Code	FVM 043	2 credit points
Year of study	Fifth (V)	
Semester	Tenth (X)	
Total teaching	30	
lessons	30	
Course type	Elective	
Prerequisities		
Author of the	prof. Dino Chrchev, PhD	
course program	ass. prof. Jovana Stefanovska, PhD	
Realized by	ass. prof. Jovana Stefanovska, PhD	
Purpose and	Through this course students will learn about the clinical approach	h and laboratory diagnosis of
objectives of the	parasitic diseases which are significant zoononsis and are of great	
course program		
Content overview	Introduction: Definition of zoonosis. The role of the parasitic Epidemiology and prevalence of the parasitic zoonoses. PROTOZOA	estations in humans trombiculid mites
Owner in the se	 Random infestations of humans with other ectoparasite reactions in humans Miasis 	
Organization	Theory classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons) Practicals: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)	
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion	and active participation of the
methods	students) and presentations by the students.	
	Practicals: Performing of diagnostic methods in laboratory. Seminars: discussion on topics mentioned on the lectures or wri	tten in the referent literature:
	active participation of the student (exposing personal opinio	
	presentation of a teaching using by the student's choice.	no, ideas, discussion, Oldi
	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, pr	reparing seminar work
	assay, loaning man ass of followin moratare and interfict, pr	Spaining somman month

recommendations related with	are part of the final	evaluation.			
teaching	Scoring of the student's activities:				
•			Points		
		Activity type	minimum	maximum	
		Attendance on theory classes	12	15	
		Attendance on practicals	12	15	
		Written assay	6	10	
		Periodical evaluations (two)	(2x15) 30	(2x30) 60	
		Final exam	not pre	edicted*	
		Total:	60	100	
Evaluation of knowledge u оценување	Periodical evaluation (two): written Final grade mark forming criteria:				
		Points	Grade r	mark	
		to 59	5 (F)	
		60-68	6 (E		
		69-76	7 (D		
		77-84	8 (C		
		85-92	9 (B		
		93-100	10 (<i>F</i>		
Basic teaching		idt, L.S. Roberts: FOUNDATION C		OLOGY, Time	es Mirror/Mosby,
aids	3th edition,	St. Louis - Toronto - Santa Clara	1985.		

Course	HARMFUL ANTINUTRITIVE SUBSTANCES IN FEED	2 credit points			
Code	FVM 044				
Year of study	Fifth (V)				
Semester	Tenth (IX)				
Total teaching	30 (15+15)				
lessons					
Course type	Elective				
Prerequisities					
Author of the	prof. Risto Prodanov, PhD				
course program					
Realized by	prof. Risto Prodanov, PhD				
	ass. Radmila Chrcheva-Nikolovska, MSc				
Purpose and	The goal of this course is, students to acquire and deepen the theo				
objectives of the	knowledge of antinutritive harmful substances present in the feed - substan				
course program	in the feed (natural metabolites), or substances that has reached	in the feed trough			
	contamination.				
	The lectures include a display of certain groups of foods witch besides nutrients are carriers of				
	various harmful substances, as well as factors that have impact on the amount of their prudential				
	share.				
	Through the program students will learn about different types of foods that a				
	substances - antinutritive ingredients that can cause health and immunosuppressive problems in				
	animals, and through their products, in for of residues can be a threat to the human health. During the lectures it will be learned which antinutritive substances are found in which feed. Ways				
	of prevention, demonstrated as examples in the everyday veterinary pract				
	will have an oral presentation of a teaching unit of his/her own choice.	ice. Also the student			
Content overview	Definition and types of harmful substances				
Someth Overview	Factors that influence the occurrence of harmful substances				
	 Factors that contribute to the negative effect of harmful substances 				
	Harmful substances related to certain types of animal feed				
	Harmful substances in feed introduced trough contamination Harmful substances of biological nature.				
	Harmful substances of biological nature Melde and mysetsying in food				
	Molds and mycotoxins in feed				

	• 1	Bacteria and their metabolites in feed							
	• 1	Heavy metals, radionuclides and toxic elements in feed							
	•	Prevention and reduction of the harmful effects of the antinutritive substances							
Organization		heory classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)							
		Seminars: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)							
Teaching		heory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the							
methods		tudents) and presentations by the students. eminars: discussion on topics mentioned on the lectures or written in the referent literature:							
		eminars: discussion on topics mentioned on the lectures or written in the referent literature; etive participation of the student (exposing personal opinions, ideas, discussion); oral							
			oinions, idea	s, discussion	n); oral				
		tion of a teaching using by the student's choice.	t proporing	a a min a r warle					
Specific		ssay: learning with use of referent literature and interne lent is obligated for active participation in all predicted							
recommendations		of the final evaluation.	activities for	gairing poin	is which				
related with		of the student's activities:							
teaching			Poi	ints					
g		Activity type	minimum	maximum					
	-	Attendance on theory classes	12	15					
	-	Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars	12	15					
	-	Written assay	6	10					
		Periodical evaluations (two)	15(x2)=30	30(x2)=60					
		Final exam	not pre	dicted*					
		Total:	60	100					
	l								
		kam is not predicted, except if student did not pass one	of the period	ical evaluatio	ns.				
Evaluation of		al evaluation (two): written		: ala 4la a a					
knowledge u		riodical evaluation: types of antinutritive substances an periodical evaluation: factors affecting harmful sul							
оценување	factors	periodical evaluation. Tactors affecting framilial sur	ustances, an	u prevention	01 11115				
		cam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation)							
	1 02	tam oral or whiten (morages one periodical oralication)							
	Final gra	ade mark forming criteria:							
		Points	Grade mark						
		to 59	5 (F)						
			6 (E)						
			7 (D)						
		77-84	8 (C)						
		77-84 85-92	8 (C) 9 (B)						
		77-84 85-92 93-100	8 (C) 9 (B) 10 (A)						
Basic teaching		77-84 85-92 93-100 Forenbacher S.: Otrovne Biljke i Biljna otrovanja zivotinj	8 (C) 9 (B) 10 (A) a, Zagreb-19						
Basic teaching aids	2.	77-84 85-92 93-100 Forenbacher S.: Otrovne Biljke i Biljna otrovanja zivotinj Sinovec Z., Resanovic R., Sinovec Snezana: Mikoto	8 (C) 9 (B) 10 (A) a, Zagreb-19		evencija,				
	2.	77-84 85-92 93-100 Forenbacher S.: Otrovne Biljke i Biljna otrovanja zivotinj Sinovec Z., Resanovic R., Sinovec Snezana: Mikoto Beograd-2006.,	8 (C) 9 (B) 10 (A) a, Zagreb-19 oksini-Pojava	, efekti i pre	•				
	2. S 3. I	77-84 85-92 93-100 Forenbacher S.: Otrovne Biljke i Biljna otrovanja zivotinj Sinovec Z., Resanovic R., Sinovec Snezana: Mikoto Beograd-2006., Проданов Р.: Исхрана на домашните животни-оп	8 (C) 9 (B) 10 (A) a, Zagreb-19 oksini-Pojava	, efekti i pre	•				
	2. 3 3. 1	77-84 85-92 93-100 Forenbacher S.: Otrovne Biljke i Biljna otrovanja zivotinj Sinovec Z., Resanovic R., Sinovec Snezana: Mikoto Веоgrad-2006., Проданов Р.: Исхрана на домашните животни-опинтерна употреба);	8 (C) 9 (B) 10 (A) a, Zagreb-19 oksini-Pojava	, efekti i pre	•				
	2. 3 3. 1 4. 1	77-84 85-92 93-100 Forenbacher S.: Otrovne Biljke i Biljna otrovanja zivotinj Sinovec Z., Resanovic R., Sinovec Snezana: Mikoto Веоgrad-2006., Проданов Р.: Исхрана на домашните животни-опинтерна употреба); Каливода М.: Крмива, Загреб -1990;	8 (С) 9 (В) 10 (А) a, Zagreb-19 oksini-Pojava ишт дел (ск	, efekti i pre рипта-матер	•				
	2. 3 3. 1 4. 1 5. 1	77-84 85-92 93-100 Forenbacher S.: Otrovne Biljke i Biljna otrovanja zivotinj Sinovec Z., Resanovic R., Sinovec Snezana: Mikoto Веоgrad-2006., Проданов Р.: Исхрана на домашните животни-опинтерна употреба);	8 (С) 9 (В) 10 (А) а, Zagreb-19 oksini-Pojava пшт дел (ск	, efekti i pre рипта-матер	•				

Course	ADDITIVES IN FEED - HEALTH MODULATORS 2	credit points
		credit points
Code	FVM 045	
Year of study	Fifth (V)	
Semester	Tenth (IX)	
Total teaching	30 (15+15)	
lessons		
Course type	Elective	
Prerequisities		
Author of the	prof. Risto Prodanov, PhD	
course program		
Realized by	prof. Risto Prodanov, PhD	
	ass. Radmila Chrcheva-Nikolovska, MSc	
Purpose and	The course Additives in feed - health modulators aims to introduce the student	s and the future
objectives of the	experts in veterinary medicine with the additives and their use in feed, I ord	der to raise and
course program	improve the production in the domestic animals.	

				141 1166 4		
		ay there is a new product on the market commercially				
		. This elective course will significantly help veterinarian				
		ry nutritionists, in managing trough the endless offer of v	various esser	ntial an non–e	essential	
		s, dietary supplements, supplements for feed and food.				
		nate goal of the course Additives in feed - health modu				
	of the qu	uality and quantity of safe food intended for human cons	sumption (mea	at, milk, eggs).	
Content overview	•	Introduction				
		Chemical composition of feed (essences of different sub	ostances)			
		Definition and type of additives	,			
		Importance and classification of additives in feed				
		Vitamins and their important in feed				
	II .	Synthetic amino acids				
		•				
		Microelements (chelatinised)				
		Probiotics				
		Prebiotics				
		Symbiotic				
	•	Enzymes				
	• ,	Antioxidants				
	•	Emulators				
	•	Pigments – dyes				
	• ,	Aromatic substances				
	•	Organic acids				
	•	Tannins				
	• ,	Antibiotics (their application in the past and today)				
Organization		classes: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)				
J		s: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons)				
Teaching	Theory of	classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discuss	sion and activ	e participation	n of the	
methods		and presentations by the students.				
	Seminar	s: discussion on topics mentioned on the lectures or	written in th	ne referent li	terature;	
		participation of the student (exposing personal op				
	presenta	ation of a teaching using by the student's choice.			,	
	Written	assay: learning with use of referent literature and interne	et, preparing :	seminar work		
Specific	The stud	dent is obligated for active participation in all predicted	activities for	gaining poin	ts which	
recommendations	are part	of the final evaluation.				
	are part of the final evaluation.					
related with		of the student's activities:				
related with teaching			Poi	ints		
		of the student's activities: Activity type	Pol minimum	ints maximum		
		Activity type	minimum	maximum		
		Activity type Attendance on theory classes	minimum 12	maximum 15		
		Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars	<i>minimum</i> 12 12	15 15 10		
		Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Written assay	minimum 12 12 12 6 15(x2)=30	15 15 10		
		Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Written assay Periodical evaluations (two)	minimum 12 12 12 6 15(x2)=30	15 15 10 30(x2)=60		
	Scoring	Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Written assay Periodical evaluations (two) Final exam Total:	minimum 12 12 6 15(x2)=30 not pre 60	maximum 15 15 10 30(x2)=60 edicted* 100	ons.	
	Scoring * Final 6	Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Written assay Periodical evaluations (two) Final exam	minimum 12 12 6 15(x2)=30 not pre 60	maximum 15 15 10 30(x2)=60 edicted* 100	ons.	
teaching	* Final e	Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Written assay Periodical evaluations (two) Final exam Total: exam is not predicted, except if student did not pass one	minimum 12 12 6 15(x2)=30 not pre 60 e of the period	maximum 15 15 10 30(x2)=60 edicted* 100 dical evaluation	ons.	
teaching Evaluation of	* Final e Periodic First pe	Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Written assay Periodical evaluations (two) Final exam Total: exam is not predicted, except if student did not pass one cal evaluation (two): written	minimum 12 12 6 15(x2)=30 not pre 60 e of the period	maximum 15 15 10 30(x2)=60 edicted* 100 dical evaluation	ons.	
teaching Evaluation of knowledge u	* Final e Periodic First pe Second	Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Written assay Periodical evaluations (two) Final exam Total: exam is not predicted, except if student did not pass one cal evaluation (two): written riodical evaluation: importance and application of difference periodical evaluation: types and mechanism of action	minimum 12 12 6 15(x2)=30 not pre 60 e of the period erent additives of additives	maximum 15 15 10 30(x2)=60 edicted* 100 dical evaluation	ons.	
teaching Evaluation of knowledge u	* Final e Periodic First pe Second	Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Written assay Periodical evaluations (two) Final exam Total: exam is not predicted, except if student did not pass one cal evaluation (two): written riodical evaluation: importance and application of diffe	minimum 12 12 6 15(x2)=30 not pre 60 e of the period erent additives of additives	maximum 15 15 10 30(x2)=60 edicted* 100 dical evaluation	ons.	
teaching Evaluation of knowledge u	* Final e	Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Written assay Periodical evaluations (two) Final exam Total: exam is not predicted, except if student did not pass one cal evaluation (two): written riodical evaluation: importance and application of different periodical evaluation: types and mechanism of action exam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation)	minimum 12 12 6 15(x2)=30 not pre 60 e of the period erent additives of additives	maximum 15 15 10 30(x2)=60 edicted* 100 dical evaluation	ons.	
teaching Evaluation of knowledge u	* Final e	Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Written assay Periodical evaluations (two) Final exam Total: exam is not predicted, except if student did not pass one cal evaluation (two): written riodical evaluation: importance and application of different periodical evaluation: types and mechanism of action exam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation) adde mark forming criteria:	minimum 12 12 6 15(x2)=30 not pre 60 e of the period erent additives	maximum 15 15 10 30(x2)=60 edicted* 100 dical evaluation	ons.	
teaching Evaluation of knowledge u	* Final e	Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Written assay Periodical evaluations (two) Final exam Total: exam is not predicted, except if student did not pass one cal evaluation (two): written riodical evaluation: importance and application of different periodical evaluation: types and mechanism of action xam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation) ade mark forming criteria: Points	minimum 12 12 6 15(x2)=30 not pre 60 e of the period erent additives of additives	maximum 15 15 10 30(x2)=60 edicted* 100 dical evaluation	ons.	
teaching Evaluation of knowledge u	* Final e	Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Written assay Periodical evaluations (two) Final exam Total: exam is not predicted, except if student did not pass one cal evaluation (two): written riodical evaluation: importance and application of different periodical evaluation: types and mechanism of action exam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation) ade mark forming criteria: Points to 59	minimum 12 12 6 15(x2)=30 not pre 60 e of the period erent additives	maximum 15 15 10 30(x2)=60 edicted* 100 dical evaluation	ons.	
teaching Evaluation of knowledge u	* Final e	Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Written assay Periodical evaluations (two) Final exam Total: exam is not predicted, except if student did not pass one cal evaluation (two): written riodical evaluation: importance and application of different periodical evaluation: types and mechanism of action exam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation) adde mark forming criteria: Points to 59 60-68	minimum 12 12 6 15(x2)=30 not pre 60 e of the period erent additives of additives 6rade mark 5 (F) 6 (E)	maximum 15 15 10 30(x2)=60 edicted* 100 dical evaluation	ons.	
teaching Evaluation of knowledge u	* Final e	Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Written assay Periodical evaluations (two) Final exam Total: exam is not predicted, except if student did not pass one cal evaluation (two): written riodical evaluation: importance and application of different periodical evaluation: types and mechanism of action exam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation) adde mark forming criteria: Points to 59 60-68 69-76	minimum 12 12 6 15(x2)=30 not pre 60 e of the period erent additives of additives 5 (F) 6 (E) 7 (D)	maximum 15 15 10 30(x2)=60 edicted* 100 dical evaluation	ons.	
teaching Evaluation of knowledge u	* Final e	Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Written assay Periodical evaluations (two) Final exam Total: exam is not predicted, except if student did not pass one cal evaluation (two): written riodical evaluation: importance and application of different periodical evaluation: types and mechanism of action exam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation) adde mark forming criteria: Points to 59 60-68 69-76 77-84	minimum 12 12 6 15(x2)=30 not pre 60 e of the period erent additives of additives 5 (F) 6 (E) 7 (D) 8 (C)	maximum 15 15 10 30(x2)=60 edicted* 100 dical evaluation	ons.	
teaching Evaluation of knowledge u	* Final e	Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Written assay Periodical evaluations (two) Final exam Total: exam is not predicted, except if student did not pass one cal evaluation (two): written riodical evaluation: importance and application of different did not pass one cal evaluation (two): written riodical evaluation: types and mechanism of action xam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation) ade mark forming criteria: Points to 59 60-68 69-76 77-84 85-92	minimum 12 12 6 15(x2)=30 not pre 60 e of the period erent additives of additives 5 (F) 6 (E) 7 (D) 8 (C) 9 (B)	maximum 15 15 10 30(x2)=60 edicted* 100 dical evaluation	ons.	
teaching Evaluation of knowledge u	* Final e	Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Written assay Periodical evaluations (two) Final exam Total: exam is not predicted, except if student did not pass one cal evaluation (two): written riodical evaluation: importance and application of different periodical evaluation: types and mechanism of action exam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation) adde mark forming criteria: Points to 59 60-68 69-76 77-84	minimum 12 12 6 15(x2)=30 not pre 60 e of the period erent additives of additives 5 (F) 6 (E) 7 (D) 8 (C)	maximum 15 15 10 30(x2)=60 edicted* 100 dical evaluation	ons.	
teaching Evaluation of knowledge u	* Final e Periodic First pe Second *Final er Final gra	Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Written assay Periodical evaluations (two) Final exam Total: exam is not predicted, except if student did not pass one cal evaluation (two): written riodical evaluation: importance and application of different did not pass one cal evaluation (two): written riodical evaluation: types and mechanism of action xam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation) ade mark forming criteria: Points to 59 60-68 69-76 77-84 85-92	minimum 12 12 6 15(x2)=30 not pre 60 e of the period erent additives of additives 6 (E) 7 (D) 8 (C) 9 (B) 10 (A)	maximum 15 15 10 30(x2)=60 edicted* 100 dical evaluations		
Evaluation of knowledge u оценување	* Final e Periodic First pe Second *Final er Final gra	Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Written assay Periodical evaluations (two) Final exam Total: exam is not predicted, except if student did not pass one cal evaluation (two): written riodical evaluation: importance and application of different did not pass one cal evaluation (two): written riodical evaluation: types and mechanism of action exam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation) adde mark forming criteria: Points to 59 60-68 69-76 77-84 85-92 93-100	minimum 12 12 6 15(x2)=30 not pre 60 e of the period erent additives of additives 6 (E) 7 (D) 8 (C) 9 (B) 10 (A)	maximum 15 15 10 30(x2)=60 edicted* 100 dical evaluations		
Evaluation of knowledge и оценување	* Final e Periodic First pe Second *Final er Final gra	Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Written assay Periodical evaluations (two) Final exam Total: exam is not predicted, except if student did not pass one cal evaluation (two): written riodical evaluation: importance and application of different evaluation: types and mechanism of action exam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation) ade mark forming criteria: Points to 59 60-68 69-76 77-84 85-92 93-100 Проданов Р., Исхрана на домашните животни-ог	minimum 12 12 6 15(x2)=30 not pre 60 e of the period erent additives of additives 6 (E) 7 (D) 8 (C) 9 (B) 10 (A)	maximum 15 15 10 30(x2)=60 edicted* 100 dical evaluations		
Evaluation of knowledge и оценување	* Final e Periodic First pe Second *Final er Final gradults	Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Written assay Periodical evaluations (two) Final exam Total: exam is not predicted, except if student did not pass one cal evaluation (two): written riodical evaluation: importance and application of diffe periodical evaluation: types and mechanism of action xam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation) ade mark forming criteria: Points to 59 60-68 69-76 77-84 85-92 93-100 Проданов Р., Исхрана на домашните животни-ог интерна употреба); Каливода М., Крмива, Загреб -1990; Синовец З., Стимулатори раста у исхрани непрежив	minimum 12 12 6 15(x2)=30 not pre 60 e of the period erent additives of additives 6 (E) 7 (D) 8 (C) 9 (B) 10 (A) пшт дел (ск	тахітит 15 10 30(x2)=60 edicted* 100 dical evaluations	ијал за	
Evaluation of knowledge и оценување	* Final e Periodic First pe Second *Final er Final gradults	Activity type Attendance on theory classes Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars Written assay Periodical evaluations (two) Final exam Total: exam is not predicted, except if student did not pass one cal evaluation (two): written riodical evaluation: importance and application of diffe periodical evaluation: types and mechanism of action exam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation) adde mark forming criteria: Points	minimum 12 12 6 15(x2)=30 not pre 60 e of the period erent additives of additives 6 (E) 7 (D) 8 (C) 9 (B) 10 (A) пшт дел (ск	тахітит 15 10 30(x2)=60 edicted* 100 dical evaluations	ијал за	

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5. Adams, C. A. (1999): Nutricines. Food components in health and nutrition. Nottingham
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6. Adams, C. A. (2002): Total Nutrition. Feeding animals for health and growth. Nottingham
University Press, Nottingham.

Course	RESIDUES AND C	ONTAMINENTS IN FOOD		2 0	redit points	
Code	FVM046	ONTAMINENTS IN 1 OOD		20	realt points	
Студиска	Fifth (V)					
програма	' '''' ()					
Semester Semester	Tenth (X)					
Total teaching	30					
lessons						
Course type	Elective					
Prerequisities	2.000.70					
Автор на	prof. Pavle Sekulov	ski PhD				
програми	promit avio contaio	Sia, 1 112				
Realized by	prof. Pavle Sekulov	rski. PhD				
,	prof. Romel Velev,					
	prof. Zehra Hajrula					
	Elizabeta Stojkovik					
	Biljana Dimzoska-S					
Purpose and		urse is to acquaint students with p	orofound kno	wledge abou	t the monitoring of	
objectives of the	residues and conta	minants in food for people. They	will meet wit	th European	and domestic legal	
course program		to the presence of these substan				
		of exceeding the statutory pro				
		ike active participation in laborator	ry analysis p	roving the sp	ecific residues and	
	contaminants in foc					
Content overview	_	ework for the control of residues an			•	
		residues and contaminants accordi	ng to Europe	an legislation	1	
	 Stilbens 					
	Thyreostatics					
	Steroids					
	 Lactones o 	f rezorcil acid				
	Beta agoni					
		tances - Group A6				
		al substances				
		drugs (antihelminthics, coccidiostat		es and piretro	ides, sedatives,	
		er pharmacologically active substa	nces)			
		orine pesticides and PCB				
		sphorus pesticides				
	Toxic elements					
	Mycotoxins					
	Pigments					
	MRL, ADI					
	Specific control measures					
	Monitoring and control plans for residues					
		r detection and quantification				
		network, interlaboratory testing, ac	creditation			
Organization		esson a week (15 lessons)				
		a week (15 lessons)	141 11			
Teaching	-	eractive (lectures in large group w	ıtn discussio	n and active	participation of the	
methods	students)	om, puncticale for distance in attack to			inanta in facal	
		ory practicals for determination of s				
Canuda		ning with use of referent literature a				
Специфичнои		gated for active participation in all	predicted a	cuviues for g	aning points which	
препораки за	are part of the final	evaluation.				
настава	Scoring of the stu	dent's activities:				
	Scoring of the stu	uent 3 activities.	Do.	ints		
		Activity type	Minimum	Maximum		
		Attendance on theory classes	12	15		
		Attendance on practicals	12	15		

		Written assay	6	10	
		Periodical evaluations (two)	15(x2)=30	30(x2)=60	
		Final exam	not pre	dicted*	
		Total:	60	100	
					•
	* Final exam is not	predicted, except if student did not	pass one of	the periodica	l evaluations.
Evaluation of	Periodical evaluat	tions (two): written		-	
knowledge	First periodical eva	luation:			
_	Second periodical	evaluation:			
	*Final exam: oral	or written (includes one periodical e	evaluation)		
	Final grade mark	forming criteria:			
		Points	Grade n	nark	
		To 59	5 (F)		
		60-68	6 (E)	1	
		69-76	7 (D))	
		77-84	8 (C))	
		85-92	9 (B)		
		93-100	10 (A		
Basic teaching	1. http://ec.eu	uropa.eu/food/index_en.htm	•		
aids	The second secon	.efsa.europa.eu/			

Course	TOXICOLOGY OF POISONOUS PLANTS 2 credit points
Code	FVM047
Year of study	Fifth (V)
Semester	Tenth (X)
Total teaching	30
lessons	
Course type	Elective
Prerequisities	
Author of the	prof. Romel Velev, PhD
course program	
Realized by	prof. Romel Velev, PhD
Purpose and	The aim of this course is to acquaint the student with systematic and morphological characteristic
objectives of the	of plants whose effects in the animal organism is harmful or toxic, their prevalence in nature, active
course program	components that contain and which lead to intoxication, effects and symptoms that they manifes
	among individual animals, with pathomorphological changes and practical significance o
	poisoning with these plants.
	With the course will be processed poisoning in domestic animals caused by certain algae, fungi
	ferns, and gymnosperms and angiosperms which the student is given the opportunity to visualize
	the different types of poisonous plants. Different types of poisonous plants and plant toxins will be
0	exhibited in the form of examples of everyday veterinary practice.
Content overview	General part
	- Factors affecting the toxicity of the plant - Signs of intoxication with poisonous plants
	- Signs of intoxication with poisonous plants
	- Practical significance of plant poisoning
	- Prevention of intoxication with poisonous plants
	- Treatment of animals intoxicated with poisonous plants
	Special part
	- Poisoning of animals caused by certain species of algae
	- Poisoning of animals caused by certain species of fungi
	- Poisoning of animals caused by certain species of ferns
	- Poisoning of animals caused by certain species of gymnosperms
	- Poisoning of animals caused by certain species of angiosperms (monocots and dicots)
Organization	Theory classes and seminars: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)
Teaching	Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the
methods	students) and presentations by the students.
	Seminars: discussion on topics mentioned on the lectures or written in the referent literature
	active participation of the student (exposing personal opinions, ideas, discussion); ora
	presentation of a teaching using by the student's choice.
	Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work.

Specific	The stud	lent is obligat	ed for active participation in	n all predicted	activities for	gaining noir	nts which
recommendations		of the final eva		ii ali picalotca	activities for	gairing poil	ito willon
related with	aro part	or the initial ove					
teaching	Scoring	of the stude	nt's activities:				
		Scoring of the student's activities: Points					
		Activity type			minimum	maximum	1
		Attendance	on theory classes		12	15	
		Attendance	and activity (knowledge)	on seminars	12	15	
		Written ass	ay		6	10	
			evaluations (two)		15(x2)=30	30(x2)=60	
		Final exam			not pre	dicted*	
		Total:			60	100	
			edicted, except if student did	not pass one	of the periodi	cal evaluatio	ns.
Evaluation of			s (two): written				
knowledge u			l evaluation: - general part				
оценување			dical evaluation: - special pa	ırt			
		am: not predic					
			: not predicted ming criteria:				
	Fillal gra	aue mark ion	Points	Grade	mark	1	
			do 59	5 (F			
			60-68	6 (E	,		
			69-76	7 ([•		
			77-84	8 (0			
			85-92	9 (
			93-100	10 (•		
Basic teaching	1 1	Forenhacher S	S.: Otrovne biljke i biljna o			a kniina d d	Zagreb
aids		1998.	o ou othe bijne i bijna (Ja Svarija 21VO	anja oklosk	a mijiga a.a.	, <u>L</u> ugico,
			и др.: Ветеринарноме	дицинска т	оксикологі	ія. Лесоте:	хнически
			- София, Факултет по вете				
			Gomerčić: Veterinarski p				izdanje,
		JUMENA, Zag	-	•	-	• /	• ′

0	ONCOLOGY 2 and it maints
Course	ONCOLOGY 3 credit points
Code	FVM 048
Year of study	Fifth (V)
Semester	Tenth (X)
Total teaching	45
lessons	
Course type	Elective
Prerequisities	
Author of the	ass. prof. Trpe Ristoski, PhD
course program	
Realized by	ass. prof. Trpe Ristoski, PhD
Purpose and	Having regard of rapidly increasing importance of the tumors in routine veterinary practice, as well
objectives of the	as many complications caused by their appearing, it is necessary to introduce the students with
course program	pathogenesis, diagnostics and treatment of the tumours.
	Besides theory classes, during the teaching the student would have opportunity to be related with
	the tumor pathology from the practical aspect. With application of the most recent classification of
	tumors, this course includes tumors of all organic systems, with special attention on skin tumors
	and tumors of mammary gland in bitches.
	Also, tumors in domestic animal are very important part of the veterinary pathology from the
	aspect of the comparative oncology because their big similarity with human tumors.
Content overview	Tumour nomenclature
	 Features of the benign and malignant tumours
	Cancerogenesis: molecular basis of tumours
	Tumour ethiology
	Classification of tumors
	 mesenchyme tissue tumours
	 epithelial tissue tumours
	Clinical features of the tumours
	Laboratory diagnostics of the tumours

	•	Treatment of	the tumours				
Organization	Theory		ssons a week (30 lessons)				
3			a week (15 lessons)				
Teaching		eory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the					
methods	students	s).					
	Practica	als: practicals	(clinical cases, morphological feat	tures of th	he tumors; la	aboratory dia	agnostics
			and treatment of tumors).				
		tten assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work;					
		esentation and discussion about the seminar work					
Specific		he student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which re part of the final evaluation.					
recommendations	are part	of the final e	valuation.				
related with	Cooring						
teaching	Scoring	or the stud	ent's activities:		Da	into	1
			Activity type	-		ints	_
		Attondono	an theory classes		minimum 12	maximum	_
			e on theory classes	4:1-		15	
			e and activity (knowledge) on pra	acticais	24	30	
		Written ass	<u> </u>		5	10	
		Final exam	evaluations (two)		10	20	4
					9	25	
		Total:			60	100	
Evaluation of knowledge	First per Cancerd Second Laborat	eriodical eva ogenesis: mo I periodical ory diagnosti xam: oral	on (two): written Iluation: Tumour nomenclature, Fe Ilecular basis of tumours, Tumour et evaluation: Classification of tum cs of the tumours, Threatment of the m: oral + practical	tiology nours, C	linical featu	_	
	Final gi	rade mark fo	rming criteria:				
			Points	Grade			
			to 59	5 (F			
			60-68	6 (E			
			69-76	7 ([
			77-84	8 (0			
			85-92	9 (E	•		
			93-100	10 (
Basic teaching aids	1.	Мицевски I Скопје-2003	Ц. и Ристоски Т.: Патолошко :	хистолоі	шки практи	ікум. Вет.ф	акултет,

Course	TECHNIQUES OF ANAESTHESIA AND ANALGESIA IN DIFFERENT 1 credit point PET ANIMALS
Code	FVM049
Year of study	Fifth (V)
Semester	Tenth (X)
Total teaching	15
lessons	
Course type	Elective
Prerequisities	
Author of the	prof. Plamen Trojachanec, PhD
course program	
Realized by	prof. Plamen Trojachanec, PhD ass. Ksenija Ilievska, MSc

	T =- ·						
Purpose and		he aim of the course is to enable the students to expand and apply their previously acquired					
objectives of the		vledge of anatomy, pathology, pharmacology, general surgery and anesthesiology.					
course program		ents will have the opportunity to perform individual examination, anesthetic application and					
		ng anesthetic protocols for pets and exotic animals and practical work in selected clinical					
	problems						
Content			sthetic techniques and immo				
overview		•	sthetic techniques and immo		tic pets		
Organization			cal work: 1 lesson a week (1				
Teaching			ming of surgical procedures				
methods			sing referent literature and	internet in ord	ler to encou	irage the stu	ident for
			nd research.				
Purpose and			ated for active participation	in all predicted	activities for	gaining poir	nts which
objectives of the	are part of	of the final e	valuation.				
course program	0	- £ 41 4al	4141				
	Scoring	or the stud	ent's activities:		D-		1
			Activity type			ints	
		Attondon		minimum	maximum		
			ce and activity (knowledge)	on seminars	52	15	
		Written as			_	85	
			<u> </u>			dicted*	
	L	Total:			60	100	
Evaluation of	Final ara	do mark fo	rming criteria:				
knowledge u	Fillal gra	ide mark io	rilling criteria.				
оценување			Points	Grade	mark	1	
оценување			to 59	5 (I		-	
			60-68	6 (1			
			69-76	7 (•		
			77-84	8 (0			
			85-92	9 (
			93-100	10 (1	
Basic teaching	1 T	noiayayey	П., Основи на Ветери			2009 than	птет за
aids			а медицина Скопје;	napna ancome	заоновија,	2000, 4 aky	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
uius			а медицина скопје, C., Tranquilli W.J., Benson	G.H.umb &	Jones Veter	inary Anesth	esia 3rd
				C.J.Luiib &	JOHOS VOICE	mary Andsur	Josia Jiu
		dition 1996	6, Williams &Wilkins				

Course	VETERINARY INSPECTION 3 credit points
Code	FVM050
Year of study	Fifth (V)
Semester	Tenth (X)
Total teaching	45 (2 + 1)
lessons	
Course type	Elective
Prerequisities	
Authors of the	prof. Risto Prodanov, PhD
course program	prof. Pavle Sekulovski, PhD
	ass. Sloboden Chokrevski, MSc
Realized by	prof. Risto Prodanov, PhD
	prof. Pavle Sekulovski, PhD
	ass. Sloboden Chokrevski, MSc
Purpose and	Through this course students are introduced to modern principles, structure and functioning of the
objectives of the	veterinary-sanitary control and inspection in accordance with the legislation of the Macedonian
course program	national veterinary public health, food safety and EU legislation. The goal is to complete different
	chapters of the Law on Veterinary Health, Food Safety Law, Law on the consumer protection and
	accompanying bylaws related to competencies of veterinary inspection and to introduce students
0	in their practical application.
Content overview	THEORY CLASSES:
	Organization of veterinary inspection (state bodies responsible for veterinary inspection),
	structure and organization of the Food and Veterinary Agency.
	 Organization and legal responsibilities in veterinary-sanitary supervision, control and audit of veterinary inspection in the EU (DG SANCO, Food and Veterinary Office FVO).
	 Implementation of veterinary inspection in the production and marketing of products of
	animal origin and regulations pertaining to food safety under the the Law on Veterinary Health

and Food Safety Law. Analysis, management and communication of risks in veterinary inspection. Practical application of the powers, duties and responsibilities of the authorized and official veterinarian performing the inspection work: contents of the inspection, sampling for specific laboratory tests, preparation of documentation paperwork (inquiries, accompanying letters, findings and solutions). Certification and regulations for identification and declaration of animal food products (labels, quality and origin). Work of the state veterinary border inspection, review of documents, identification and physical examination of consignments of animals and products of animal origin. Law on Consumer Protection, role of the Food and Veterinary Agency. **PRACTICALS:** Practical introduction to the work of veterinary inspection in the primary production and placing on the market of the products of animal origin (slaughterhouse practices, dairy processing facilities, the warehouses and the retail). Organization Theory classes: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons) Seminars: 1 lesson a week (15 lessons) Theory classes: interactive (lectures in large group with discussion and active participation of the Teaching methods students) and presentations by the students. Seminars: discussion on topics mentioned on the lectures or written in the referent literature; active participation of the student (exposing personal opinions, ideas, discussion); oral presentation of a teaching using by the student's choice. Written assay: learning with use of referent literature and internet, preparing seminar work. Specific The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which recommendations are part of the final evaluation. related with teaching Scoring of the student's activities: **Points** Activity type minimum maximum Attendance on theory classes 15 12 Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars 12 15 10 Written assay 6 Periodical evaluations (two) $15(x2)=30 \mid 30(x2)=60$ not predicted* Final exam Total: 60 100 * Final exam is not predicted, except if student did not pass one of the periodical evaluations. Evaluation of Periodical evaluation (two): written knowledge u First periodical evaluation: Second periodical evaluation: оценување Final exam: oral or written (includes one periodical evaluation) Final grade mark forming criteria: Grade mark **Points** to 59 5 (F) 60-68 6 (E) 69-76 7 (D) 77-84 8 (C) 85-92 9 (B) 93-100 10 (A) Basic teaching Збирка закони од областа на ветеринарното здравство Управа за ветеринарство aids МЗШВ Законот за безбедност на храната, Законот за заштита на потрошувачите Бунчиќ, С. (2006) Integrated Food Safety and Veterinary Public Health Wilson W. G. (1997) Wilson's practical meat inspection Bremner, A., Johnston, M. (1996) Poultry Meat Hygiene and Inspection 7. www.pravo.org.mk http://vetlex.taiex.be/

Course	CHANGES IN LABORATORY PROFILE IN DISEASES OF PET 2 credit points
	ANIMALS
Code	FVM051
Year of study	Fifth (V)
Semester	Tenth (X)
Total teaching lessons	15+15
Course type	Elective
Prerequisities	License
Author of the	ass. prof. Goran Nikolovski, PhD
course program	add. prof. Coran randiovoki, r no
Realized by	ass. prof. Goran Nikolovski, PhD
Purpose and	Definition of the course: At a time when many expensive specific tests, such as At a time when
objectives of the	many expensive specific tests, such as ultrasonic diagnostics, Doppler ultrasound, computer
course program	tomography, magnetic resonance are present in clinics, with varying degrees of
	development, clinical diagnosis remains the best surveillance tool for diseases in animals. It
	reveals the hidden pathological changes that often cannot be discovered with
	basic imaging methods (endoscopy, x-ray, ultrasound and physical examinations).
	Position of the course in veterinary education: this subject is going to give the basics to the
	future clinicians to integrate clinical signs and laboratory findings, in order to gain comprehensive
	diagnosis. it also provides systematical approach for integrating laboratory changes during the detection of the possible diagnosis.
	One of the most important elements, that future practitioners will meet are the differences
	between static and dynamic testing.
	> Static laboratory testing - a standard approach to the diagnosis of diseases. Laboratory
	values of the patient are compared with a set of normal values gained from healthy
	population. Such an approach is available in all the books that describe tests for different
	disorders of the organs. However, this kind of test has limiting factors such as age, breed
	or environmental factors.
	> Dynamic laboratory testing - this is a method of evaluation based on the changes that
	appear during the disease in certain laboratory profiles of individual patients. It is a good method for diagnostic of diseases, observation of the early response of therapy and
	detecting changes based on the age of patient. with this approach, laboratory tests are
	repeated in order to reveal the changes in the values. If animals have established normal
	values, the small changes in the values are extremely important.
	Relations of the course with the curriculum: although elective course, certain knowledge from
	the compulsory course is needed. It is it is recommended to be taken after finishing the Internal
	diseases of pet animals and equines. For listening of this course is recommended that the student
	has passed Pathophysiology, Bases of clinical and laboratory diagnostics, as well as Diagnostic
0	imaging.
Content overview	Lectures by teaching units, with different fund of lessons:
	 Serum findings: alkaline phosphates, amino acid ratio, ammonia, amylase, anion gap, aspartate transferase, bicarbonate, bile acids, bilirubin, blood urea nitrogen BUN,
	BUN:creatinine ratio, Ca, ionized Ca, adjustment of calcium :albumin, chlorides, chloride:
	phosphate ratio, cholesterol, creatinine phosphocinase/creatinine kinase, creatinine,
	gamma glutamil transpeptidase, globulin, glucagon toleration test, glucose, glucose
	toleration test, lipase, Mg, osmolarity, P, K, renal failure rate, Na, Na:Ca rate, triglycerides.
	3 lessons
	Digestive findings: tripsine in feces, proteolysis activity in feces, fat absorption test,
	cytology in feces, 1 lesson
	Urine findings: bilirubin, cylindrical proteins, catheterization, crystal analyses with frozen
	urine, coloring, cortisol:creatinine ratio, crystals, cystocentesis, cytology examination,
	fractional excretion of potassium, fractional excretion of magnesium, fractional excretion of
	sodium, fractional excretion of phosphates, kenotic bodies, pH, proteins (albumins),
	protein:creatinine ratio, non-albumin proteinuria, red blood cells, sediment, specific weight, Tamm-Horsfall proteins, urine analyses, urobilinogen, white blood cells. 4 lessons
	 Special serology tests: acetylcholine receptor antibodies, antinuclear antibody test,
	catecholamine, flow cytometry, lupus erzthematosus test, rheum factor, tumor necrosis
	factor 2 lessons
	Diagnosis based on laboratory findings: hypo/hypercalcaemia, hyperholesterosis,
	, o a second and a second a second and a second a second and a second a second a second a second a second and a second a second a second a second a second and a

Basic teaching	1. L:	ob oroto :: :	93-100 profiles of small animal disea	10	(A)	diagnasis 45:	rd od!#:=:-
		-	85-92	9 (
			77-84	8 (_	\dashv	
		ŀ	69-76	7 (\dashv	
			60-68	6 (\dashv	
		-	Points to 59	Grade 5 (mark		
		Г	- Dei	0			
	Final grade mark forming criteria:						
оценување	Criterion for passing the final exam is gaining of 50% of points predicted with theory classes, seminars and practicals.				7		
knowledge u						with theory	classes.
Evaluation of			seminars and practicals. It is obligated to pass the fina	l exam orally or	written		
	* Final exam is predicted. Criterion for passing the final exam is gaining of 50% of points predicted with theory classes, seminars and practicals.				predicted		
					1		
		Final exar	11		60	100	-
	Practicals 10 15 Final exam predicted*						
	_		ce and activity (knowledge)	on seminars	12	20	
			ce on theory classes		10	15	
			Activity type		minimum	maximum	
caomig		or the stud			Po	ints]
related with teaching	Scoring	of the etud	ent's activities:				
recommendations	are part o	f the final e	valuation.				
Specific	The stude	ent is oblig	ated for active participation i			gaining poir	nts which
			entation and discussion abou			- 3y 3011111	
			ning with use of referent I			paring semi	nar work
methods	students).		and other ways of work with	smaller groups			
Teaching	,		ractive (lectures in large gro	up with discuss	sion and activ	ve participati	on of the
-	Practicals	s: 1 lesson a	a week (total lessons)		 		
Organization	_		sson a week (total 15 lessons	s)			
		aboratory p essons.	Joines of unferent diseases	iii uugs and (zais - IIIUIVIC	iuai sellillial	y WUIK 3
			its at diseases of kidneys, live profiles of different diseases				
	_	essons	to at discourse of history at live		J::::	F laa	
	h	emathuria,	lipemia, spleen enlargement				
			body temperature, edema, a				
	work are:		pased on clinical signs: we	akness vomiti	na seizures	s polyuria/po	olvdinsia
			ratory findings in different dis	eases of dogs	and cats. Th	nemes of the	practical
	Practical part will supplement the theoretical part and are going to be related with the dynamic						
	increasing of liver enzymes, hypo hyper potassium. 5 lessons						
	hypo/hyperphosphatemia, hypo/hyperproteinemia, ammonia and bile acid increasing, BUN and creatinine increasing, increasing of lipase/amylase and trypsin like immunoreactivity,						

Course	ULTRASONIC DIAGNOSIS OF REPRODUCTIVE DISORDERS IN COWS 2 credit points
Code	FVM052
Year of study	Fifth (V)
Semester	Tenth (X)
Total teaching	30
lessons	
Course type	Elective
Prerequisities	
Author of the	prof. Toni Dovenski, PhD
course program	

D 1' 1 1	(T: D	DI D				
Realized by	prof. Toni Dovenski, PhD					
	ass. Branko Atanasov, MSc					
Purpose and	The aim of the course is to give students possibilities for practical application of ultrasonic diagnosis of the					
objectives of the	causes and forms of reproductive pathology in cows. The subject aim is to enable students to expand					
course program	previously acquired knowledge in the field of reproduction. Students will have the opportunity independently					
Content overview	to perform diagnosis and treatment of the common reproductive disorders in cows. 1. Basic principles of ultrasound diagnosis of reproductive disorders in cows.					
Content overview		disorders of ovarian function	ductive disorder	is iii cows.		
		pathology of the uterus				
	_	ethods for reproductive disorders				
Organization		cal work: 2 lessons a week (30	lessons)			
Teaching		ning treatments under expert s		preparation	of paper w	ork using
methods		and internet, in order to encouraging				
Specific	2	ated for active participation in	~			
recommendations	are part of the final e	• •	an prodictod t	4011111100 101	ganing pon	nto winon
related with	are part or the initial o	· alaalioni				
teaching	Scoring of the stud	ent's activities:				
	J 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			Poi	ints	
		Activity type		minimum	maximum	
	Attendand	e and activity (knowledge) o	n seminars	8	15	
	Written as			52	85	
	Final exan			not pre	edicted	
	Total:			60	100	1
					100	
Evaluation of	Final grade mark fo	rming criteria:			100	
Evaluation of knowledge u	Final grade mark fo	rming criteria:			100	J
	Final grade mark fo	erming criteria:	Grade i		1	
knowledge u	Final grade mark fo		Grade r 5 (F	mark]	
knowledge u	Final grade mark fo	Points	5 (F	mark)		1
knowledge u	Final grade mark fo	Points to 59	5 (F 6 (E	mark)		1
knowledge u	Final grade mark fo	Points to 59 60-68	5 (F 6 (E 7 (D	mark))		1
knowledge u	Final grade mark fo	Points to 59 60-68 69-76	5 (F 6 (E 7 (D 8 (C	mark))))		1
knowledge u	Final grade mark fo	Points to 59 60-68 69-76 77-84	5 (F 6 (E 7 (D	mark)))))		
knowledge u	_	Points to 59 60-68 69-76 77-84 85-92 93-100	5 (F 6 (E 7 (D 8 (C 9 (B	mark))))))		1нститут-
knowledge u	1. Мицковски	Points to 59 60-68 69-76 77-84 85-92	5 (F 6 (E 7 (D 8 (C 9 (B	mark))))))		1нститут-
knowledge и оценување	1. Мицковски Ветеринаре	Points to 59 60-68 69-76 77-84 85-92 93-100 Г.: Физиологија и патологија и факултет, 2000, Скопје.	5 (F 6 (E 7 (D 8 (С 9 (В 10 (А на репродук	mark))))))) А) кцијата. Вет	еринарен И	
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Course	ADVANCED ANDROLOGY AND CRYOBIOLOGY 2 credit points
Code	FVM053
Year of study	Fifth (V)
Semester	Tenth (X)
Total teaching	30
lessons	
Course type	Elective
Prerequisities	
Author of the	prof. Toni Dovenski, PhD
course program	
Realized by	prof. Toni Dovenski, PhD
	ass. Branko Atanasov, MSc
Purpose and	The aim of the course is to enable and introduce the students with the modern achievements in
objectives of the	andrology and cryobiology, and to present the basic parameters that can be examined from the
course program	genetic material by sophisticated laboratory methods.
	The lectures include a presentation and demonstration of the modern methods used for testing the

quality of genetic material prepared for application in the recipients, the latest procedures and protocols for its preparation and cryo-conservation, detailed introduction of the media used for this purpose and finally address its national and European legislation that regulates this field of veterinary medicine During the course, the newest methods will be present theoretically, for examine the quality of genetic material, production and cryo-conservation of deep-frozen semen from different farms animals and associated animal and also practical insight into the intended curriculum material through laboratory exercises. 1. Advanced andrology Content overview

- biochemical and physical properties of ejaculate
- microscopic and ultramicroscopic structure of spermatozoa
- Assessment of basic quantitative parameters of the ejaculate
- Examine the motility of the spermatozoa
- Techniques for measuring the motility of the spermatozoa
- Photo electric and electronic methods for examine the qualitative parameters of the ejaculates (CASA systems)
- methods for testing the fertilize ability of the spermatozoa (hamster test, hypo-osmotic test, induction acrosomal reaction, induced agglutination of the sperm
- introduction to local and EU legislation governing the quality of genetic material

2. Theory classes and practicals of cryobiology

- media types for maintaining the ejaculates
- fundamentals of biophysics cryobiology
- methods for cryopreservation of ejaculates (emphasis on the development of this discipline)
- cryopreservation of ejaculate from ruminants, boars, stallions, carnivores
- a brief review of the methods for cryopreservation of ejaculates from other animals for commercial

Organization

Seminars and practical work: 2 lessons a week (30 lessons)

Teaching methods

Independently performing treatments under expert supervision and preparation of seminar paper using professional literature and internet, in order to encouraging the student for independent work and research.

Specific recommendations related with teaching

The student is obligated for active participation in all predicted activities for gaining points which are part of the final evaluation.

Scoring of the student's activities:

Activity type	Points		
	minimum	maximum	
Attendance and activity (knowledge) on seminars	8	15	
Written assay	52	85	
Final exam	not predicted		
Total:	60	100	

Evaluation of knowledge u оценување

Final grade mark forming criteria:

Points	Grade mark
to 59	5 (F)
60-68	6 (E)
69-76	7 (D)
77-84	8 (C)
85-92	9 (B)
93-100	10 (A)

Basic teaching aids

- Hafez E.S.E. Reproduction in Farm Animals, 6th Edition, Lea & Febiger, Philadelphia, 1993
- 2. Ian R. Gordon Reproductive technologies in farm animals Published by CABI, 2004 ISBN 0851998623, 9780851998626